

Measurement of Excited Charm and Charm-Strange mesons at HERA

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on behalf of the
ZEUS Collaboration

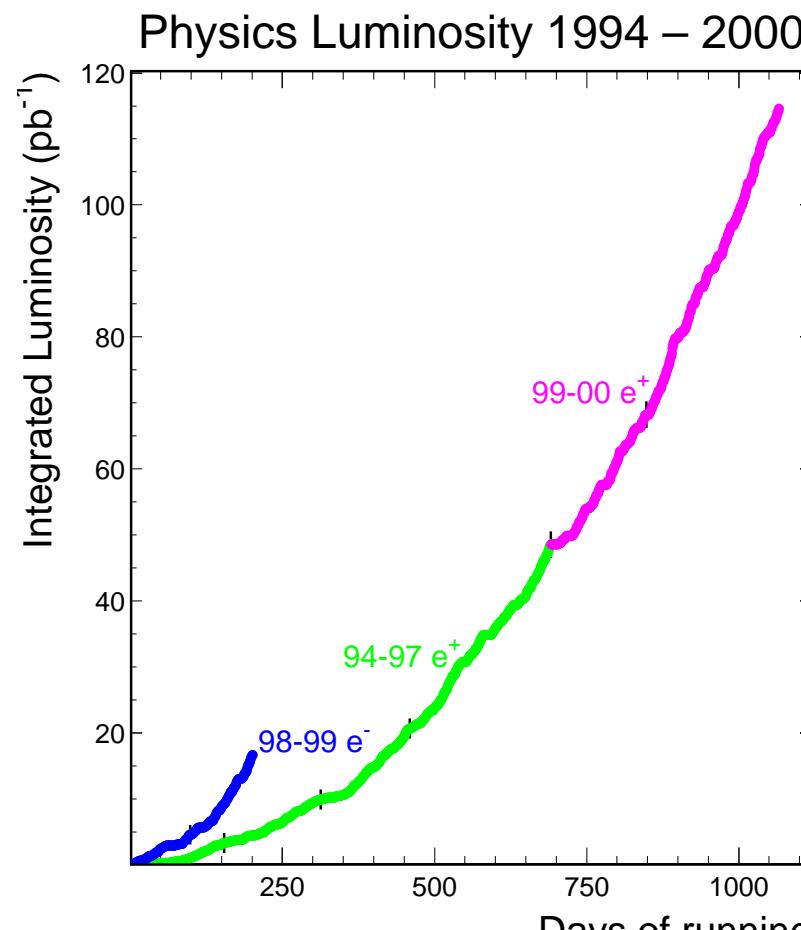
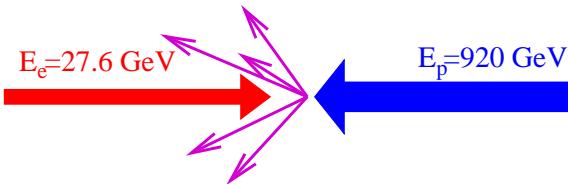
Deep Inelastic scattering Conference, 2008
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O U T L I N E

- **Introduction**
- **Excited Charm Mesons**
- **Production of $D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp, D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp, D^\pm\pi^\mp$**
- **Production of $D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*\pm}K_s^0, D^{*0}K^\pm$**
- **Search For $D^{*\prime\pm} \rightarrow D^{*\pm}\pi\pi$ at $\sim 2.64 GeV$**
- **Summary**

Introduction : The HERA e - P collider , Kinematics



ZEUS Luminosity : 126 pb $^{-1}$

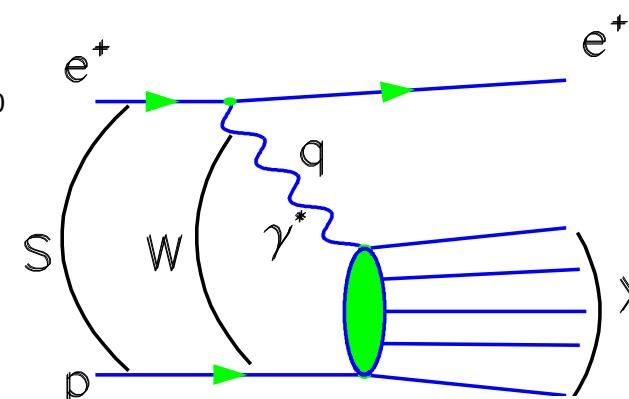
	HERA I	HERA II
1992-2000	2003-2007	
\sqrt{s}	318 (300)	318 GeV
\mathcal{L}	$1.5 \cdot 10^{31}$	$7 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
\mathcal{L}_{int}	~ 0.12	$\sim 0.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$e(k) + p(P) \rightarrow e(k') + X$ $s = (P + k)^2$

$Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$

Photoproduction $Q^2 \simeq 0 \text{ GeV}^2$

DIS $Q^2 > 1,5 \text{ GeV}^2$



$$W^2 = (P + q)^2$$

$$y = \frac{qP}{kP} \cong \frac{W^2 + Q^2}{s}$$

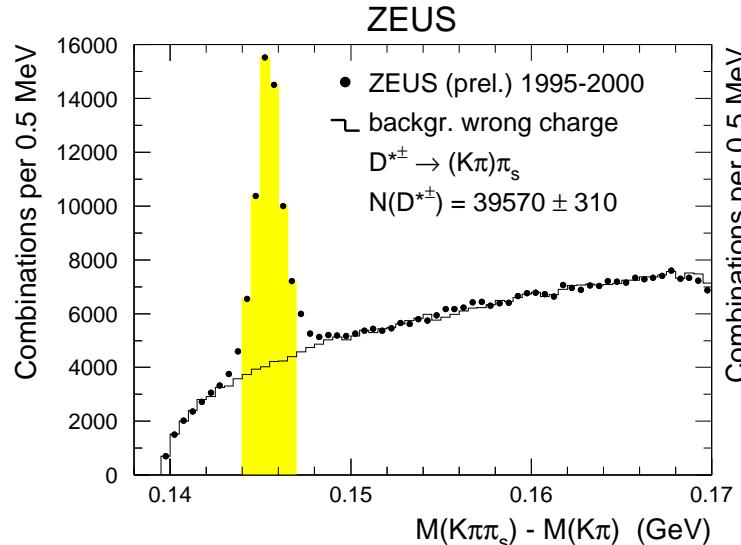
$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2qP} \cong \frac{Q^2}{sy}$$

The Ground Charm States Studied before

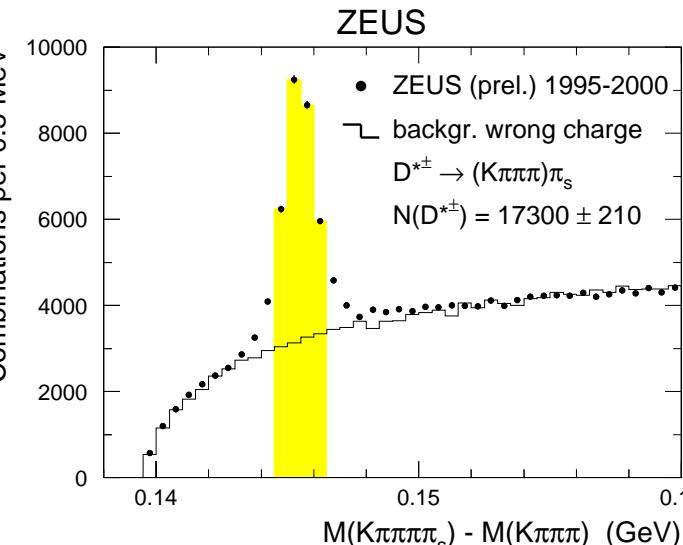
$\mathcal{L}_{int} : 126\text{pb}^{-1}$ 1995-2000 Full phase space; DIS + γp events

Decays : $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$, $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$, $K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^- + cc$

$D^{*\pm}$



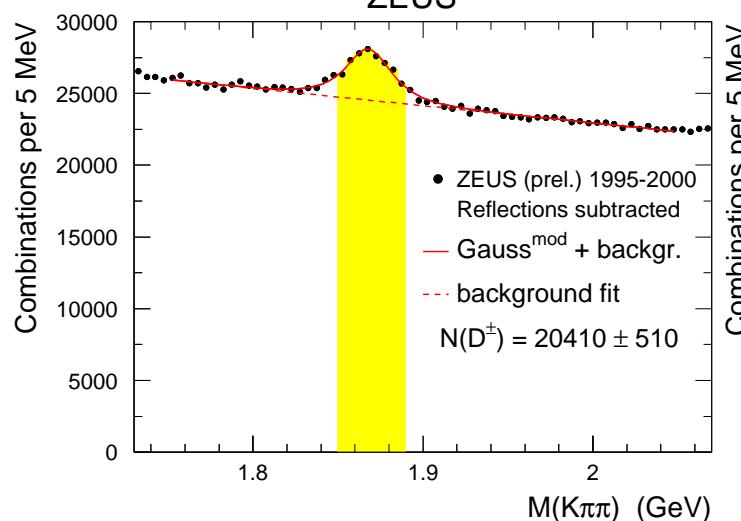
$D^{*\pm}$



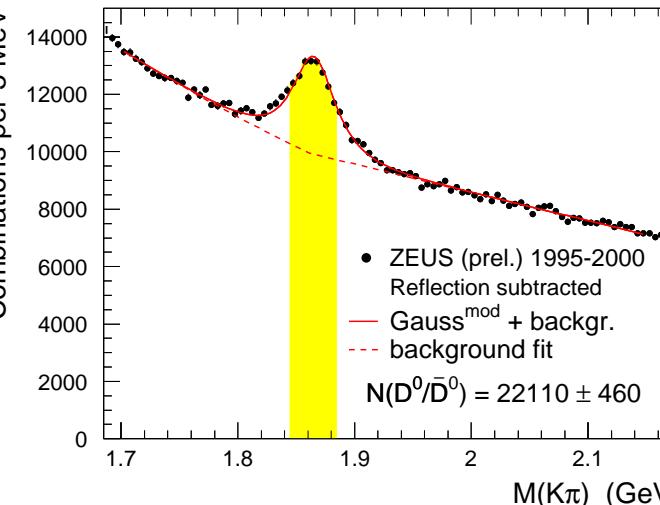
Ground states : Eur.Phys.J.C 44 (2005) 35

