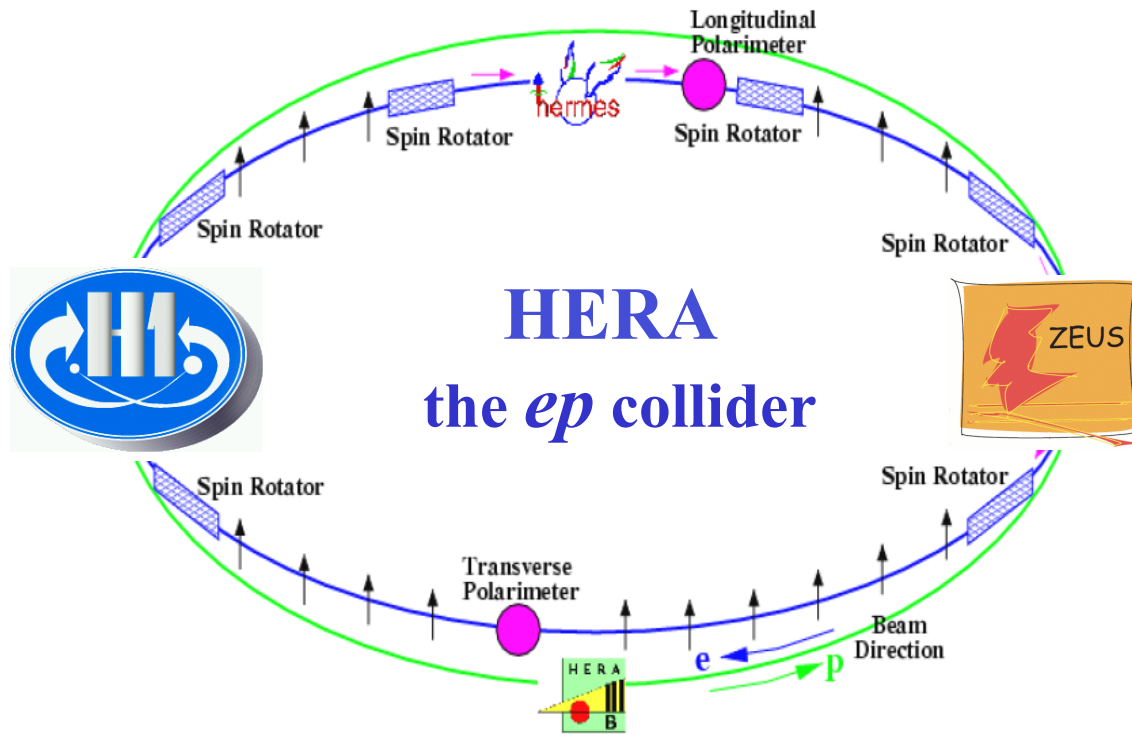


Proton Structure Measurements from HERA to LHC

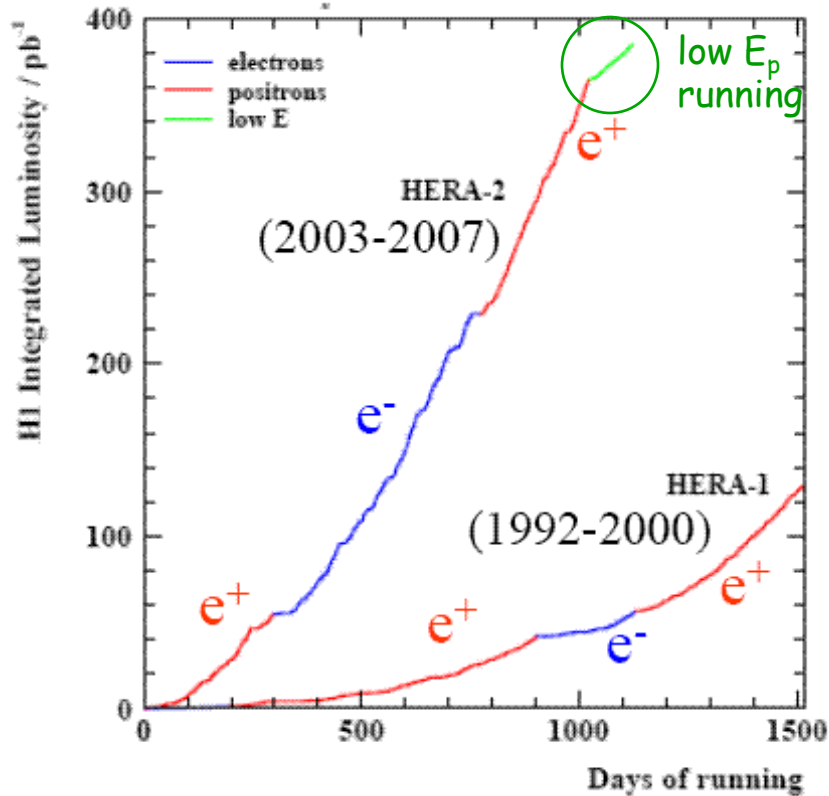
Vladimir Chekelian (MPI for Physics, Munich)

on behalf of the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations

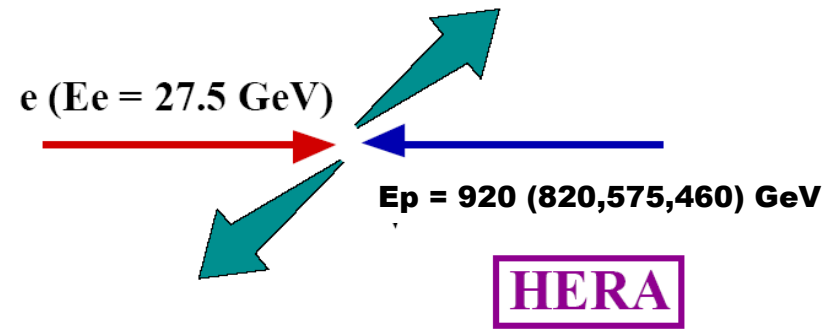


- HERA / DIS / NC / CC
- Inclusive ep Cross Sections
- Proton Structure Functions
- HERAPDF
- HERAFitter
- Summary

