

Structure Function Measurements at HERA

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Abstract. Recent structure function results from the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations are presented. The data cover a wide kinematic range of squared four-momentum transfers Q^2 , from 0.2 GeV^2 to 30000 GeV^2 , and Bjorken x between $\sim 5 * 10^{-6}$ and 0.65. Data from both experiments have been combined, leading to significantly reduced experimental uncertainties. The combined measurements are analysed using a NLO QCD fit, and a set of parton density functions, HERAPDF1.0, is extracted. New direct measurements of the structure function F_L , making use of dedicated low energy runs of the HERA machine, are also presented.

1. Measurements of the structure function F_2

A new measurement [1] of deep inelastic lepton-nucleon scattering (DIS) is based on data collected by the H1 collaboration in the year 2000 with positrons of energy $E_e=27.6 \text{ GeV}$ and protons of energy $E_p=920 \text{ GeV}$, corresponding to a centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s}=319 \text{ GeV}$. The measurement is performed in the kinematic region of $12 \text{ GeV}^2 \leq Q^2 \leq 150 \text{ GeV}^2$ and of $10^{-4} \leq x \leq 0.1$. The luminosity amounts to 22 pb^{-1} . This measurement is combined with similar H1 data taken in 1996/97 at $E_p=820 \text{ GeV}$ [2]. The combined data represent the most precise measurement in presented kinematic domain with typical total uncertainties in the range of 1.3-2%. The data are used to determine the structure function $F_2(x, Q^2)$, which is observed to rise continuously towards low x at fixed Q^2 . A NLO QCD analysis is performed to obtain a new set of parton distribution functions H1PDF2009 [1] from the inclusive DIS cross section measurements presented here as well as from previously published H1 measurements at low [3] and high [2] Q^2 . The data and the NLO QCD fit from H1 data alone are shown in Figure 1.

2. Combined H1 and ZEUS measurements

A combination [4] is presented of the inclusive DIS cross sections measured by the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations in neutral current unpolarised ep scattering at HERA during the period 1994-2000. The luminosity amounts to 240 pb^{-1} . The data cover a several orders of magnitude in Q^2 , and in Bjorken x . The combination method used takes the correlations of systematic uncertainties into account, resulting in an improved accuracy. The input data from H1 and ZEUS are consistent with each other at $\chi^2/\text{ndf} = 636.5/656$. The total uncertainty of the combined data set reaches 1% in the best measured region, $20 \text{ GeV}^2 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$. Figure 2 shows the combined HERA results: scaling violations predicted by the theory of QCD and the HERAPDF1.0 fit which will be discussed in the next section.

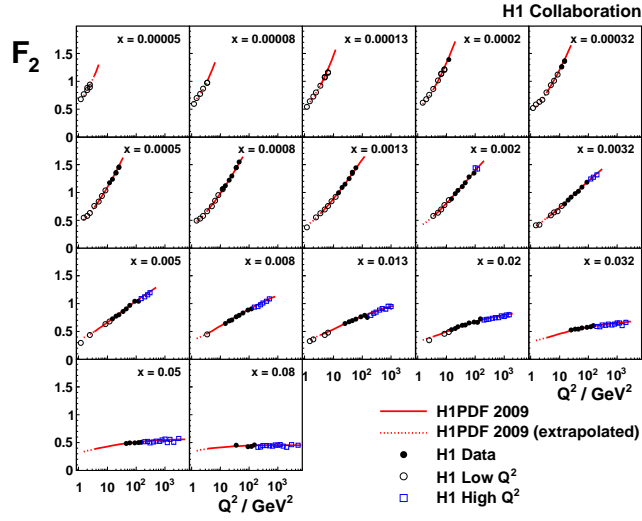


Figure 1. Measurements of the structure function F_2 as a function of Q^2 at various values of x . The new data (closed circles) are complemented by the previously published data at low Q^2 (open circles) [3] and high Q^2 (open boxes) [2]. The error bars represent the total measurement uncertainties. The solid curve represents the NLO QCD fit to H1 data alone for $Q^2 \geq 3.5 \text{ GeV}^2$, which is also shown extrapolated down to $Q^2 = 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2$.

