

Combination of D^* differential cross-section measurements in DIS at HERA.



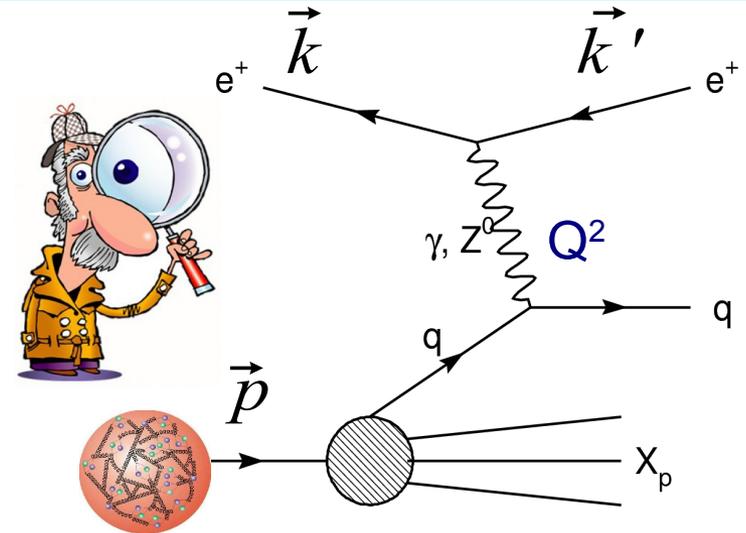
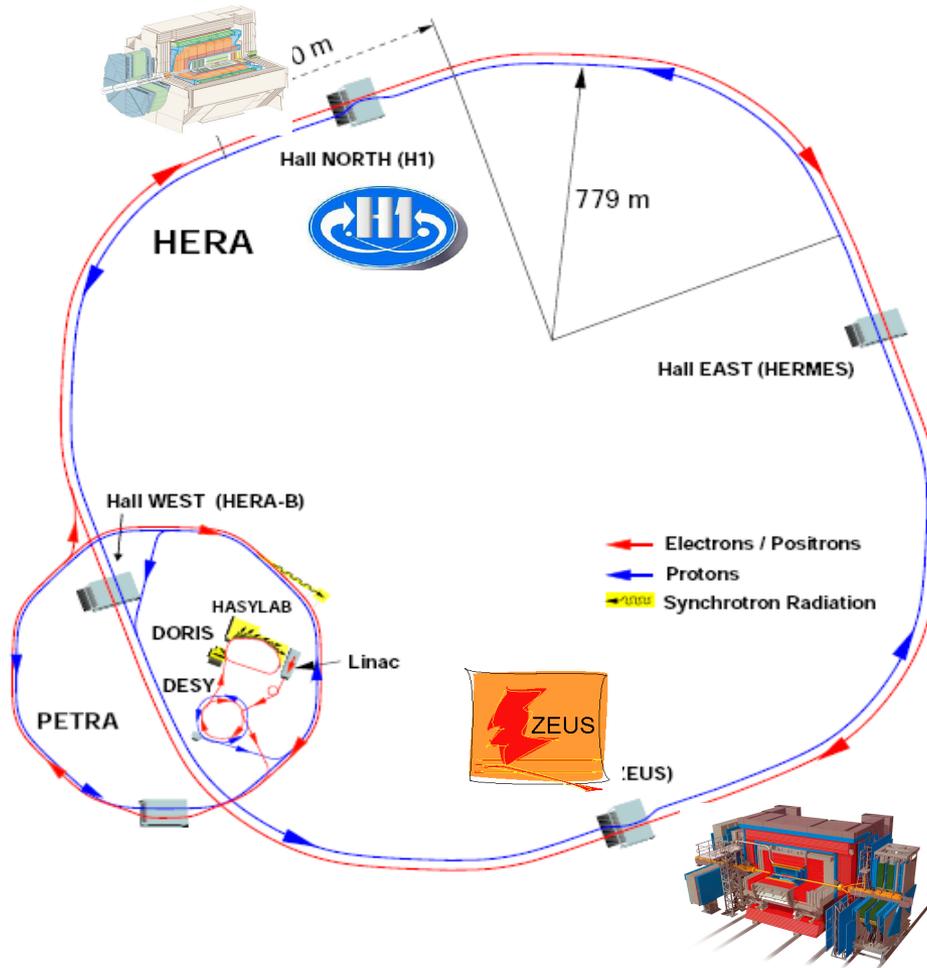
Misha Lisovyi (DESY)

on behalf of the H1 & ZEUS collaborations

DIS2014, Warsaw

30/04/2014

DIS at HERA.



Photon virtuality:

$$Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$$

Inelasticity: $y = \frac{q \cdot p}{k \cdot p}$

Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS): $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