20 Years of HERA (data taking 1992–2007)



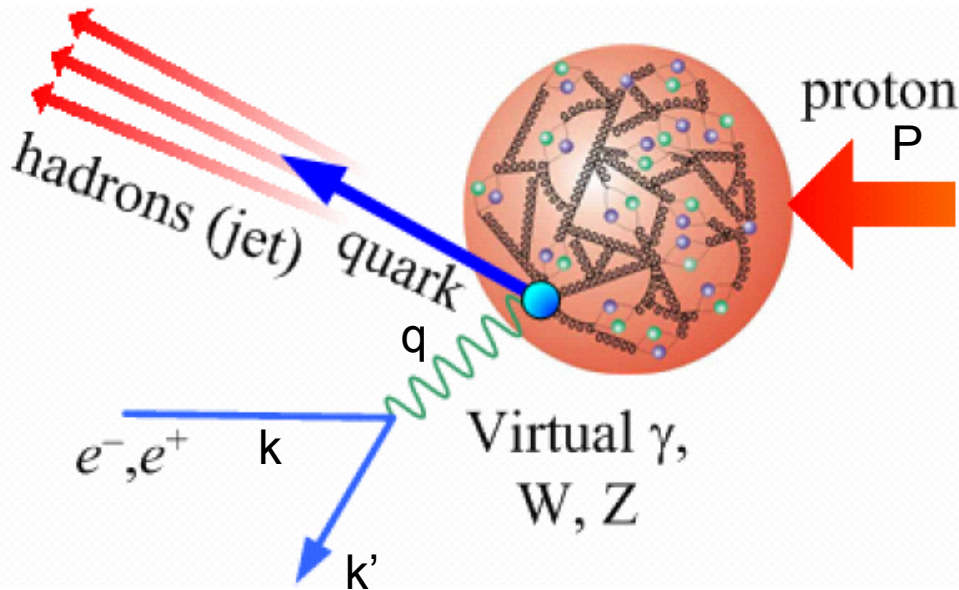
HERA I	1992-2000	~120 pb ⁻¹
HERA II	2003-2007	~380 pb ⁻¹



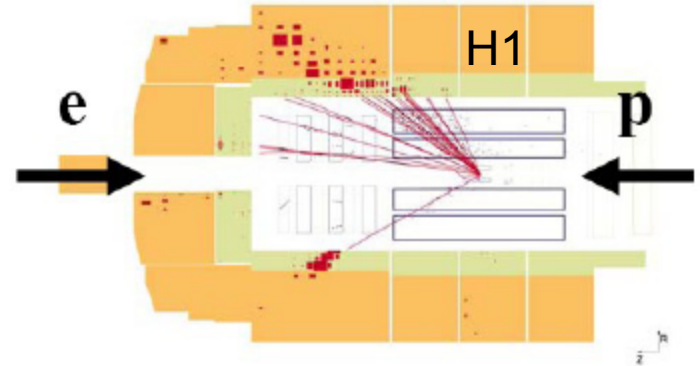
located at DESY, Hamburg
 peak luminosity $5 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$
 $Q^2_{\text{max}} = 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2$
 $\lambda_{\text{min}} \sim 1/1000 r_{\text{proton}}$
 longitudinal polarisation of e-beam

H1+ZEUS in total ~ 1 fb⁻¹
 about equally shared between
 - experiments (H1, ZEUS)
 - e⁺ and e⁻,
 - positive and negative P_e
 low proton energy running for F_L

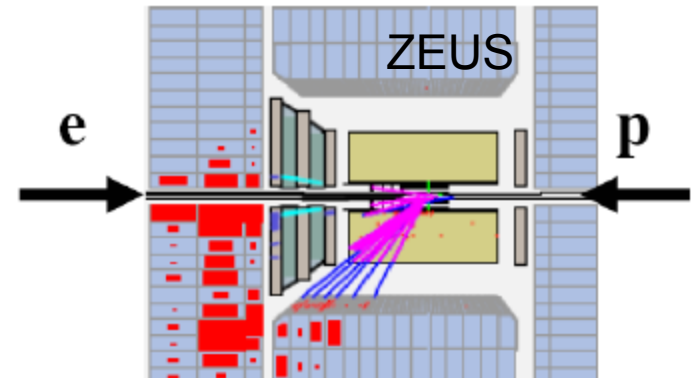
Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS)



Neutral Current (NC): $e^\pm p \rightarrow e^\pm X$



Charged Current (CC): $e^\pm p \rightarrow \nu X$



$$Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k-k')^2 \quad \text{virtuality of } \gamma^*, Z^0, W$$

$$x = Q^2/2(Pq) \quad \text{Bjorken } x$$

$$y = (Pq)/(Pk) \quad \text{inelasticity}$$

$$Q^2 = sxy \quad s=(k+P)^2$$

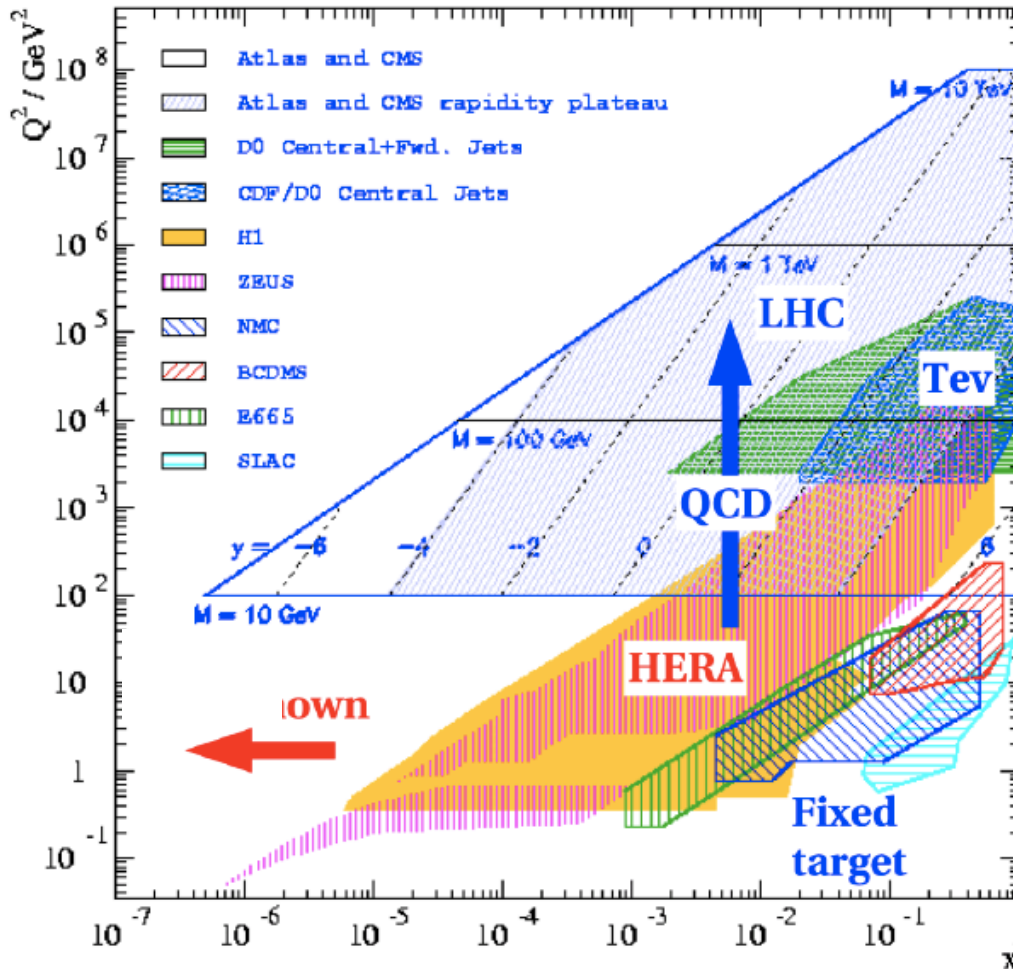
Factorisation: $\sigma_{DIS} : \hat{\sigma} \otimes pdf(x)$

$\hat{\sigma}$ - perturbative QCD cross section

pdf - universal parton distribution functions

from HERA to LHC

HERA: span 5 orders of magnitude in x and Q^2



→ HERA covers x range of the LHC

HERA: large number of individual data sets from H1 and ZEUS, covering different parts of the phase space, obtained in different periods, using different detector components, different beam energies, ...

