HERA inclusive data combination and PDF Fit

LHCP conference, Columbia University NYC, 5th June 2014

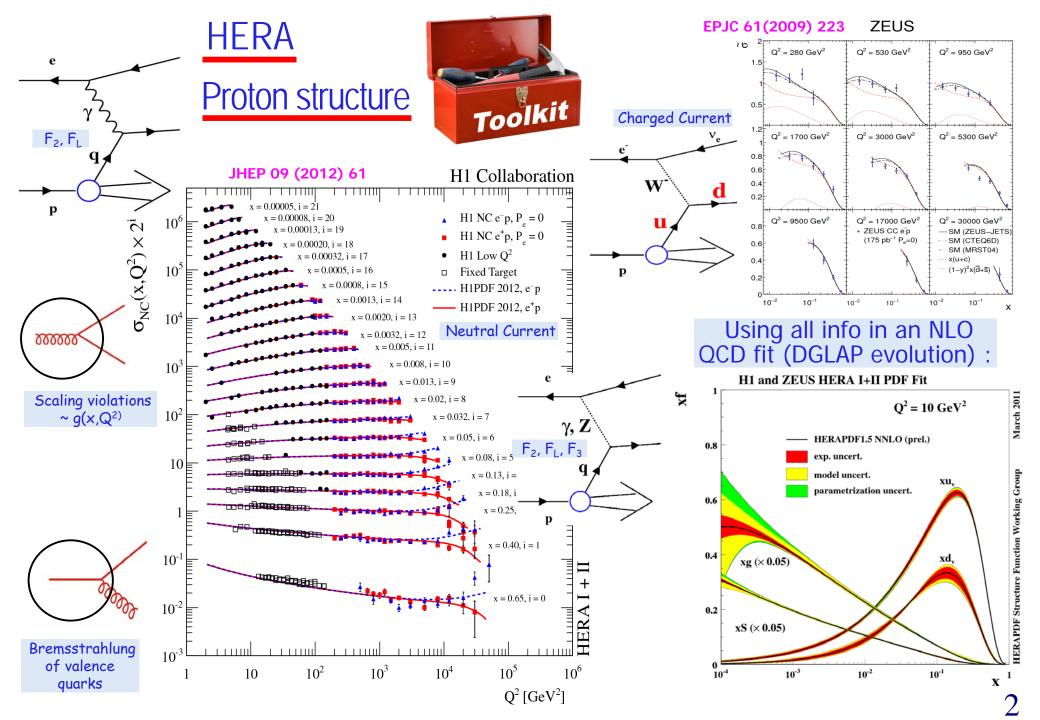
Olaf Behnke (DESY) on behalf of





Combination: H1prelim-14-041/ZEUS-prel-14-005
PDF fit: H1prelim-14-042/ZEUS-prel-14-007

www.desy.de/h1zeus/combined_results/index.php?do=proton_structure



Time development of H1ZEUS inclusive data combination

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H1ZEUS combination (2009)

Data Set	t	x G	irid	Q^2/Ge	V ² Grid	L	e^+/e^-	\sqrt{s}	x,Q^2 from	Ref.	
		from	to	from	to	pb^{-1}		GeV	equations		
HERA I $E_p = 820 \mathrm{G}$	eV and $E_p =$	920 GeV data	ı sets								
H1 svx-mb	95-00	0.000005	0.02	0.2	12	2.1	e^+p	301, 319	11,15,16	[2]	
H1 low Q^2	96-00	0.0002	0.1	12	150	22	e^+p	301, 319	11,15,16	[3]	
H1 NC	94-97	0.0032	0.65	150	30000	35.6	e^+p	301	17	[4]	
H1 CC	94-97	0.013	0.40	300	15000	35.6	e^+p	301	12	[4]	LIEDA
H1 NC	98-99	0.0032	0.65	150	30000	16.4	e^-p	319	17	[5]	HERA
H1 CC	98-99	0.013	0.40	300	15000	16.4	e^-p	319	12	[5]	
H1 NC HY	98-99	0.0013	0.01	100	800	16.4	e^-p	319	11	[6]	
H1 NC	99-00	0.0013	0.65	100	30000	65.2	e^+p	319	17	[6]	
H1 CC	99-00	0.013	0.40	300	15000	65.2	e^+p	319	12	[6]	
ZEUS BPC	95	0.000002	0.00006	0.11	0.65	1.65	e^+p	300	11	[10]	HERAPD
ZEUS BPT	97	0.0000006	0.001	0.045	0.65	3.9	e^+p	300	11, 17	[11]	
ZEUS SVX	95	0.000012	0.0019	0.6	17	0.2	e^+p	300	11	[12]	JHEP 1 (2010)
ZEUS NC	96-97	0.00006	0.65	2.7	30000	30.0	e^+p	300	19	[13]	
ZEUS CC	94-97	0.015	0.42	280	17000	47.7	e^+p	300	12	[14]	
ZEUS NC	98-99	0.005	0.65	200	30000	15.9	e^-p	318	18	[15]	
ZEUS CC	98-99	0.015	0.42	280	30000	16.4	e^-p	318	12	[16]	
ZEUS NC	99-00	0.005	0.65	200	30000	63.2	e^+p	318	18	[17]	
ZEUS CC	99-00	0.008	0.42	280	17000	60.9	e^+p	318	12	[18]	

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H1ZEUS combination (2010)

Г	Data Set		x G	x Grid		Q^2/GeV^2 Grid		e^{+}/e^{-}	\sqrt{s}	x,Q^2 from	Ref.
			from	to	from	to	pb^{-1}		GeV	equations	
	HERA I $E_p = 820$ GeV and $E_p = 920$ GeV data sets										
Γ	H1 svx-mb	95-00	0.000005	0.02	0.2	12	2.1	e^+p	301, 319	11,15,16	[2]
	H1 low Q^2	96-00	0.0002	0.1	12	150	22	e^+p	301, 319	11,15,16	[3]
	H1 NC	94-97	0.0032	0.65	150	30000	35.6	e^+p	301	17	[4]
	H1 CC	94-97	0.013	0.40	300	15000	35.6	e^+p	301	12	[4]
	H1 NC	98-99	0.0032	0.65	150	30000	16.4	e^-p	319	17	[5]
	H1 CC	98-99	0.013	0.40	300	15000	16.4	e^-p	319	12	[5]
	H1 NC HY	98-99	0.0013	0.01	100	800	16.4	e^-p	319	11	[6]
	H1 NC	99-00	0.0013	0.65	100	30000	65.2	e^+p	319	17	[6]
	H1 CC	99-00	0.013	0.40	300	15000	65.2	e^+p	319	12	[6]
	ZEUS BPC	95	0.000002	0.00006	0.11	0.65	1.65	e^+p	300	11	[10]
	ZEUS BPT	97	0.0000006	0.001	0.045	0.65	3.9	e^+p	300	11, 17	[11]
	ZEUS SVX	95	0.000012	0.0019	0.6	17	0.2	e^+p	300	11	[12]
	ZEUS NC	96-97	0.00006	0.65	2.7	30000	30.0	e^+p	300	19	[13]
	ZEUS CC	94-97	0.015	0.42	280	17000	47.7	e^+p	300	12	[14]
	ZEUS NC	98-99	0.005	0.65	200	30000	15.9	e^-p	318	18	[15]
	ZEUS CC	98-99	0.015	0.42	280	30000	16.4	e^-p	318	12	[16]
	ZEUS NC	99-00	0.005	0.65	200	30000	63.2	e^+p	318	18	[17]
	ZEUS CC	99-00	0.008	0.42	280	17000	60.9	e^+p	318	12	[18]
	HERA II $E_p = 920 \text{GeV}$	/ data sets						•			
	H1 NC	03-07	0.0008	0.65	60	30000	182	e^+p	319	11, 17	$[7]^{1}$
	HI CC HI NC P r	03-07	0.008	0.40	300 60	15000	182	$e_{e^-p}^{e^+p}$	319	t 11\$	$[7]^1$
		Θ_{3-0}	0.0008	0.6h a	60	50000	151.7	\Box_{e^-p}	L 819		$[7]^1$
	H1 CC	03-07	0.008	0.40	300	30000	151.7	e ⁻ p	319	12	[7] ¹
	ZEUS CC	06-07	0.0078	0.42	280	30000	132	e^+p	318	12	[22]
	ZEUS NC	05-06	0.005	0.65	200	30000	169.9	e^-p	318	18	[19]
	ZEUS CC	04-06	0.015	0.65	280	30000	175	e^-p	318	12	[20]
					•			-			

