

QCD and hadronic final states at HERA

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- HERA is still the only $e^{\pm}p$ collider;
- HERA had two collider experiments: H1 and ZEUS;
- (Un)polarised 27.5 GeV e[±] collided with unpolarised 460, 575, 820, 920 GeV p;
- Data taking 1994-2000 (HERA-I) and 2003-2007(HERA-II);
- 0.5*fb*⁻¹ of data per collider experiment;



- (Un)polarised e^{\pm} are collided with unpolarized protons;
- Almost 4π solid angle coverage, asymmetric design, muon detection systems, precise tracking;



• Liquid argon sampling and scintillating fiber calorimeters.

• High resolution compensating uranium-scintillator calorimeter.



- Search for a narrow baryonic state decaying to pK_S^0 and $\bar{p}K_S^0$ in deep inelastic scattering at HERA
- $\bullet\,$ Search for QCD instanton-induced processes at HERA in the high- Q^2 domain
- Further measurements of isolated photons accompanied by jets in deep inelastic ep scattering
- Measurement of multijet production in $e^{\pm}p$ collisions at low Q^2 at HERA



Search for a narrow baryonic state decaying to pK_S^0 and $\bar{p}K_S^0$ in deep inelastic scattering at HERA

A candidate for a $uudd\bar{s}$ state Θ^+ was observed at HERA-I in $M(pK_S^0)$ spectrum,



The recent observation of LHCb can be considered as a strong evidence of existence of 5q states, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115** (2015) 072001.



A clear motivation to look for the Θ^+ signal in HERA-II data.



Search for a narrow baryonic state decaying to pK_S^0 and $\bar{p}K_S^0$ in deep inelastic scattering at HERA



Data(dots), fit(solid line) and simulated signal(dashed line).

Deep-inelastic scattering (DIS) and photoproduction samples from HERA-II are analysed.

- *dE/dx* cuts to select high purity sample of *p*;
- Reconstruction of *K*⁰ with high purity;
- The $\Lambda_c^+(2286) \rightarrow pK^0$ as a check;
- Search for $\Theta^+ \to p K^0$ signal.



Search for a narrow baryonic state decaying to pK_S^0 and $\bar{p}K_S^0$ in deep inelastic scattering at HERA

As no clear signal is seen, the limits on the production cross-section of Θ^\pm is set.

- $\mathcal{B}(\Theta o pK_S^0) = 1$ is assumed;
- Different widths hypotheses are tested;
- Results are compared with H1.

The search contributes to the 5q state puzzle. Accepted by Phys. Lett. B.

ZEUS







Instantons induce processes with violating conservation of baryon and lepton numbers. A. Ringwald and F. Schrempp [hep-ph/9411217]. Expected signatures at HERA:

- Hard jet;
- Densely populated narrow band in η, isotropic in φ;
- Isotropy in instanton rest frame;
- High charged particles multiplicity;
- Large total transverse energy.



Search for QCD instanton-induced processes at HERA in the high- $Q^2 \mbox{ domain}$



- DIS events with hard jets are selected;
- Constituents of hard jets are removed from the event;
- The rest within $|\eta_{jet} \eta| < 1.1$ is considered as an instanton candidate;
- Instanton observables are calculated and used to discriminate the signal:
 - E_T^{jet} ;
 - number of charged particles;
 - "Event shape" like observables (Fox-Wolfram moments).

MWA with training on QCDINS Monte Carlo results in the discriminator D.

Search for QCD instanton-induced processes at HERA in the high- Q^2 domain



Theory predicts $\sigma \approx 10 \pm 3pb$ with an uncertainty coming from Λ_{QCD} . As no clear signal is seen, the upper limit on the instanton cross-section at 95% C.L. is set.

Here:

$$Q'^2 \equiv -q'^2 = -(\gamma - q'')^2$$

 $x' \equiv Q'^2 / (2 g \cdot q')$

Exploration of fundamental properties of QCD. Submitted to Eur.Phys.J.C, arXiv:1603.05567 [hep-ex].



Further measurements of isolated photons accompanied by jets in deep inelastic $e^\pm p$ scattering



Isolated (prompt) photons:

- Produced in the hard process.
- From **quarks** (*QQ* **photons**) and leptons (*LL* photons), interference (*LQ* photons) is negligible.
- Produced photons are largely insensitive to the effects of final-state hadronization.
- Provides an access to the on the structure of the proton.