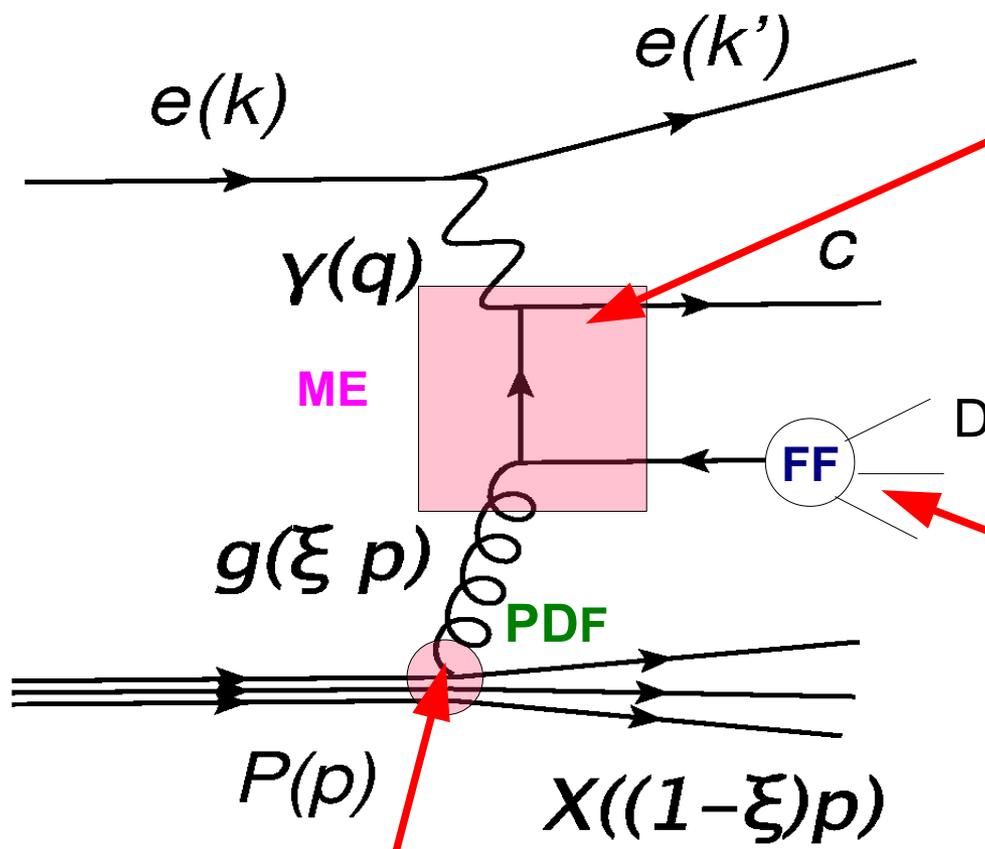
$$E_p = 920 \text{ GeV} \quad E_e = 27.5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 318 \text{ GeV}$$

$L \sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ per experiment



Introduction to charm production @ HERA.



- > Important test of QCD
- > Multiple scales ($Q^2, m_c, p_T(c)$): a challenge for pQCD. Massive/fixed-order pQCD calculations: charm is produced perturbatively
- > Fragmentation model $c \rightarrow D$

- > Direct probe of the gluon in the proton: predominantly via boson-gluon fusion.

$$\sigma^D = \text{PDF} \otimes \text{ME} \otimes \text{FF}$$

- Combine the **most precise measurements** of **D^* visible differential cross sections in DIS** by ZEUS and H1 in HERAII to get the ultimate precision. Combination was done using HERAverager.
- **Minimal (negligible) theoretical uncertainties** (due to extrapolation), in contrast to the recent H1+ZEUS combination of inclusive charm cross sections in the full phase space (EPJ C73 (2013) 2311).
- **Provide measurements in $p_T(D^*)$, $n(D^*)$, $z(D^*) = (E - p_z)^{D^*} / (2E_e y)$, Q^2 , y**
- Combined visible D^* cross sections¹⁾ were compared to the NLO QCD predictions from HVQDIS

¹⁾ corrected to the QED Born level with running α ; include the beauty contribution

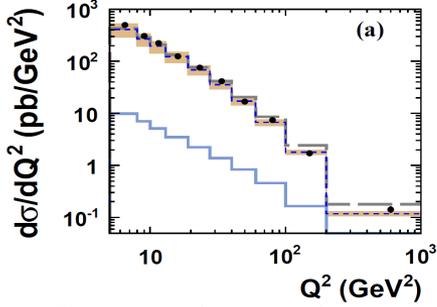


Combination inputs.

