

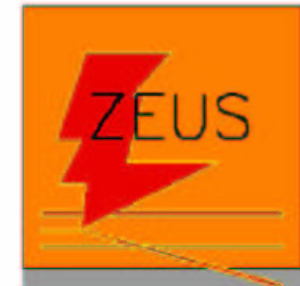
XXXIXth Rencontres de Moriond  
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## Studies of the structure of diffraction and of exclusive diffractive final states at HERA

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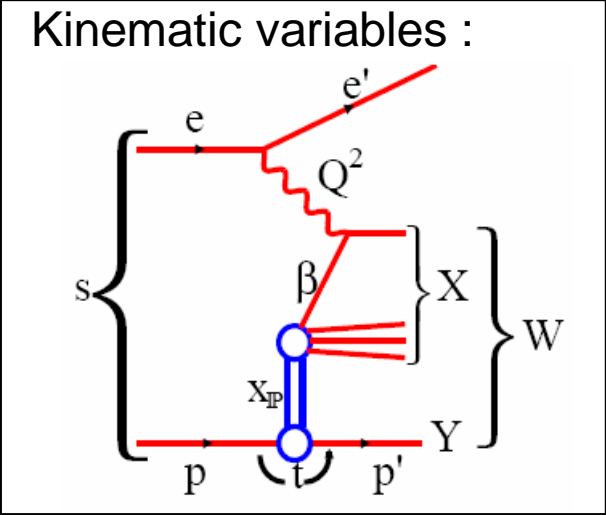
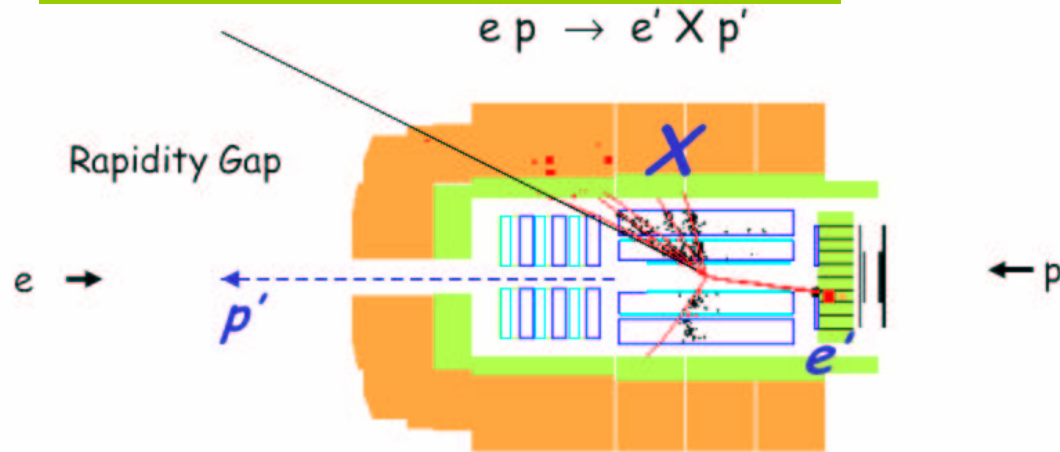
On behalf of H1 and ZEUS collaborations



1. Inclusive diffraction and perturbative QCD
2. New measurements at high  $Q^2$
3. From soft to hard diffraction : VM production
4.  $J/\psi$  and  $\gamma$  photoproduction at high  $t$
5. Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering

# Inclusive diffraction

Diffractive event in the H1 detector :



$x_{IP}$  fractional loss of the proton longitudinal momentum  
 $M_X$  invariant mass of the diffractive final state  
 $\beta = x_{Bj}/x_{IP}$

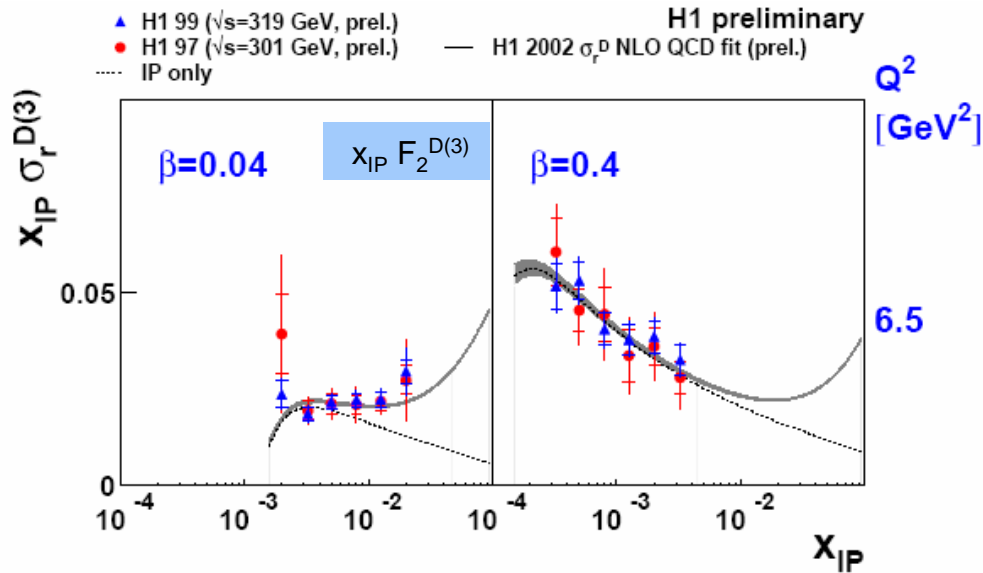
Diffractive cross section :