HERA I

HERAPDF1.5

H1prelim-10-141(2) ZEUS-prel-10-017(8)

Partial HERA II

H1ZEUS combination (2014)

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NO	W(
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Data Set		x G	rid	Q^2/Ge	V ² Grid	L	e^{+}/e^{-}	\sqrt{s}	x,Q^2 from	Ref.
		from	to	from	to	pb^{-1}		GeV	equations	
HERA I $E_p = 820 \text{GeV}$	and $E_v =$	920 GeV data	sets			-		•	-	
H1 svx-mb	95-00	0.000005		0.2	12	2.1	e ⁺ p	301, 319	11,15,16	[2]
H1 low Q^2	96-00	0.0002		12	150					[3]
	94-97	0.0032			30000					[4]
H1 CC	94-97	0.013		300	15000	35.6			12	[4]
	98-99	I			30000					[5]
H1 CC	98-99	0.013	0.40	300	15000	16.4			12	[5]
H1 NC HY	98-99	0.0013	0.01	100	800	16.4		319	11	[6]
H1 NC	99-00	0.0013	0.65	100	30000	65.2	e^+p	319	17	[6]
H1 CC	99-00	0.013	0.40	300	15000	65.2	e^+p	319	12	[6]
ZEUS BPC	95	0.000002	0.00006	0.11	0.65	1.65		300	11	[10]
ZEUS BPT	97	0.0000006		0.045			e^+p	300		[11]
ZEUS SVX	95	0.000012		0.6				300		[12]
		0.00006					e^+p			[13]
		1					e^+p	I		[14]
ZEUS NC					30000	15.9		1		[15]
ZEUS CC		1			30000	16.4				[16]
	99-00			200		63.2				[17]
	99-00			280		60.9	e^+p			[18]
							1			
			0.65	60	30000	182	e ⁺ p	319	11, 17	[7] ¹
				300						[7]1
								1	I	[7] ¹
		I								$[7]^{1}$
								I	1	[9]
H1 NC low $O^2 *y.5$										[9]
										[21]
							e^+p			[22]
										[19]
										[20]
ZEUS NC nominal *y							e^+p			[23]
				5			$e^+ p$			[23]
							F			[]
			0.65	35	800	5.4	e ⁺ p	252	11, 17	[8]
H1 NC low Q^2	07	0.0000279	0.0148	1.5	90	5.9	e^+p	252	11	[9]
ZEUS NC nominal	07	0.000147	0.013349	7	110	7.1	e^+p	251	11	[23]
ZEUS NC satellite	07	0.000125	0.013349	5	110	7.1	e^+p	251	11	[23]
HERA II $E_p = 460 \text{GeV}$ data sets										
H1 NC high Q ²	07	0.00081	0.65	35	800	11.8	e^+p	225	11, 17	[8]
H1 NC low \widetilde{Q}^2	07	0.0000348	0.0148	1.5	90	12.2	e^+p	225	11	[9]
ZEUS NC nominal	07	0.000184	0.016686	7	110	13.9	e^+p	225	11	[23]
ZEUS NC satellite	07	0.000143	0.016686	5	110	13.9	e^+p	225	11	[23]
	HERA I $E_p = 820 \mathrm{GeV}$ H1 svx-mb H1 low Q^2 H1 NC H1 CC H1 NC H1 CC H1 NC HY H1 NC H1 CC ZEUS BPC ZEUS BPT ZEUS SVX ZEUS NC H1 NC med Q^2 *y.5 H1 NC low Q^2 *y.5 ZEUS NC nominal *y ZEUS NC satellite *y HERA II $E_p = 575 \mathrm{GeV}$ H1 NC low Q^2 ZEUS NC nominal ZEUS NC satellite HERA II $E_p = 460 \mathrm{GeV}$ H1 NC low Q^2 ZEUS NC nominal	HERA I E_p = 820 GeV and E_p = H1 svx-mb 95-00 H1 low Q^2 96-00 H1 NC 94-97 H1 CC 94-97 H1 NC 98-99 H1 NC HY 98-99 H1 NC HY 99-00 H1 NC HY 99-00 H1 NC HY 99-00 H1 NC HY 99-00 H1 NC HY 98-99 ZEUS BPT PT 97 ZEUS SVX PS 95 ZEUS NC PS-97 94-97 ZEUS NC PS-99 98-99 ZEUS NC PS-99 99-00 ZEUS NC PS-99 99-00 JEUS NC PS-99 99-00 HERA II E_p = 920 GeV data sets H1 NC O 33-07 H1 NC O 33-07 H1 NC O 33-07 H1 NC O 33-07 H1 NC med Q^2 *y.5 03-07 H1 NC med Q^2 *y.5 03-07 H1 NC low Q^2 *y.5 03-07 ZEUS NC Satellite *y 06-07 ZEUS NC satellite *y 06-07 ZEUS NC nominal Properties 07 HERA II E_p = 575 GeV data sets H1 NC high	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	From Ito From Ito Herra Ito Herra Ito Ito Herra Ito Ito Herra Ito Ito	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	From To From To From To Pb^-1	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

HERA I

HERAPDF2.0 (prel.)

H1prelim-14-041(2) ZEUS-prel-14-005(7)

Complete HERA II including Ep=460,575 GeV data

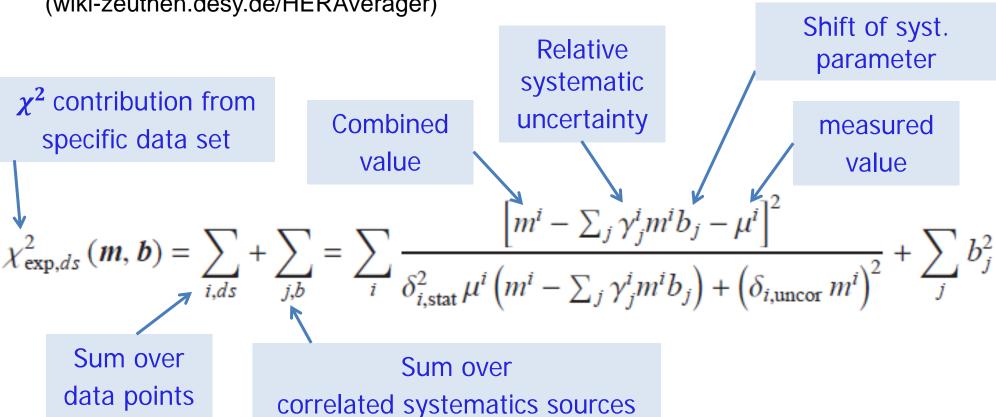


Data combination method

Use HERAaverager program



(wiki-zeuthen.desy.de/HERAverager)

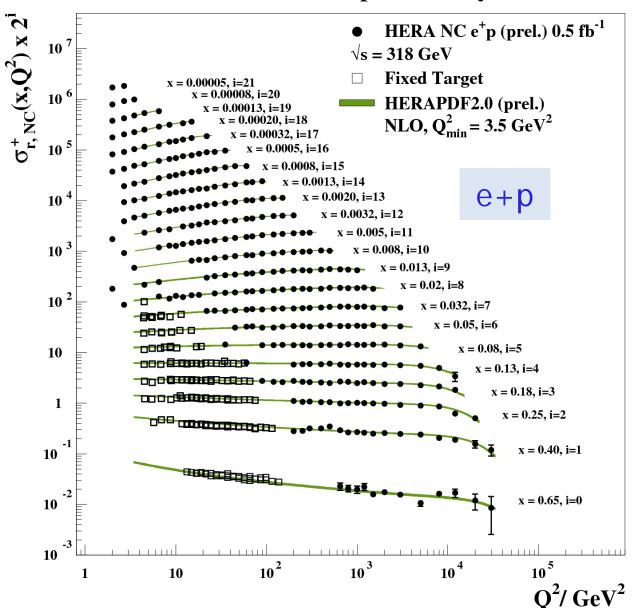


- Statistical uncertainties assumed to scale $\sim \sqrt{\text{[expected #events]}} = \text{Pearson}\chi^2$
- All correlated systematic sources treated as multiplicative

Neutral Current: exemplary combination results H1 and ZEUS preliminary $\sigma_{r,\,NC}^{+}(x,Q^2)$ 1.8 HERA NC e⁺p (prel.) 0.5 fb⁻¹ e+p $\sqrt{s} = 318 \text{ GeV}$ x = 0.002**ZEUS HERA II** x=0.0002**ZEUS HERA I** H1 HERA II 1.2 H1 HERA I x = 0.0080.8 x = 0.0320.6 0.4 0.2 → consistent data x = 0.25→ large error reductions 103 102 104 10

