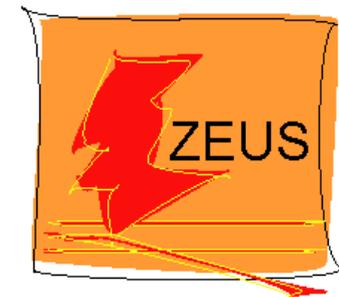




QCD and electroweak fits to HERA inclusive DIS data



Claire Gwenlan, Oxford



Phys Rev D93 (2016) 092002
on behalf of the ZEUS Collaboration

Phys Rev D94 (2016) 052007

I. Abt, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar, B. Foster, C. Gwenlan, V. Myronenko, O. Turkot, K. Wichmann

HERA: the world's only ep collider

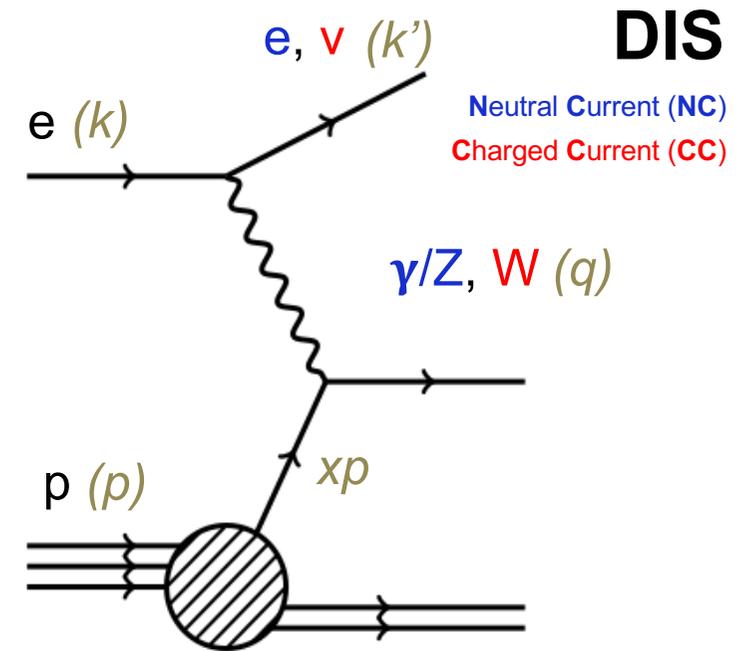


HERA (1992–2007): $\sqrt{s} = 252\text{--}318$ GeV

($E_e = 27.5$ GeV; $E_p = 920, 820, 575, 460$ GeV)

two general purpose detectors, **H1** and **ZEUS**
collected 0.5 fb^{-1} per experiment, equally between e^+ and e^-

HERA-II (02–07): polarised lepton beams;
crucial for electroweak measurements



$$Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$$

Virtuality of the exchanged boson

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2p \cdot q}$$

Bjorken scaling parameter

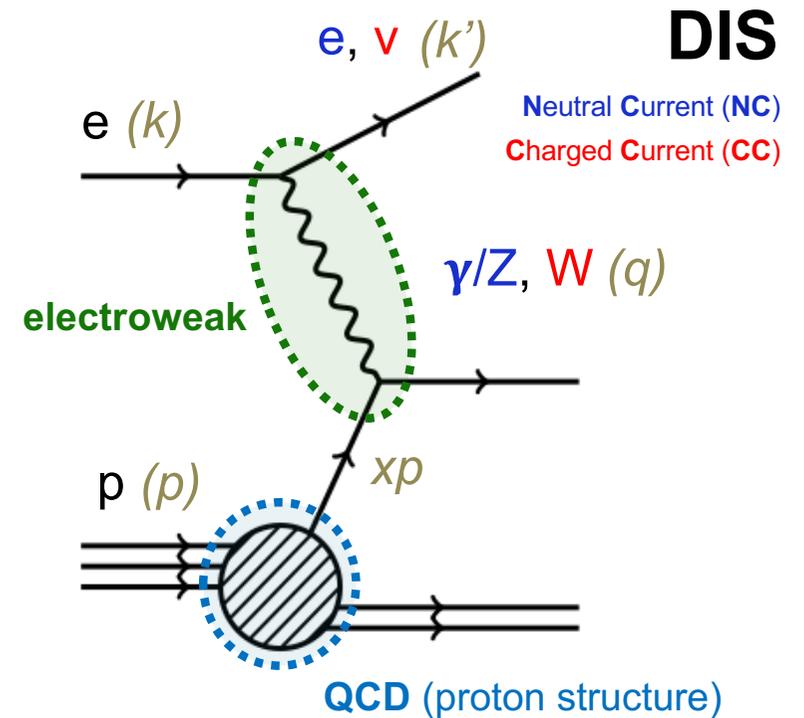
$$y = \frac{p \cdot q}{p \cdot k}$$

Inelasticity parameter

$$s = (k + p)^2 = \frac{Q^2}{xy}$$

Invariant c.o.m.

HERA: the world's only ep collider



HERA (1992–2007): $\sqrt{s} = 252\text{--}318$ GeV

($E_e = 27.5$ GeV; $E_p = 920, 820, 575, 460$ GeV)

two general purpose detectors, **H1** and **ZEUS**
collected 0.5 fb^{-1} per experiment, equally between e^+ and e^-

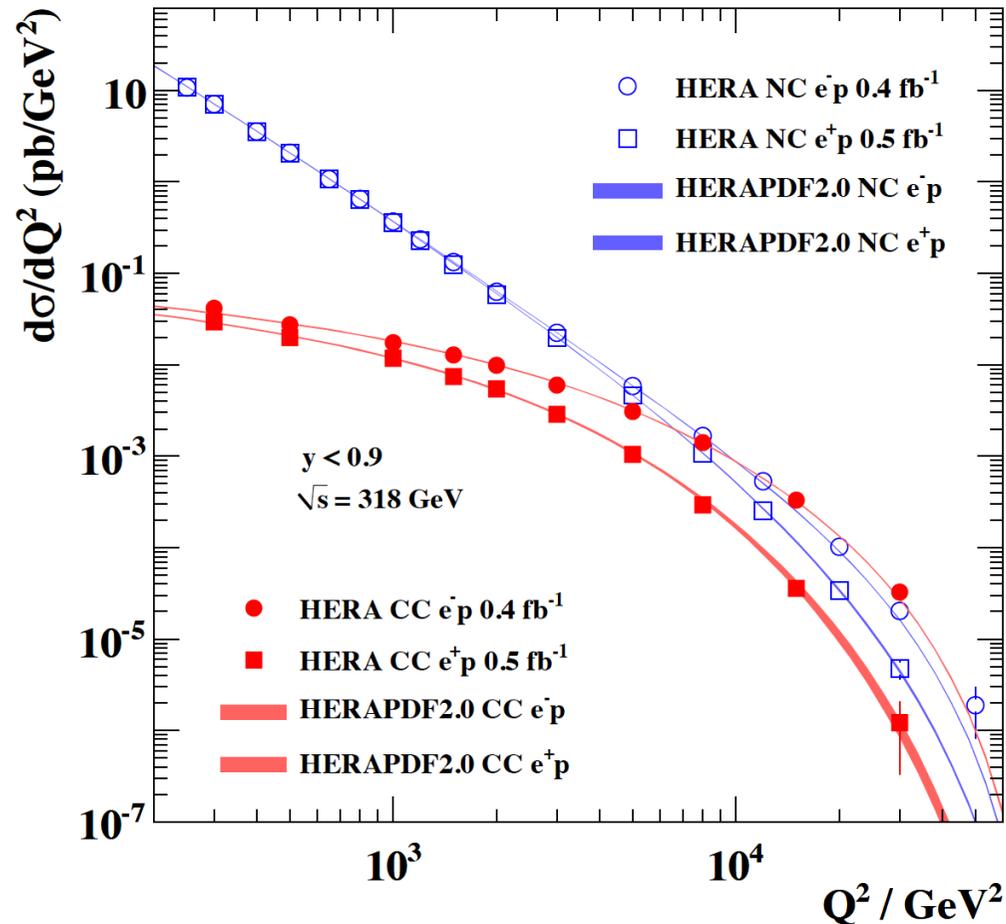
HERA-II (02–07): polarised lepton beams;
crucial for electroweak measurements

Deep Inelastic Scattering at HERA:

- a super-microscope to study **proton structure (PDFs)**
- sensitive to **EW** via t-channel gauge boson exchange

HERA inclusive NC and CC DIS data

H1 and ZEUS



$$Y_{\pm} = 1 \pm (1 - y)^2$$

$$\text{NC: } \sigma_{r,\text{NC}}^{e^{\pm}p} = \frac{x_{\text{Bj}} Q^4}{2\pi\alpha_0^2} \frac{1}{Y_{\pm}} \frac{d^2\sigma(e^{\pm}p)}{dx_{\text{Bj}}dQ^2} = \tilde{F}_2(x_{\text{Bj}}, Q^2) \mp \frac{Y_{-}}{Y_{+}} x \tilde{F}_3(x_{\text{Bj}}, Q^2) - \frac{y^2}{Y_{+}} F_L(x_{\text{Bj}}, Q^2)$$

(similar equation for **CC** cross section)

NC polarised DIS

NC: γZ interference and Z exchange affected by e-beam polarisation

$$P_e = \frac{N_R - N_L}{N_R + N_L}$$

$$\tilde{F}_2^\pm = F_2^\gamma - (v_e \pm P_e a_e) \chi_Z F_2^{\gamma Z} + (v_e^2 + a_e^2 \pm 2P_e v_e a_e) \chi_Z^2 F_2^Z$$

$$v_e = -1/2 + 2 \sin^2 \theta_W$$

$$a_e = -1/2$$

$$xF_3^\pm = -(a_e \pm P_e v_e) \chi_Z xF_3^{\gamma Z} + (2v_e a_e \pm P_e (v_e^2 + a_e^2)) \chi_Z^2 xF_3^Z$$

NC structure functions in QPM:

sensitive to **EW vector** and **axial-vector couplings** to light quarks, and **$\sin^2 \theta_W$** via

$$[F_2^\gamma, F_2^{\gamma Z}, F_2^Z] = \sum_q [e_q^2, 2e_q v_q, v_q^2 + a_q^2] x(q + \bar{q})$$

$$[xF_3^{\gamma Z}, xF_3^Z] = \sum_q [e_q a_q, v_q a_q] 2x(q - \bar{q})$$

$$\chi_Z = \frac{1}{\sin^2 2\theta_W} \frac{Q^2}{M_Z^2 + Q^2} \frac{1}{1 - \Delta R}$$

(where ΔR accounts for radiative corrections)

$$v_u = 1/2 - 4/3 \sin^2 \theta_W \quad a_u = 1/2 \quad v_d = -1/2 + 2/3 \sin^2 \theta_W \quad a_d = -1/2$$

on-shell scheme used: $\sin^2 \theta_W = 1 - M_W^2/M_Z^2 = 0.22333$ (PDG14)