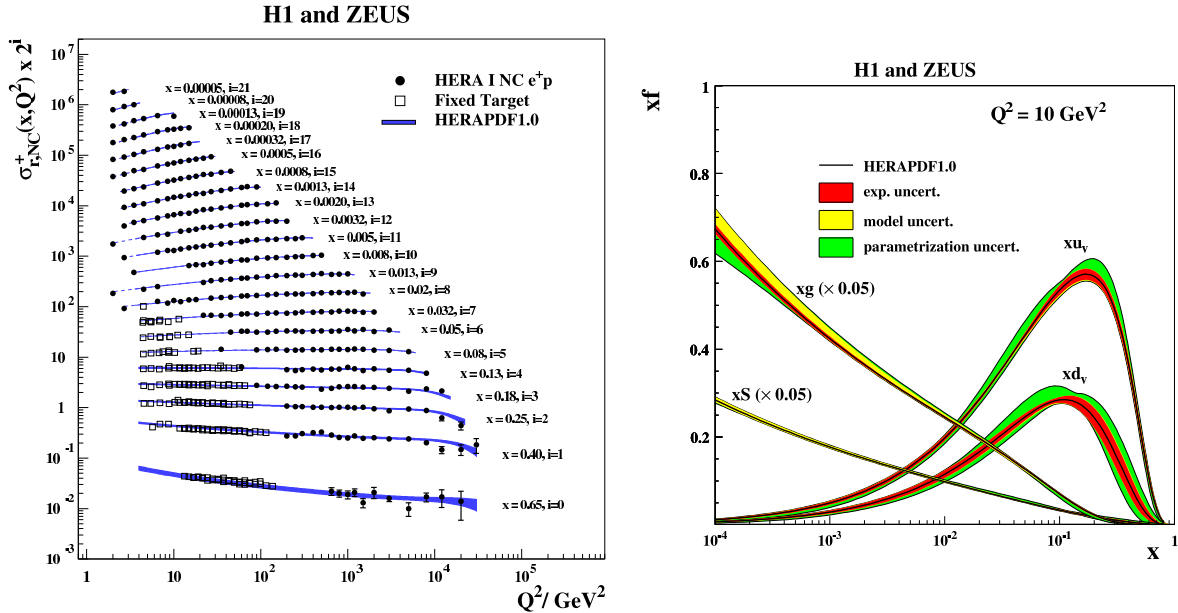


Figure 2. Left: HERA combined neutral current reduced cross section [4] and fixed-target data compared to the HERAPDF1.0 fit. The bands represent the total uncertainty of the fit. Right: the parton distribution functions from the HERAPDF1.0 at $Q^2 = 10 \text{ GeV}^2$. The gluon and sea distributions are scaled down by a factor 20. The experimental, model and parametrisation uncertainties are shown separately (see [4]).

3. QCD analysis of the combined data

The combined data set on inclusive cross sections is used as the sole input for a next-to-leading order QCD analysis which determines a new set of parton distributions HERAPDF1.0 with small experimental uncertainties. This set includes an estimate of the model and parametrisation uncertainties of the fit result as explained in [4]. The HERAPDF1.0 fit results are shown in Figure 2. Due to the precision of the combined data set, the parametrisation HERAPDF1.0 has total uncertainties at the level of a few percent at low x .

4. Measurements of the structure function F_L

Figure 3 shows the first measurements of the the structure function F_L performed by the H1 [5] and ZEUS [6] Collaborations. The measurement of F_L requires several sets of DIS cross sections at fixed x and Q^2 but at different values of inelasticity y . This was achieved at HERA by variations of the proton beam energy whilst keeping the lepton beam energy fixed. The current measurements are based on inclusive deep inelastic e^+p scattering cross section measurements with a positron beam energy of 27.5 GeV and proton beam energies of 920, 575 and 460 GeV. Employing the energy dependence of the cross section, F_L is measured in the range of $12 \leq Q^2 \leq 130 \text{ GeV}^2$ and low Bjorken x of $0.00024 \leq x \leq 0.007$. The F_L values agree with higher order QCD calculations based on parton densities obtained using cross section data previously measured at HERA.