HERA I (1994-2000) inclusive NC & CC analyses are completed and published both by H1 and ZEUS, and combined.

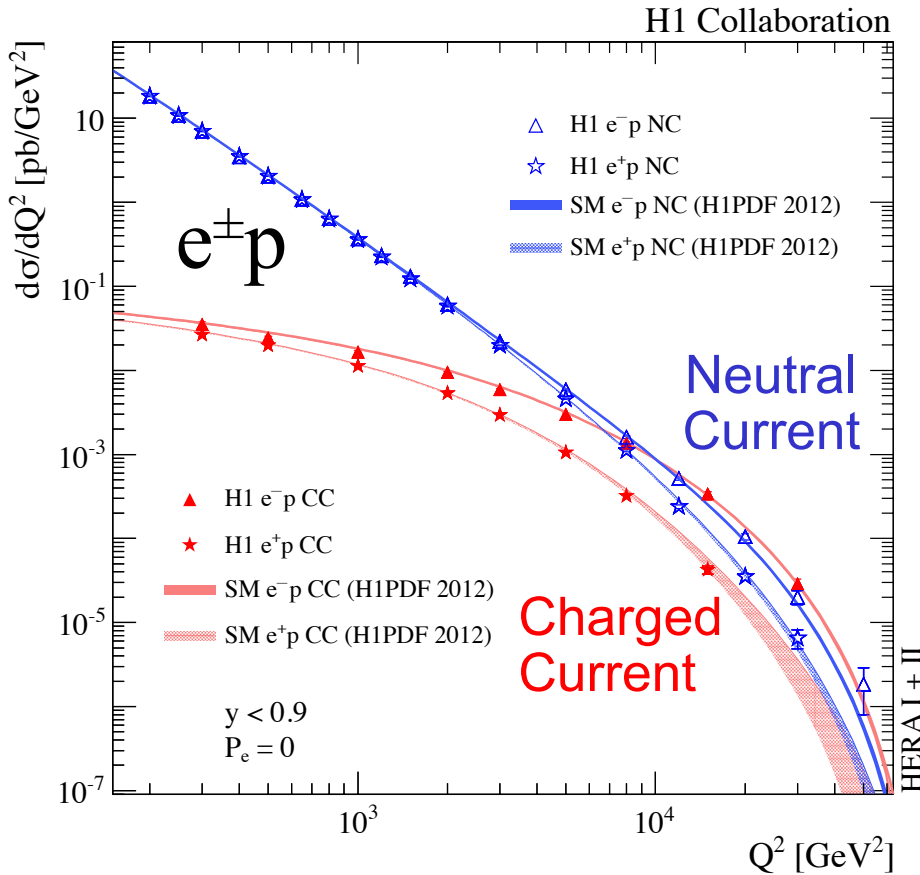
HERA II (2003-2007)

- ZEUS e-p NC/CC, e+p CC: published
- low E_p data at low Q^2 : published
- H1 high y & low Q^2 : published

→ ZEUS e+p NC: preliminary

→ H1 NC & CC at high Q^2 : published

Inclusive NC & CC at HERA



$$\sigma_{NC} \approx \sigma_{CC} \text{ at } Q^2 \approx M_Z^2, M_W^2$$

→ remaining differences are due to u/d flavor asymmetry and helicity factors

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{NC}^{\pm} \equiv \frac{d^2\sigma_{NC}^{e^{\pm}p}}{dx dQ^2} \frac{xQ^4}{2\pi\alpha^2} \frac{1}{Y_{\pm}} \equiv \tilde{F}_2 - \frac{y^2}{Y_{\pm}} \tilde{F}_L \mp \frac{Y_{\mp}}{Y_{\pm}} x\tilde{F}_3$$

$$F_2(x, Q^2) = x \sum A_i(q_i + \bar{q}_i) \quad xF_3(x, Q^2) = x \sum B_i(q_i - \bar{q}_i)$$

$$F_L = F_2 - 2xF_1 = 0 \quad (\text{QPM}) \quad Y_{\pm} = 1 \pm (1-y)^2$$

→ all three SF are measured at HERA

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC} = \frac{2\pi x}{G_F^2} \left[\frac{M_W^2 + Q^2}{M_W^2} \right]^2 \frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}}{dx dQ^2}$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^+ \sim (x\bar{u} + x\bar{c}) + (1-y)^2 (xd + xs)$$