Neutral Current: **perturbative** region Q²>2 GeV²

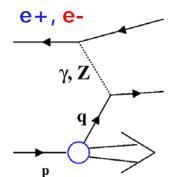
H1 and ZEUS preliminary



- → Showing all combined points
- → Comprehensive map of scaling violations
- → Smallest uncertainties
- $\sim 1\%$ for 20 < Q² < 100 GeV²

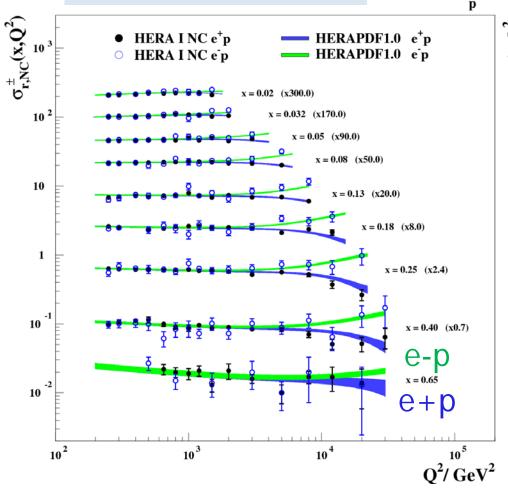
Neutral Current: compare e+p with e-p

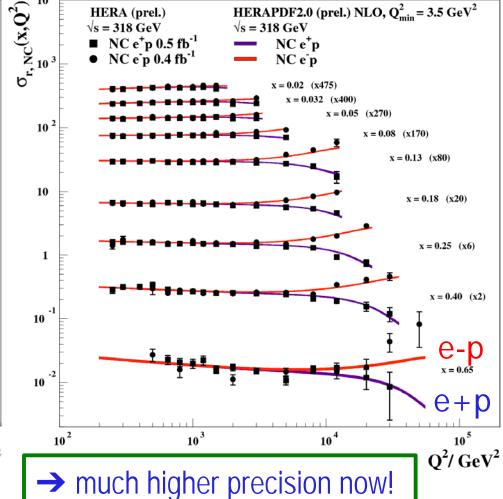
HERAPDF1.0 = HERA I



→ See clear γz interference effects

HERAPDF2.0 = ALL IN



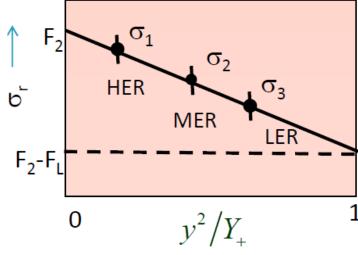


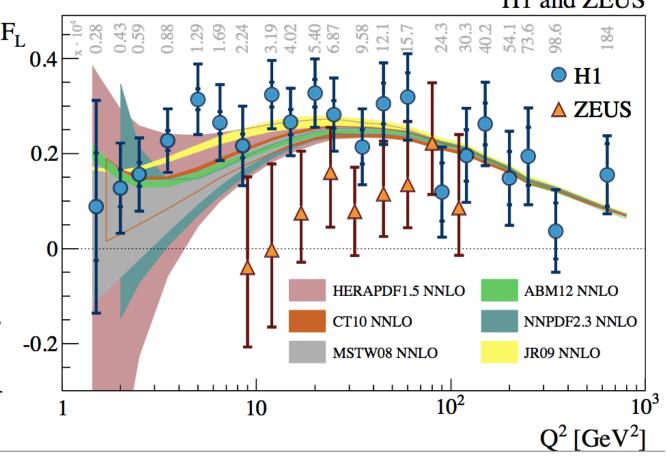
H1 and ZEUS

HER: Ep=920 GeV

MER: Ep=575 GeV

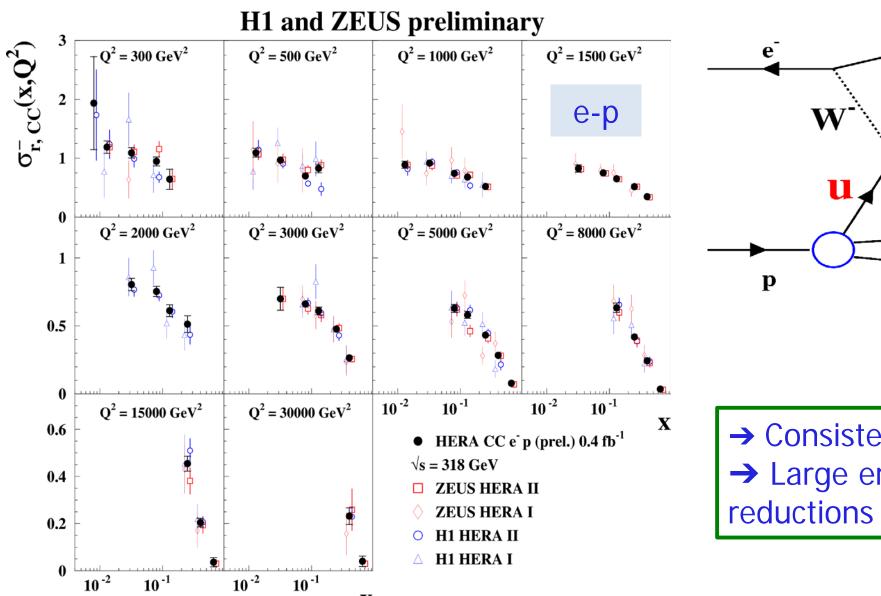
LER: Ep=460 GeV



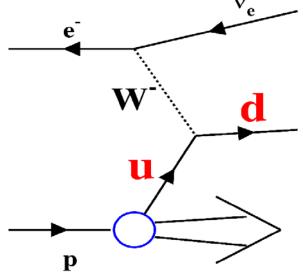


- \rightarrow Overall (using all data points) H1/ZEUS consistency within ~1-2 σ
- → Reduced cross sections Rave already Been combined (separately for HER, MER and LER), see appendix

Charged Current: exemplary combination results



X



- → Consistent data
- → Large error

Second part of talk:

QCD analysis = PDF fit to the new HERA combined data

HERAPDF2.0 PDF Fit - settings

PDFs parametrised at starting scale $Q_0^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$:

$$xg(x) = A_{g}x^{B_{g}}(1-x)^{C_{g}} - A'_{g}x^{B'_{g}}(1-x)^{C'_{g}},$$

$$xu_{v}(x) = A_{u_{v}}x^{B_{u_{v}}}(1-x)^{C_{u_{v}}}\left(1+D_{u_{v}}x+E_{u_{v}}x^{2}\right)$$

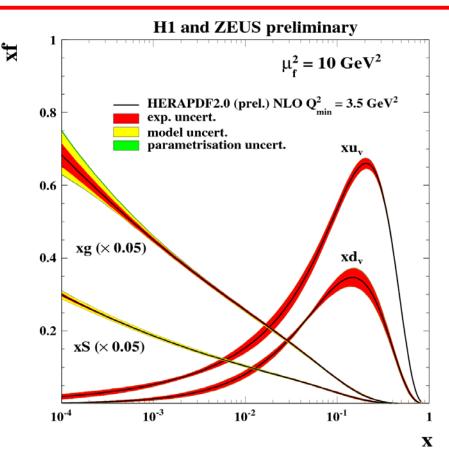
$$xd_{v}(x) = A_{d_{v}}x^{B_{d_{v}}}(1-x)^{C_{d_{v}}},$$

$$x\bar{U}(x) = A_{\bar{U}}x^{B_{\bar{U}}}(1-x)^{C_{\bar{U}}}(1+D_{\bar{U}}x),$$

$$x\bar{D}(x) = A_{\bar{D}}x^{B_{\bar{D}}}(1-x)^{C_{\bar{D}}}.$$

- Constraints: fix $C'_g = 25$, QCD sum rules, $x\overline{u} \to x\overline{d}$ as $x \to 0$, $x\overline{s} = f_s x\overline{D} \longrightarrow 15$ free parameters
- **▶ Evolve** PDFs in Q² with DGLAP at (N)NLO **QCDNUM program**
- Heavy quarks (charm and beauty): use Thorne-Roberts variable flavour number scheme