NC polarised DIS

NC: γZ interference and Z exchange affected by e-beam polarisation

$$P_e = \frac{N_R - N_L}{N_R + N_L}$$

$$\tilde{F}_2^\pm = F_2^\gamma - (\pm P_e a_e) \chi_Z F_2^{\gamma Z}$$

$$x \tilde{F}_3^\pm = -(a_e \pm P_e v_e) \chi_Z x F_3^{\gamma Z}$$

$\chi_Z \gg \chi_Z^2$ and $v_e \approx 0.04$:

vq from **polarised** $F_2^{\gamma Z}$

aq from unpolarised $x F_3^{\gamma Z}$

NC structure functions in QPM:

sensitive to **EW vector** and **axial-vector couplings** to **light quarks**, and **$\sin^2 \theta_W$** via

$$[F_2^\gamma, F_2^{\gamma Z}, F_2^Z] = \sum_q [e_q^2, 2e_q v_q, v_q^2 + a_q^2] x(q + \bar{q})$$

$$[x F_3^{\gamma Z}, x F_3^Z] = \sum_q [e_q a_q, v_q a_q] 2x(q - \bar{q})$$

$$\chi_Z = \frac{1}{\sin^2 2\theta_W} \frac{Q^2}{M_Z^2 + Q^2} \frac{1}{1 - \Delta R}$$

(where ΔR accounts for radiative corrections)

$$v_u = 1/2 - 4/3 \sin^2 \theta_W \quad a_u = 1/2 \quad v_d = -1/2 + 2/3 \sin^2 \theta_W \quad a_d = -1/2$$

on-shell scheme used: $\sin^2 \theta_W = 1 - M_W^2/M_Z^2 = 0.22333$ (PDG14)

CC polarised DIS

CC:

$$P_e = \frac{N_R - N_L}{N_R + N_L}$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}(e^+p)}{dx_{Bj}dQ^2} = (1 + P_e) \frac{G_F^2 M_W^4}{2\pi x_{Bj} (Q^2 + M_W^2)^2} x [(\bar{u} + \bar{c}) + (1 - y)^2(d + s + b)]$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}(e^-p)}{dx_{Bj}dQ^2} = (1 - P_e) \frac{G_F^2 M_W^4}{2\pi x_{Bj} (Q^2 + M_W^2)^2} x [(u + c) + (1 - y)^2(\bar{d} + \bar{s} + \bar{b})]$$

$$G_F = \frac{\pi\alpha_0}{\sqrt{2} \sin^2 \theta_W M_W^2} \frac{1}{1 - \Delta R}$$

CC provides further sensitivity to PDFs (quark flavour separation)

and sensitivity to **$\sin^2\theta_W$** , and **M_W** via G_F and propagator

QCD and electroweak fit to HERA data

simultaneous **NLO QCD** and **LO electroweak** fit of PDF and EW parameters

- HERA **NC** and **CC** inclusive **uncombined** data sets as input:

1. datasets as used in HERA combination (EPJ C75 (2015) 580):

HERA I H1 and ZEUS; H1 and ZEUS reduced Ep data; HERA II data from H1 (UNPOLARISED)

2. **HERA II data from ZEUS (POLARISED)**

- PDF fit, closely follows HERAPDF2.0 (EPJ C75 (2015) 580):

$$xg(x) = A_g x^{B_g} (1-x)^{C_g} - A'_g x^{B'_g} (1-x)^{C'_g}, \quad \text{start scale } Q_0^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$xu_v(x) = A_{u_v} x^{B_{u_v}} (1-x)^{C_{u_v}} (1 + E_{u_v} x^2),$$

model and **parameterisation**

$$xd_v(x) = A_{d_v} x^{B_{d_v}} (1-x)^{C_{d_v}},$$

uncertainties as in HERAPDF2.0

$$x\bar{U}(x) = A_{\bar{U}} x^{B_{\bar{U}}} (1-x)^{C_{\bar{U}}},$$

ΔR corrections calculated using EPRC code

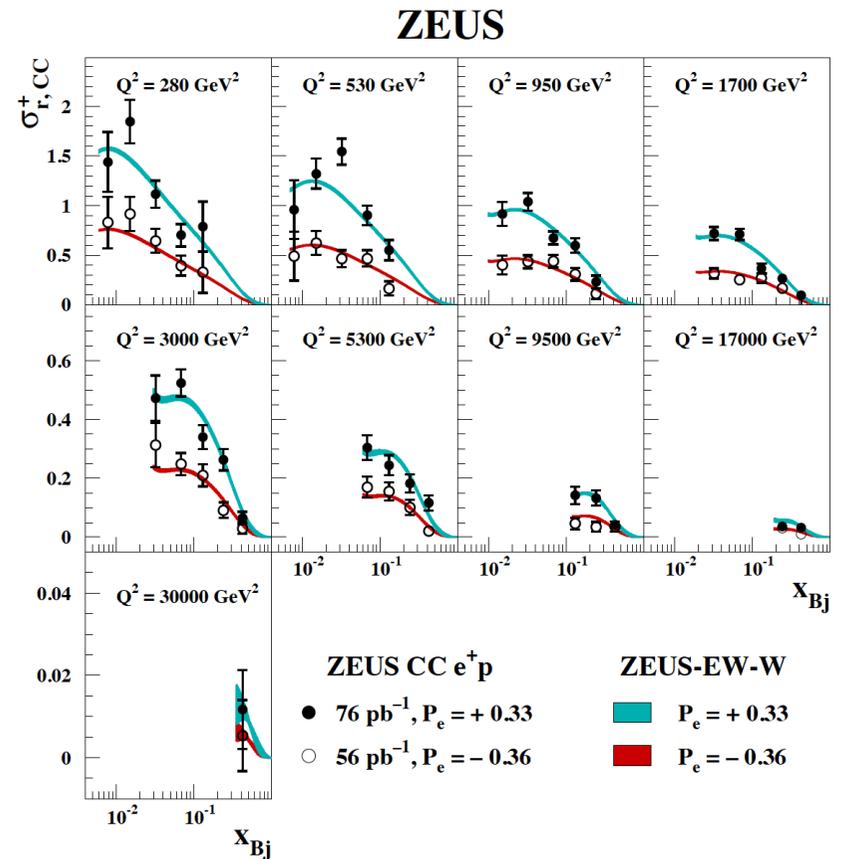
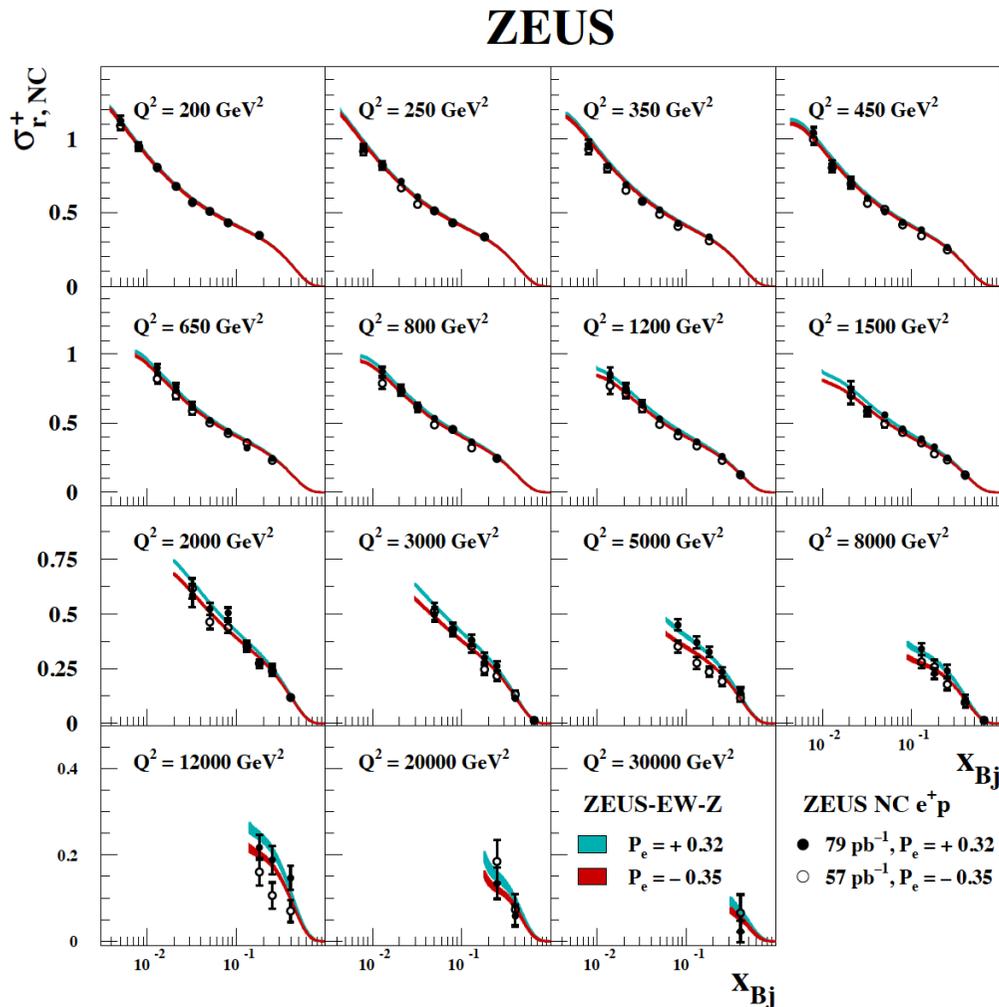
$$x\bar{D}(x) = A_{\bar{D}} x^{B_{\bar{D}}} (1-x)^{C_{\bar{D}}}.$$

(H. Spiesberger, desy.de/~hspiesb/eprc.html)

■ fixed, or from sum rules ■ set equal

13 free PDF parameters, and **4** light quark **NC EW couplings** (or free $\sin^2\theta_w / M_w$)