$N(D^{*\pm})$ from
Signal-Wrong Charge Bkgd

D^\pm



$D^0(\bar{D}^0)_{ZEUS}$

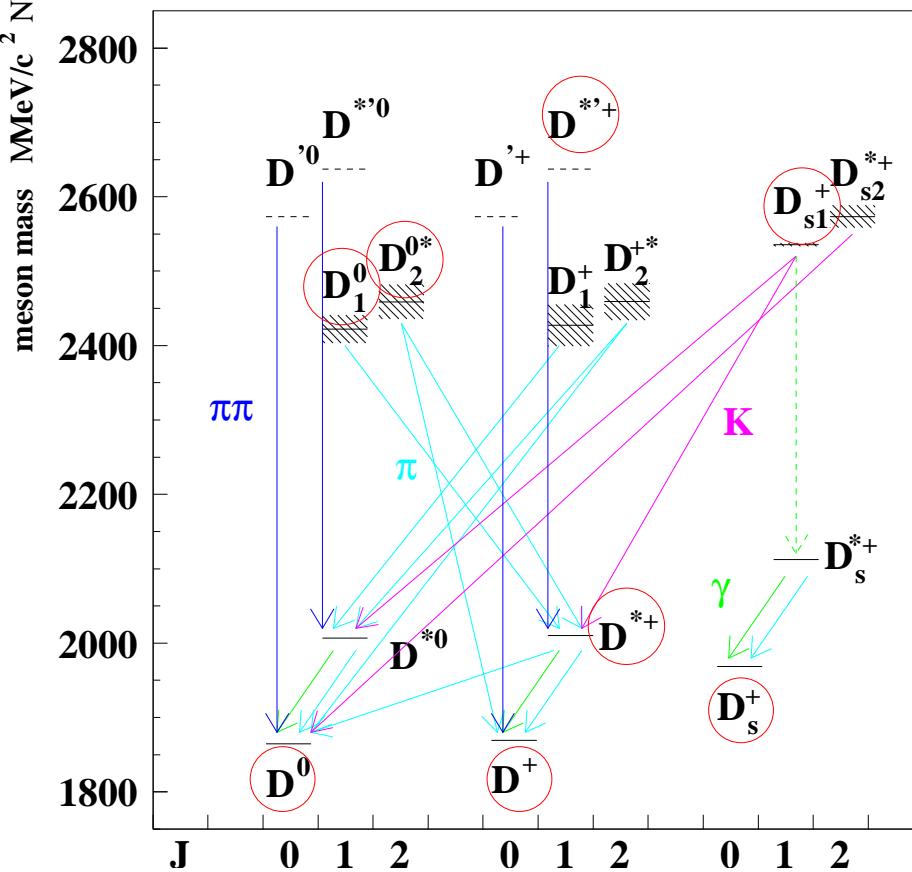


$N(D^0), N(D^\pm)$ from fit to
 $Gauss^{mod}$ + Bkgd

$$Gauss^{mod} \sim \exp(-0.5x^{1+\frac{1}{(1+0.5x)}})$$

D^0 NOT from $D^{*\pm}$ decays

Excited Charm Mesons States Diagram and Study plan



Study : $D_1^0, D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp, D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^\pm\pi^\mp$
 $D_s^\pm \rightarrow D^{*\pm}K_s^0, D^{*0}K^\pm$

Aim: Measure Excited Charm Rates:

$$f(c \rightarrow D_1^0), f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0}), f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^\pm)$$

And Branching Fractions:

$$\frac{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-)}{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-)}, \frac{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0}K^+)}{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+}K^0)}$$

Using $f(c \rightarrow D^{*\pm}), f(c \rightarrow D^\pm), f(c \rightarrow D^0)$

And Excited Charm Rates will yield Ratios:

$$R\left(\frac{D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-}{D^+}\right), R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+}K^0}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0}K^+}{D^0}\right)$$