Sources of HERAPDF uncertainties



Experimental

• use $\Delta \chi^2 = 1$ criterion

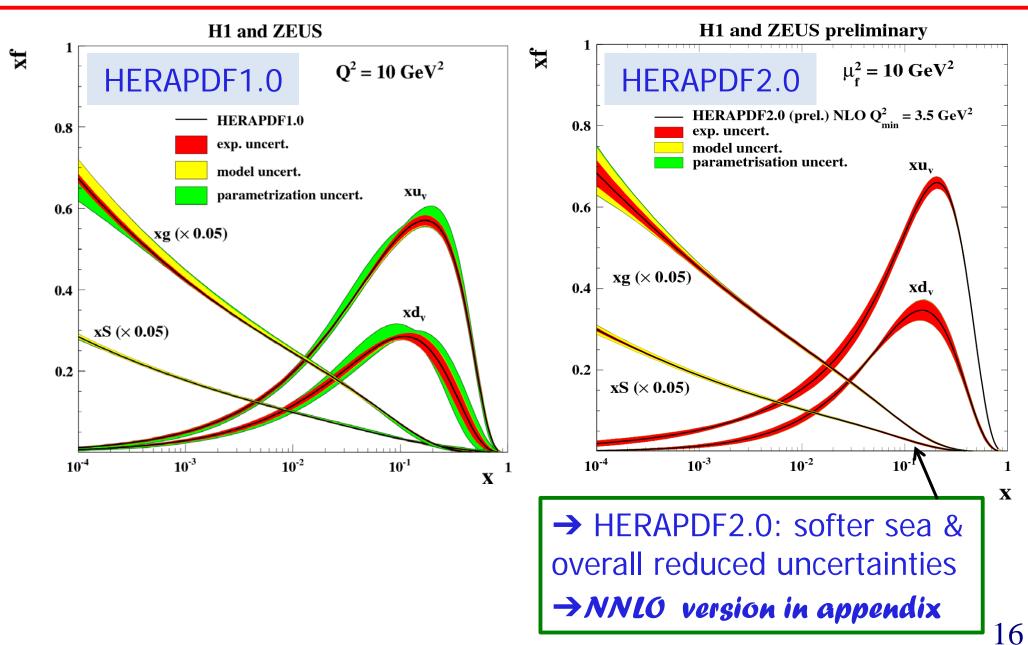
Model:

Variation	Standard Value	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
f_s	0.4	0.3	0.5
M_c^{opt} (NLO) [GeV]	1.47	1.41	1.53
M_c^{opt} (NNLO) [GeV]	1.44	1.38	1.50
M_b [GeV]	4.75	4.5	5.0
Q_{min}^2 [GeV ²]	10.0	7.5	12.5
Q_{min}^2 [GeV ²]	3.5	2.5	5.0
Q_0^2 [GeV ²]	1.9	1.6	2.2

Parametrisation

- Form envelope from variants:
 - Try out extra D or E parameters $(1 + Dx + Ex^2)$
 - \rightarrow Q₀² variation \rightarrow dominant effect

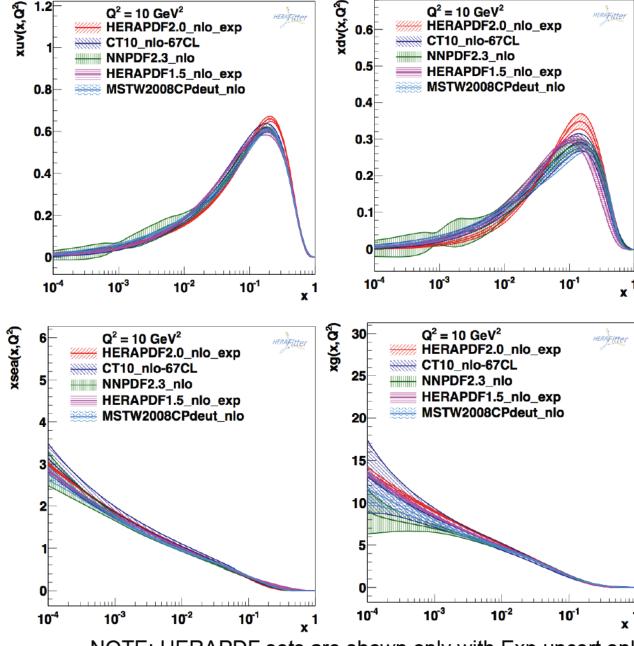
HERAPDF1.0 and 2.0 at NLO with $Q_{min}^2=3.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



Comparison to

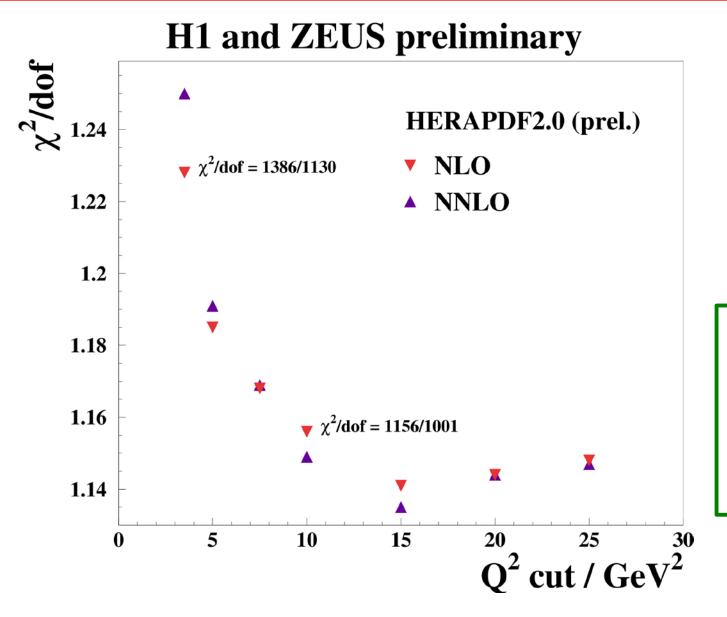
other (global)

PDFs



NOTE: HERAPDF sets are shown only with Exp uncert only!

HERAPDF2.0: χ^2 goodness of fit to HERA data



vs Q²_{min} cut

→ Similar fit-quality for NNLO and NLO
 → also provide
 PDF sets with
 Q²_{min}=10 GeV²

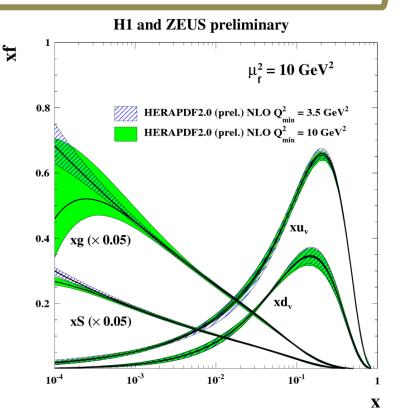
Summary

HERA data combination:

- of all final inclusive deep inelastic cross section measurements by H1 and ZEUS
- ◆ obtained results, based on 1 fb-1 luminosity, have high precision (smallest uncertainties of ~1% at 20<Q²<100 GeV²)</p>

HERAPDF2.0 (prel.) PDF fit:

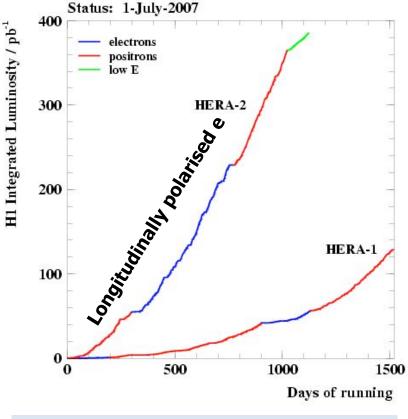
- High precision PDFs at NLO or NNLO
- Two versions:
 fitting data with
 Q²_{min}>3.5 or >10 GeV²



Backup slides

The HERA ep collider (1992-2007)