$$\frac{d\sigma^{ep \rightarrow eXY}}{d\beta dQ^2 dx_{IP} dt} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{\beta Q^4} \left(1 - y + \frac{y^2}{2}\right) \sigma_r^D(4)$$

with  $\sigma_r^D \sim F_2^D$

$F_2^D \Rightarrow$  diffractive parton densities

# Perturbative QCD and hard diffraction



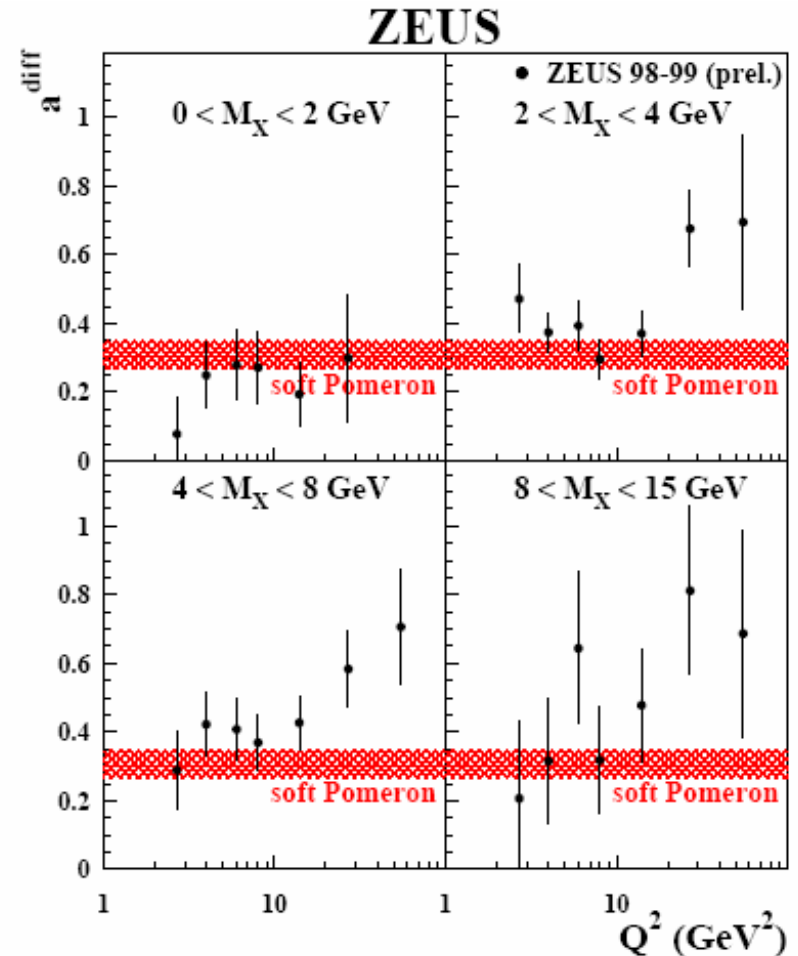
Good description of  $F_2^D$  by QCD fit  
(based on DGLAP evolution of diffractive pdfs)

Same conclusions for ZEUS measurements :

$$d\sigma^{\text{diff}}/dM_X \sim W^{\text{diff}} \quad \text{with } a^{\text{diff}} = 2.(2\alpha_{\text{IP}}-2)$$