In Heavy Quark Effective Theory(HQET): The Helicity parameter, H is

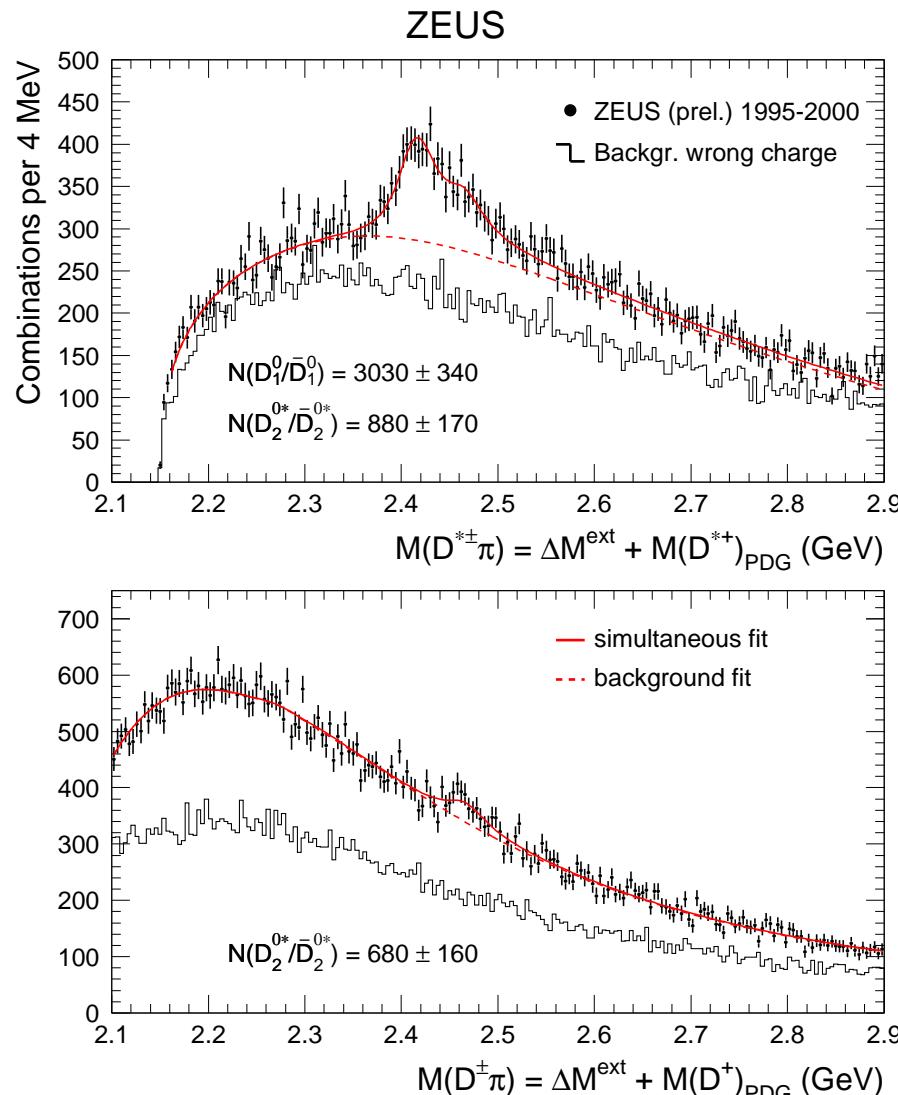
$$\frac{dN}{dcos\theta} \sim 1 + Hcos^2\alpha, H = 3(-1) \text{ for } J^P = 1^+(2^+) \text{ from } j = 3/2 \text{ doublet}$$

α : Angle in $D^{*\pm}$ rest frame between extra $\pi^\mp(K_s^0)$ and π_s ($D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^0\pi_s$)

Aim : Compared to e^+e^- Experiments-look for Charm Decay Universality

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons

Combine charged $D^*(D)$ with π of opposite charge, π_e



$$\Delta M^{\text{ext}} = M(K\pi\pi_s\pi_e) - M(K\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 1.35 \text{ GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

$$\Delta M^{\text{ext}} = M(K\pi\pi\pi_s\pi_e) - M(K\pi\pi\pi_s)$$

$$\text{Select: } p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 2.80 \text{ GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

In Plots : sum of $K\pi$ and $K\pi\pi\pi$ D^0 decays

15 parameter fit $\chi^2/\text{df} = 0.99$

Difficult to separate D_1^0 from D_2^{*0}

$$\Delta M^{\text{ext}} = M(K\pi\pi\pi_e) - M(K\pi\pi)$$

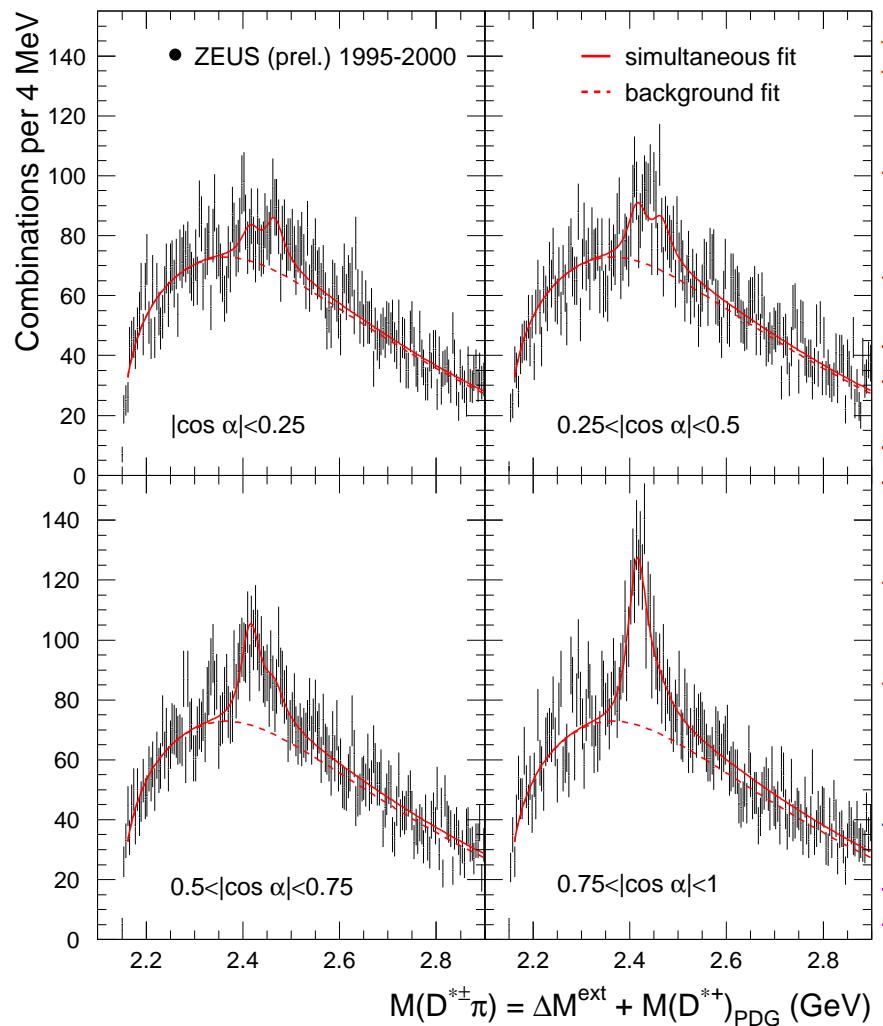
$$\text{Cuts : } p_t(D^\pm) > 2.80 \text{ GeV}, |\eta(D^\pm)| < 1.6$$