NC and CC polarised DIS data



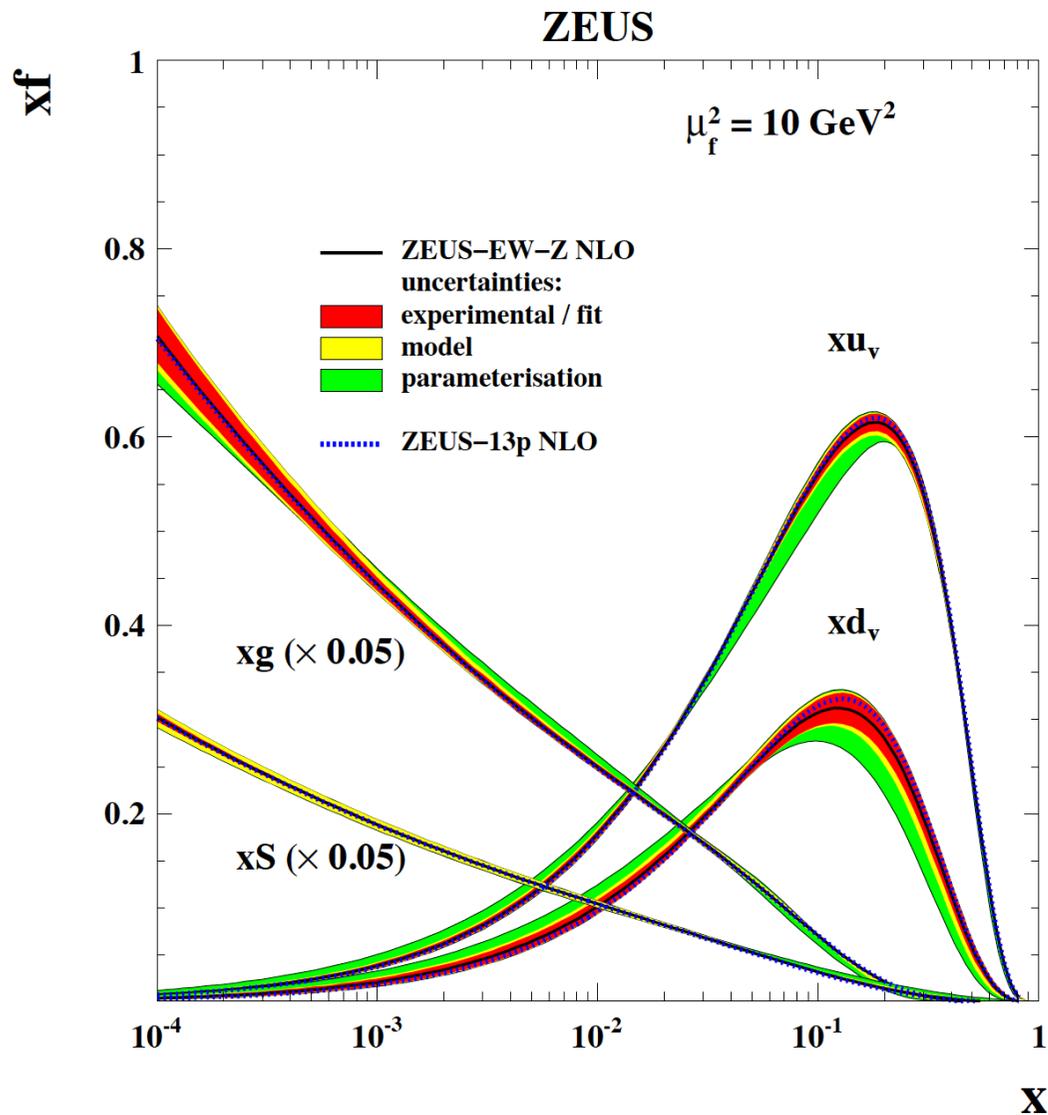
NC and CC polarised e^+p shown

ZEUS Coll., PRD 93, 092002 (2016)

$Q^2_{\min} = 3.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ – number of data points is 2942, of which 501 are polarised
 ZEUS cross section data ($X^2/\text{NDF} = 1.12$ for fit with **NC couplings** free)

PDF results

ZEUS Coll., PRD 93, 092002 (2016)

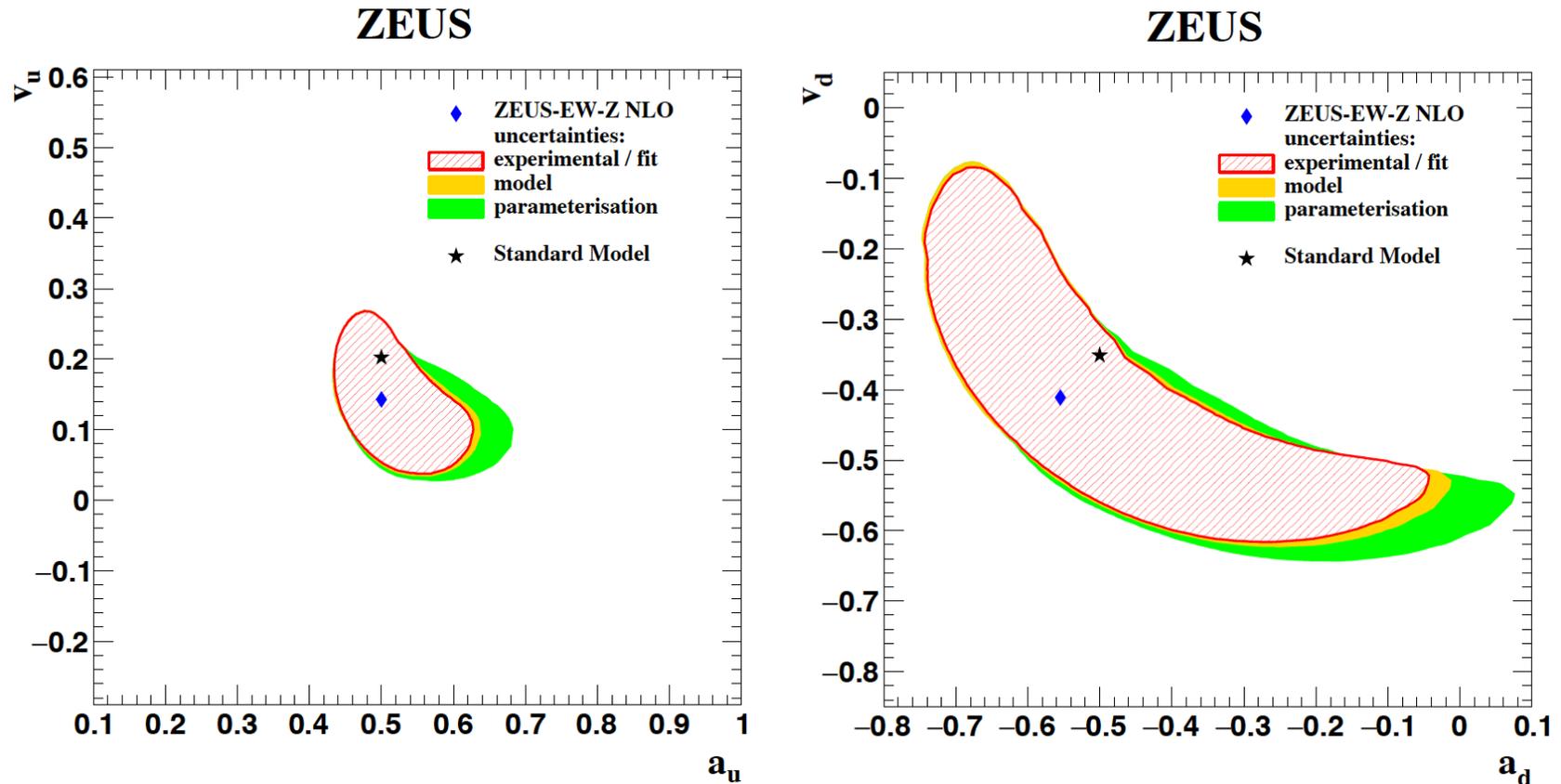


agreement with **equivalent (13p) fit**
with **EW couplings** set to SM
values

only weak correlation between
PDF and **electroweak** parameters
(QCD part of fit can be repeated at NNLO
with little pull on EW parameters)

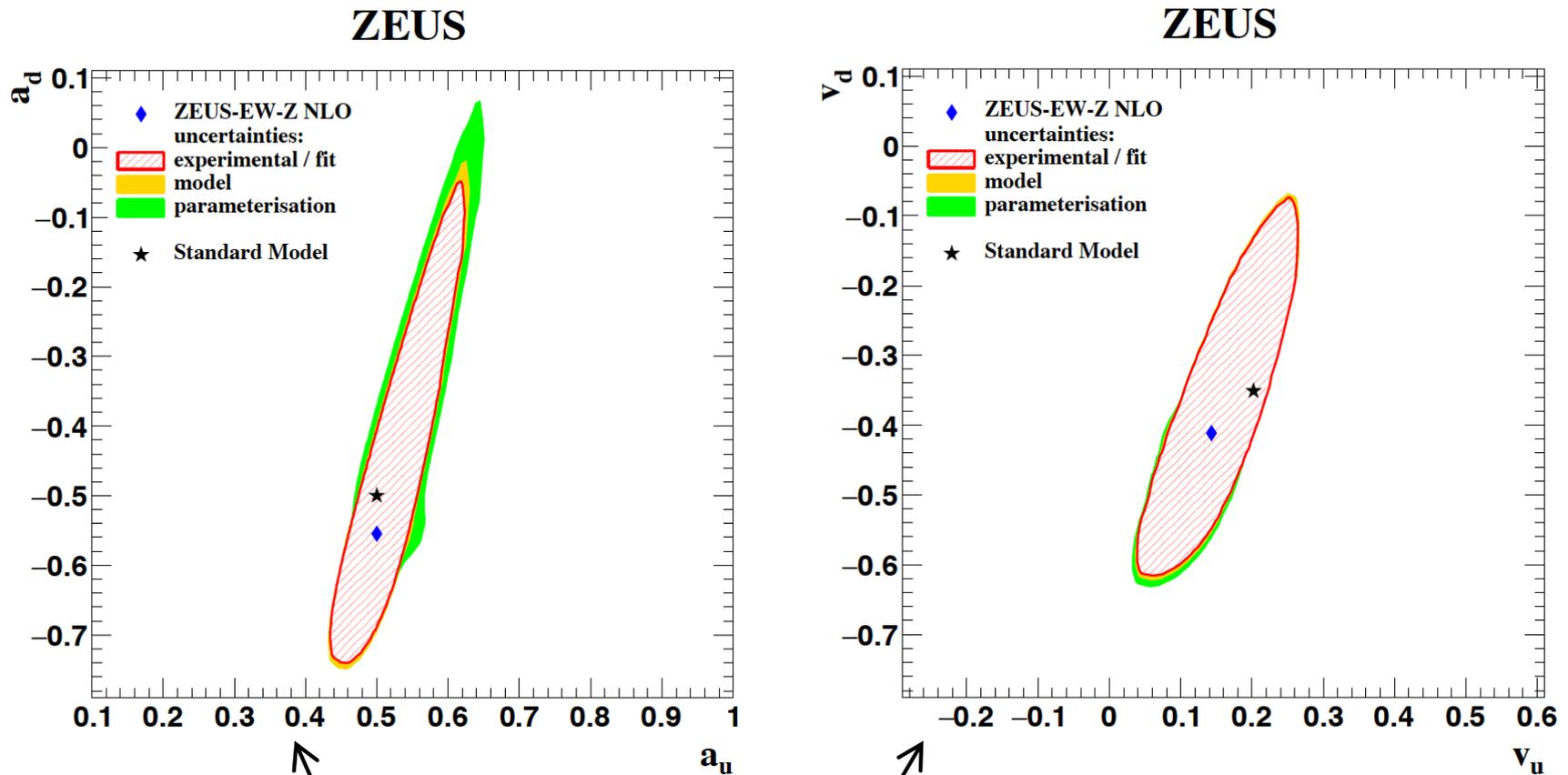
(also agrees well with **HERAPDF2.0**
EPJ C75 (2015), 580)

NC electroweak couplings



a_u	$= +0.50$	$+0.09$ -0.05 (experimental/fit)	$+0.04$ -0.02 (model)	$+0.08$ -0.01 (parameterisation)	0.5	Standard Model
a_d	$= -0.56$	$+0.34$ -0.14 (experimental/fit)	$+0.11$ -0.05 (model)	$+0.20$ -0.00 (parameterisation)	-0.5	
v_u	$= +0.14$	$+0.08$ -0.08 (experimental/fit)	$+0.01$ -0.02 (model)	$+0.00$ -0.03 (parameterisation)	0.202	
v_d	$= -0.41$	$+0.24$ -0.16 (experimental/fit)	$+0.04$ -0.07 (model)	$+0.00$ -0.08 (parameterisation)	-0.351	