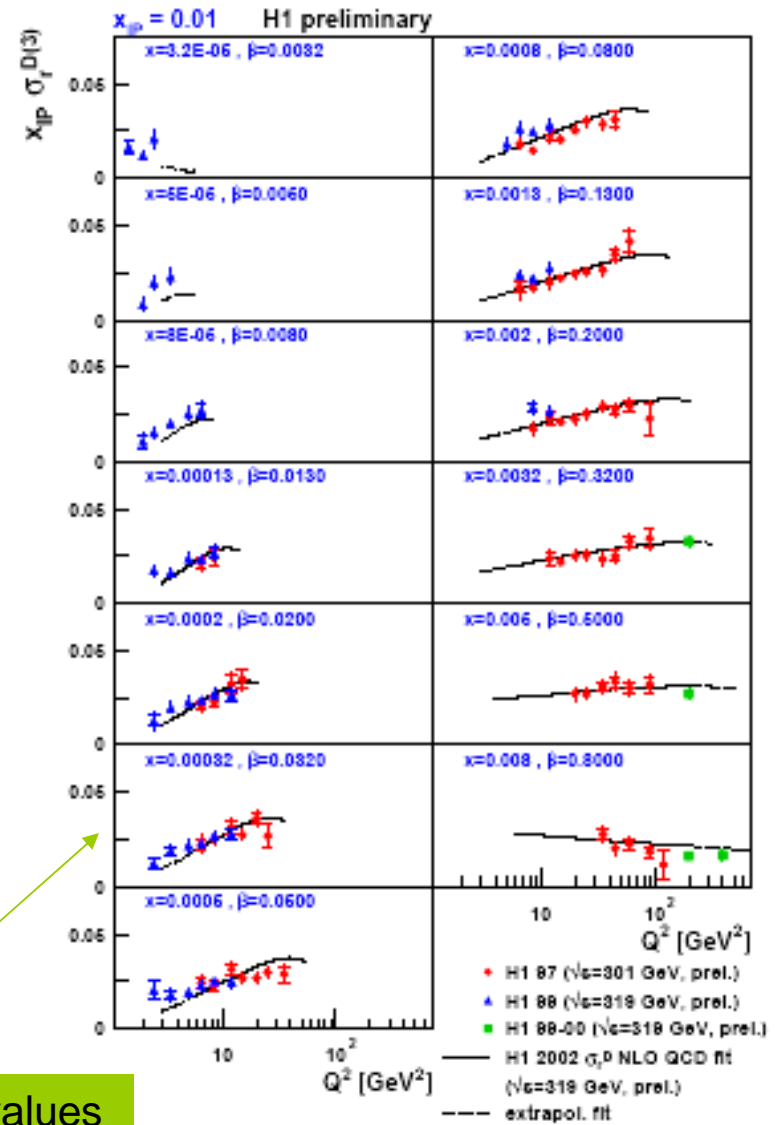
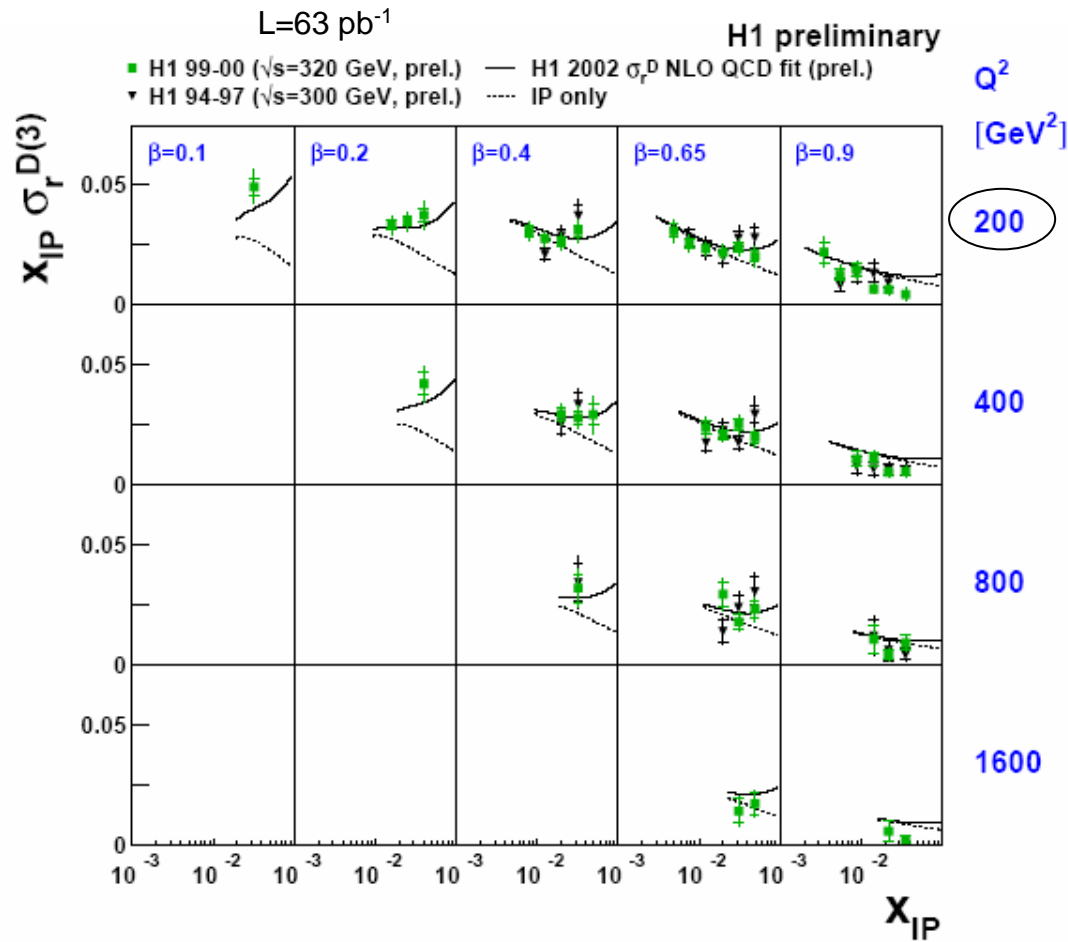
$M_X < 2 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$  soft pomeron

$M_X > 2 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$  transition from soft to hard process