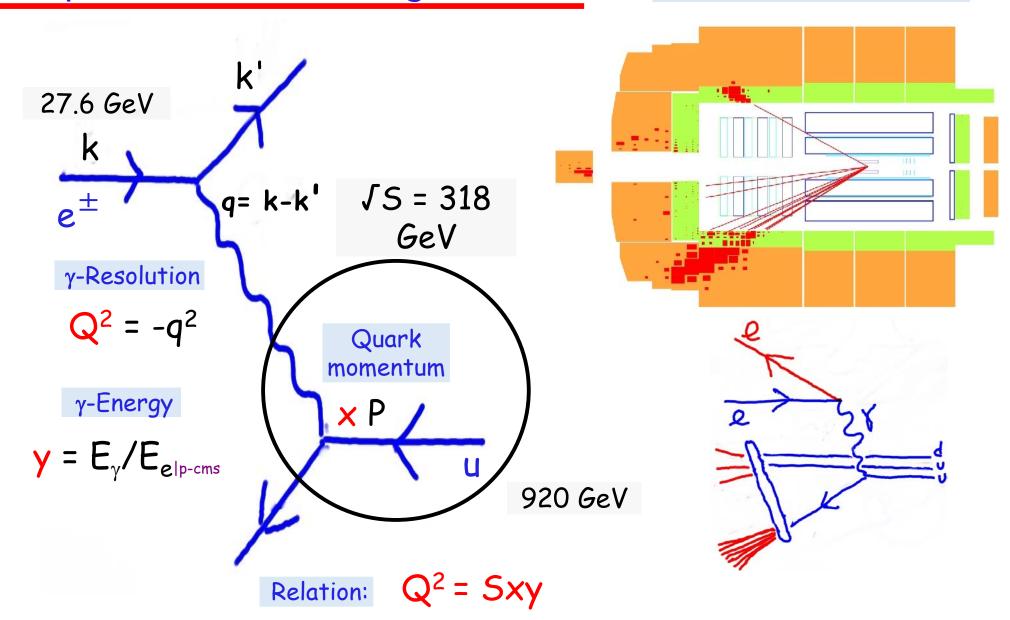


318 GeV HERA: p (920 GeV) e[±](27.6 GeV)

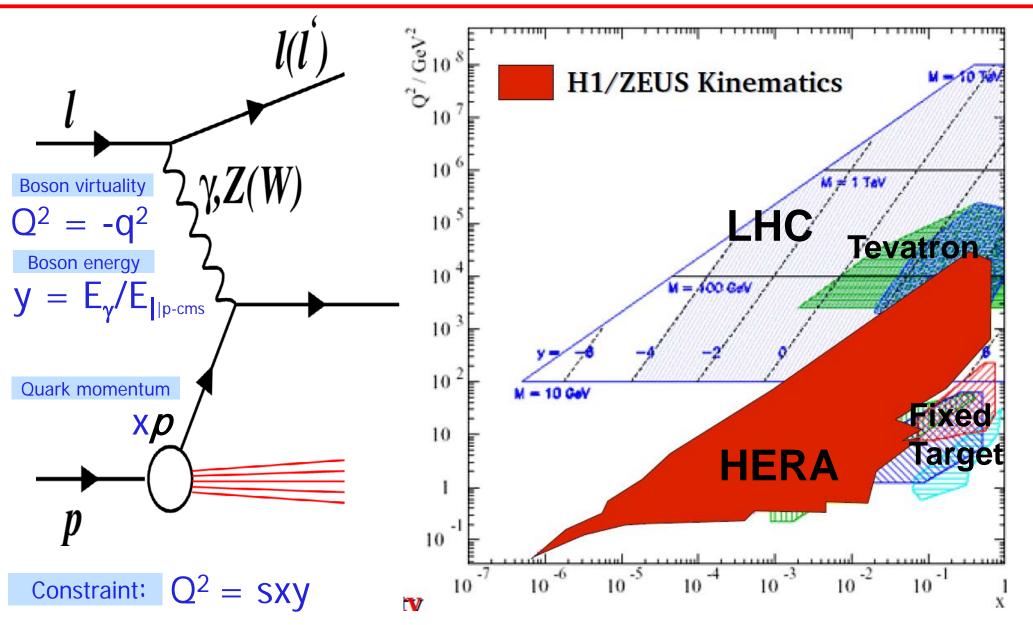
~0.5 fb⁻¹ per experiment

Deep inelastic scattering at HERA

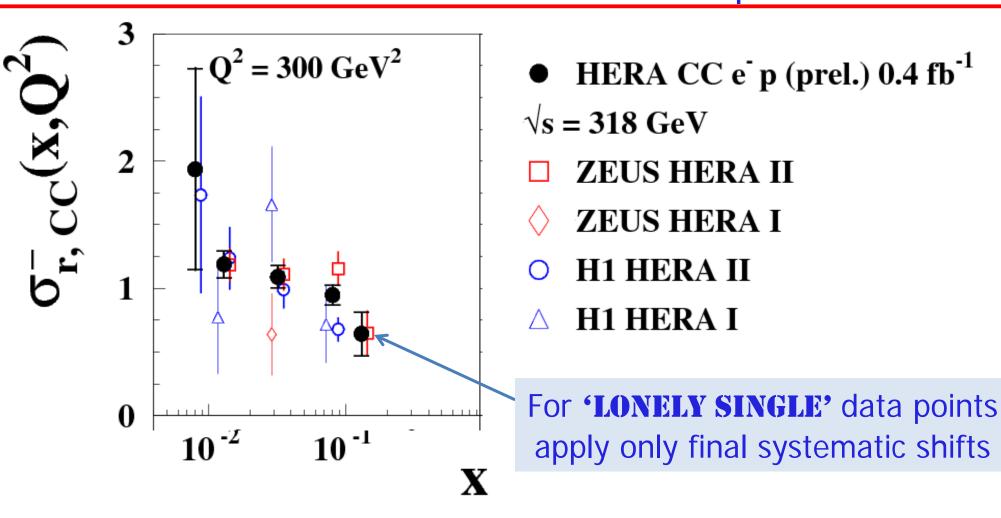
NC event in H1 detector:



Probing p Structure in Deep Inelastic scattering at HERA

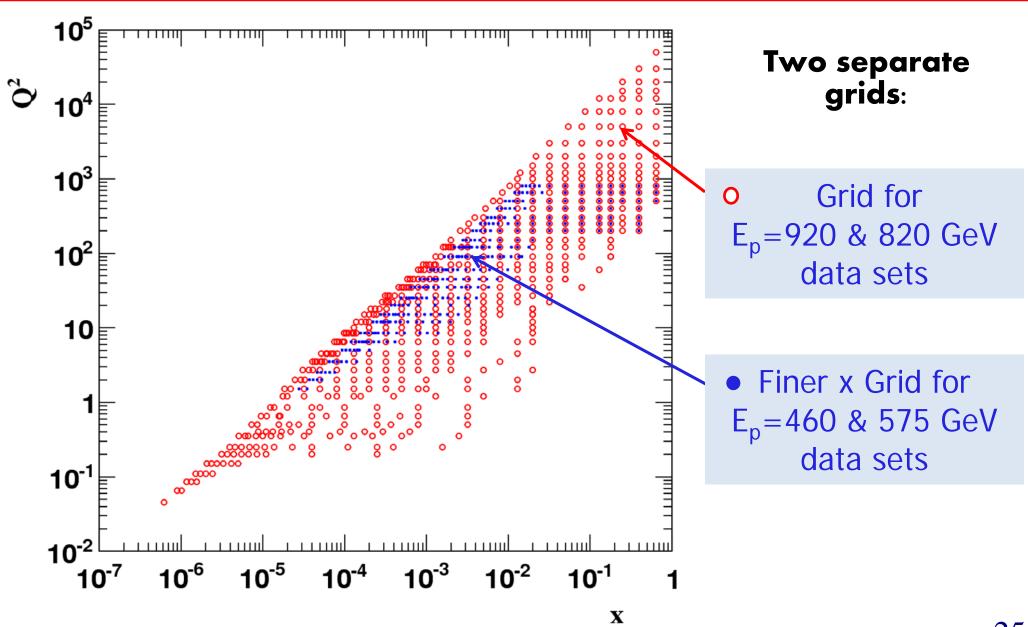


Data combination - example

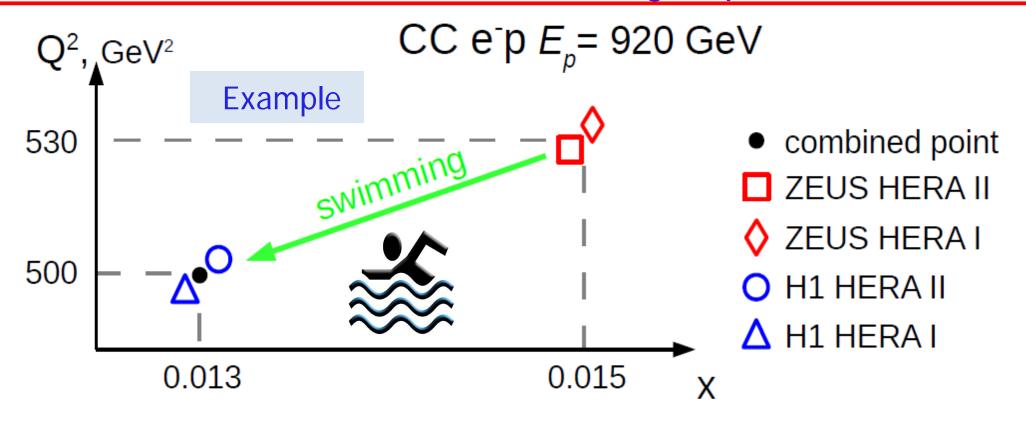


→ Combine nearby data at common Q^2 , x points (grids of points) ⇒ requires sometimes some *swimming* (details in appendix)