H1prelim-13-171, ZEUS-prel-13-002



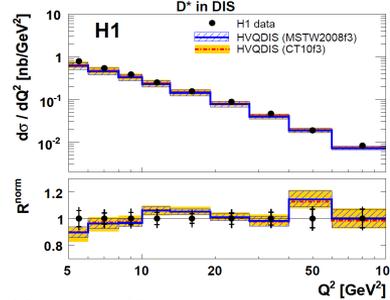
full Q^2



JHEP 05 (2013) 097



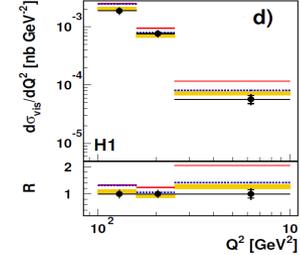
medium Q^2



EPJ C72 (2012) 1836

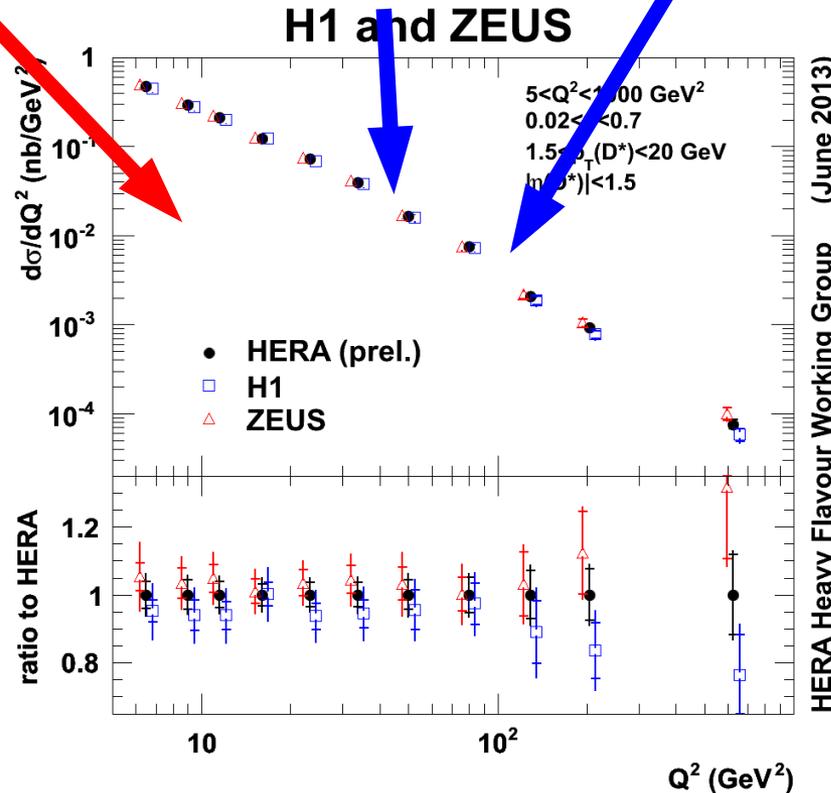


high Q^2



PL B686 (2010) 3989

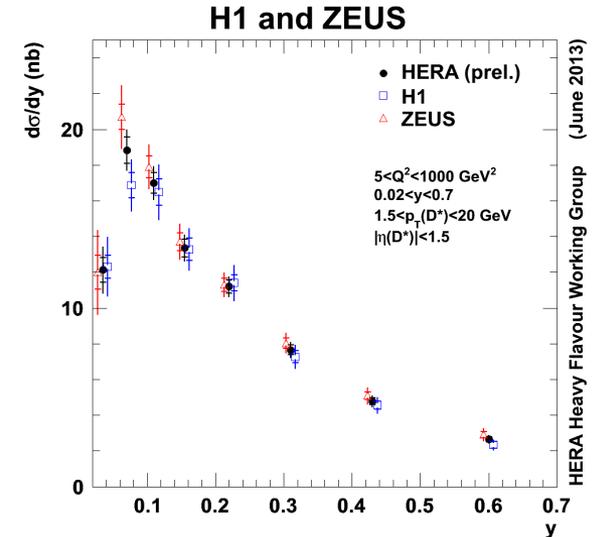
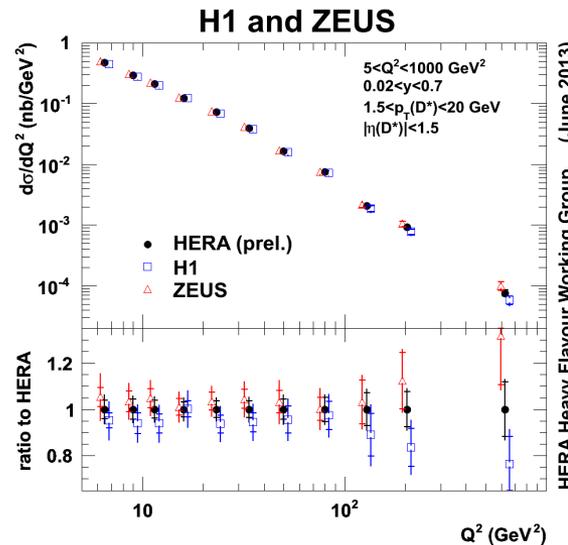
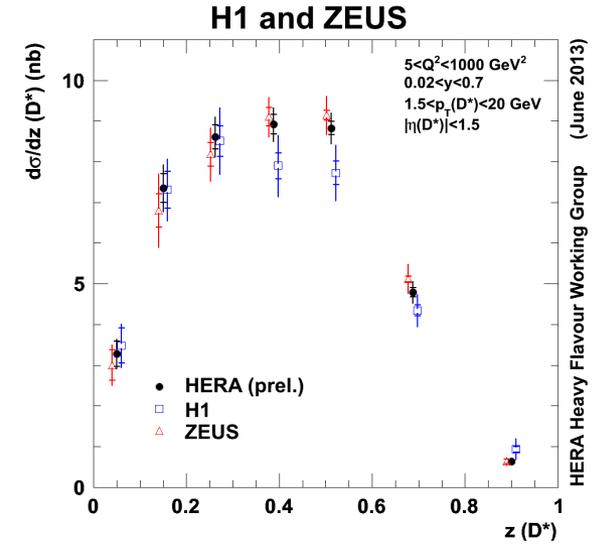
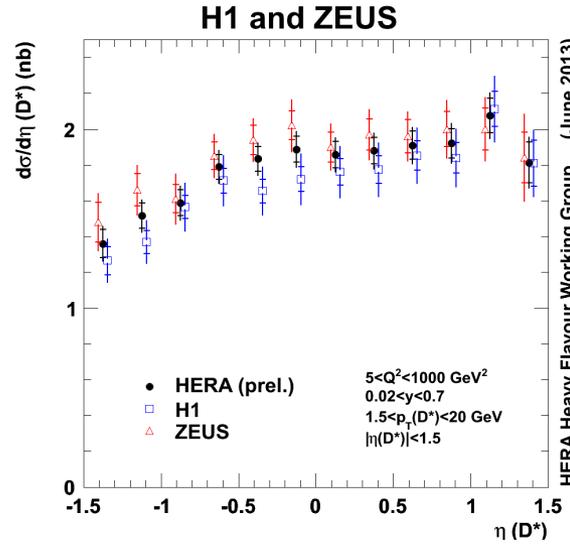
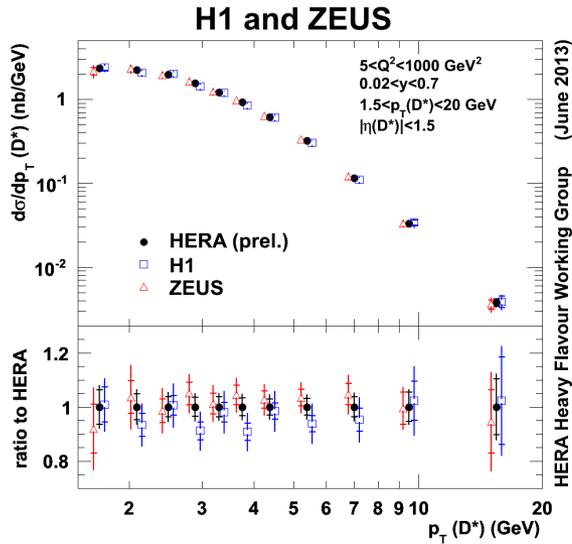
- Phase space:
 - $1.5 < p_T(D^*) < 20 \text{ GeV}$
 - $-1.5 < \eta(D^*) < 1.5$
 - $5 < Q^2 < 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - $0.02 < \gamma < 0.7$
- Only very small extrapolation to the common phase space