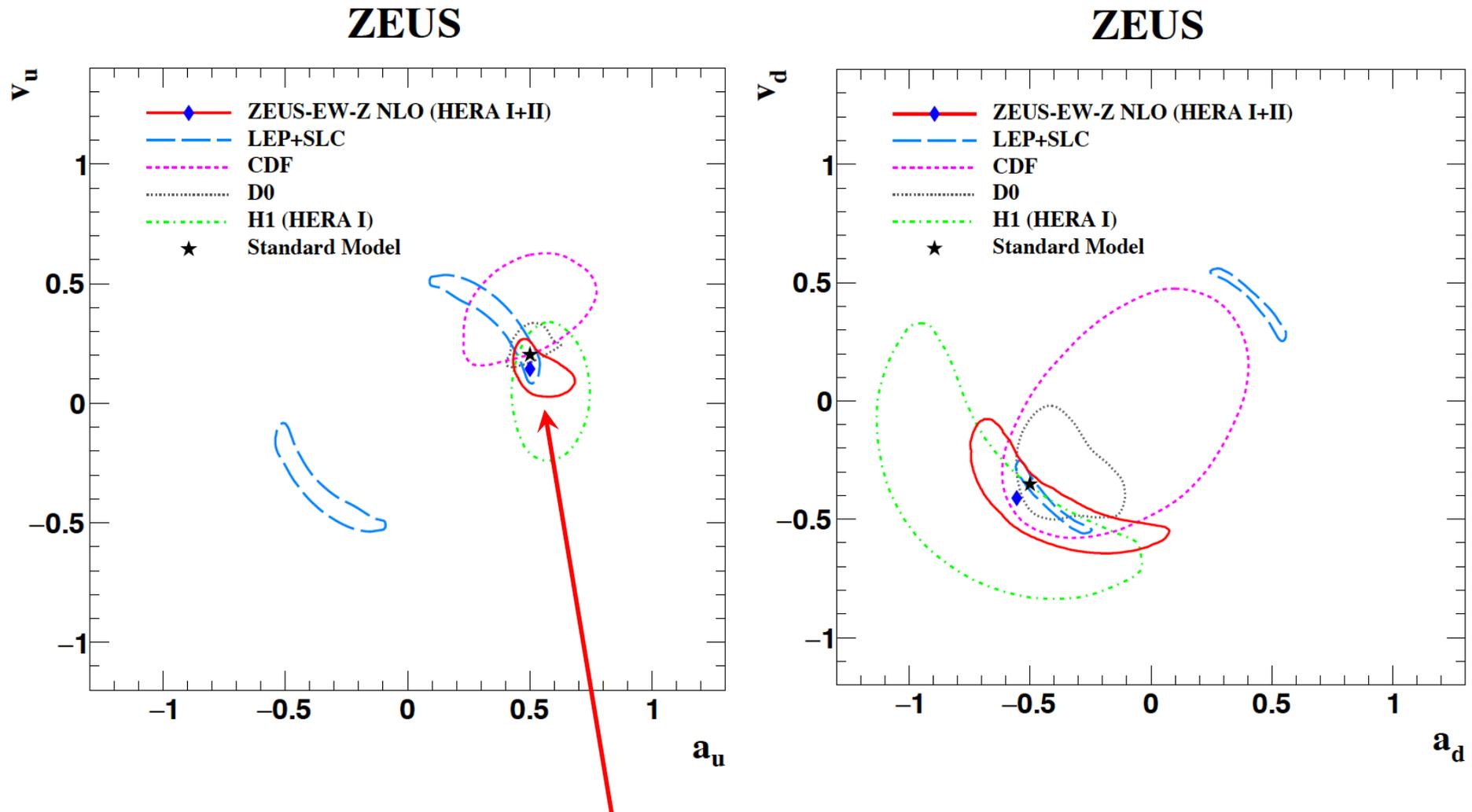
NC electroweak couplings – correlations



	a_u	a_d	v_u	v_d
a_u	1.000	0.861	-0.555	-0.729
a_d	0.861	1.000	-0.636	-0.880
v_u	-0.555	-0.636	1.000	0.851
v_d	-0.729	-0.880	0.851	1.000

vector and axial vector couplings show strong correlation

comparison with other measurements

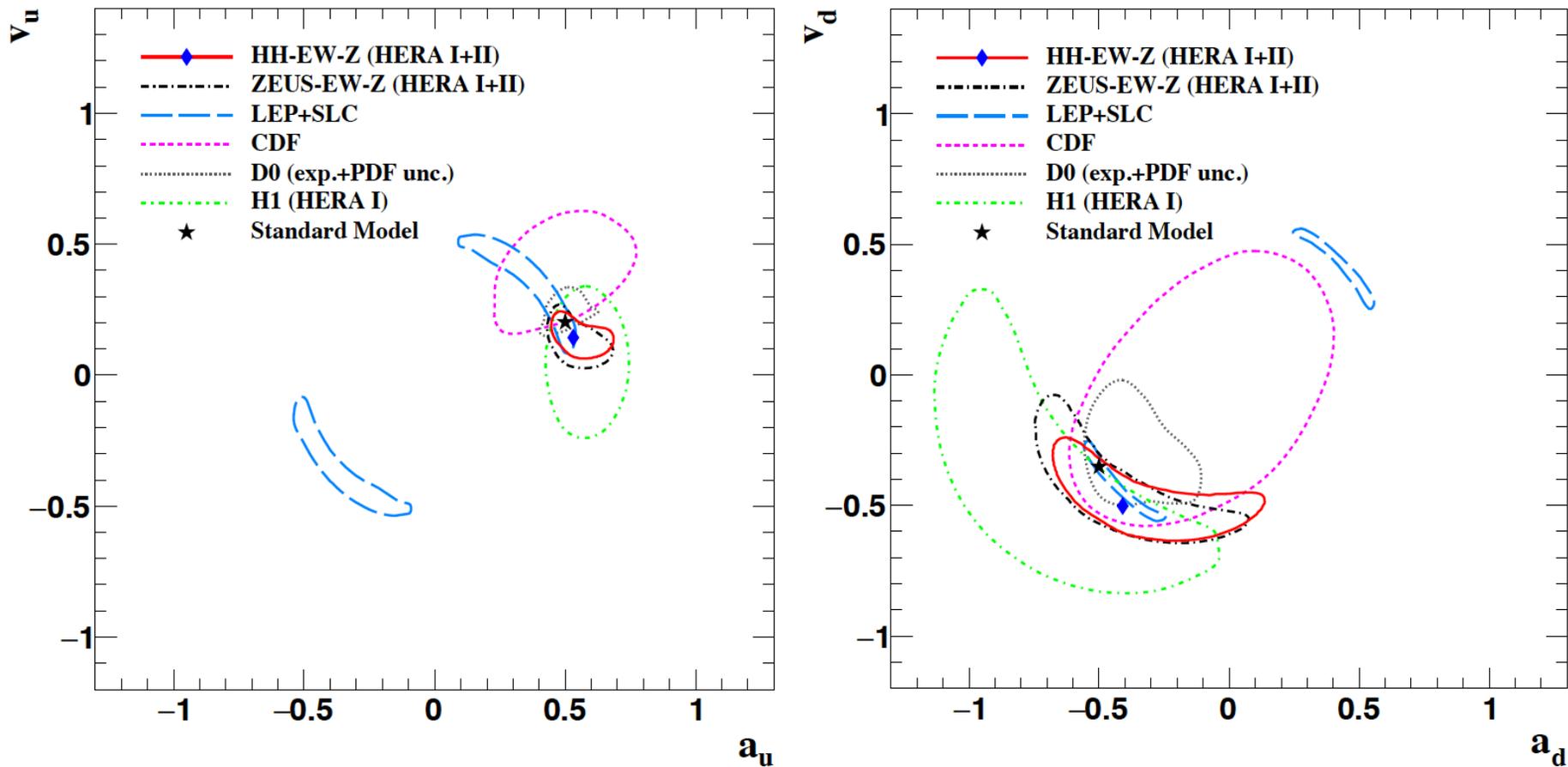


- excellent sensitivity to **u-type** quark couplings
- results compatible with **SM** expectation

improvement from using all HERA polarised data

independent analysis (**HH-EW-Z**) performed,
using also published **H1 polarised data**
(H1 Coll., JHEP 1209 (2012) 061)

I. Abt et al.,
PRD 94, 052007 (2016)
(arXiv:1604.05083)

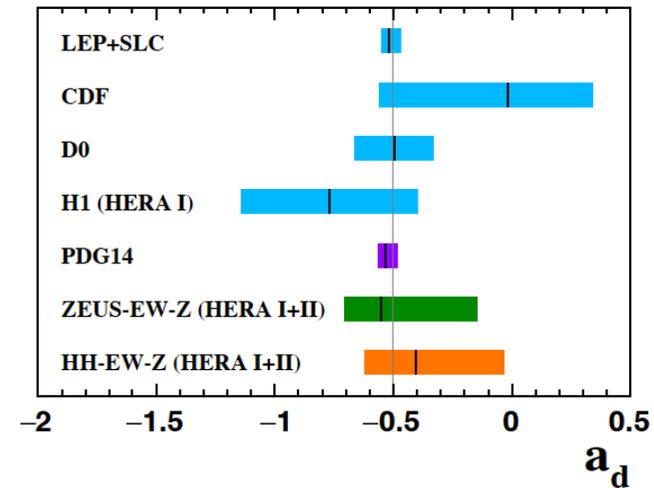
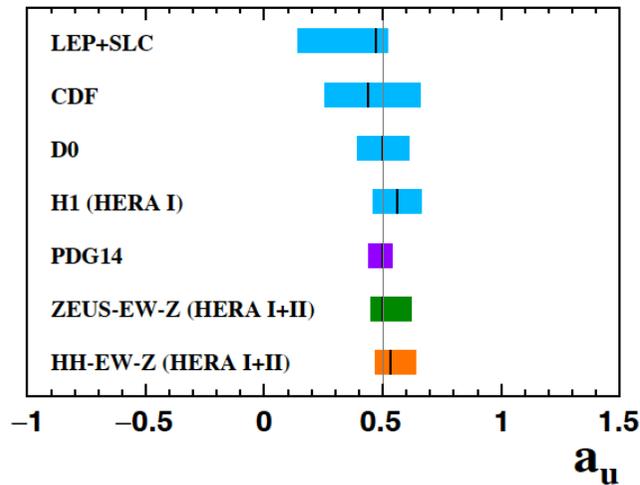
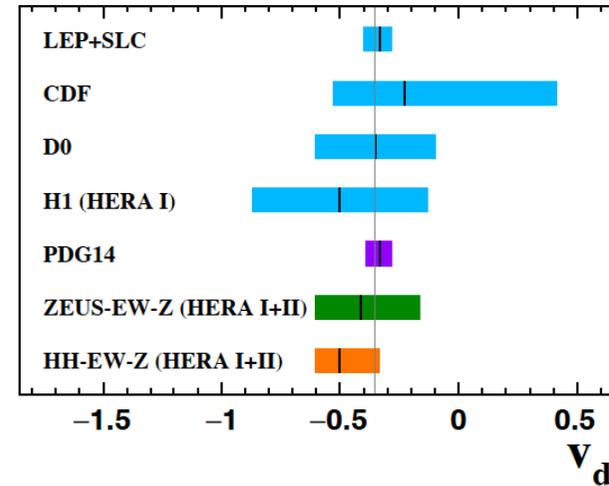
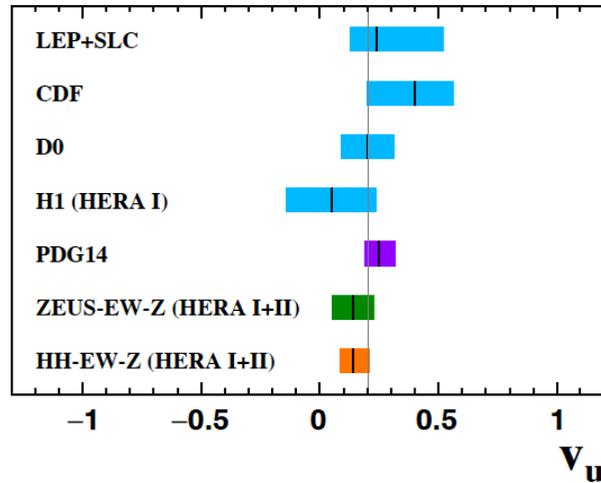