$\Rightarrow$  large  $Q^2$  + large  $M_X$  : perturbative regime

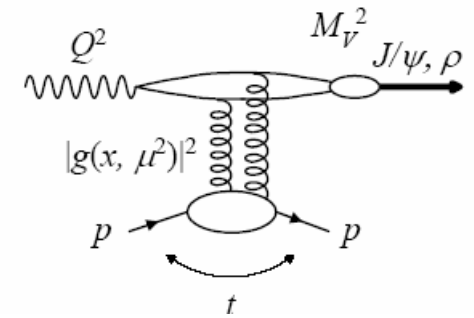
# New measurements at high $Q^2$



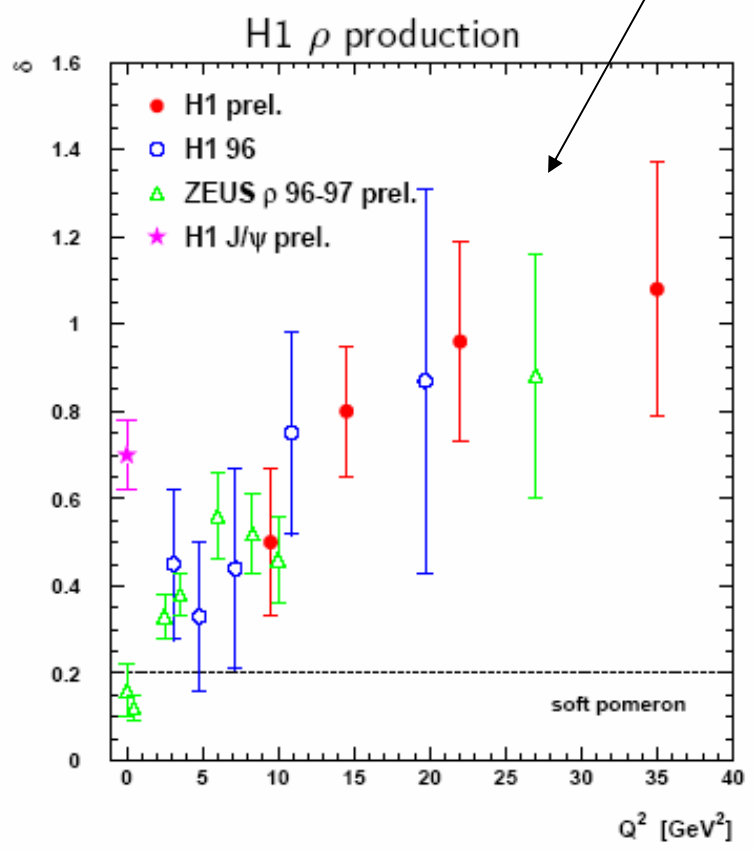
Positive scaling violations (at low  $x_{IP}=0.01$ ) till high  $\beta$  values  
 => **hard pomeron is gluon dominated**

# From soft to hard diffraction and VM production

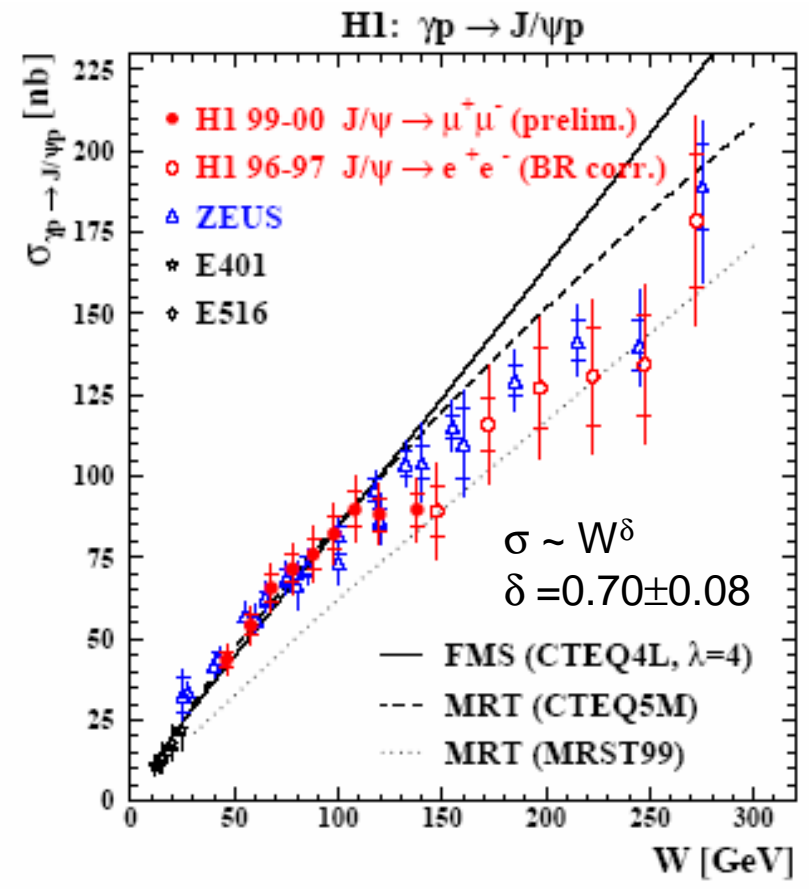
In VM production, hard scale is given by  $Q^2, M_V^2$  or  $t$   
 In case of low mass VM => transition from soft to hard  
 (when  $Q^2$  is increasing)