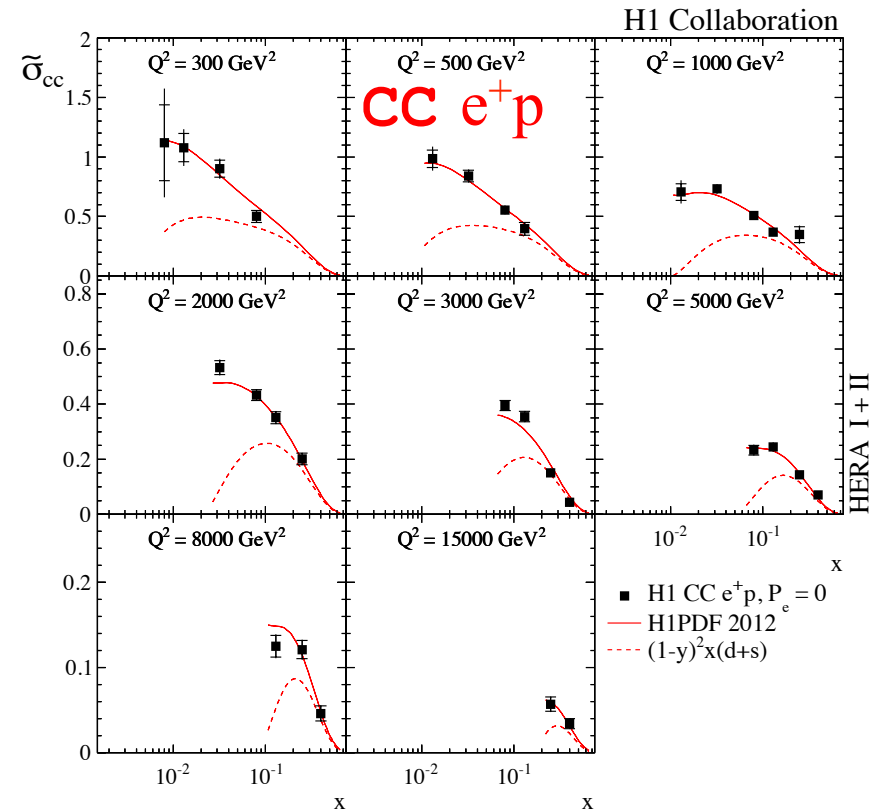
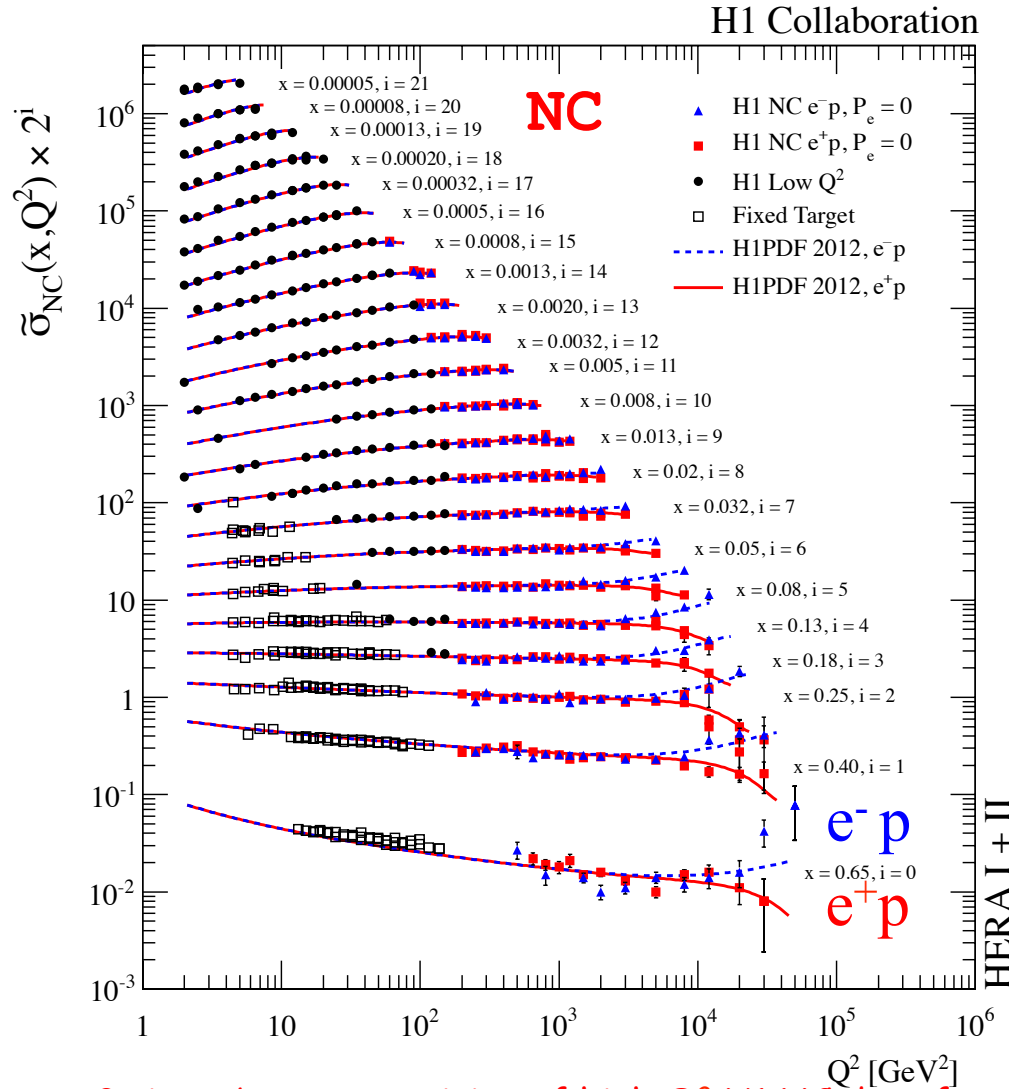
$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^- \sim (xu + xc) + (1-y)^2 (x\bar{d} + x\bar{s})$$

→ CC data allow flavor separation in QCD fits

NC and CC Cross Sections $\sigma_{\text{NC,CC}}(x, Q^2)$

H1 HERA II NC&CC: DESY 12-107 (June 2012)

→ H1 luminosity at HERA II is measured using QED Compton process with overall uncertainty of 2.3% DESY 12-062



→ 2 times better precision of high Q^2 H1 NC data from HERA II compared to HERA I & prel. HERA II