HERA II polarised data especially important for vector couplings

comparison with other results

ZEUS Coll., PRD 93, 092002 (2016)
(arXiv:1603.09628)

I. Abt et al., PRD 94, 052007 (2016)
(arXiv:1604.05083)



NC coupling determinations from I. Abt et al., included in **PDG17 world average**

$\sin^2\theta_W$ and M_W

ZEUS Coll., PRD 93, 092002 (2016)

- $\sin^2\theta_W$ and M_W can also be extracted from the HERA inclusive DIS data

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{NC} &(\alpha, \sin^2\theta_W, M_Z) \\ \sigma_{CC} &(G_F(\alpha, \sin^2\theta_W, M_W), M_W) \end{aligned}$$

- $\sin^2\theta_W$ fitted as parameter, along with PDFs:

$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.2252 \pm 0.0011 \text{ (experimental/fit)} \quad \begin{matrix} +0.0003 \\ -0.0001 \end{matrix} \text{ (model)} \quad \begin{matrix} +0.0007 \\ -0.0001 \end{matrix} \text{ (parameterisation)}$$

- M_W and PDF parameters fitted simultaneously ($\sin^2\theta_W=0.22333$ fixed):

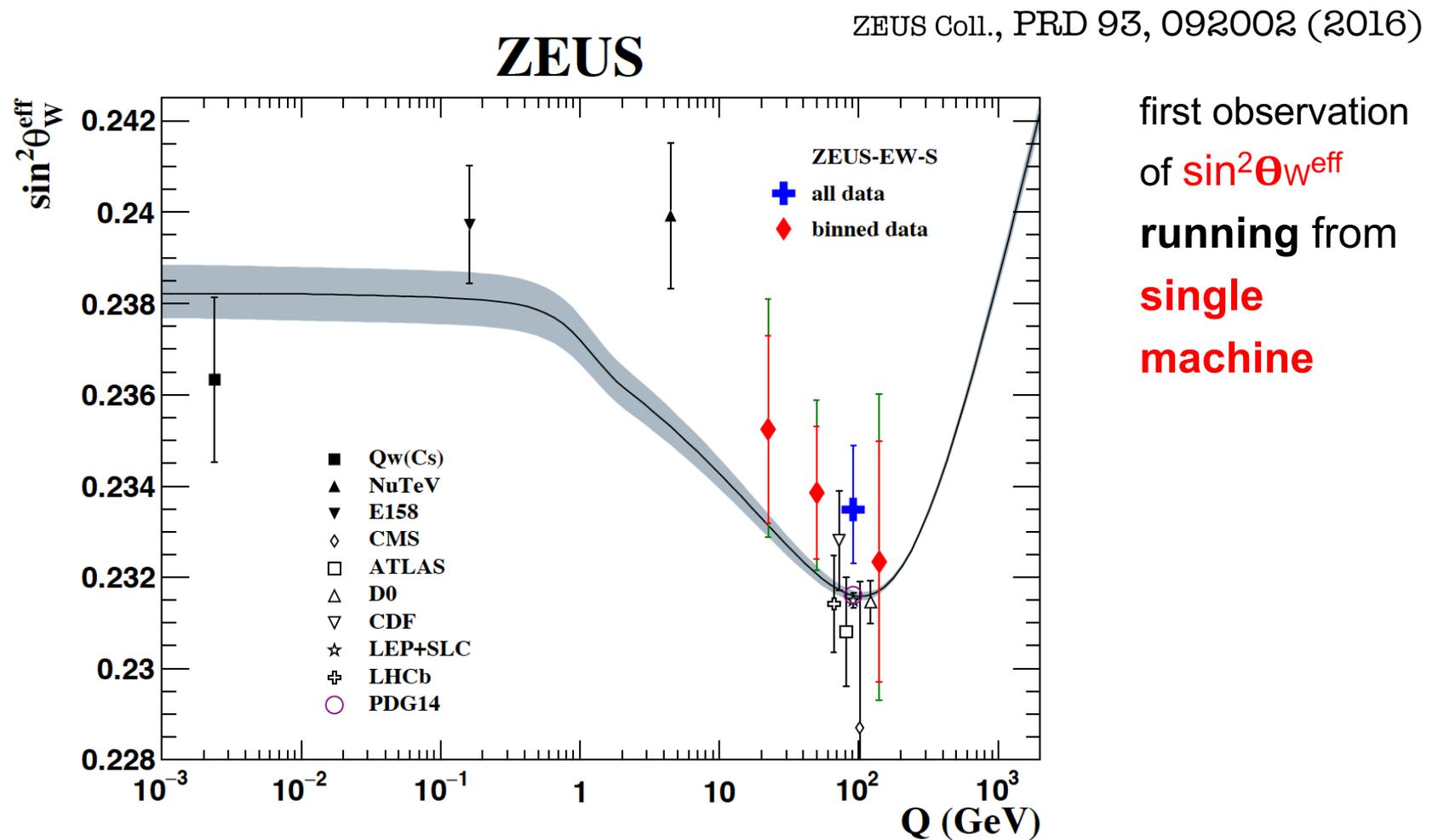
$$M_W = 80.68 \pm 0.28 \text{ (experimental/fit)} \quad \begin{matrix} +0.12 \\ -0.01 \end{matrix} \text{ (model)} \quad \begin{matrix} +0.23 \\ -0.01 \end{matrix} \text{ (parameterisation)} \text{ GeV}$$

M_W determination from **space-like** process, complementary to other measurements

(simultaneous extraction of $\sin^2\theta_W$ and M_W (and PDFs) also performed as cross check; results consistent with PDG world average – see backups)

effective $\sin^2\theta_w$

- measurements from full dataset, and in **3 bins of Q^2** (PDF parameters fixed) translated[†] to **effective $\sin^2\theta_w$**

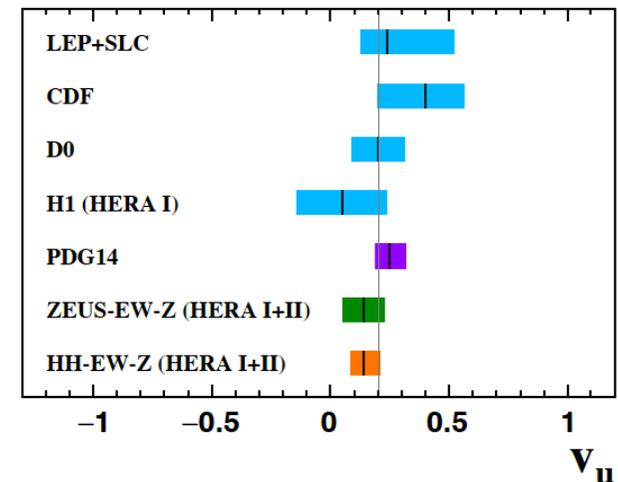


first observation
of $\sin^2\theta_w^{\text{eff}}$
running from
**single
machine**

[†] procedure from Czarnecki and Marciano, IJMPA 15 (2000) 2365

summary

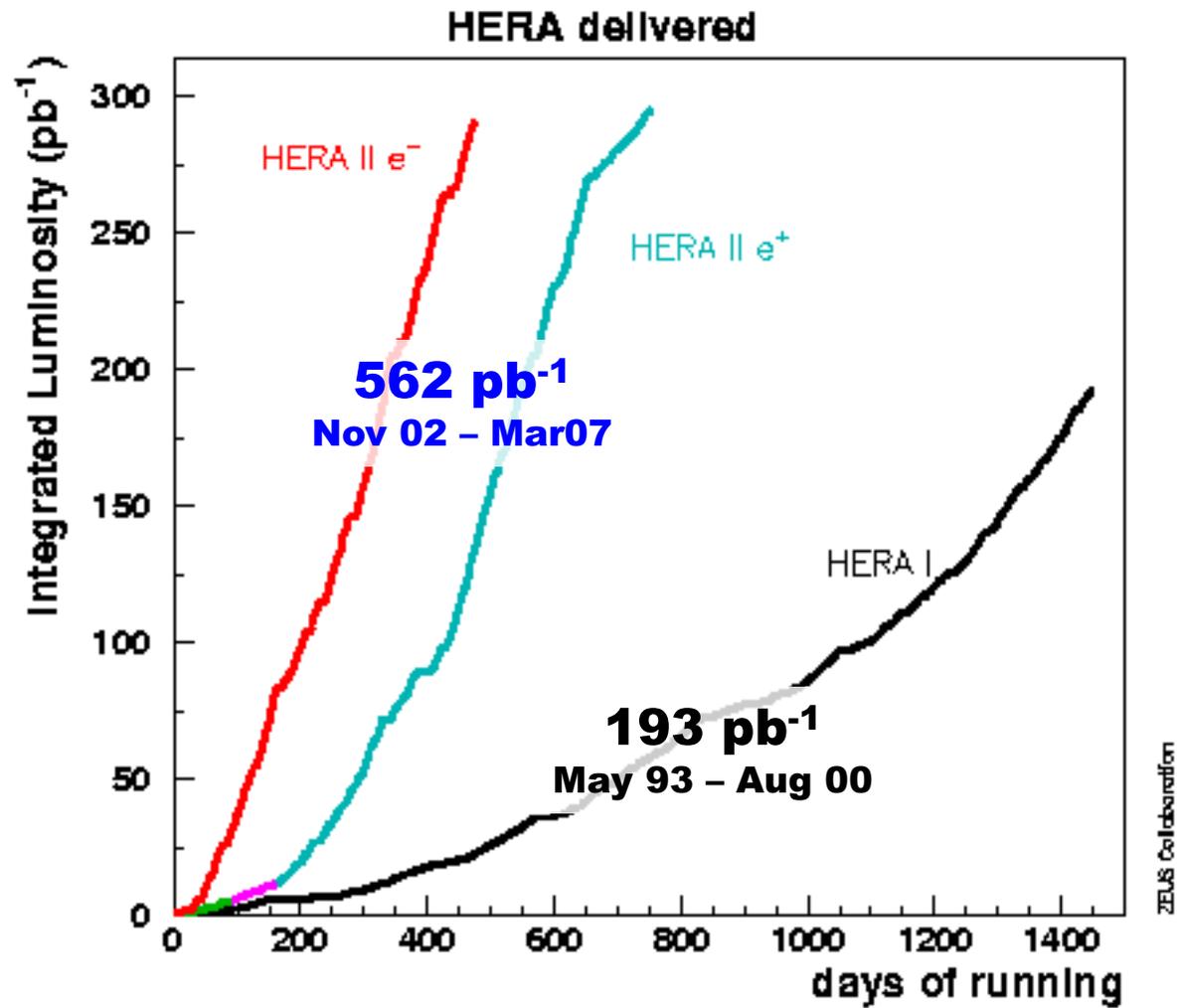
- HERA polarised inclusive DIS data sensitive to electroweak parameters
→ **simultaneous PDF and EW fits**
- NC **vector** and **axial-vector couplings** to quarks agree with world average and SM expectation
- measurements of **u-type quark couplings** among most accurate from single collider
- couplings from I. Abt et al. (HH-EW-Z) included in **PDG17 world average**