By Spin-Parity: $D^\pm\pi^\mp$ is only from D_2^{*0} decays

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons

Simultaneous fit to 4 helicity $M(D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp)$ Regions and $M(D^\pm\pi^\mp)$ histogram
 χ^2 (15 param.) fit to variable width relativistic Breit-Wigner function
 convoluted with experimental resolution + background function

ZEUS



In high $\cos(\alpha)$ bin almost all $D_1^0 \sim 1 + 3\cos^2\alpha$

$$M(D_1^0) = 2419.8 \pm 2.0^{+0.8}_{-1.0} \text{ MeV} \text{ (Prel.)}$$

$$M(D_2^{*0}) = 2468.4 \pm 3.6^{+1.1}_{-1.3} \text{ MeV} \text{ (Prel.)}$$

$$\Gamma(D_1^0) = 51.6 \pm 7.0^{+1.9}_{-4.1} \text{ MeV} (20.4 \pm 1.7 \text{ PDG06})$$

$$\Gamma(D_2^{*0}) = 43 \text{ MeV} \text{ (taken fixed from PDG06)}$$

$$H(D_1^0) = 5.9^{+3.0}_{-1.7} (\text{stat})^{+1.9}_{-0.8} (\text{syst})$$

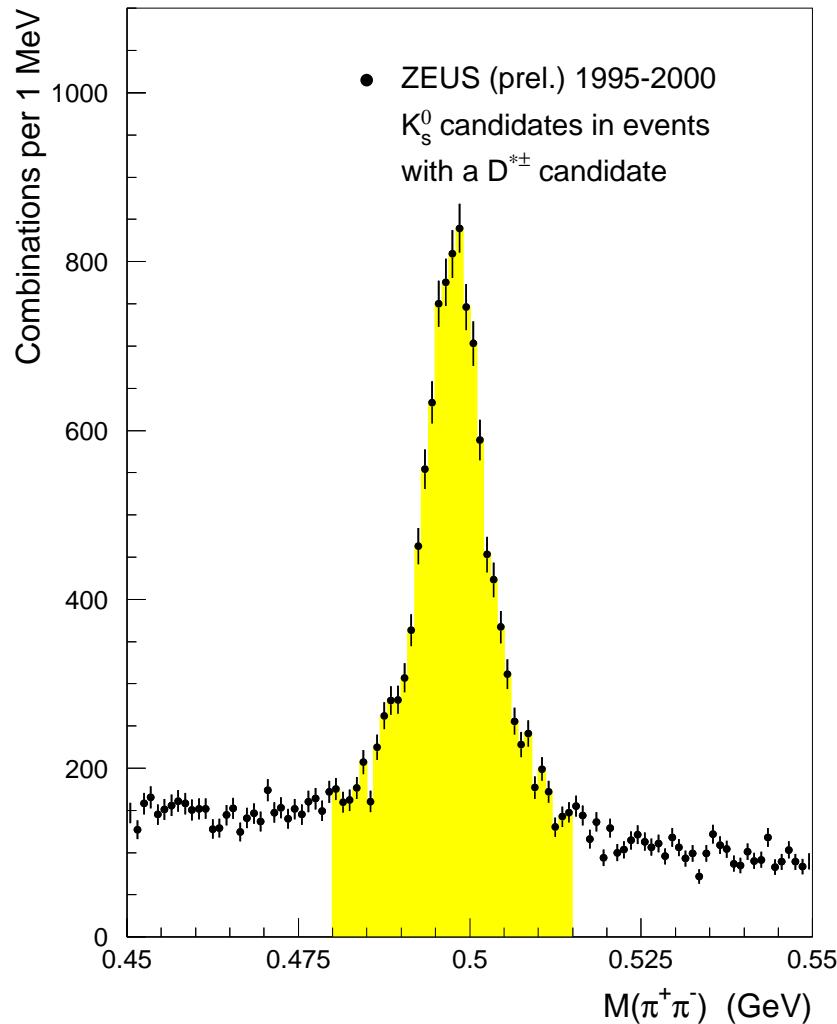
$$H(D_2^{*0}) = -1 \text{ Fixed in Fit } (J^P = 2^+ \text{ pure state})$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-}{D^+}\right)$$

Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space yields:

$$\frac{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-)}{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-)} = 2.7 \pm 0.8 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.6 (\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1 (\text{ext.}) \quad 2.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ (PDG06)}$$

Excited Charm Strange Mesons : $D_{s1}^{\pm} \rightarrow D^{*\pm} K_s^0, D^{*0} K^{\pm}$



Selection of K_s^0 candidates :