HERA Heavy Flavour Working Group (June 2013)

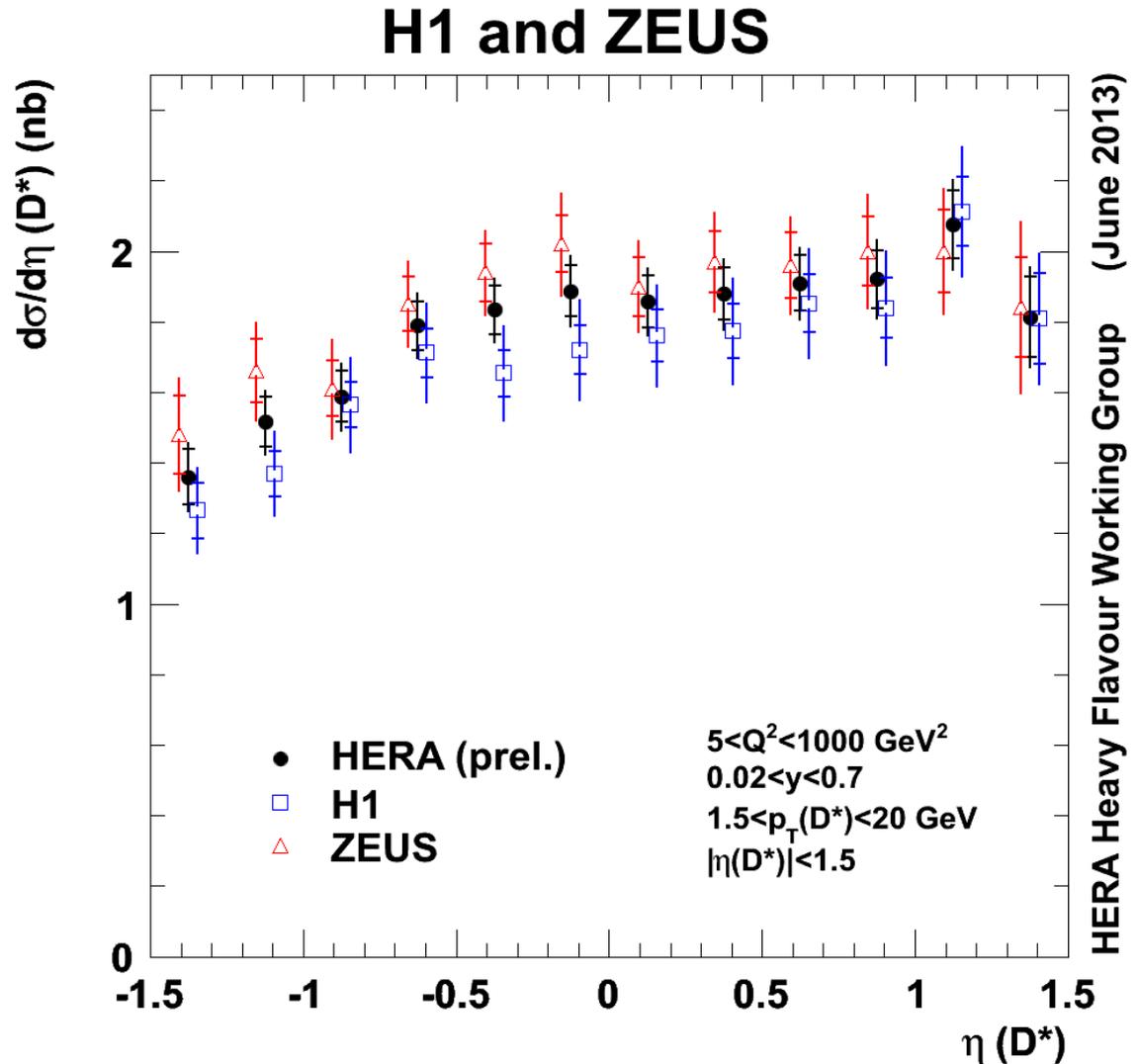
- Systematics uncorrelated between ZEUS and H1





- Good agreement between measurements: the χ^2 probability varies between 0.15 and 0.86
- Significant improvement in precision
- Theory unc. is only up to 10% of the input unc.

- Significant improvement in precision.
- Precision of the combined data is $\sim 5\%$ in a large fraction of the phase space.



NLO QCD predictions: the same as in the ZEUS D^* paper : HVQDIS and RAPGAP $b \times 1.6$