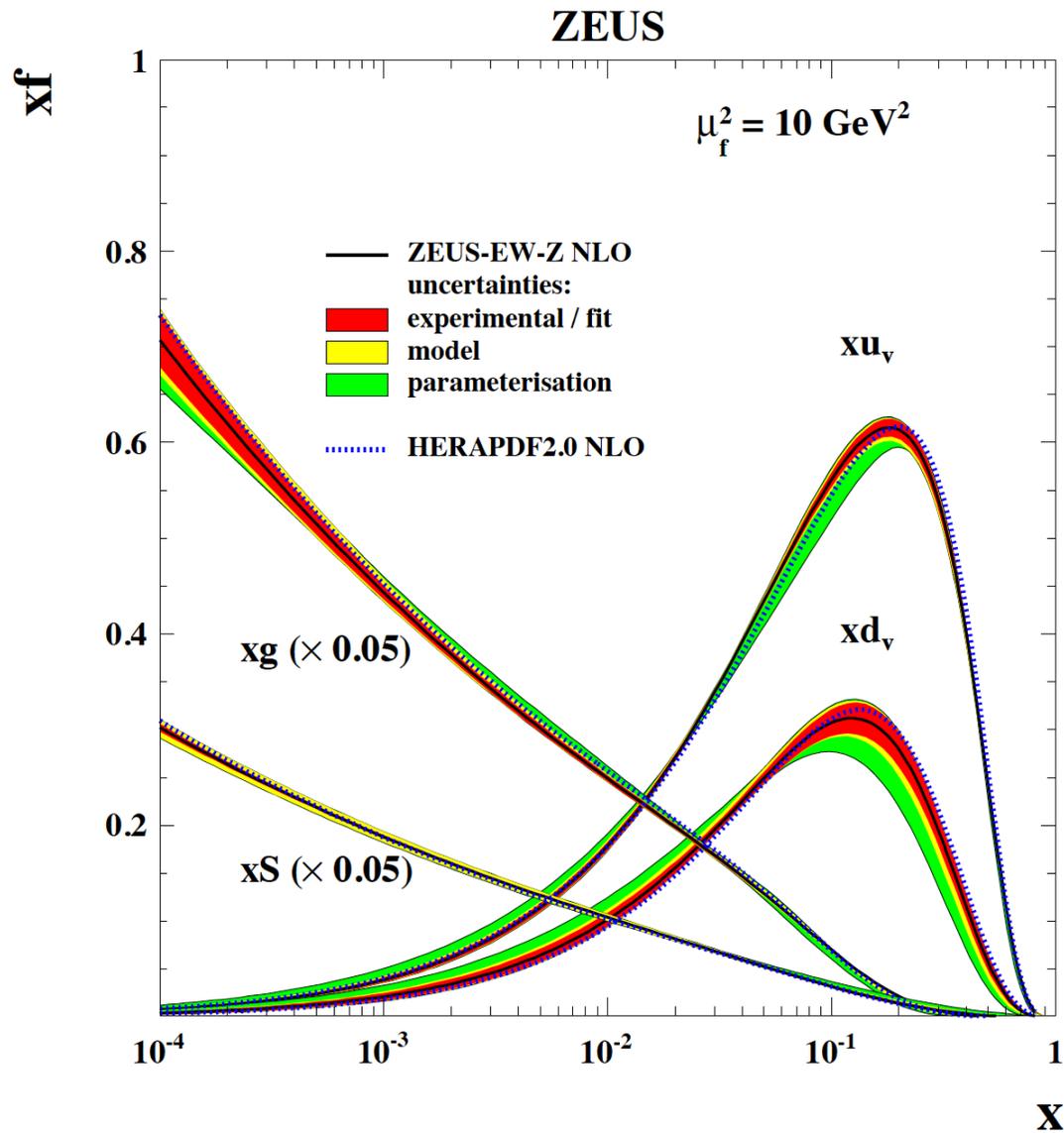
- **$\sin^2\theta_w$** determined; first observation of **$\sin^2\theta_w^{\text{eff}}$ running** from single machine
- **mass of W boson** determined in **space-like** momentum transfer process

extras

HERA: world's only ep collider

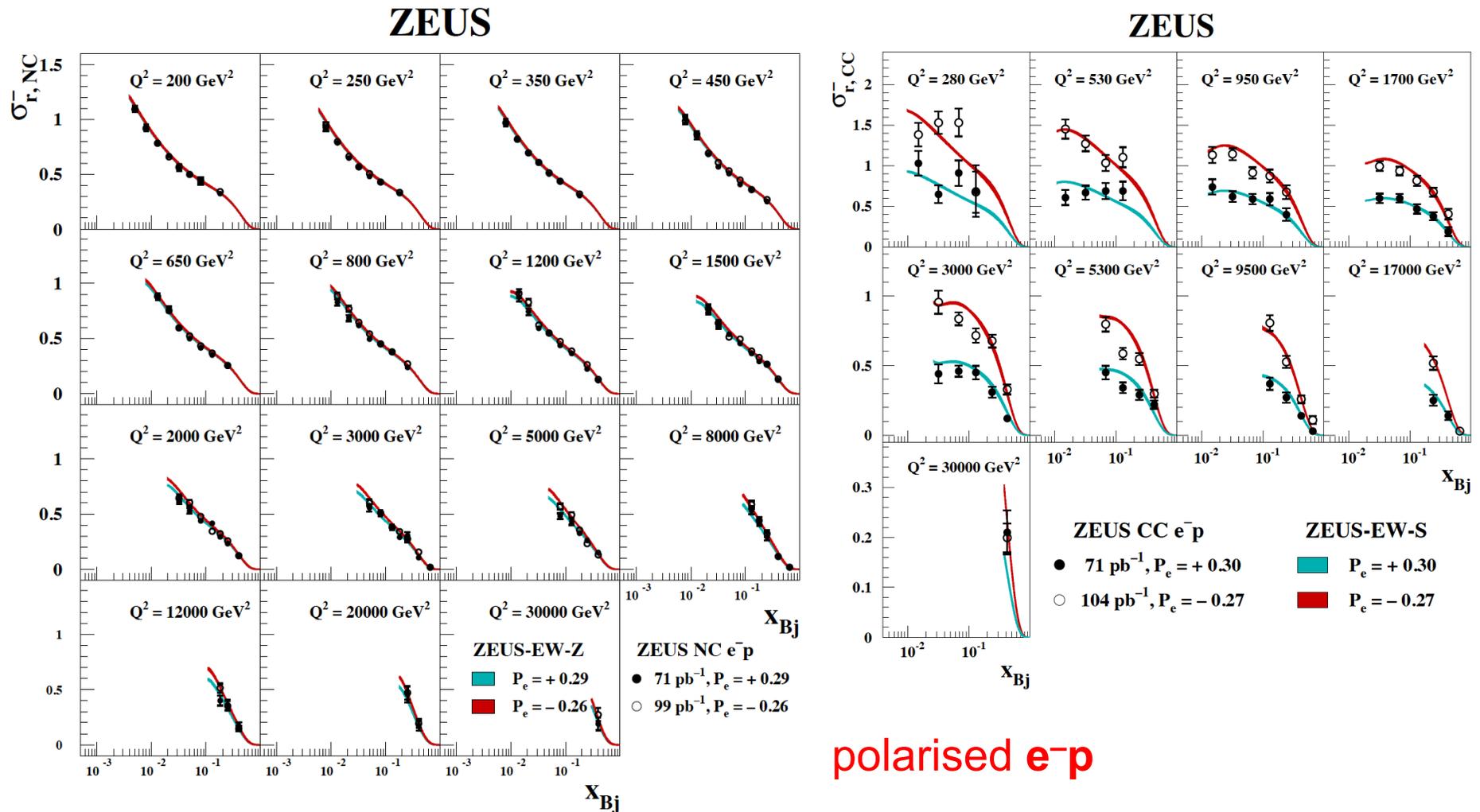


PDF fit results



comparison with HERAPDF2.0
(EPJ C75 (2015), 580)

NC and CC polarised DIS data



polarised e^-p

$Q^2_{\min} = 3.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ – number of data points is 2942, of which 501 are polarised
 ZEUS cross section data ($X^2/\text{NDF} = 1.12$ for fit with NC couplings free)

correlation matrix

ZEUS Coll., PRD 93, 092002 (2016)
(arXiv:1603.09628)

Parameters	$xg: B$	$xg: C$	$xg: A'$	$xg: B'$	$xu_v: B$	$xu_v: C$	$xu_v: E$	$xd_v: B$	$xd_v: C$	$x\bar{U}: C$	$x\bar{D}: A$	$x\bar{D}: B$	$x\bar{D}: C$	a_u	a_d	v_u	v_d
$xg: B$	1.000	-0.014	-0.449	0.824	-0.216	0.172	0.250	-0.084	-0.085	-0.098	-0.107	-0.136	0.046	0.025	0.003	0.015	0.018
$xg: C$	-0.014	1.000	0.831	0.457	0.341	-0.373	-0.550	0.010	0.296	-0.018	-0.082	-0.103	-0.434	0.105	0.095	-0.098	-0.111
$xg: A'$	-0.449	0.831	1.000	0.120	0.548	-0.404	-0.629	0.233	0.274	0.159	0.081	0.072	-0.148	-0.052	0.000	-0.043	-0.054
$xg: B'$	0.824	0.457	0.120	1.000	0.106	-0.037	-0.082	0.075	0.047	0.043	0.011	-0.014	0.012	-0.029	-0.011	-0.001	-0.002
$xu_v: B$	-0.216	0.341	0.548	0.106	1.000	-0.409	-0.774	0.465	-0.086	0.690	0.476	0.395	0.439	-0.360	-0.178	0.079	0.070
$xu_v: C$	0.172	-0.373	-0.404	-0.037	-0.409	1.000	0.828	-0.297	-0.235	-0.188	-0.095	-0.069	-0.040	0.110	0.029	0.040	0.028
$xu_v: E$	0.250	-0.550	-0.629	-0.082	-0.774	0.828	1.000	-0.296	-0.066	-0.363	-0.170	-0.117	-0.092	0.192	0.087	-0.023	-0.017
$xd_v: B$	-0.084	0.010	0.233	0.075	0.465	-0.297	-0.296	1.000	0.518	0.405	0.350	0.291	0.673	-0.335	-0.134	0.038	0.021
$xd_v: C$	-0.085	0.296	0.274	0.047	-0.086	-0.235	-0.066	0.518	1.000	-0.137	-0.186	-0.193	-0.139	0.110	0.128	-0.101	0.128
$x\bar{U}: C$	-0.098	-0.018	0.159	0.043	0.690	-0.188	-0.363	0.405	-0.137	1.000	0.673	0.635	0.329	-0.320	-0.137	0.055	0.052
$x\bar{D}: A$	-0.107	-0.082	0.081	0.011	0.476	-0.095	-0.170	0.350	-0.186	0.673	1.000	0.959	0.477	-0.272	-0.137	0.056	0.059
$x\bar{D}: B$	-0.136	-0.103	0.072	-0.014	0.395	-0.069	-0.117	0.291	-0.193	0.635	0.959	1.000	0.415	-0.239	-0.120	0.047	0.053
$x\bar{D}: C$	0.046	-0.434	-0.148	0.012	0.439	-0.040	-0.092	0.673	-0.139	0.329	0.477	0.415	1.000	-0.449	-0.271	0.148	0.153
a_u	0.025	0.105	-0.052	-0.029	-0.360	0.110	0.192	-0.335	0.110	-0.320	-0.272	-0.239	-0.449	1.000	0.861	-0.555	-0.729
a_d	0.003	0.095	0.000	-0.011	-0.178	0.029	0.087	-0.134	0.128	-0.137	-0.137	-0.120	-0.271	0.861	1.000	-0.636	-0.880
v_u	0.015	-0.098	-0.043	-0.001	0.079	0.040	-0.023	0.038	-0.101	0.055	0.056	0.047	0.148	-0.555	-0.636	1.000	0.851
v_d	0.018	-0.111	-0.054	-0.002	0.070	0.028	-0.017	0.021	-0.128	0.052	0.059	0.053	0.153	-0.729	-0.880	0.851	1.000