For both its pions $p_t(\pi) > 0.15 GeV$

Fit to $Gauss^{mod}$ + Linear Bkgd yielded

$$M(K_s^0) = 497.8 \pm 0.1, \sigma(K_s^0) = 4.1 \pm 0.1 \text{ Mev}$$

In selected region : $0.480 < M(K_s^0) < 0.515 GeV$

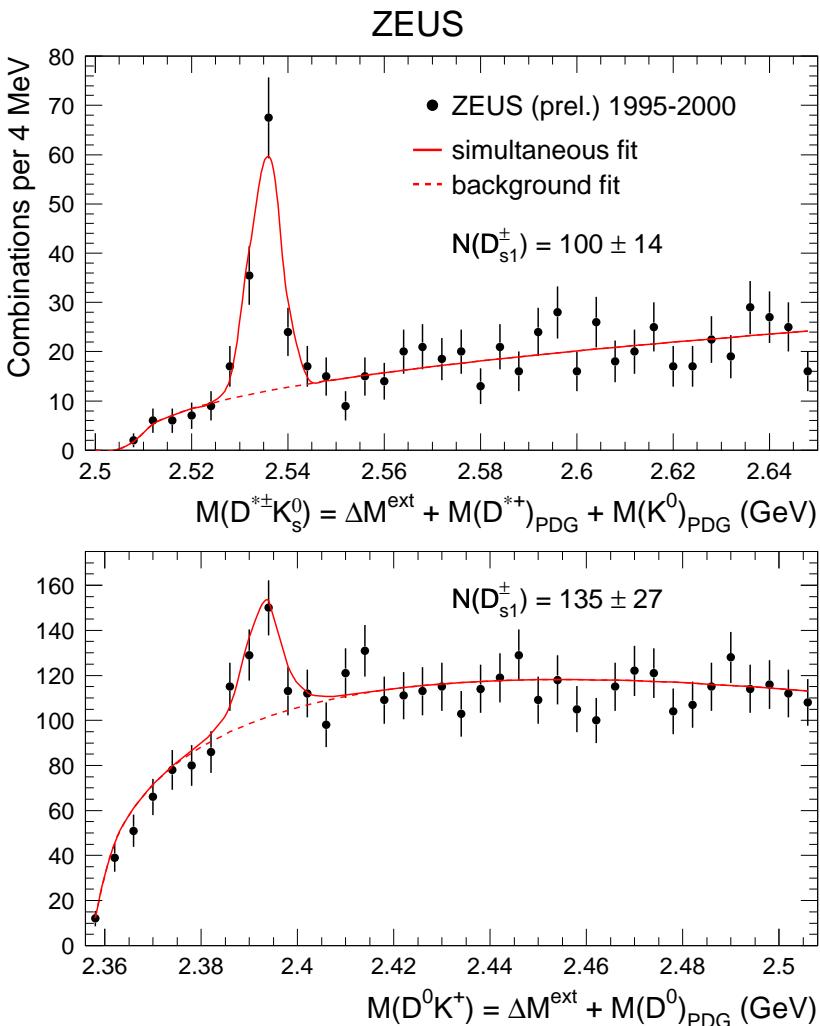
8540 ± 120 events were found

$\frac{dE}{dx}$ selection was used for K^{\pm}, π

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Strange Mesons

Simultaneous fit of $M(D^{*\pm}K_s^0)$, $M(D^0K^\pm)$ and $\cos(\alpha)$ distributions

Gaussian ($Gauss^{mod}$ for $M(D^0K^\pm)$) + background unbinned likelihood fit



$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 1.35\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 2.80\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

Plot contains sum of $K\pi$ and $K\pi\pi\pi$ $D^{*\pm}$ decays

$$M(D_{s1}) = 2535.3^{+0.44}_{-0.41}(\text{stat.})^{+0.09}_{-0.08}(\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$H(D_{s1}) = -0.74^{+0.23}_{-0.17}(\text{stat.})^{+0.06}_{-0.05}(\text{syst.}) \text{ (Prel.)}$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi K^\pm) - M(K\pi)$$

$$p_t(D^0) > 2.80\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta(D^0)| < 1.6$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0}{D^{*+}}\right), \quad R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+}{D^0}\right)$$