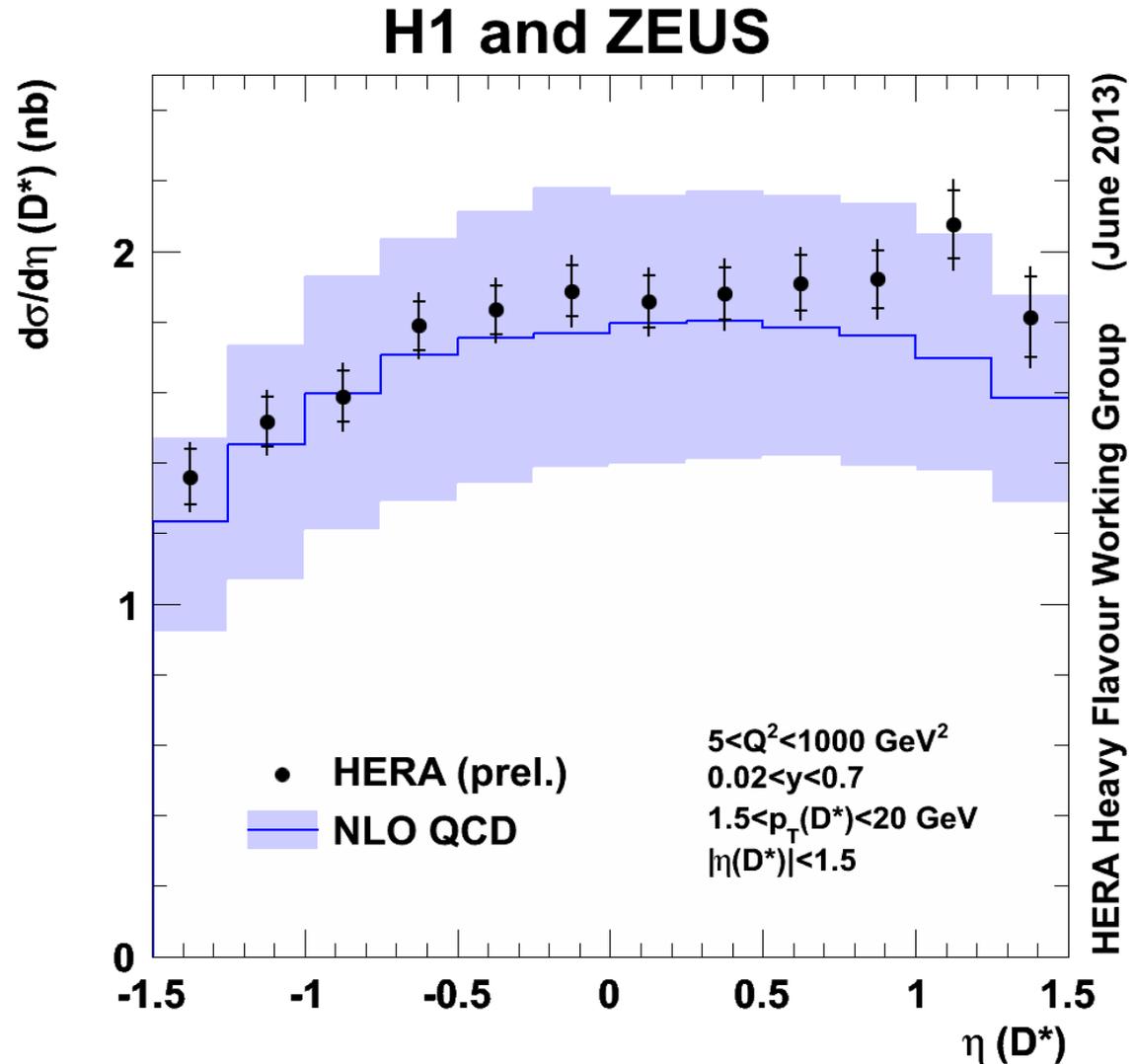
HVQDIS setup

- $m_c = 1.5 \pm 0.15 \text{ GeV}$
- $\mu_R = \mu_F = \sqrt{Q^2 + 4m_c^2}$, varied **independently** by factor 2
- $\alpha_s^{n_f=3}(M_Z) = 0.105 \pm 0.02$
- HERAPDF1.0
- Fragmentation:
 - Kartvelishvili fragmentation function parametrised as step function with α_k and bin boundaries variations
 - Transverse fragmentation: $f(k_T) = k_T \exp(\frac{-2k_T}{\langle k_T \rangle})$,
 $k_T = 0.35 \pm 0.15 \text{ GeV}$
 - $f(c \rightarrow D^*) = 0.2287 \pm 0.0056$