Table 2: *The correlation matrix of all parameters of the ZEUS-EW-Z fit.*

EW parameter cross checks

- studies performed to check stability of EW couplings with respect to various QCD parameters

	a_u	exp	tot	a_d	exp	tot	v_u	exp	tot	v_d	exp	tot
EW-Z	+0.50	+0.09 -0.05	+0.12 -0.05	-0.56	+0.34 -0.14	+0.41 -0.15	+0.14	+0.08 -0.08	+0.09 -0.09	-0.41	+0.24 -0.16	+0.25 -0.20
13p	+0.49	+0.07 -0.04		-0.57	+0.30 -0.13		+0.15	+0.08 -0.08		-0.40	+0.22 -0.17	
HPDF1	+0.47	+0.06 -0.03		-0.62	+0.23 -0.11		+0.16	+0.08 -0.08		-0.35	+0.22 -0.19	
HPDF2	+0.49	+0.06 -0.03		-0.63	+0.24 -0.11		+0.15	+0.08 -0.08		-0.36	+0.22 -0.19	
SM	+0.50			-0.50			+0.20			-0.35		

Table 3: *The results on the axial-vector and vector couplings of the Z boson to u- and d-type quarks from ZEUS-EW-Z. Given are the experimental/fit (exp) and total (tot) uncertainties. Also listed are results of fits with the PDFs fixed to ZEUS-13p and HERAPDF2.0, HPDF1 and HPDF2, for which only the couplings of the Z were free parameters. The HPDF1 fit was performed with the on-shell value of $\sin^2 \theta_W$ used in the fit while HPDF2 was performed with the $\sin^2 \theta_W$ value used for the extraction of HERAPDF2.0. Also listed are the predictions of the SM for the a and v couplings in the on-shell scheme.*

$\sin^2\theta_W$ and M_W

DIS inclusive cross sections depend on $\sin^2\theta_W$ through:

Neutral Current:

- **X_Z** term in **NC** cross section:
$$\chi_Z = \frac{1}{\sin^2 2\theta_W} \frac{Q^2}{M_Z^2 + Q^2} \frac{1}{1 - \Delta R}$$
- **NC** vector couplings to quarks:
$$v_u = 1/2 - 4/3 \sin^2 \theta_W$$
$$v_d = -1/2 + 2/3 \sin^2 \theta_W$$

Charged Current:

- **CC** cross sections, via G_F
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}(e^+p)}{dx_{Bj}dQ^2} = (1 + P_e) \frac{G_F^2 M_W^4}{2\pi x_{Bj} (Q^2 + M_W^2)^2} x [(\bar{u} + \bar{c}) + (1 - y)^2(d + s + b)]$$
$$G_F = \frac{\pi\alpha_0}{\sqrt{2} \sin^2 \theta_W M_W^2} \frac{1}{1 - \Delta R}$$
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}(e^-p)}{dx_{Bj}dQ^2} = (1 - P_e) \frac{G_F^2 M_W^4}{2\pi x_{Bj} (Q^2 + M_W^2)^2} x [(u + c) + (1 - y)^2(\bar{d} + \bar{s} + \bar{b})]$$

G_F re-expressed through $\sin^2\theta_W$ and M_W meaning both **NC** and **CC** used to extract $\sin^2\theta_W$

X_F and G_F are most important for $\sin^2\theta_W$ determination

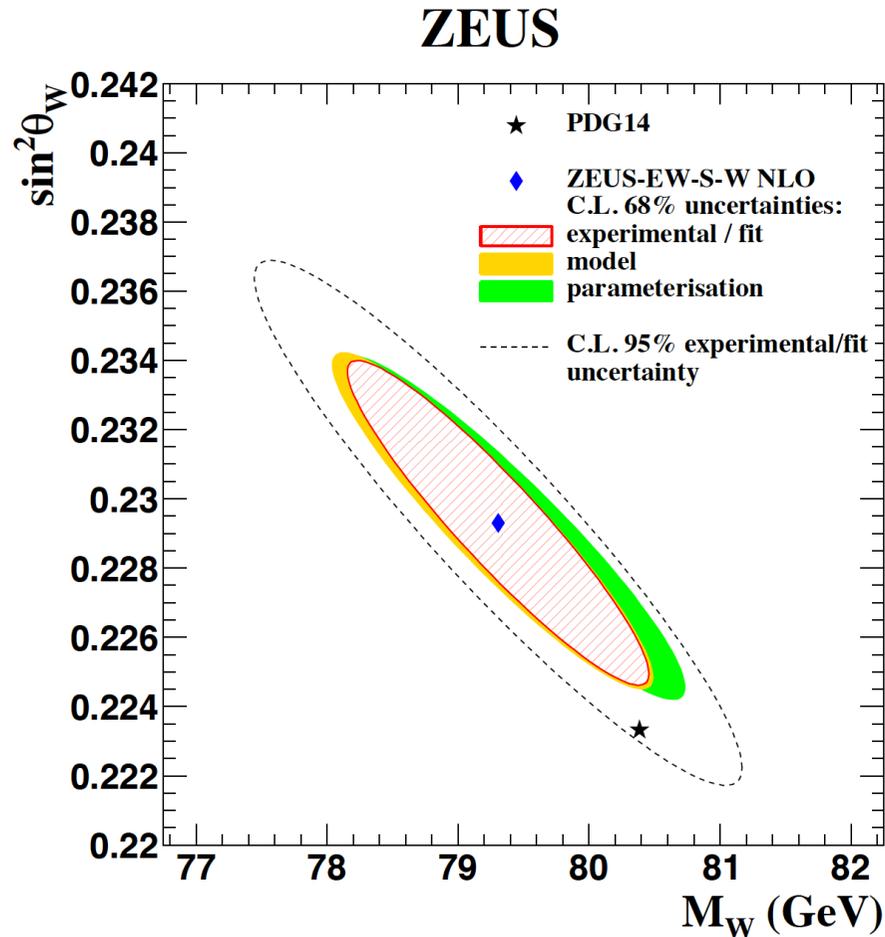
M_W sensitivity comes from G_F and W propagator in **CC** events

$\sin^2\theta_W$

bin	Q_{\min}^2 (GeV ²)	Q_{\max}^2 (GeV ²)	scale (GeV)	$\sin^2\theta_W$ on-shell	exp unc.	$\sin^2\theta_W^{\text{eff}}$ effective	exp unc.	PDF unc.
1	200	1000	22.3	0.2254	± 0.0020	0.2352	± 0.0020	$+0.0020$ -0.0012
2	1000	5000	49.9	0.2251	± 0.0014	0.2339	± 0.0015	$+0.0014$ -0.0008
3	5000	50000	139.8	0.2240	± 0.0026	0.2323	± 0.0026	$+0.0025$ -0.0015
All Data			M_Z	0.2252	± 0.0011	0.2335	± 0.0011	$+0.0008$ -0.0004

Table 4: *The on-shell and effective values of $\sin^2\theta_W$ as determined for three bins in Q^2 and for all data. Experimental/fit (exp) uncertainties are given as determined by the one-parameter fits for each bin or ZEUS-EW-S, respectively; model and parameterisation uncertainties as determined by ZEUS-EW-S were added in quadrature and are denoted as PDF uncertainties. They are identical for on-shell and effective values at the accuracy given.*

$\sin^2\theta_w$ and M_W



simultaneous extraction of $\sin^2\theta_w$ and M_W (together with PDFs) also performed as cross-check

PDG14:

$$\sin^2\theta_w = 0.22333 \pm 0.00011 \text{ (on-shell)}$$

$$M_W = 80.385 \pm 0.015$$

$$\sin^2\theta_w = 0.2293 \pm 0.0031 \text{ (experimental/fit)} \begin{matrix} +0.0005 \\ -0.0001 \end{matrix} \text{ (model)} \begin{matrix} +0.0003 \\ -0.0001 \end{matrix} \text{ (parameterisation)}$$

$$M_W = 79.30 \pm 0.76 \text{ (experimental/fit)} \begin{matrix} +0.38 \\ -0.08 \end{matrix} \text{ (model)} \begin{matrix} +0.48 \\ -0.10 \end{matrix} \text{ (parameterisation)} \text{ GeV} .$$

comparison of NC light quark couplings

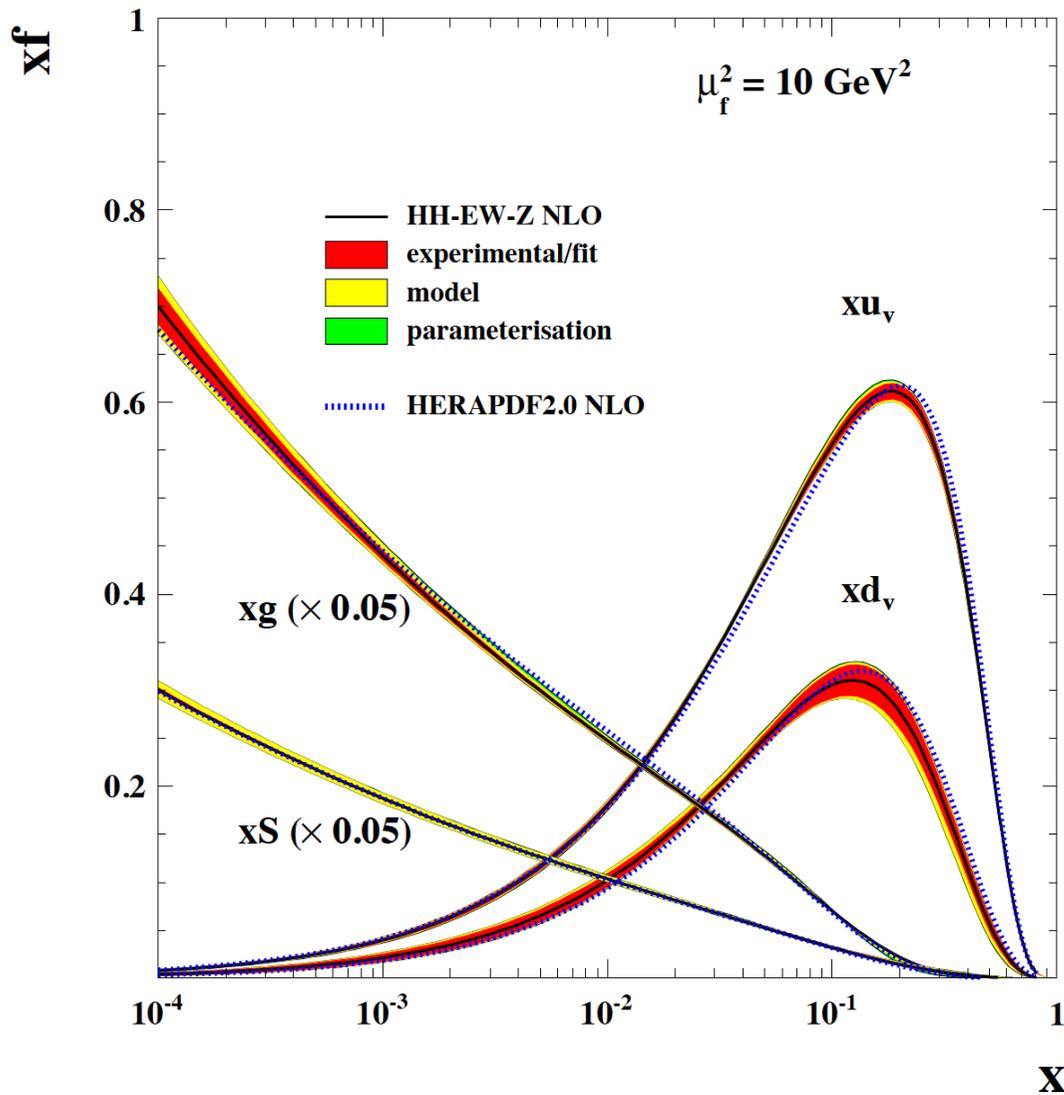
ZEUS Coll., PRD 93, 092002 (2016) (arXiv:1603.09628)