Common Q²,x grids



Swim data to common grid points



- Use QCD fit to all the inclusive HERA data for swimming correction
- for Q²>3 GeV²: QCD fit with **DGLAP**; for Q²<4.9 GeV² fit **fractal model**, interpolate between the two corrections for 3<Q²<4.9 GeV²
- Iterative procedure (Fit first to uncombined data and later to combined data)

26

Systematic uncertainties

- Note: the proper classification of systematic uncertainties into uncorrelated or correlated (between bins, samples or the two experiments) is a most important combination issue
- There are in total 162 sources of correlated uncertainties spread over the various H1 and ZEUS data sets (examples: hadronic & electromagnetic energy scales)

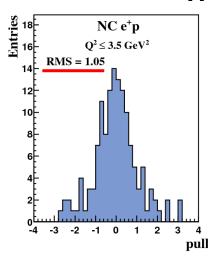
Add extra procedural uncertainties:

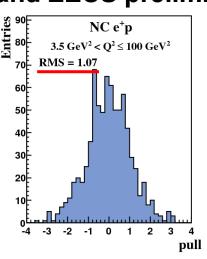
- Treat errors in χ^2 as additive (instead of multiplicative)
- Consider possible correlations beteen data sets/experiments:
 - Hadronic energy scale
 - Photoproduction background

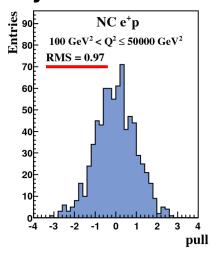
First look at combination results - consistency

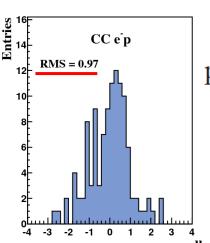
- 2927 data points combined to 1307: total $\chi^2/ndf = \frac{1685}{1620}$
- Shifts for 162 correlated systematics usually small (max. ~2.4 σ)

H1 and ZEUS preliminary



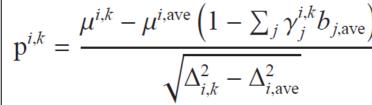




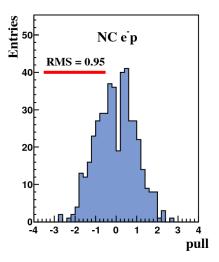


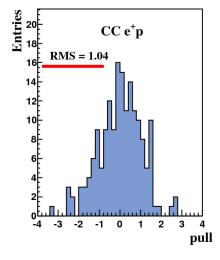
Pulls for data points:





→ consistent data





e^{\pm} γ , Z q

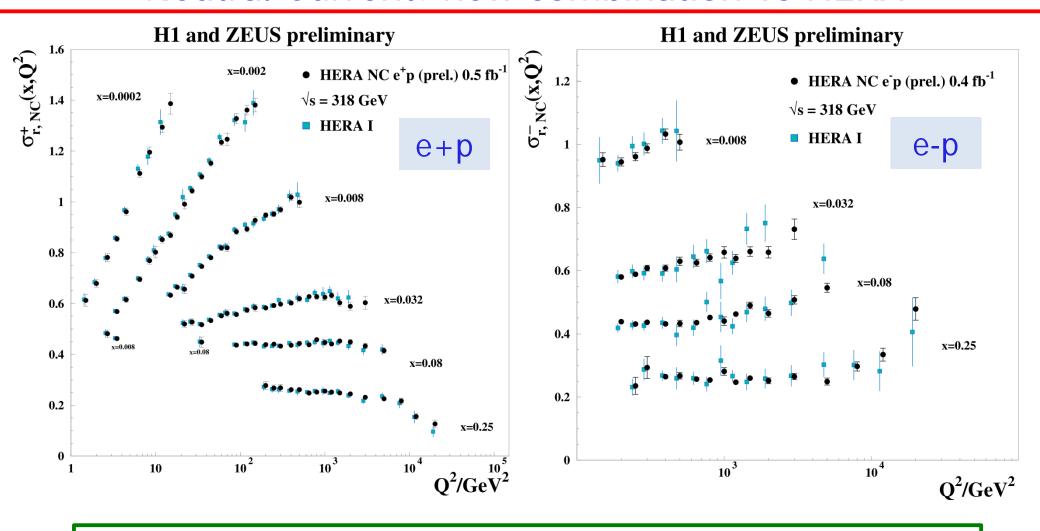
Results for Neutral currents

Combined are the reduced cross sections:

$$\sigma_{r,\text{NC}}^{\pm} = \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma_{\text{NC}}^{e^{\pm} p}}{\mathrm{d}x \mathrm{d}Q^2} \cdot \frac{Q^4 x}{2\pi\alpha^2 Y_+} = \tilde{F}_2 \mp \frac{Y_-}{Y_+} x \tilde{F}_3 - \frac{y^2}{Y_+} \tilde{F}_L$$

with
$$Y_{\pm} = 1 \pm (1 - y)^2$$

Neutral Current: new combination vs HERA I

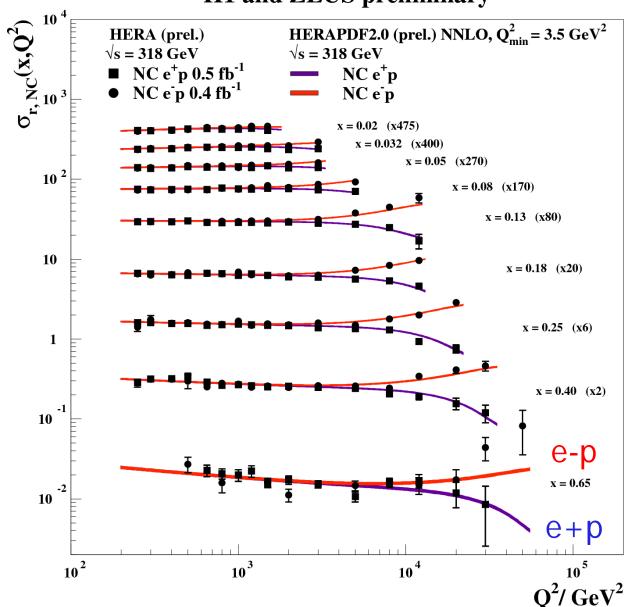


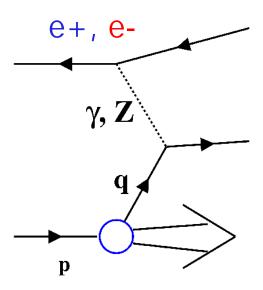
→ e+p: Sizable error reductions (up to 3x lumi increase)

→ e- p: Large error reductions (10x lumi increase)

Neutral Current: compare e+p with e-p

H1 and ZEUS preliminary

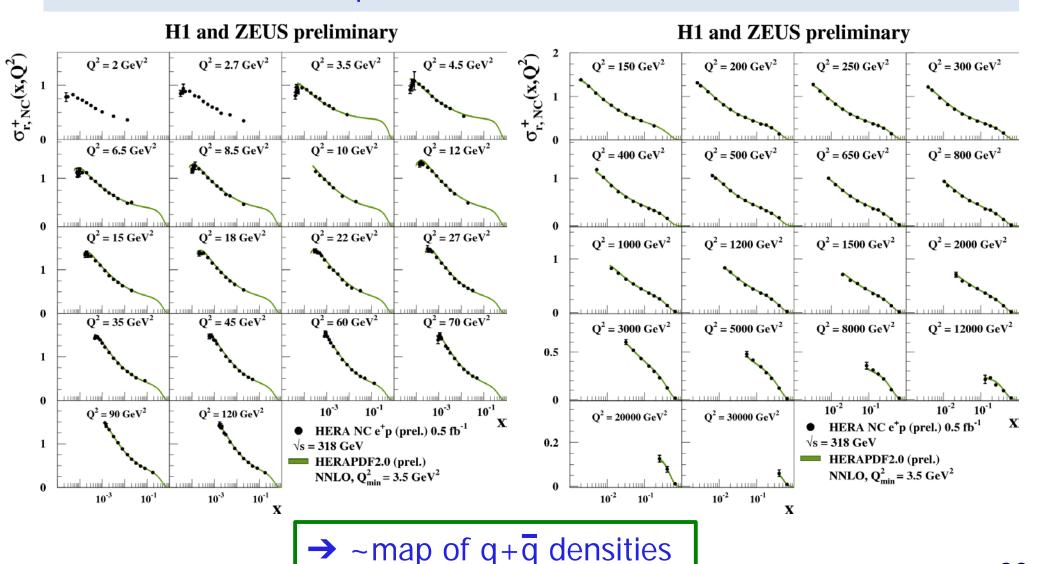




→ See clear γz interference effects

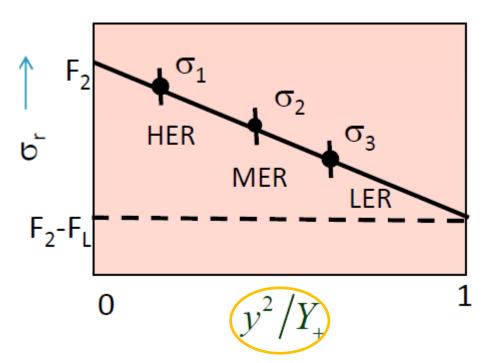
Neutral Current: **perturbative** region Q²>2 GeV²