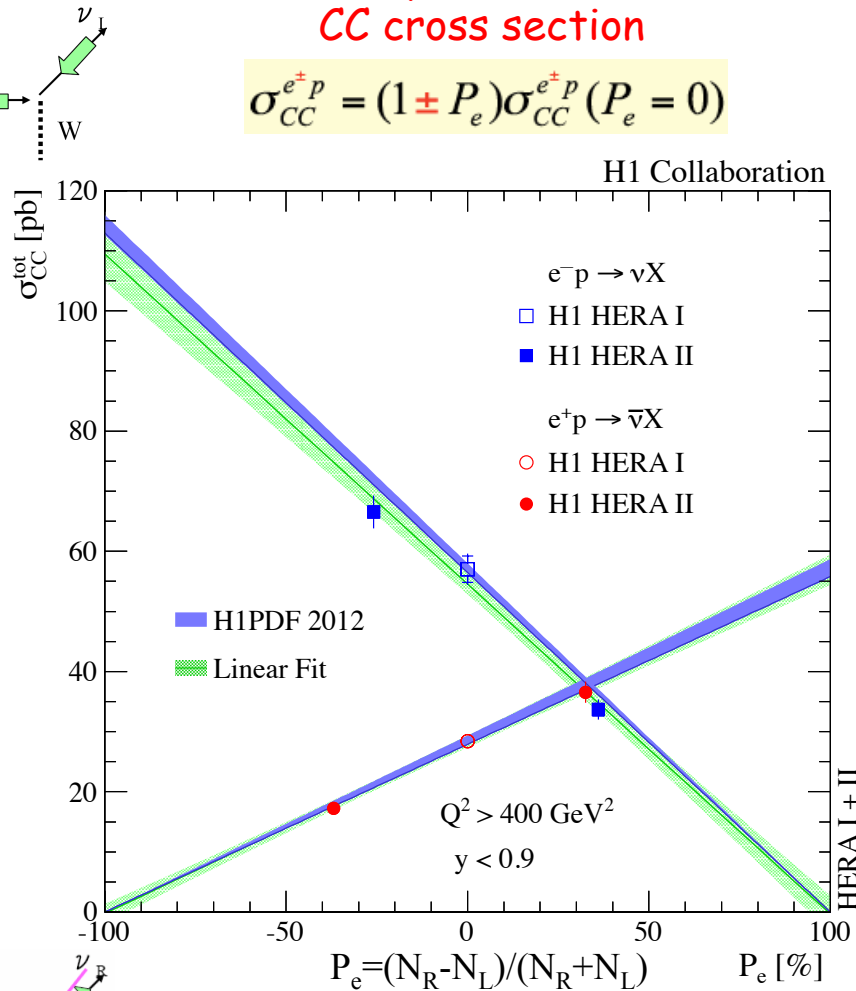
QCD 2012
Montpellier 2.07.2012

V. Chekelian, Proton Str. Function
measurements from HERA to LHC

Polarisation effects in CC and NC

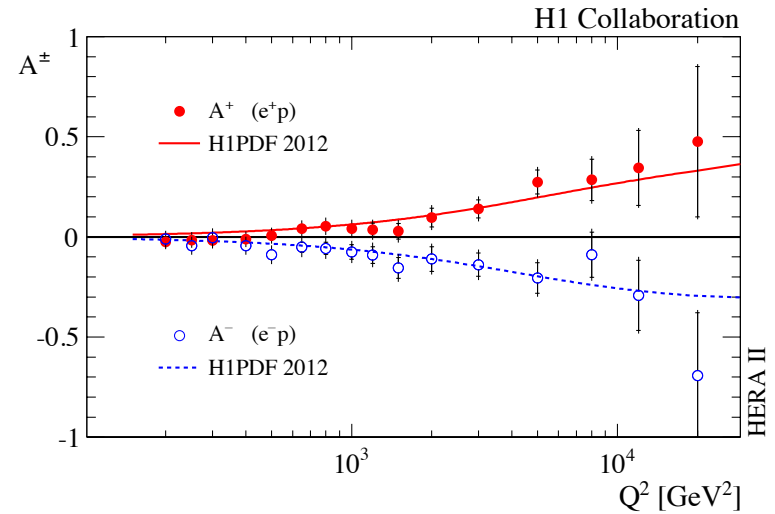
Polarisation dependence of the total CC cross section

$$\sigma_{CC}^{e^{\pm}p} = (1 \pm P_e) \sigma_{CC}^{e^{\pm}p} (P_e = 0)$$

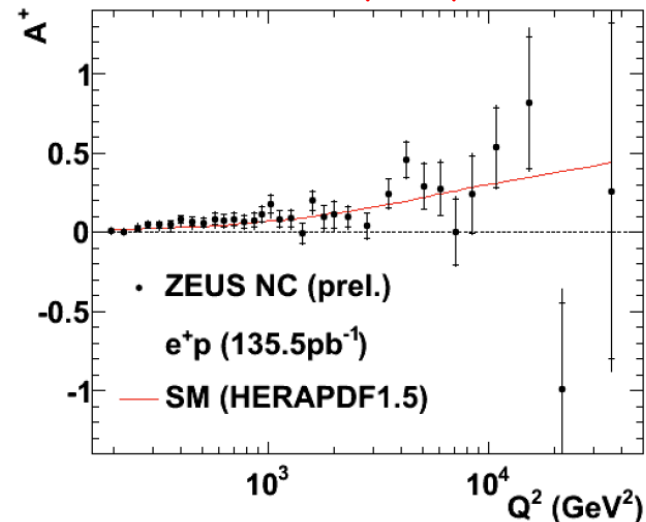


Polarisation asymmetry in NC:

$$A^{\pm} = \frac{2}{P_L^{\pm} - P_R^{\pm}} \cdot \frac{\sigma^{\pm}(P_L^{\pm}) - \sigma^{\pm}(P_R^{\pm})}{\sigma^{\pm}(P_L^{\pm}) + \sigma^{\pm}(P_R^{\pm})}$$



→ a direct measure of parity violation in NC



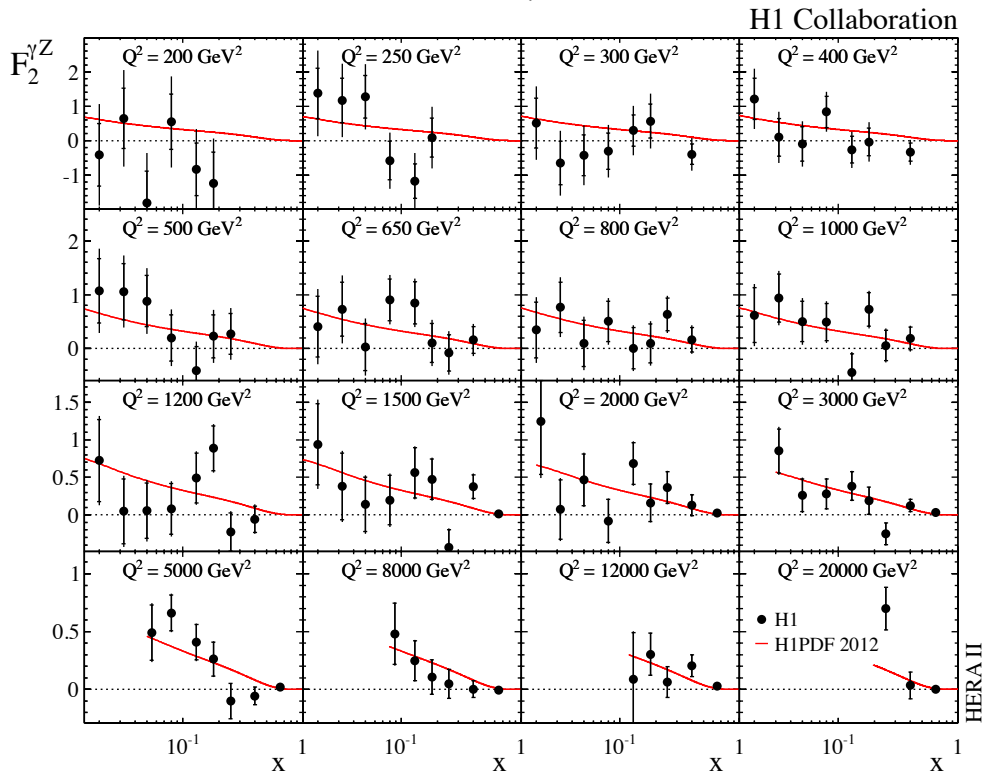
→ absence of right-handed weak current
 $e^+p (e^+p): M_{WR} > 214 (194) \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL

The First Measurement of Parity Violating SF $F_2^{\gamma Z}(x, Q^2)$

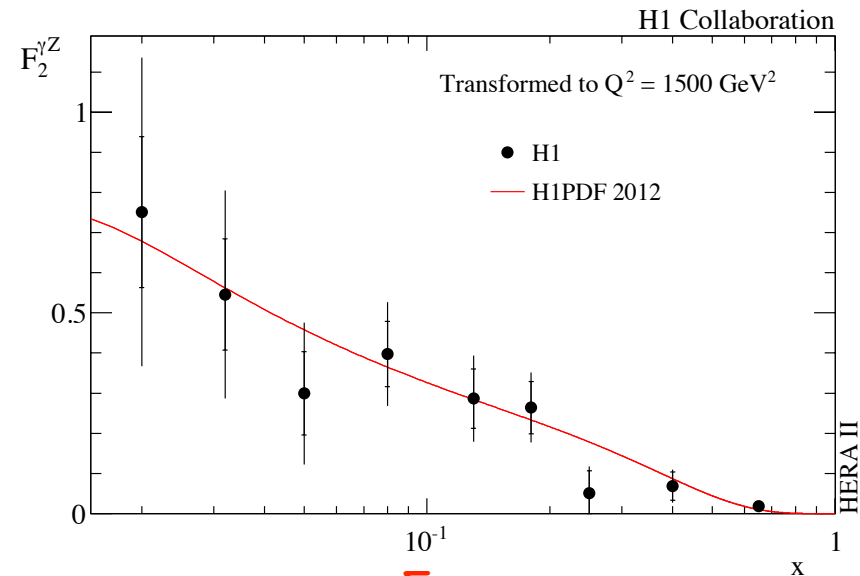
$$\frac{\sigma^\pm(P_L^\pm) - \sigma^\pm(P_R^\pm)}{P_L^\pm - P_R^\pm} = \frac{\kappa Q^2}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} \left[\mp a_e F_2^{\gamma Z} + \frac{Y_-}{Y_+} v_e x F_3^{\gamma Z} - \frac{Y_-}{Y_+} \frac{\kappa Q^2}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} (v_e^2 + a_e^2) x F_3^Z \right]$$

taking the difference for e^+p and e^-p , the terms with $x F_3^{\gamma Z}$ and $x F_3^Z$ cancel and $F_2^{\gamma Z}$ can be directly extracted from measured polarised cross sections

$$\kappa^{-1} = 4 \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2} \left(1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2} \right)$$



transform the $F_2^{\gamma Z}(x, Q^2)$ measurements to $Q^2 = 1500 \text{ GeV}^2$ and average them to get $F_2^{\gamma Z}(x)$ at $Q^2 = 1500 \text{ GeV}^2$



$$\rightarrow F_2^{\gamma Z} = x \sum [2e_q v_q (q + \bar{q})]$$

Structure Function $x\tilde{F}_3(x, Q^2)$

$$x\tilde{F}_3 = \frac{Y_+}{2Y_-} (\tilde{\sigma}_{NC}^- - \tilde{\sigma}_{NC}^+)$$

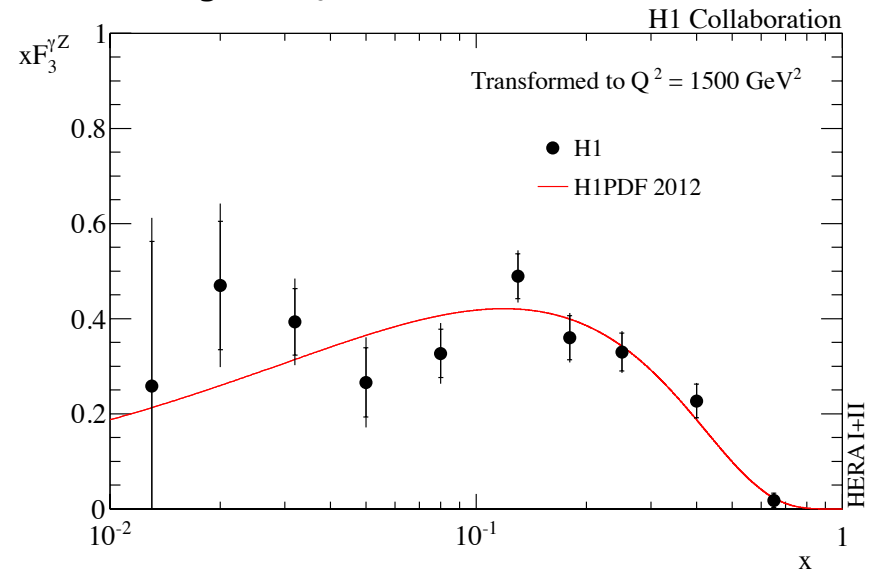
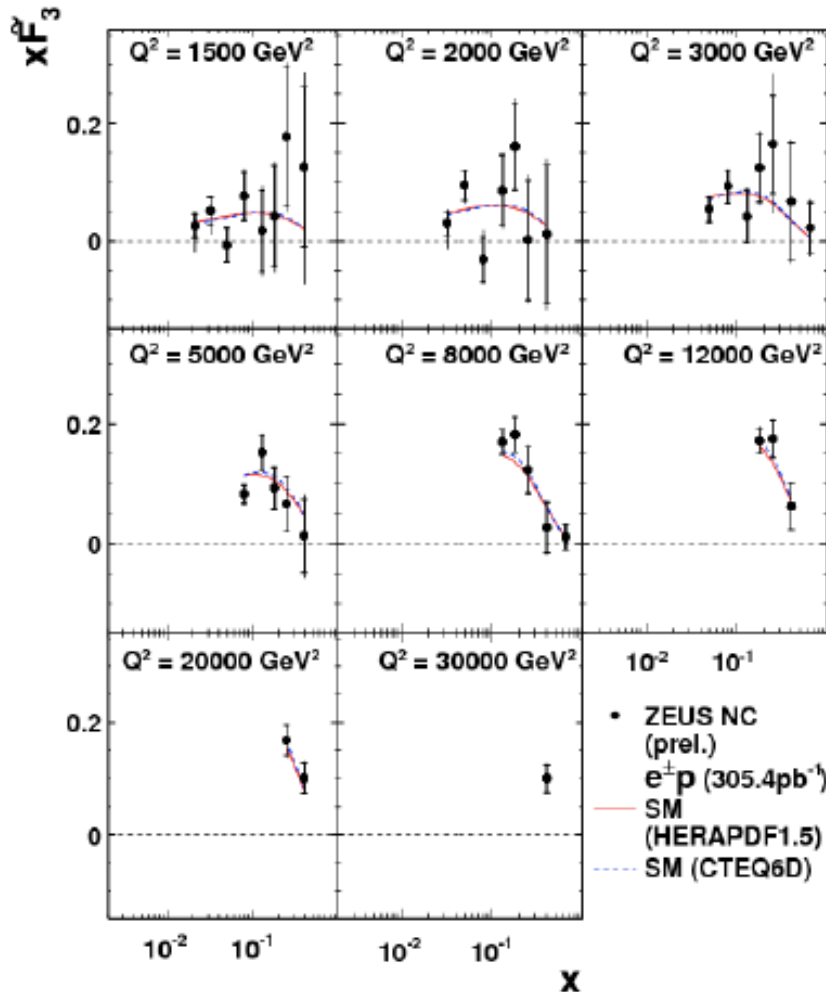
ZEUS