Further measurements of isolated photons accompanied by jets in deep inelastic $e^{\pm}p$ scattering



- DIS selection with electron.
- $10 < Q^2 < 350 \, GeV^2$
- $4 < E_T^{\gamma} < 15 GeV$
- $-0.7 < \eta^{\gamma} < 0.9$
- 2.5 GeV $< E_T^{jet}$
- $\bullet \ -1.5 < \eta^{jet} < 1.8$

Dominant BG from π^0 can be rejected with an analysis of EMC cluster shapes.



Further measurements of isolated photons accompanied by jets in deep inelastic $e^{\pm}p$ scattering

Cross-sections from fraction fit: $\frac{d\sigma}{dY} = \frac{N(QQ)}{A_{QQ} \cdot \mathcal{L} \cdot \Delta Y} + \frac{d\sigma_{LL}^{MC}}{dY}$ with discriminator $\langle \delta Z \rangle = \frac{\sum_{i} |z_i - z_{cluster}| E_i}{width \ of \ cell \cdot \sum_{i} E_i}$ using $\frac{d\sigma_{LL}^{MC}}{dY}$ from Monte Carlo. Phys. Lett. B **715** (2012) 88 covered Q^2 , η_{jet} , η_{γ} , ϕ_{jet} , ϕ_{γ} .



ZEUS preliminary

Theoretical studies in progress, for the better understanding, in this analysis:

•
$$\Delta \eta = \eta_{jet} - \eta_{\gamma}; \ \Delta \phi = \phi_{jet} - \phi_{\gamma};$$

•
$$\Delta \eta_{e,\gamma} = \eta_e - \eta_\gamma; \ \Delta \phi_{e,\gamma} = \phi_e - \phi_\gamma;$$

• $x_\gamma = \frac{\sum_{jet,\gamma}(E-p_z)}{2y_{JB}E_e}; \ x_p = \frac{\sum_{jet,\gamma}(E-p_z)}{2E_p}.$



Further measurements of isolated photons accompanied by jets in deep inelastic $e^\pm p$ scattering



ZEUS preliminary



• Compared to BLZ model: Phys. Rev. D 81 (2010) 094034;

• Test of recent theoretical models (Eur. Phys. J. C **75** (2015) no.2, 64) with direct, resolved and fragmentation.

Further contribution to an important topic that can be studied on HERA with a good precision. Preliminary, ZEUS-prel-16-001





- Jets is a nice way to study QCD;
- Studied inclusive, 2- and 3- k_T jets;
- 5 < Q² < 100 GeV²,
 0.2 < y < 0.65;
- Studied jet production in the bins of average P_T of leading jet(s).

Clear motivation to study QCD and get $\alpha_{\rm s}$





The cross-sections are obtained with regularised unfolding, deriving the **full** correlation matrix for the results.

The results, together with other HERA measurements, can be used for the first α_s extraction at NNLO (2-jets) in DIS.

Dijet predictions:

- aNNLO T. Biekötter, M. Klasen and G. Kramer, Phys. Rev. D **92** (2015) no.7, 074037
- NNLO J. Currie, T. Gehrmann and J. Niehues, arXiv:1606.03991 [hep-ph].

NLO vs. Eur. Phys. J. C 67 (2010) 1.



Extremely valuable input for the α_s extraction in DIS. Preliminary, H1prelim-16-061

Summary

- Nine years after the end of data taking, HERA experiments continue to deliver innovative, valuable physics results;
- Some of these will remain the only source for the tests of state-of-the-art theoretical predictions for a long time;



 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Pentaquarks: no} \\ \mbox{signal of } \Theta^+. \end{array}$

Instantons: no signal of R.S. instanton. Prompt photons: better understanding. Precise jets: input for the precise QCD.

• H1 and ZEUS are active. More results will come.

BACKUPS

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ZEUS

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NC DIS variables: $s = (e + P)^{2}$ $Q^{2} = -\gamma^{2} = -(e - e')^{2}$ $x = Q^{2}/(2P \cdot \gamma)$ $y = Q^{2}/(s x)$ $W^{2} = (\gamma + P)^{2} = Q^{2}(1 - x)/x$ $\hat{s} = (\gamma + g)^{2}$ $\xi = x (1 + \hat{s}/Q^{2})$

Variables of the instanton subprocess: $\begin{array}{l} {Q'}^2 \ \equiv -{q'}^2 = -(\gamma - q'')^2 \\ {x'} \equiv {Q'}^2 \ / \ (2 \ g \cdot q') \\ W_I^2 \equiv (q' + g)^2 = {Q'}^2 \ (1 - {x'} \)/{x'} \end{array}$