Other view on e+p data: as function of x for fixed values of Q²



HERA low **Ep** data and **F**₁

- Bulk of HERA data: Ep=920 GeV (HER)
- Ep=460 GeV (LER) and Ep=575 (MER) data taken in 2007



$$\sigma_{r,NC} = F_2 - \frac{y^2}{Y_+} F_L$$

Straight line fit:

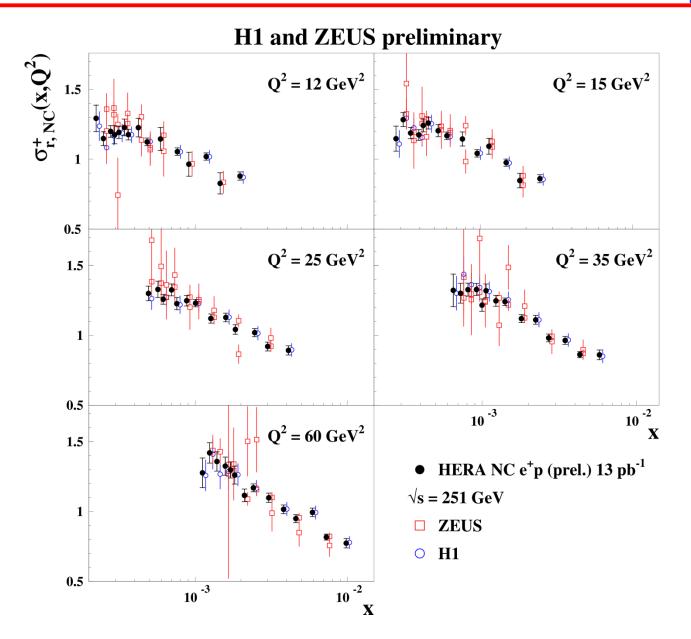
 $F_2 = Intercept$

 F_L = Negative slope

- Recently both H1 (EPJC 74 (2014) 2814) and ZEUS (DESY 14-053) published their final results on LER/MER data and on F_L, extending the Q² phasespace
- Cross section data were already combined,

see next slide

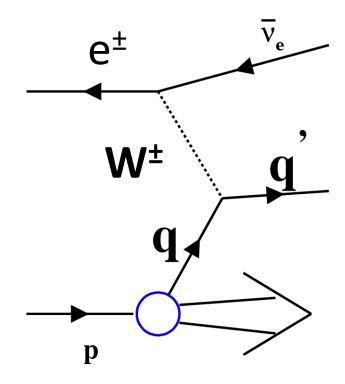
Neutral current: combination of Ep=460 GeV data



→ Consistent data

Similar results for Ep = 575 GeV data

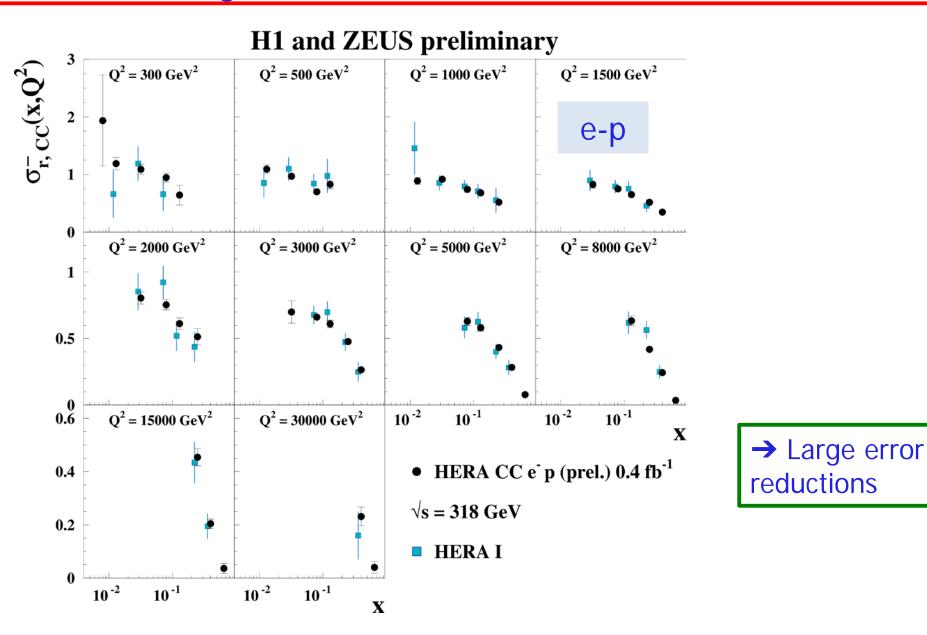
Results for Charged currents



Combined are the reduced cross sections:

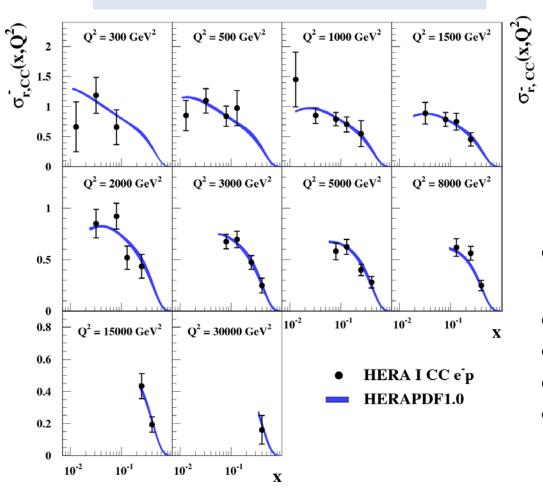
$$\sigma_{r,\text{CC}}^{\pm} = \frac{2\pi x}{G_F^2} \left[\frac{M_W^2 + Q^2}{M_W^2} \right]^2 \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma_{\text{CC}}^{e^{\pm} p}}{\mathrm{d}x \mathrm{d}Q^2}$$