$\sigma \propto W^\delta$  fit in bins of  $t$



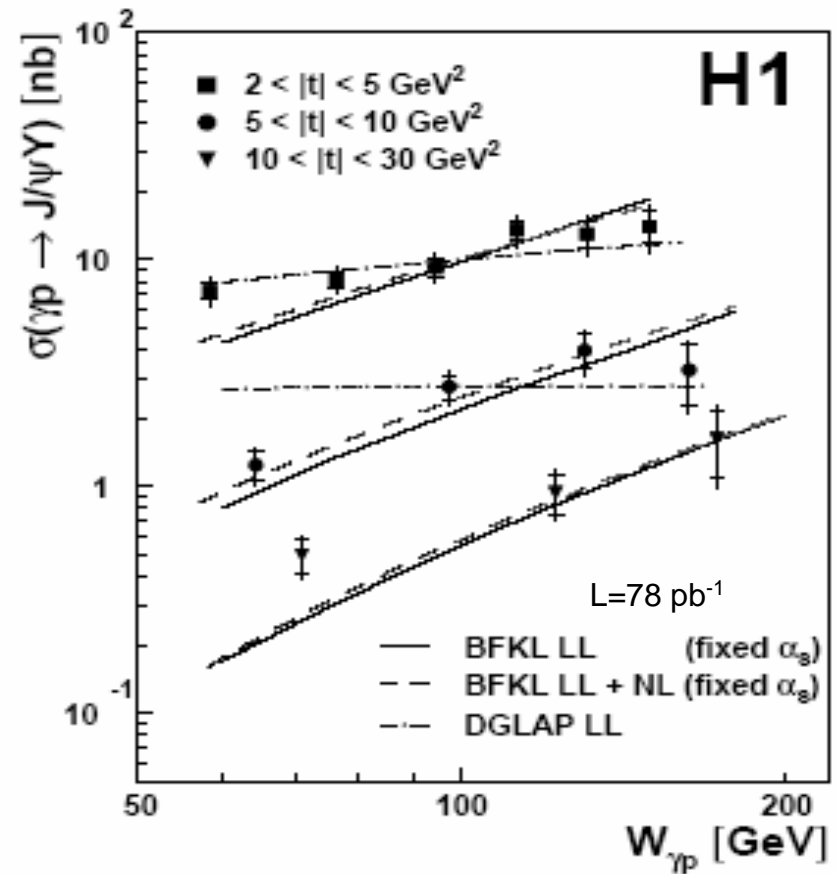
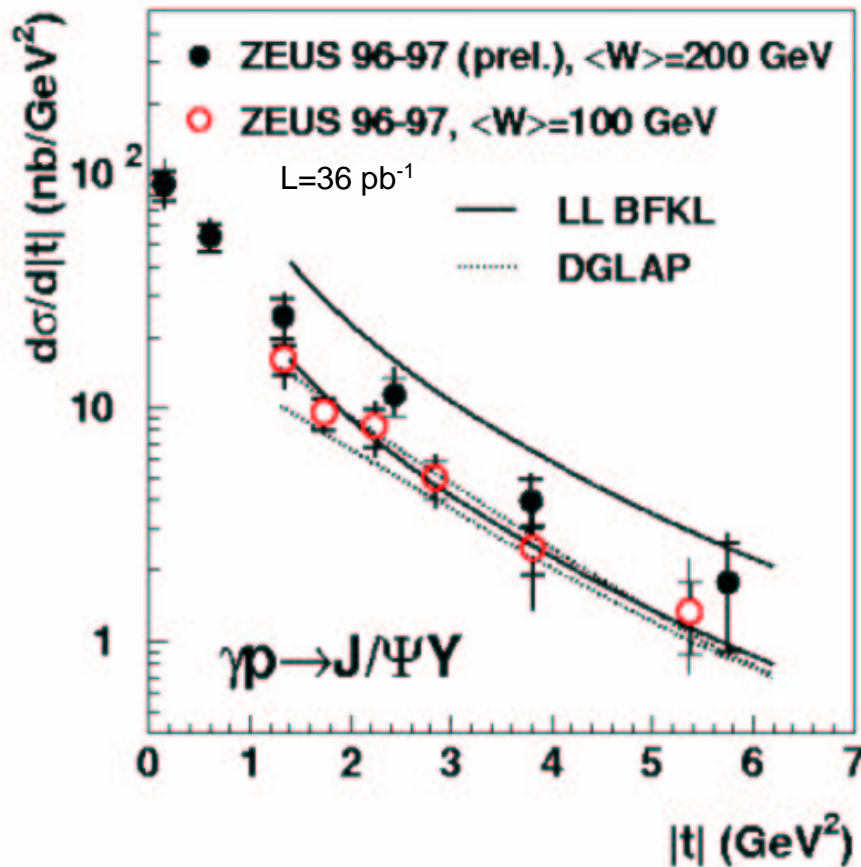
In photoproduction of  $J/\psi$ , the hard scale is given by  $M_{J/\psi}$



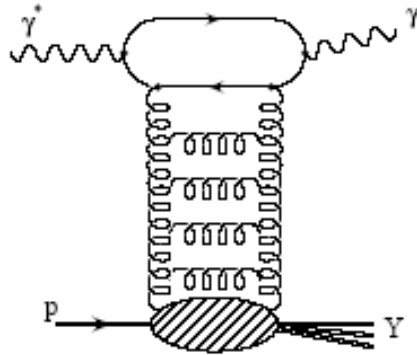
## Diffractive J/ψ photoproduction at high t