- charge asymmetry of unpolarised $e^\pm p$ NC cross sections

→ mostly due to γZ interference

$$xF_3^{\gamma Z} = -x\tilde{F}_3 \cdot (Q^2 + M_Z^2) / (a_e \kappa Q^2)$$

transform the $xF_3^{\gamma Z}(x, Q^2)$ measurements to $Q^2 = 1500 \text{ GeV}^2$ and average them to get $xF_3^{\gamma Z}(x)$ at $Q^2 = 1500 \text{ GeV}^2$



→ sensitive to valence quark: $F_3^{\gamma Z} \approx (2u_v + d_v)/3$

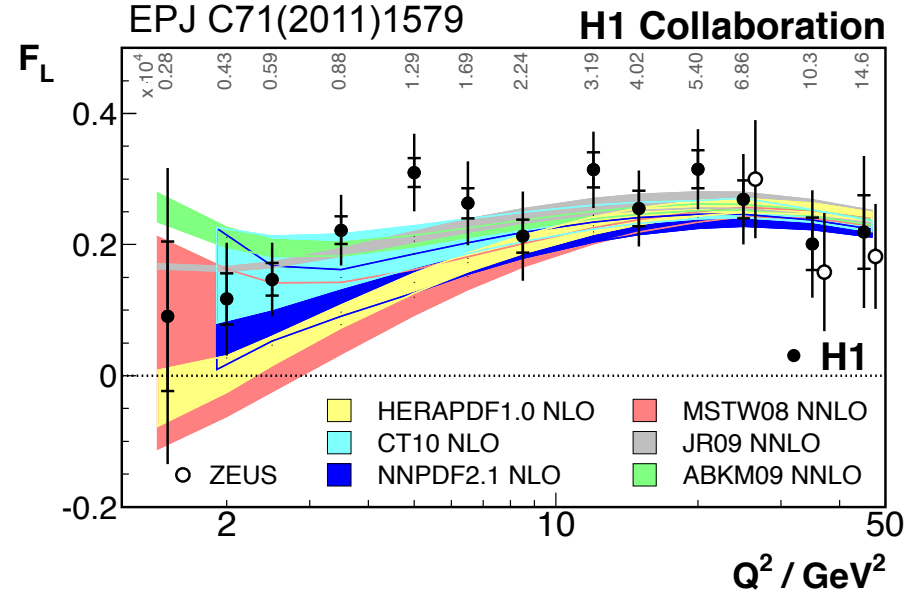
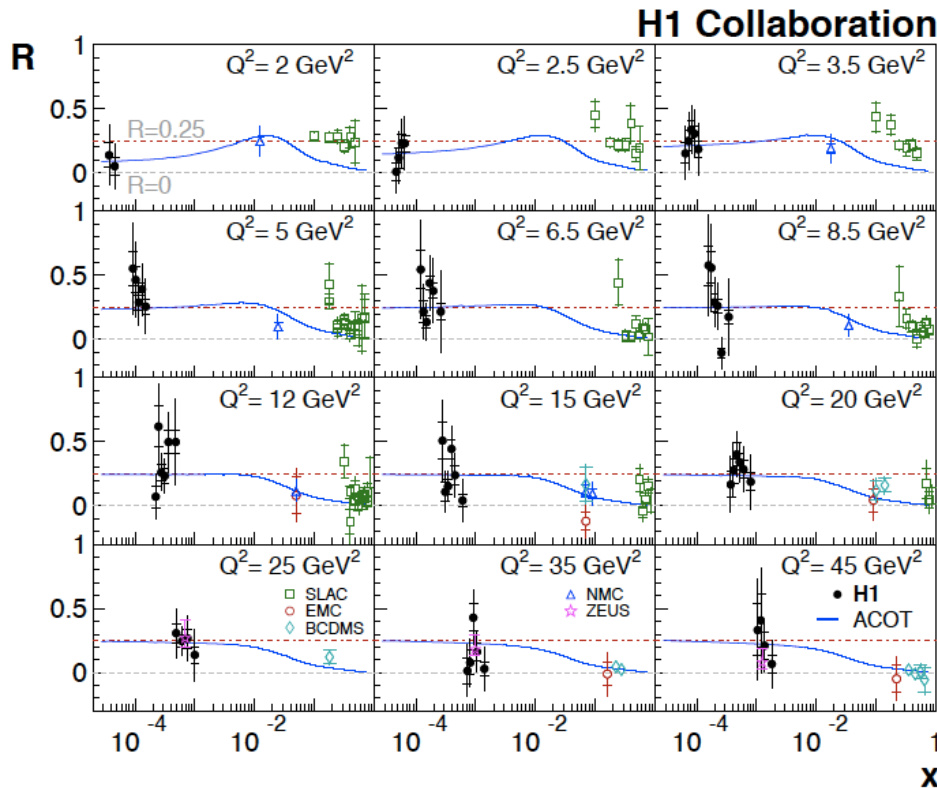
$$\int_{0.016}^{0.725} dx F_3^{\gamma Z}(x, Q^2 = 1500 \text{ GeV}^2) = 1.22 \pm 0.09(\text{stat}) \pm 0.07(\text{syst})$$

(H1PDF2012: 1.16+0.02-0.03)

The longitudinal structure function $F_L(x, Q^2)$

- F_L is a pure QCD effect sensitive to gluon density $F_L(x, Q^2) = \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} x^2 \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z^3} \left[\frac{16}{3} F_2 + 8 \sum_q e_q^2 \left(1 - \frac{x}{z}\right) \cdot xg \right]$
- F_L is measured at HERA using cross sections at the same x, Q^2 and different y (different proton beam energies $E_p = 460, 575, 920 \text{ GeV}$)

$$\sigma_{NC}(x, Q^2, y) = F_2(x, Q^2) - f(y) F_L(x, Q^2), \quad f(y) = y^2 / (1 + (1-y)^2)$$