a_u	=	$+0.50$	$^{+0.09}_{-0.05}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$ (model)	$^{+0.08}_{-0.01}$ (parameterisation)	0.5	Standard Model
a_d	=	-0.56	$^{+0.34}_{-0.14}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.11}_{-0.05}$ (model)	$^{+0.20}_{-0.00}$ (parameterisation)	-0.5	
v_u	=	$+0.14$	$^{+0.08}_{-0.08}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$ (model)	$^{+0.00}_{-0.03}$ (parameterisation)	0.202	
v_d	=	-0.41	$^{+0.24}_{-0.16}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.04}_{-0.07}$ (model)	$^{+0.00}_{-0.08}$ (parameterisation)	-0.351	

I. Abt et al., PRD 94, 052007 (2016) (arXiv:1604.05083)

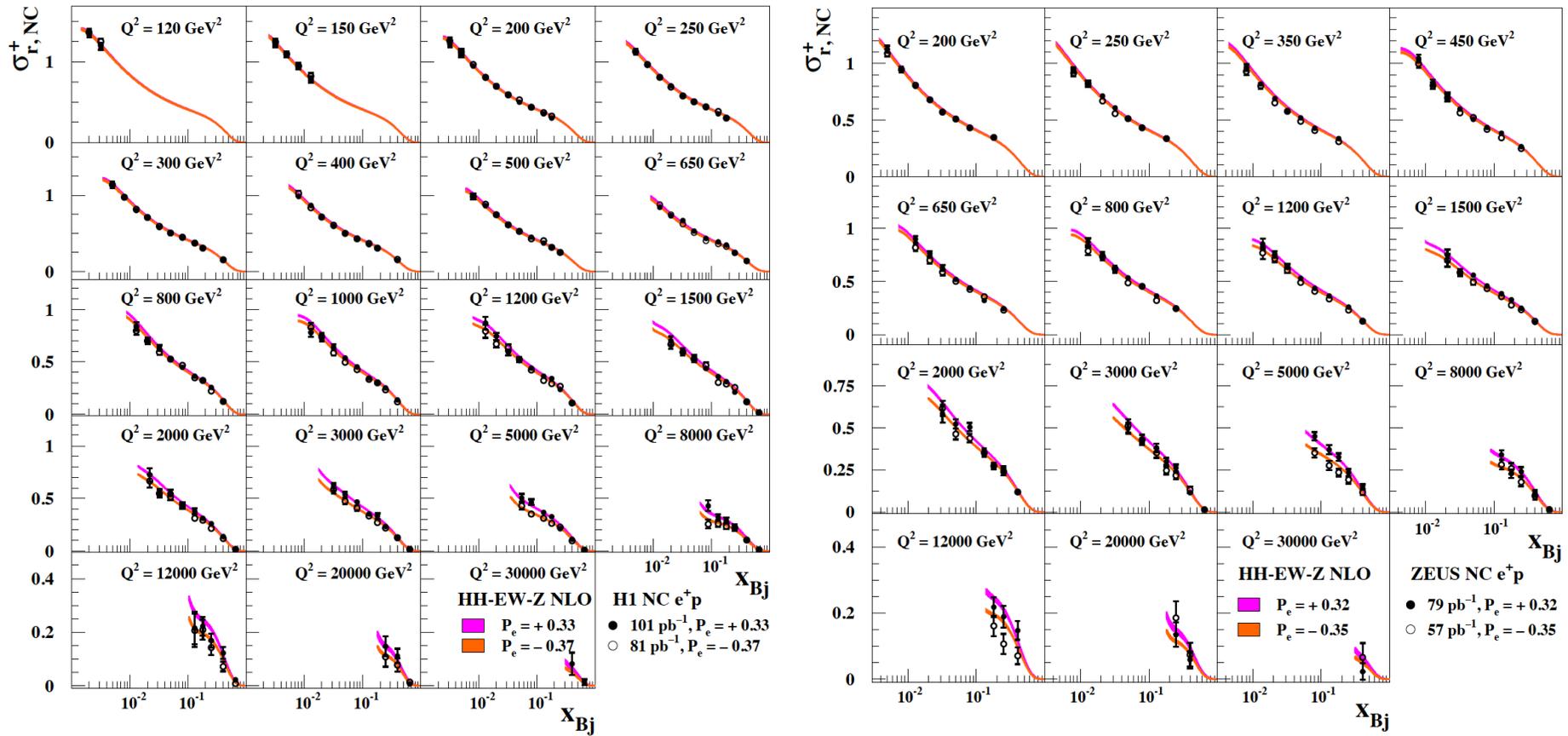
a_u	=	$+0.532$	$^{+0.081}_{-0.058}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.036}_{-0.022}$ (model)	$^{+0.060}_{-0.008}$ (parameterisation)
a_d	=	-0.409	$^{+0.327}_{-0.199}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.112}_{-0.071}$ (model)	$^{+0.140}_{-0.026}$ (parameterisation)
v_u	=	$+0.144$	$^{+0.065}_{-0.050}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.013}_{-0.014}$ (model)	$^{+0.002}_{-0.025}$ (parameterisation)
v_d	=	-0.503	$^{+0.168}_{-0.093}$ (experimental/fit)	$^{+0.031}_{-0.028}$ (model)	$^{+0.006}_{-0.036}$ (parameterisation)

PDF fit results – HH-EW-Z



comparison with HERAPDF2.0
(EPJ C75 (2015), 580)

NC polarised DIS data from H1 and ZEUS



polarised $e-p$

$Q_{\min}^2 = 3.5 \text{ GeV}^2 - X^2/\text{NDF} = 3556/3231 = 1.10$ for fit with NC couplings free

correlation matrix

I. Abt et al.,
PRD 94, 052007 (2016)
(arXiv:1604.05083)

Parameters	$xg: B$	$xg: C$	$xg: A'$	$xg: B'$	$xu_b: B$	$xu_b: C$	$xu_b: E$	$xd_b: B$	$xd_b: C$	$x\bar{U}: C$	$x\bar{D}: A$	$x\bar{D}: B$	$x\bar{D}: C$	a_u	a_d	v_u	v_d
$xg: B$	1.000	0.491	-0.224	0.935	0.012	0.106	0.044	-0.049	-0.078	-0.049	-0.098	-0.140	0.018	0.057	0.061	-0.039	-0.051
$xg: C$	0.491	1.000	0.660	0.707	0.287	-0.267	-0.464	-0.054	0.196	-0.047	-0.140	-0.175	-0.369	0.106	0.093	-0.124	-0.114
$xg: A'$	-0.224	0.660	1.000	0.125	0.513	-0.361	-0.593	0.226	0.254	0.162	0.084	0.072	-0.100	-0.038	0.003	-0.065	-0.070
$xg: B'$	0.935	0.707	0.125	1.000	0.200	-0.002	-0.144	0.048	-0.008	0.042	-0.017	-0.056	0.018	0.033	0.057	-0.058	-0.074
$xu_b: B$	0.012	0.287	0.513	0.200	1.000	-0.337	-0.760	0.510	-0.084	0.698	0.498	0.409	0.507	-0.256	-0.095	0.019	-0.032
$xu_b: C$	0.106	-0.267	-0.361	-0.002	-0.337	1.000	0.796	-0.249	-0.247	-0.140	-0.055	-0.032	-0.013	0.092	0.044	0.026	0.013
$xu_b: E$	0.044	-0.464	-0.593	-0.144	-0.760	0.796	1.000	-0.298	-0.057	-0.363	-0.165	-0.105	-0.127	0.133	0.045	0.024	0.043
$xd_b: B$	-0.049	-0.054	0.226	0.048	0.510	-0.249	-0.298	1.000	0.502	0.437	0.406	0.344	0.727	-0.221	-0.056	0.014	-0.056
$xd_b: C$	-0.078	0.196	0.254	-0.008	-0.084	-0.247	-0.057	0.502	1.000	-0.116	-0.168	-0.175	-0.097	0.107	0.115	-0.092	-0.109
$x\bar{U}: C$	-0.049	-0.047	0.162	0.042	0.698	-0.140	-0.363	0.437	-0.116	1.000	0.685	0.647	0.366	-0.234	-0.082	-0.006	-0.028
$x\bar{D}: A$	-0.098	-0.140	0.084	-0.017	0.498	-0.055	-0.165	0.406	-0.168	0.685	1.000	0.961	0.525	-0.231	-0.114	0.049	0.021
$x\bar{D}: B$	-0.140	-0.175	0.072	-0.056	0.409	-0.032	-0.105	0.344	-0.175	0.647	0.961	1.000	0.460	-0.210	-0.106	0.046	0.026
$x\bar{D}: C$	0.018	-0.369	-0.100	0.018	0.507	-0.013	-0.127	0.727	-0.097	0.366	0.525	0.460	1.000	-0.327	-0.168	0.133	0.056
a_u	0.057	0.106	-0.038	0.033	-0.256	0.092	0.133	-0.221	0.107	-0.234	-0.231	-0.210	-0.327	1.000	0.928	-0.665	-0.779
a_d	0.061	0.093	0.003	0.057	-0.095	0.044	0.045	-0.056	0.115	-0.082	-0.114	-0.106	-0.168	0.928	1.000	-0.714	-0.876
v_u	-0.039	-0.124	-0.065	-0.058	0.019	0.026	0.024	0.014	-0.092	-0.006	0.049	0.046	0.133	-0.665	-0.714	1.000	0.880
v_d	-0.051	-0.114	-0.070	-0.074	-0.032	0.013	0.043	-0.056	-0.109	-0.028	0.021	0.026	0.056	-0.779	-0.876	0.880	1.000

Table 1: The correlation matrix of all parameters of the HH-EW-Z fit.