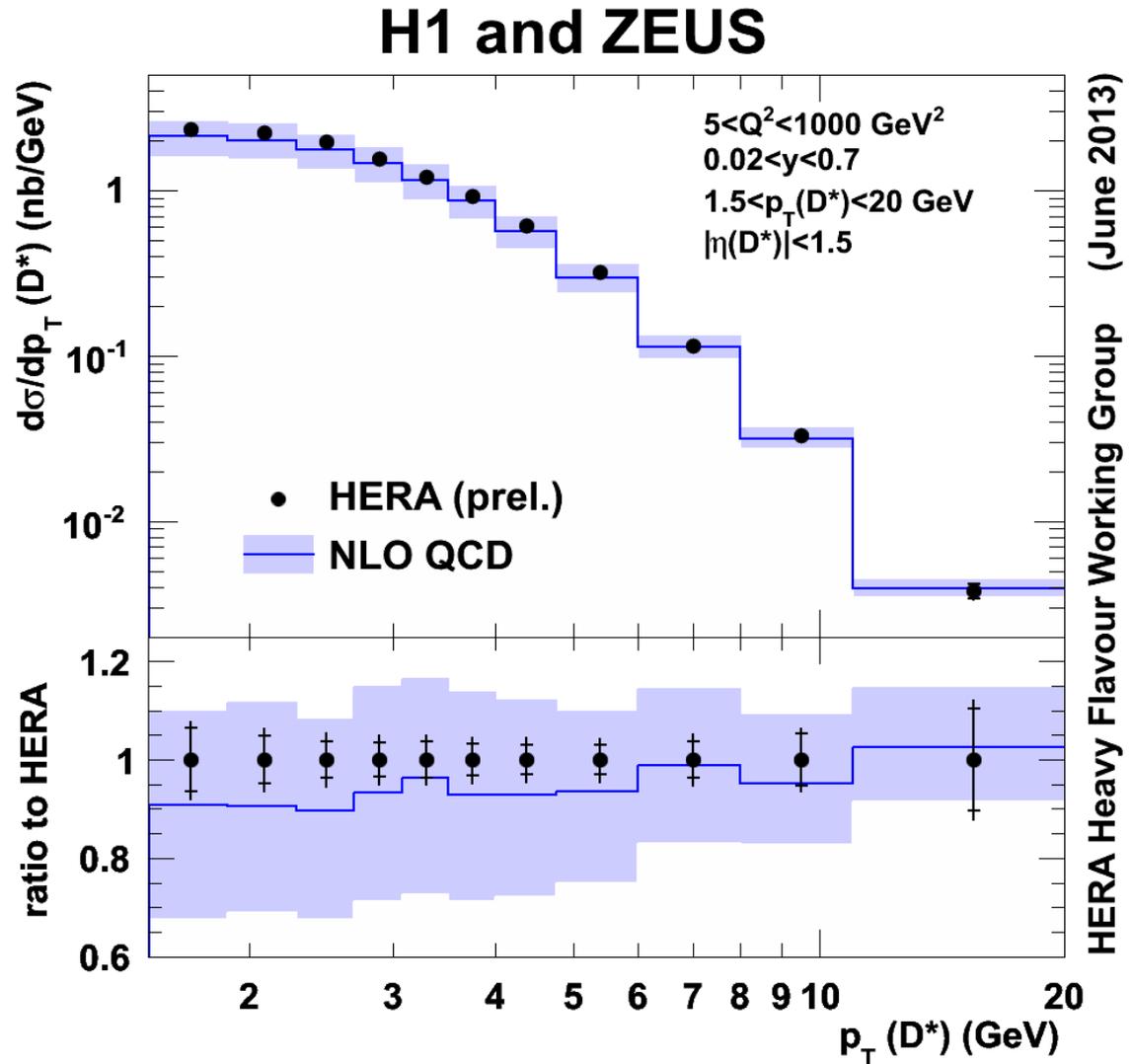
courtesy of S. Zenaiev



- Predictions describe the data very well.
- Theory uncertainties are much larger than data uncertainties.
- NNLO calculations and improved fragmentation models would be helpful!

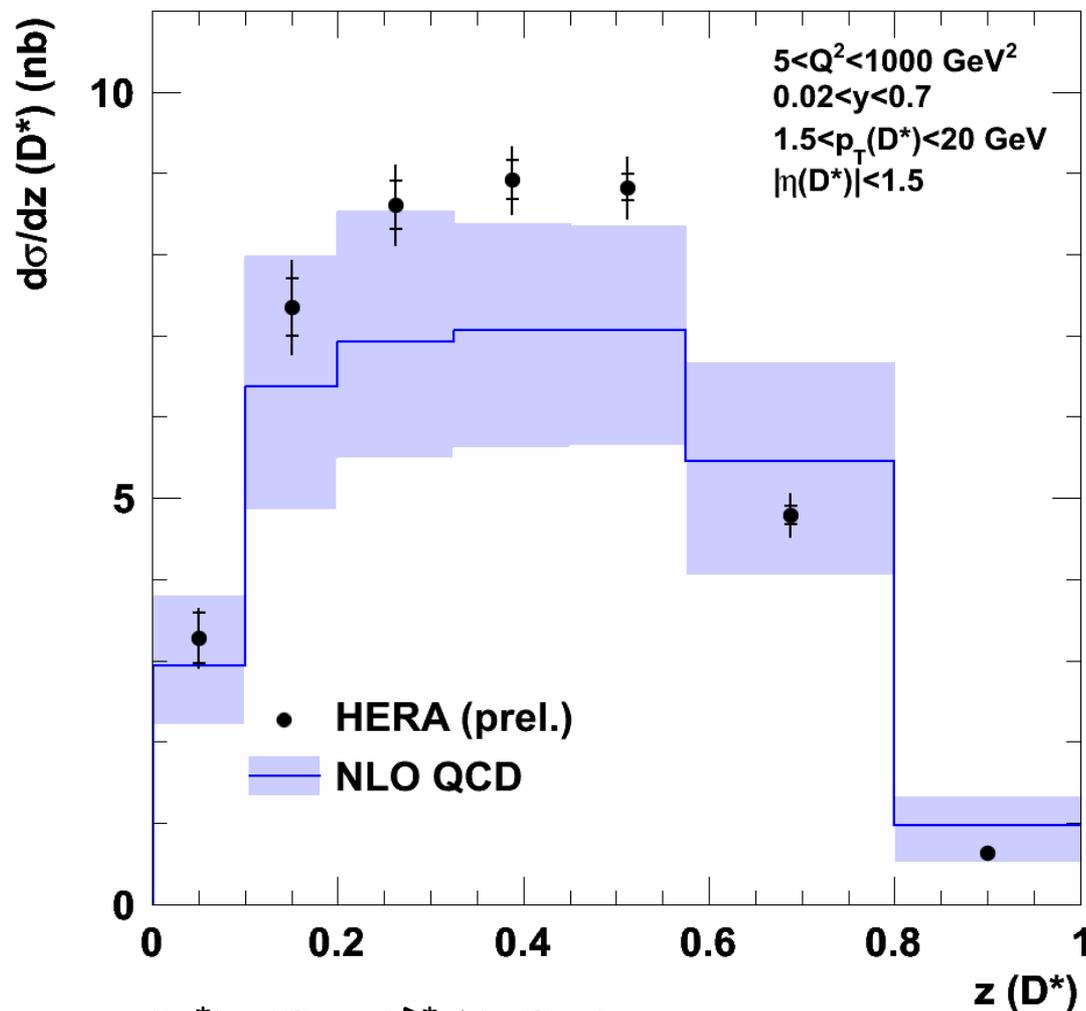


- Predictions describe the data very well.
- Theory uncertainties are mostly much larger than data uncertainties.
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- > Predictions describe the data reasonably well.
- > Theory uncertainties are much larger than data uncertainties.
- > NNLO calculations and improved fragmentation models would be helpful!