Cross-sections at high t => qualitatively well described by QCD calculations with an interesting **sign of BFKL evolution**

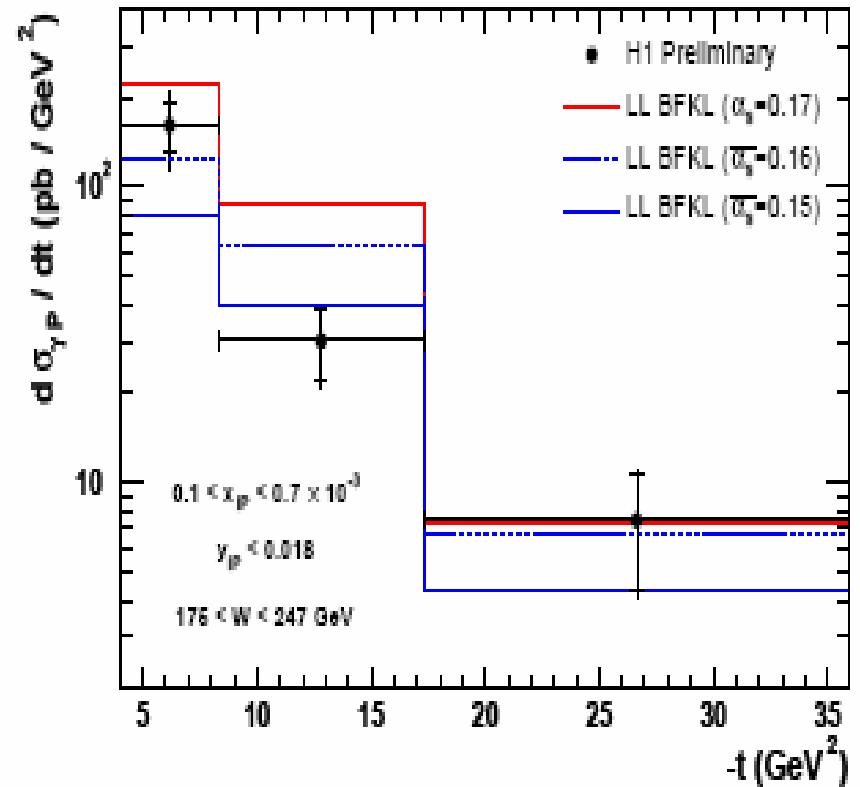
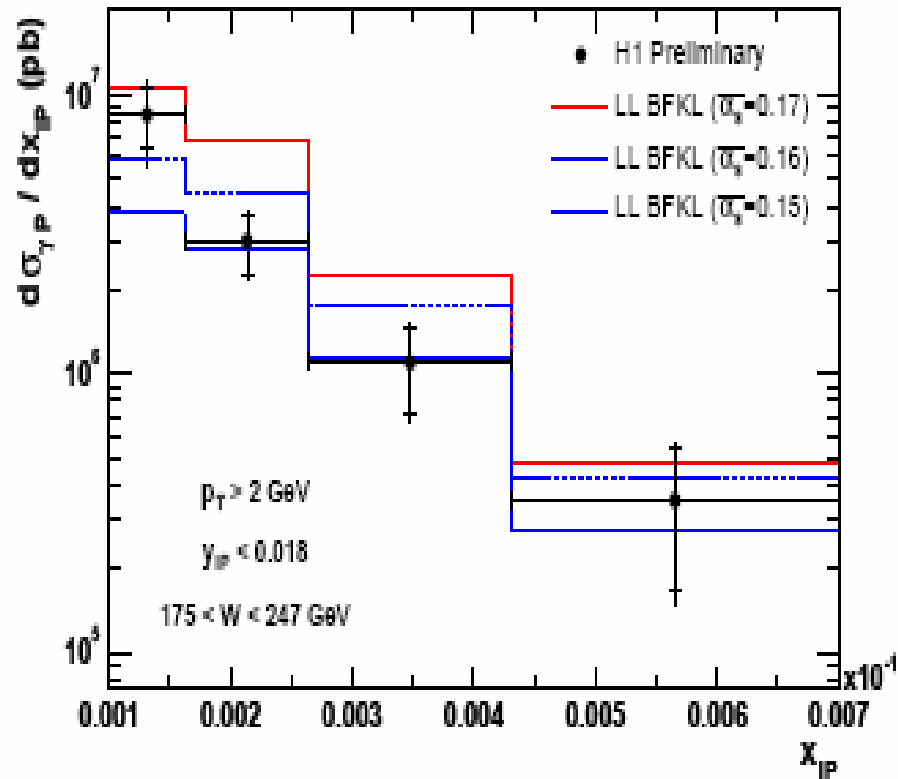
DGLAP → ~ no W dependence