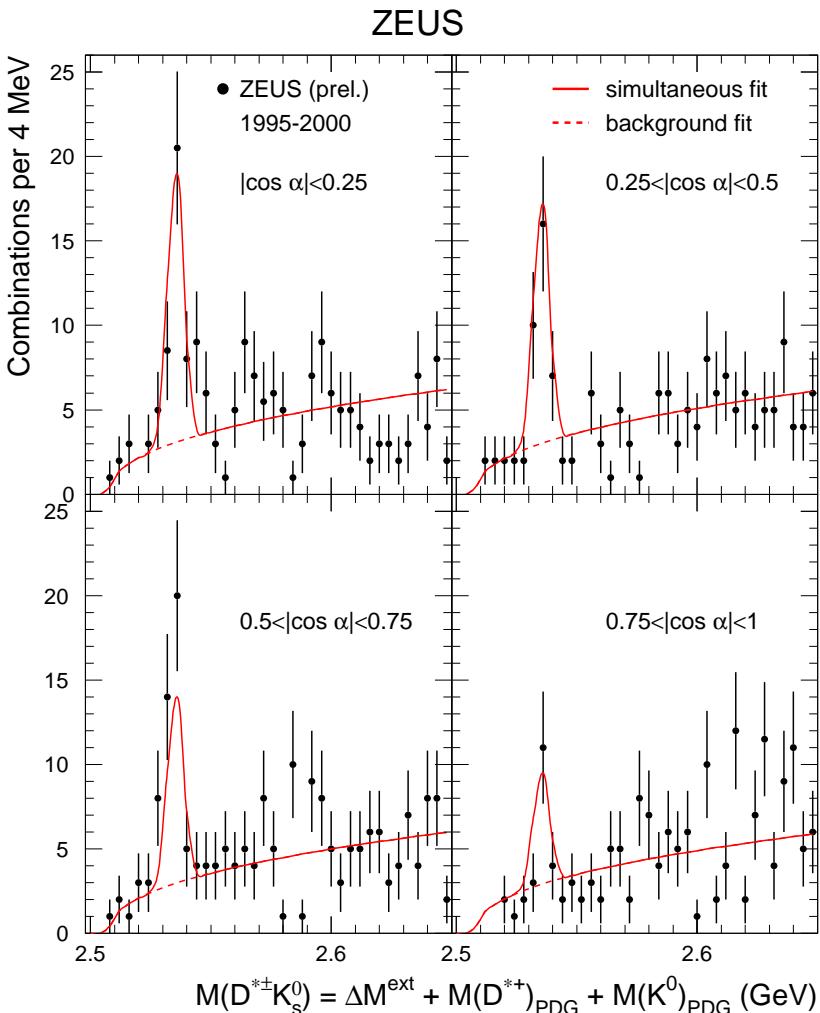
Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space yields:

$$\frac{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+)}{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0)} = 2.2 \pm 0.6(\text{stat.})^{+0.4}_{-0.5}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1(\text{ext.}) \quad 1.27 \pm 0.21 \text{ (PDG06)}$$

Excited Charm Strange Mesons 4 Helicity regions

Simultaneous fit of $M(D^{*\pm}K_s^0)$, $M(D^0K^\pm)$ and $\cos(\alpha)$ distributions

Gaussian ($Gauss^{mod}$ for $M(D^0K^\pm)$)+ background unbinned likelihood fit



Since $\frac{dN}{dcos\theta} \sim 1 + H \cos^2 \alpha$ and H for D_{s1}^\pm is -0.74, the lower right bin has fewer events, compared with the D_1^0 case where H is 5.9, and so this bin had the most events

Summary : Excited Charm Mesons (Prelim.)

	$f(c \rightarrow D_1^0)(\%)$	$f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0})(\%)$	$f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^{\pm})(\%)$
ZEUS	$3.5 \pm 0.4^{+0.4}_{-0.6} \pm 0.2$	$3.8 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.2$	$1.1 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1$
CLEO	1.8 ± 0.3	1.9 ± 0.3	
OPAL	2.1 ± 0.8	5.2 ± 2.6	$1.6 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$
ALEPH			$0.94 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.07$

CLEO measured smaller resonance widths, OPAL used PDG values

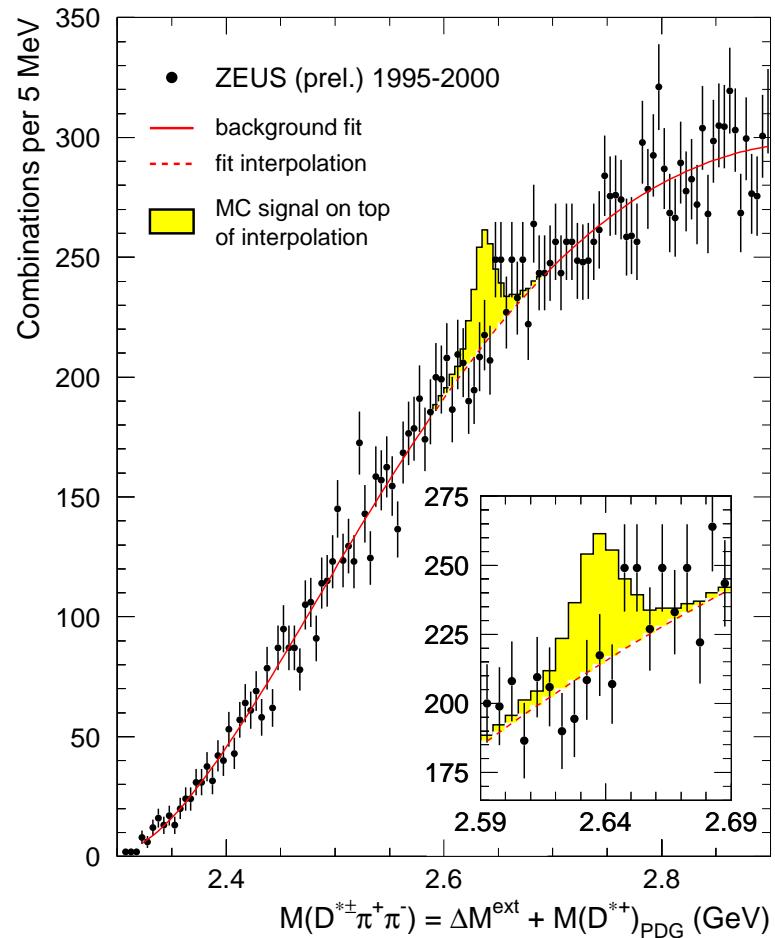
CLEO and OPAL used non relativistic Breit Wigner functions in their fits