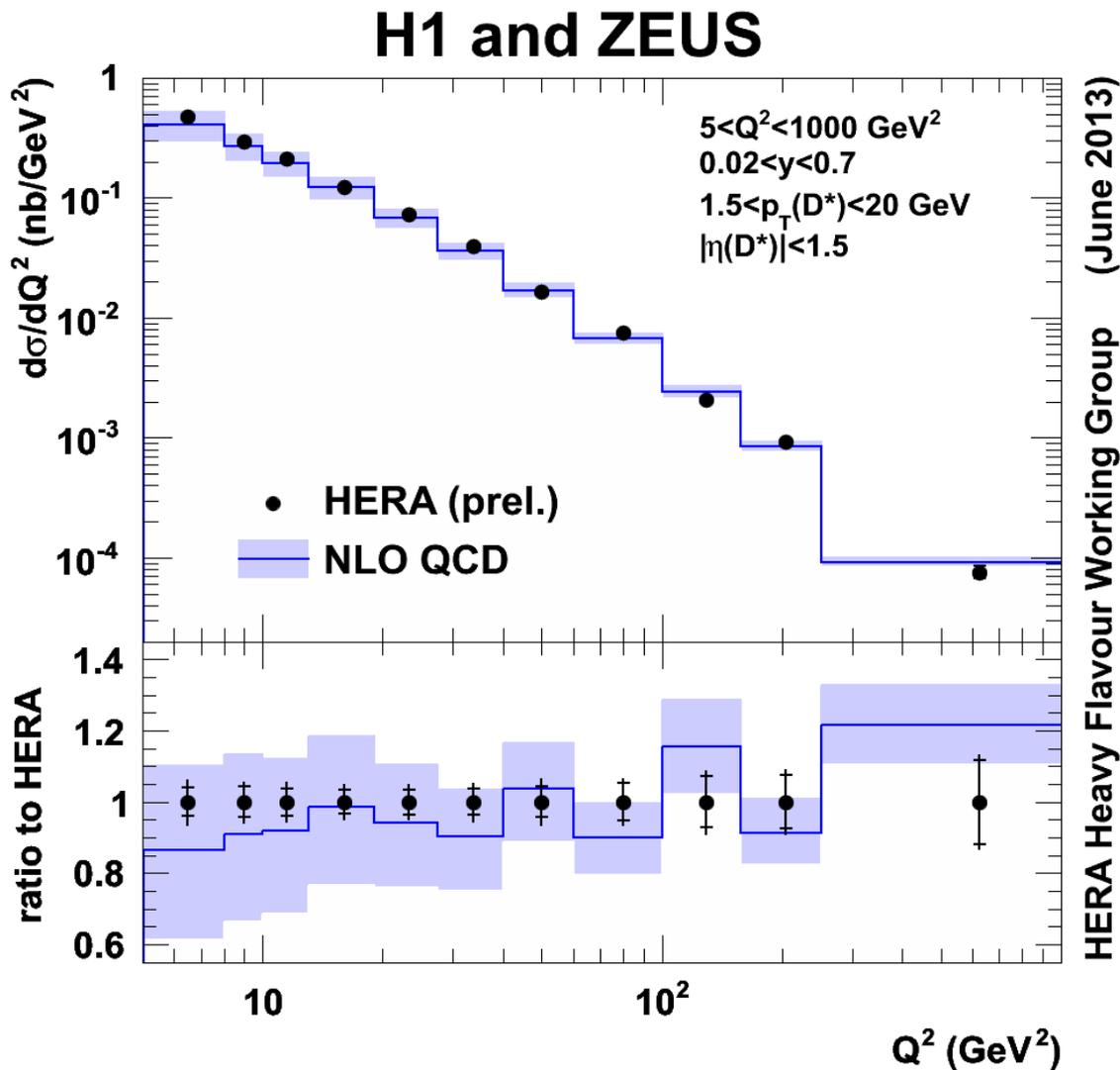
H1 and ZEUS



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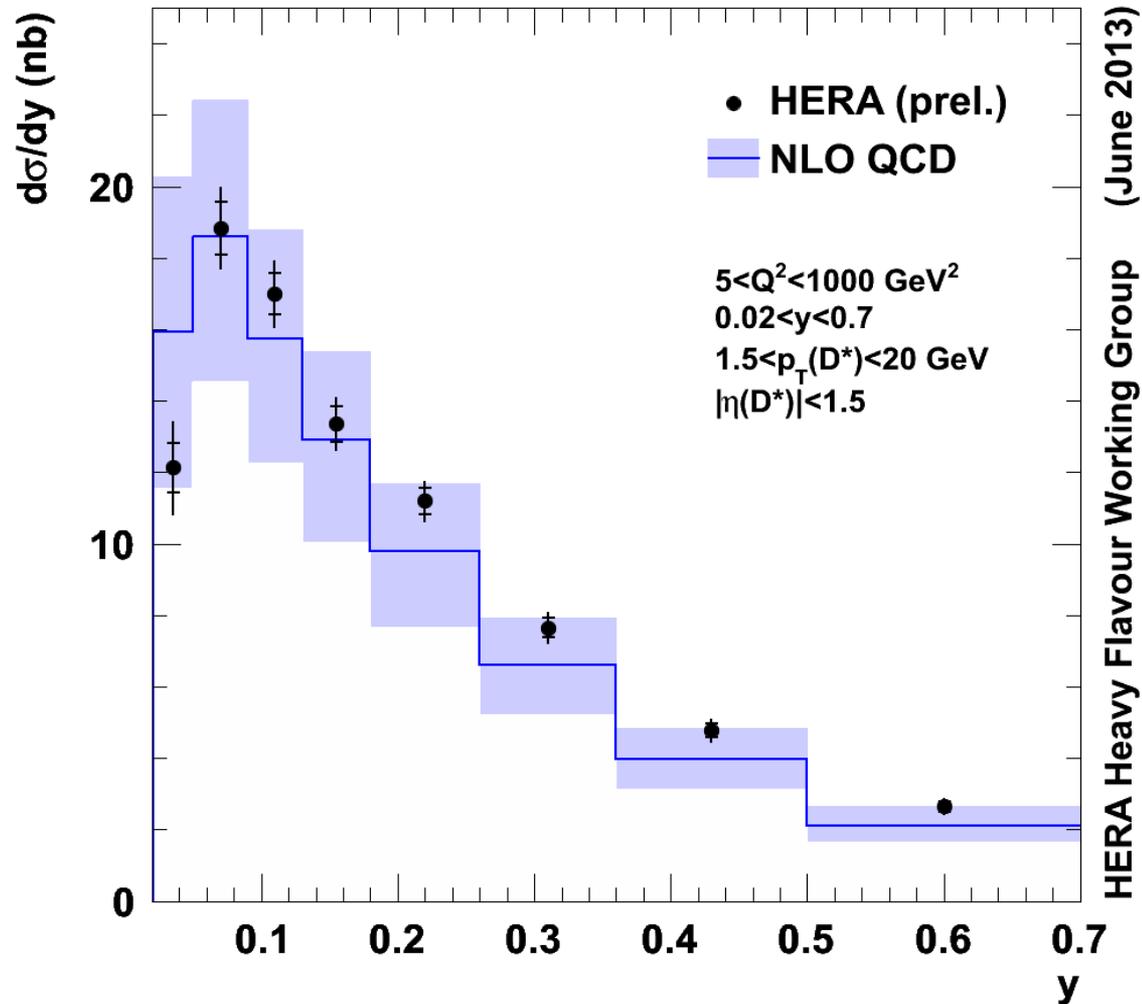