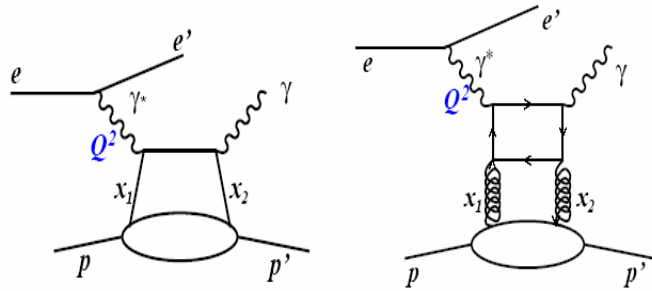
# Diffractive $\gamma$ photoproduction at high $t$



Similar conclusions :  
cross-sections basically described by LL BFKL

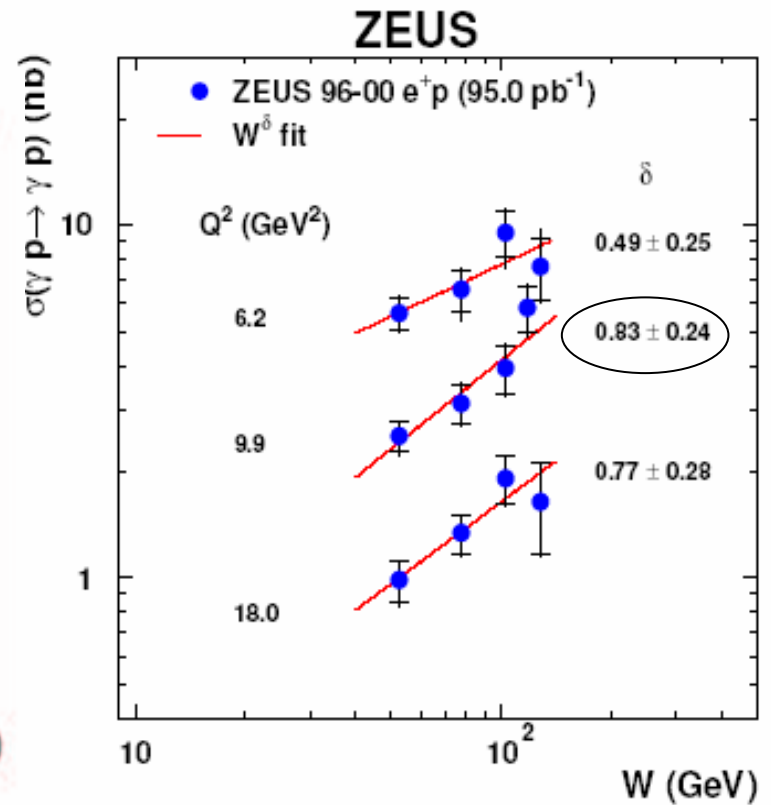
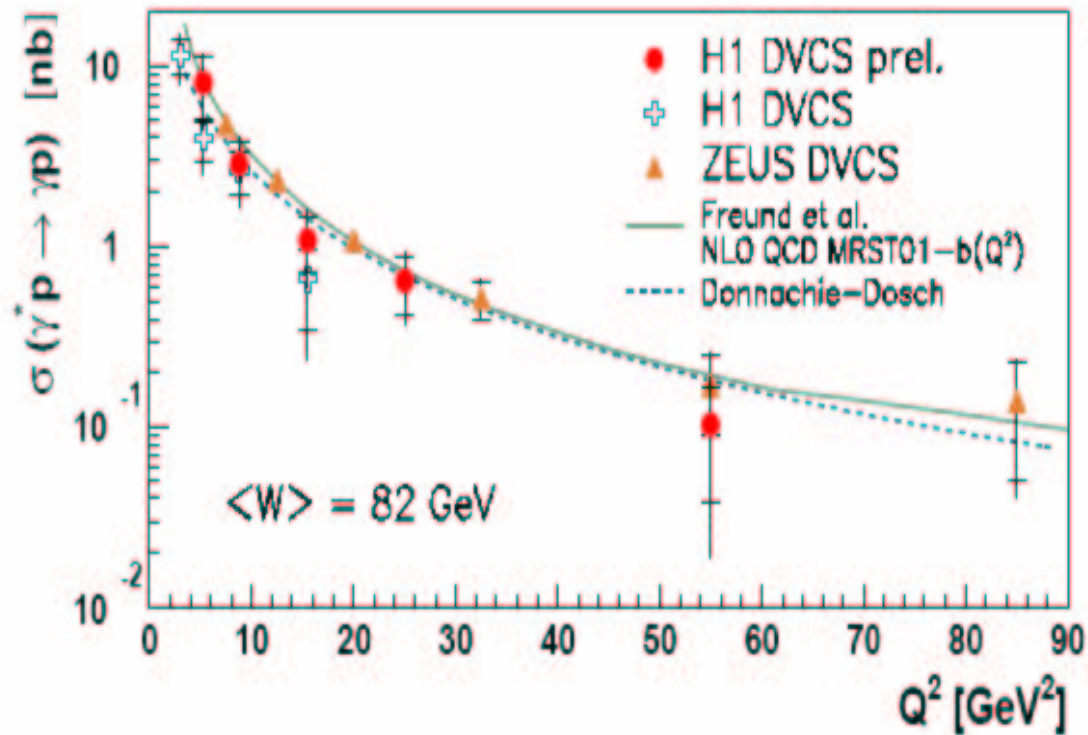


# Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering



DVCS process : production of real  $\gamma$ .