	Helicity Parameter, $H (D_{s1}^{\pm})$
ZEUS	$-0.74^{+0.23}_{-0.17}(stat.)^{+0.06}_{-0.05}(syst.)$ (Prel.)
CLEO	$-0.23^{+0.40}_{-0.32}$
Belle(prelim.)	-0.70 ± 0.03

$H = 0 \Rightarrow J^P = 1^+$ (if pure S wave), $H = -1 \Rightarrow J^P = 1^-$ or 2^+

Possible (S,D) wave mixing of $D_{s1}^{\pm}(2536)$ with $D_{sj}^{\pm}(2460)$ if both are $J^P = 1^+$

Search for $D^{*'} \rightarrow D^* \pi\pi$ at $\sim 2.64 GeV$



We searched for (radially excited) $D^{*'} \rightarrow D^* \pi\pi$ state

Reported by the Delphi Collaboration , Phys. Lett.B 426,231(1998)

No such state was seen. Our limit for

$f(c \rightarrow D^{*'}) \times BR(D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^* \pi\pi)$ is $< 0.4\% (95\% cl)$

This limit is stronger than the 0.9 % OPAL limit (2001)

The inset shows the $D^{*\pm}$ signal expected for the Delphi value

Summary

- ZEUS: Measured $f(c \rightarrow D_1^0)$, $f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0})$, $f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^{\pm})$
Our measured rates agree with those of other experiments
- The D_1^0 Helicity $5.9^{+3.0}_{-1.7}$ agrees with H=3, pure d-wave $J^P = 1^+$
- The D_{s1}^{\pm} Helicity Parameter $-0.74^{+0.23}_{-0.17}$ disagrees with a Pure $J^P = 1^+$, S wave, $D_{s1}^{\pm}(2536)$ state , for which H = 0
It may be mixed with a $J^P = 1^+$ $D_{sj}^{\pm}(2460)$ state
- We find $\Gamma(D_1^0) = 51.6 \pm 7$ MeV , compared with PDG 06 :
 20.4 ± 1.7 MeV
- Possible explanation : a larger S-wave admixture in ZEUS with a wide resonance , not so in other restricted phase space experiments
- No $D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^{*\pm}\pi\pi$ at ~ 2.64 GeV was seen. New limit set

Backup: Decay of D_1^0, D_2^{*0}

D_1^0 : unnatural parity 1^+ ; cant decay to $0^- + 0^- (D^\pm\pi^\mp)$

But D_1^0 CAN decay to a p-wave $D^*(1^-)$ plus $\pi(0^-)$

D_2^0 : natural parity, 2^+ so CAN decay to $0^- + 0^- (\text{d orbital})$

D_2^0 : also can decay to $D^*(1^-)$ plus $\pi(0^-)$, d orbital

Hence D_2^0 was searched both in $D^*\pi$ and in $D^\pm\pi$

Relativistic Breit-Wigner was used to describe the resonances:

$$F(m) = C_R \left(\frac{M_R \Gamma_R}{(M_R^2 - m^2)^2 + M_R^2 \Gamma_R^2} \right)$$

Ref: J.D.Jackson, Nuov.Cim. 34,(1964) 1644

Backup: References

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Measurement of K_s^0 , $\Lambda, \bar{\Lambda}$ Production at HERA

European Physical Journal C 51 (2007) 1-23

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Measurement of (anti)deuteron and (anti)proton production in DIS at HERA

DESY-07-070 (May 2007), accepted by Nuclear Physics B

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Evidence for a narrow baryonic state decaying to $K_s^0 \bar{p}$ in deep inelastic scattering at HERA

Physics Letters B 591 (2004) 7-22

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Search for a narrow charmed baryonic state decaying to $D^{*+} \bar{p}$ in ep collisions at HERA

European Physical Journal C 38 (2004) 29-41

H1 Collab., A. Aktas et al., hep-ex/0704.3594, To be submitted to Phys. Lett. B ,04/07

Search for Baryonic Resonances Decaying to $\Xi\pi$ in Deep-Inelastic Scattering at HERA

H1 Collab., A. Aktas et al., Phys. Lett. B 639 (2006) 202

Search for a Narrow Baryonic Resonance Decaying to $K_s^0 p$ or $K_s^0 \bar{p}$ in Deep Inelastic Scattering at HERA

H1 Collab., A. Aktas et al., Eur. Phys. J. C36 (2004) 413-423

Measurement of Anti-Deuteron Production and a Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles at HERA

H1 Collab., C. Adloff et al., Z. Phys. C76 (1997) 213

Photoproduction of K^0 and Λ at HERA and a Comparison with Deep Inelastic Scattering

Backup: References

CLEO Coll., P. Avery et al.,Phys. Lett. B 331, 236 (1994)

OPAL Coll., K. Ackerstaff et al.,Z. Phys. C 76, 425 (1997)

ALEPH Coll., A. Heister et al.,Phys. Lett. B 526, 34 (2002)

CLEO Coll., J.P. Alexander et al.,Phys. Lett. B 303, 337 (1993)

BELLE Coll., K. Abe et al.,(hep-ex/0507030)

CDF Coll., A. Abulencia et al.,Phys. Rev. D 75,32003 (2007)