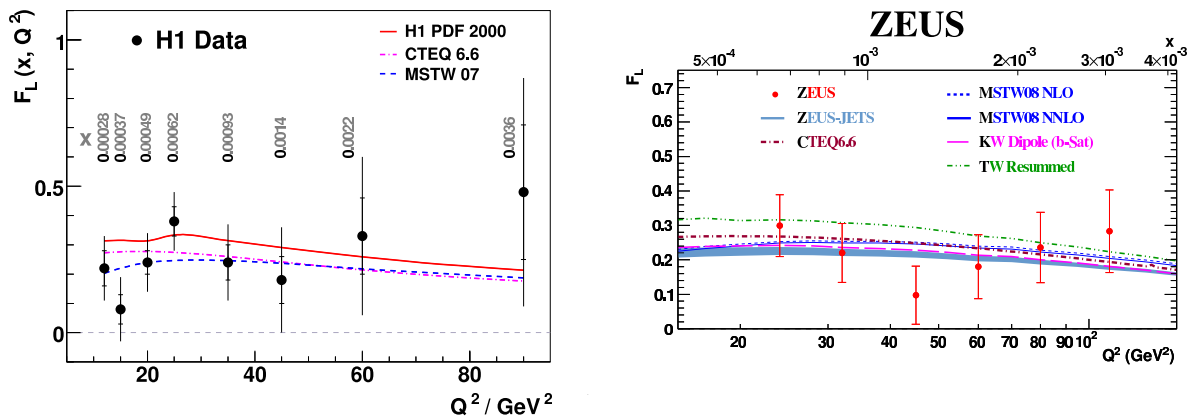


Figure 3. F_L from the H1 data [5] (left) and ZEUS data [6] (right) compared to the different theoretical predictions. The full error bars include the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature.

Figure 4 shows a new preliminary H1 measurement of the structure function F_L [7]. The measurements of F_L use different parts of the H1 detector covering when combined a wide range of squared four-momentum transfers $2.5 \leq Q^2 \leq 800 \text{ GeV}^2$ and Bjorken x between 0.00005 and 0.035. The data are compared with higher order QCD prediction H1PDF2009 [1]. The measurements are in a good agreement with H1PDF2009 fit except the lowest Q^2 region.

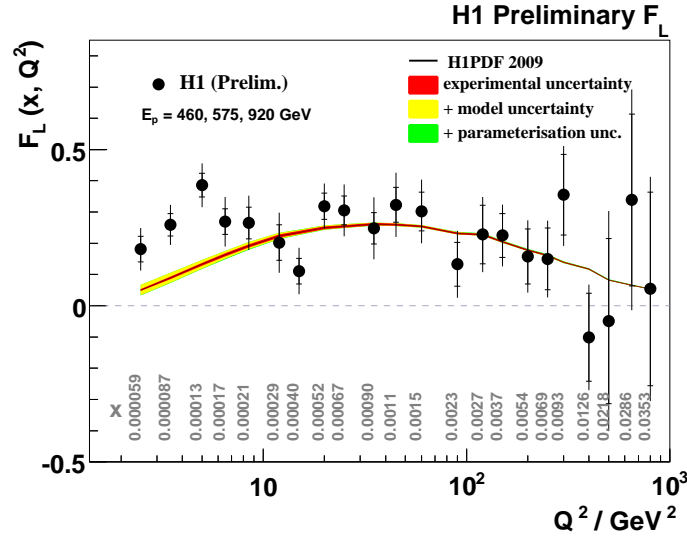


Figure 4. F_L from the H1 data [7] in extended kinematic range of squared four-momentum transfers $2.5 \leq Q^2 \leq 800 \text{ GeV}^2$ and $0.00005 \leq x \leq 0.035$. The data are compared to NLO QCD fit H1PDF2009. The full error bars include the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature.

References

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