New measurements in H1 and ZEUS well reproduced by QCD calculations based on Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)





## Summary

Inclusive diffraction is well described by perturbative QCD at large  $Q^2$  and large  $M_x$  leading to a hard  $W$  dependence

Extension of the QCD fit to new high  $Q^2$  measurements of  $F_2^{D(3)}$

Generic process of diffraction is analysed with interest in VM production with the hard scale given by  $Q^2, M_V^2$  or  $t \Rightarrow$  a hard  $W$  dependence is obtained

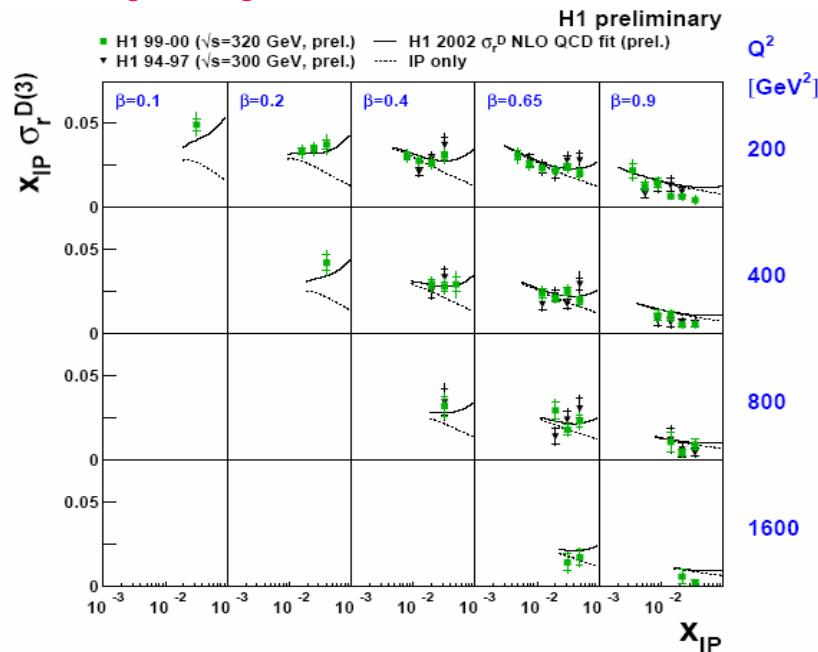
In addition, diffractive  $J/\psi$  and  $\gamma$  photoproduction at high  $t$  give a sign of BFKL evolution (to be studied further).

Finally HERA has measured DVCS cross-section  $\Rightarrow$  a hard  $W$  behaviour is observed and data are well described by a perturbative model based on GPDs

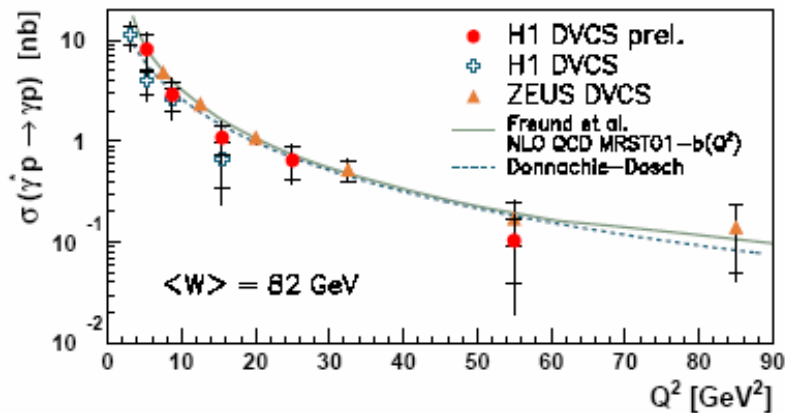
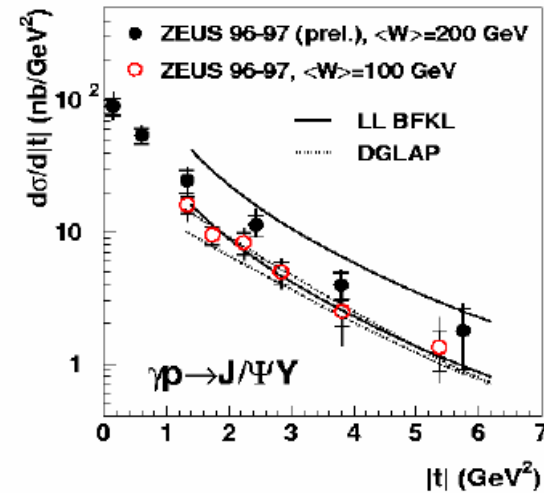
# Studies of the structure of diffraction and of exclusive diffractive final states at HERA H1 and ZEUS collaborations

New measurements of the diffractive structure function at large  $Q^2$

=> good agreement with QCD fit



VM production is a well adapted process to study the generic process of diffraction and transition from soft to hard regime. New measurements of diffractive photoproduction of  $J/\psi$  at large  $t$  => sign of BFKL evolution?



New measurements of the DVCS cross-section w.r.t.  $Q^2$  and  $W$ . This is a golden process to access to GPDs via asymmetries. Already, HERA measurements show a good agreement with a model based on GPDs evolved at NLO

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