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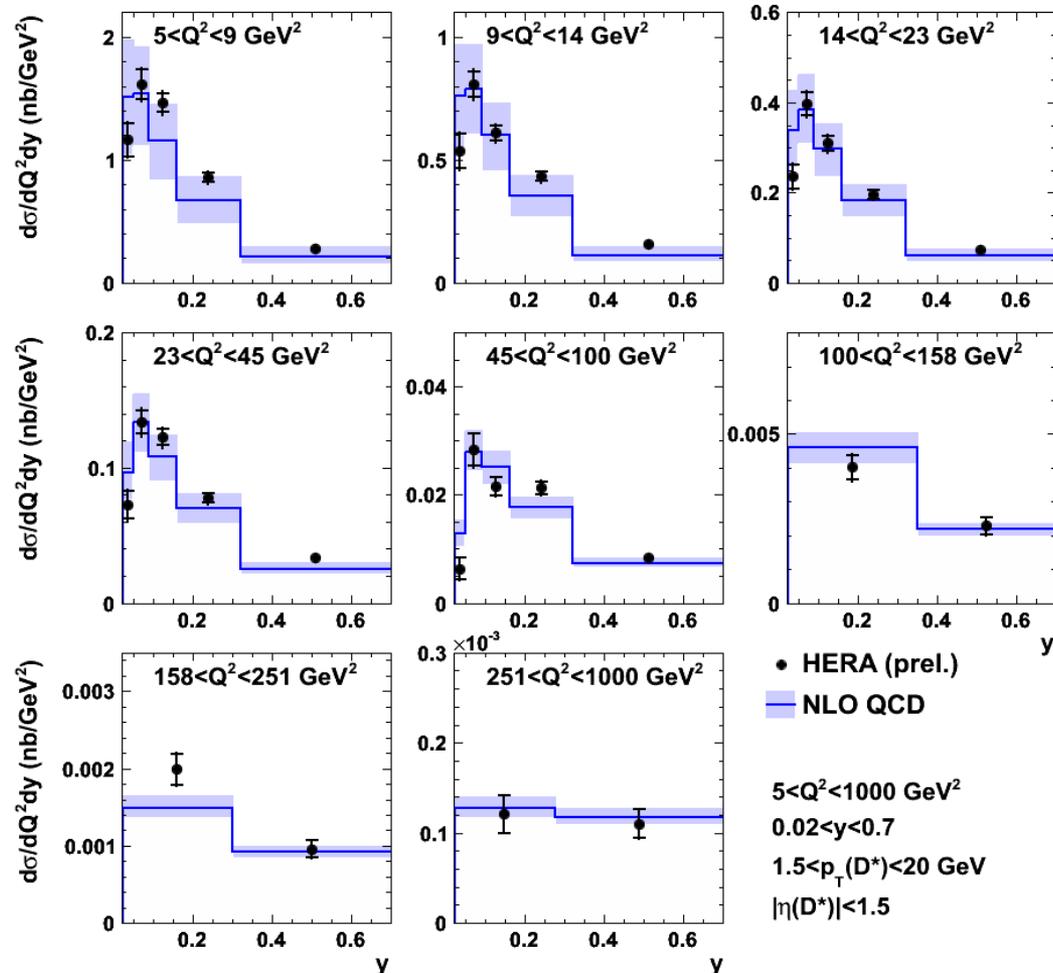


(Q^2, y) : NLO QCD vs. combined data.

H1prelim-13-171, ZEUS-prel-13-002

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H1 and ZEUS



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Summary.

- Most precise D^* measurements in DIS by ZEUS and H1 were combined in the visible phase space.
- Significant improvement of the data precision.
- Negligible component of the theoretical uncertainty (up to 10% of the total uncertainty) due to small extrapolation to the common phase space.
- NLO QCD calculations describe the combined data well.
- Uncertainties of the predictions are typically much larger than those of the data => higher-order calculations and improved fragmentation model would be very helpful.



Backup



- Fixed-order $O(\alpha_s^2)$ calculations using HVQDIS.
- Set-up follows closely the one used in the combination of inclusive charm cross sections (EPJ C73 (2013) 2311) (see back-up). Only μ_R and μ_F are varied independently.
- Small beauty contribution is estimated with RAPGAP and normalised following original analyses.