Charged Current: new combination vs HERA I

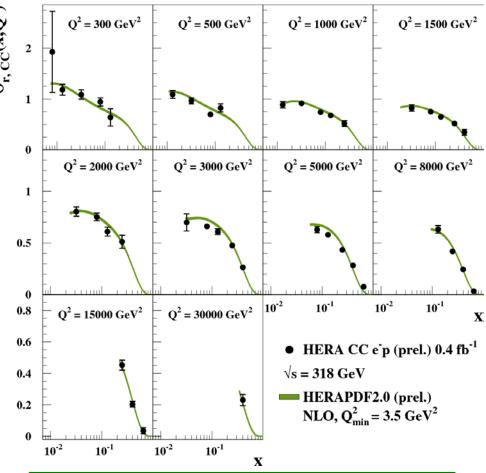


Charged Current: old and new combination

HERAPDF1.0 = HERA I



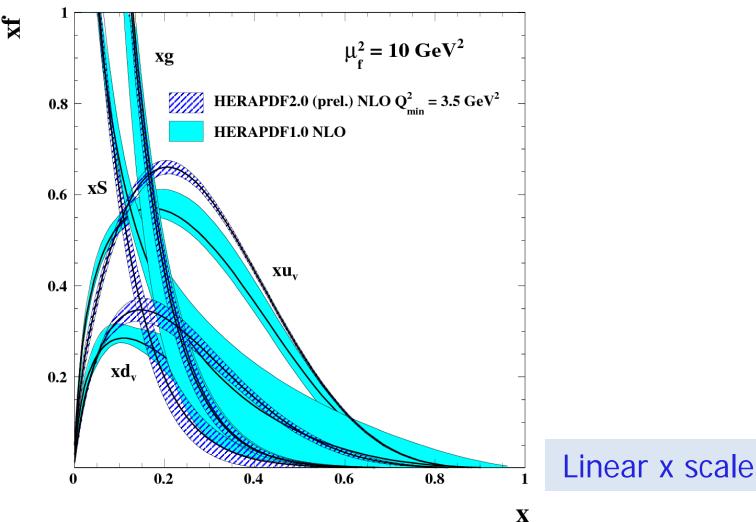
HERAPDF2.0 = ALL IN



→ much improved precision and new data points

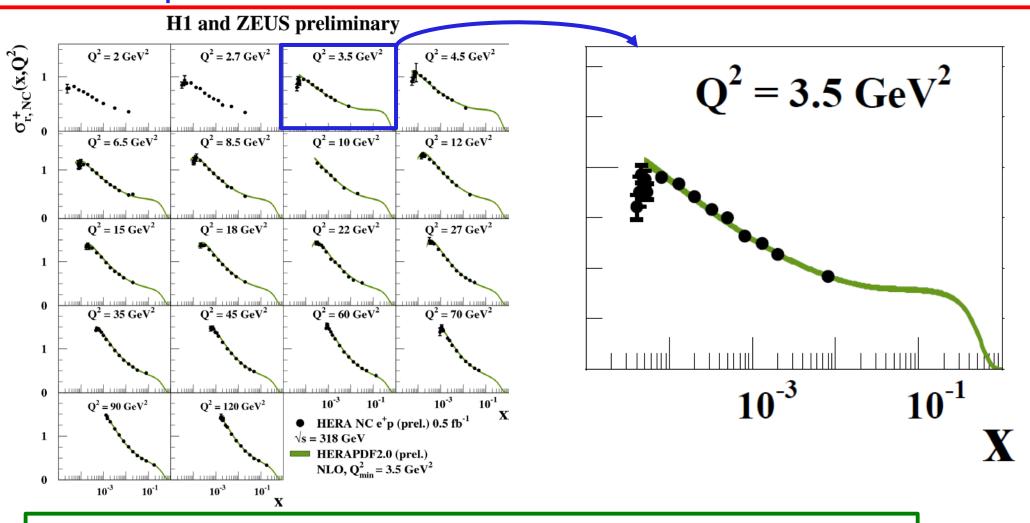
HERAPDF1.0 and 2.0 at NLO with $Q_{min}^2 = 3.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

H1 and ZEUS preliminary



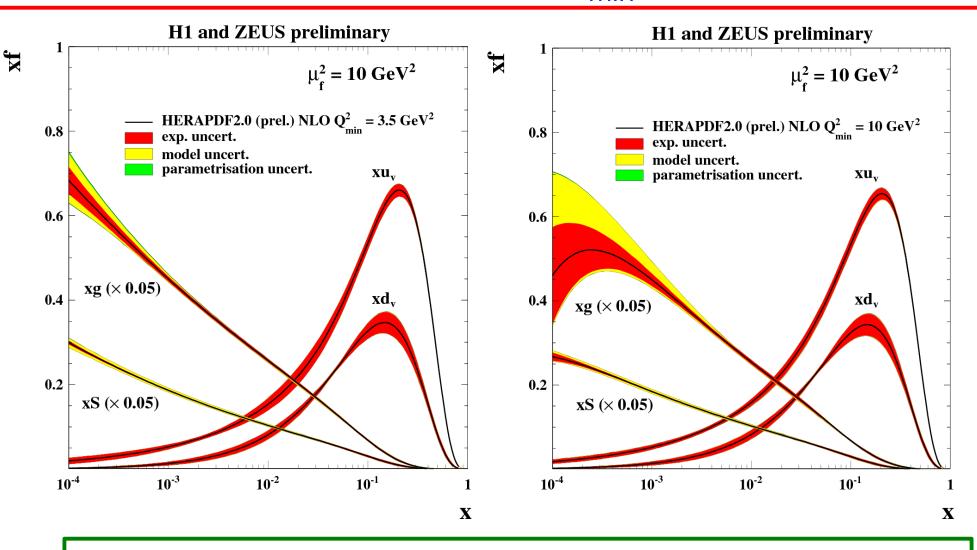
→ HERAPDF2.0: softer sea & overall reduced uncertainties

e+p Neutral Current data vs HERAPDF2.0 NLO



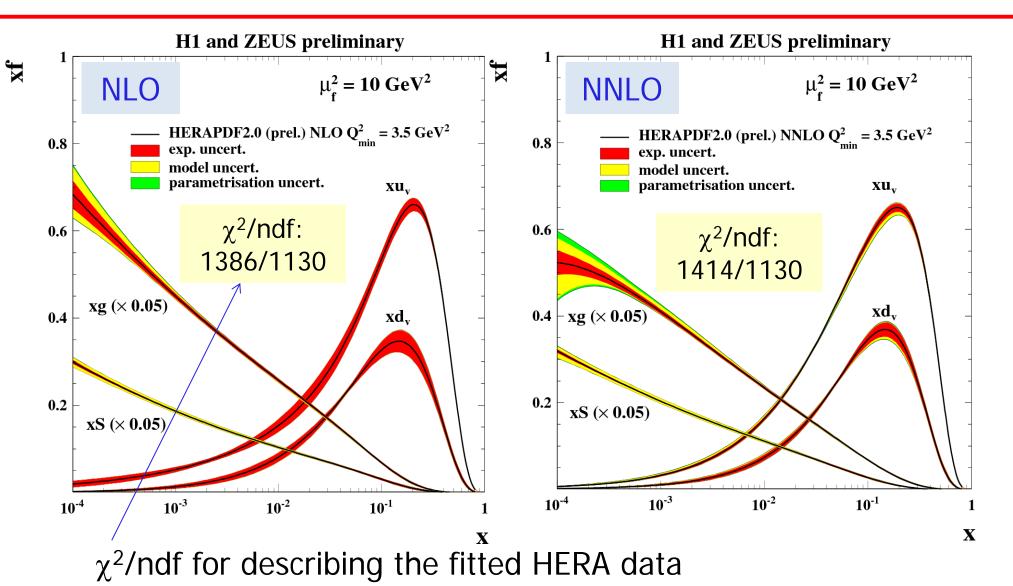
- → in general good description by fit (for all fitted data sets!)
- → At low Q²<10 GeV² description gets (here) a bit worse
- → Very similar picture at NNLO

Comparison of PDFs with $Q_{min}^2 = 3.5$ and 10 GeV²



→ Q²_{min}=10 GeV² cut: ⇒ increases uncertainty of low-x gluon ⇒ leaves high-x region ~unaffected

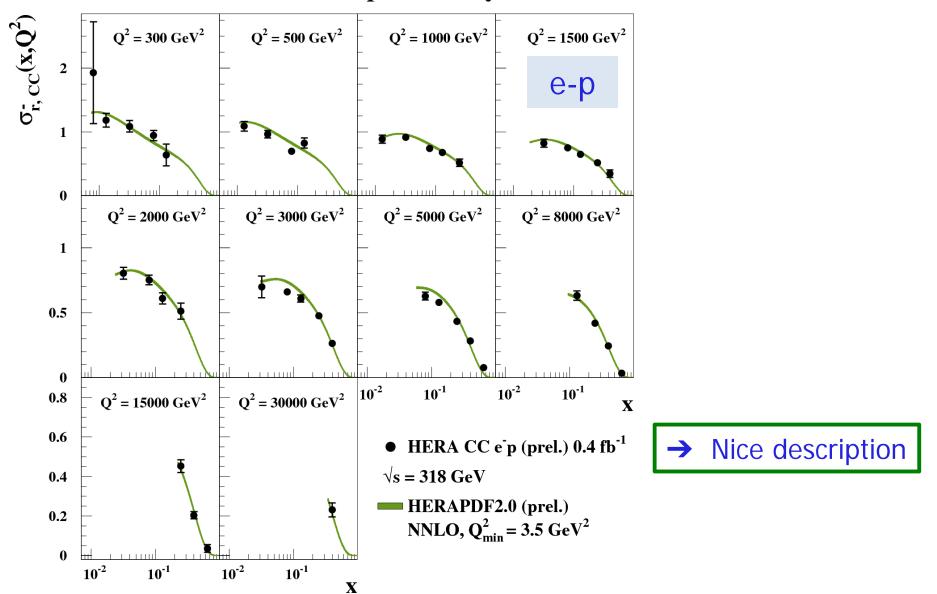
HERAPDF2.0 NLO and NNLO variants



→ Similar fit quality at NLO and NNLO

Charged Current: combined results vs HERAPDF2.0 NNLO

H1 and ZEUS preliminary



Charged Current: combined results vs HERAPDF2.0 NNLO

H1 and ZEUS preliminary