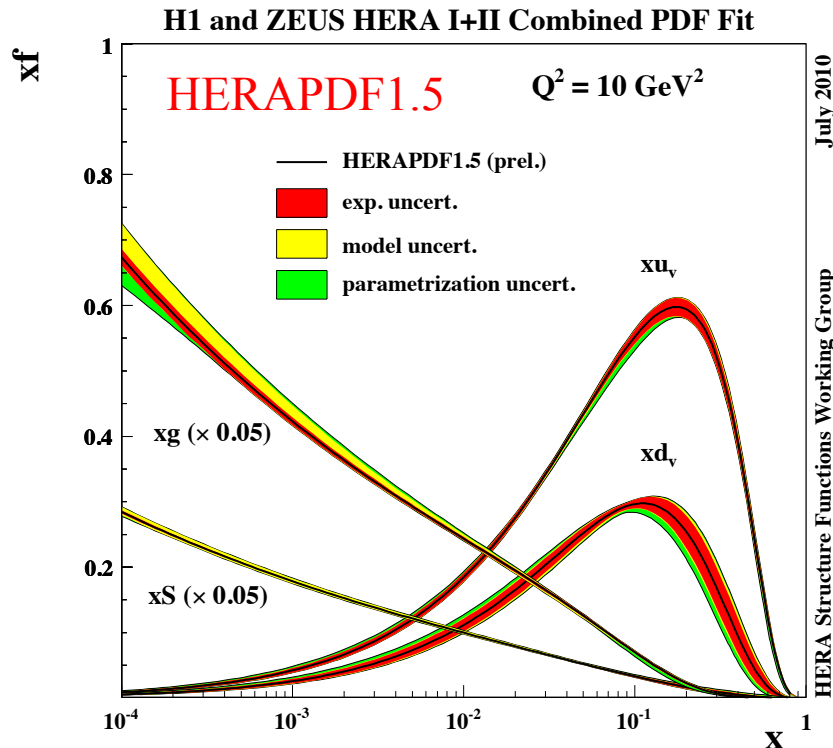
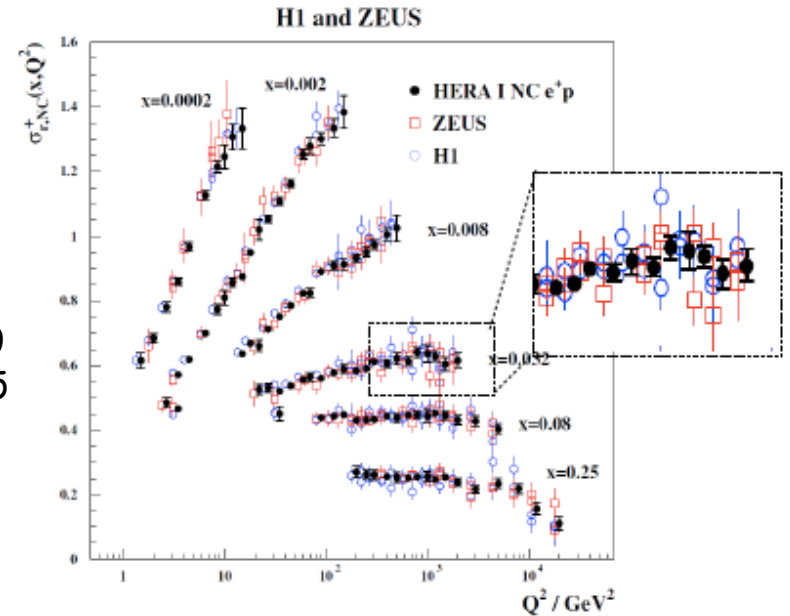
→ HERA F_L data are consistent with constant value of $R = F_L / (F_2 - F_L) = 0.26 \pm 0.05$

HERAPDF: QCD Fits using HERA data only

Input: combined H1 & ZEUS incl. ep NC and CC data which include expert knowledge in the treatment of the correlations between many individual data sets.

- precise, complete and easy in use
- significant reduction of systematic uncertainties

- HERA I data: JHEP 1001:109,2010 HERAPDF 1.0
- HERA I and preliminary HERA II data HERAPDF 1.5



HERAPDF

- no nuclear corrections
- no heavy target correction
- $\Delta\chi^2 = 1$ criterion for exp. errors
- parametrise $xg(x), x u_v, x d_v, x U_{bar}, D_{bar}$ at starting scale Q_0^2
- apply quark number and momentum sum rules
- NLO/NNLO DGLAP evolution
- different schemes for heavy flavor treatment
- uncertainty bands:
 - experimental
 - model (variations of Q_{min}^2, f_s, m_c, m_b)
 - parameterisation (variation of param. assumptions)

HERAPDF Sets

Nov 2009 **HERAPDF 1.0**
NC,CC

July 2010 **HERAPDF 1.5**
NC,CC

Aug 2010 **HERAPDF 1.0**
charm (+F2c)

Mar 2011 **HERAPDF 1.6**
NC,CC,jets

Jun 2011 **HERAPDF 1.7**
NC,CC,F2c,jets,
low Ep data

JHEP 1001:109,2010
HERA I

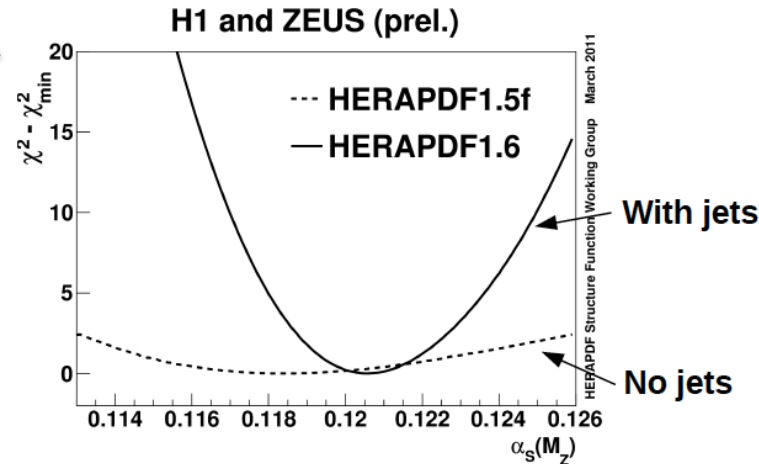
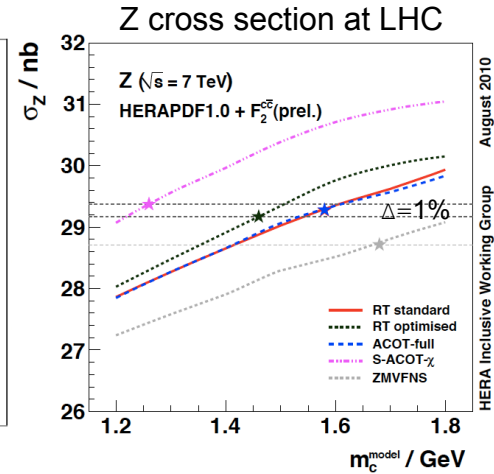
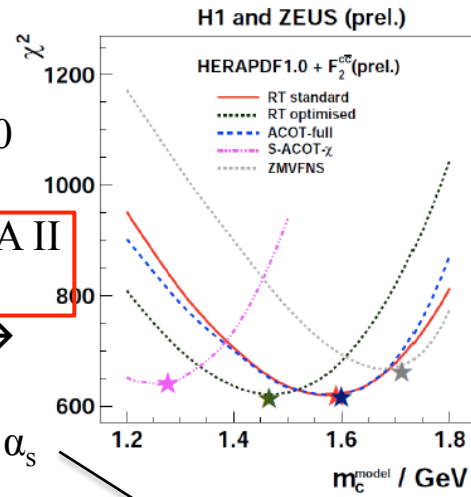
HERA I+ prel HERA II
→ recommended

optimum $m_c \rightarrow$

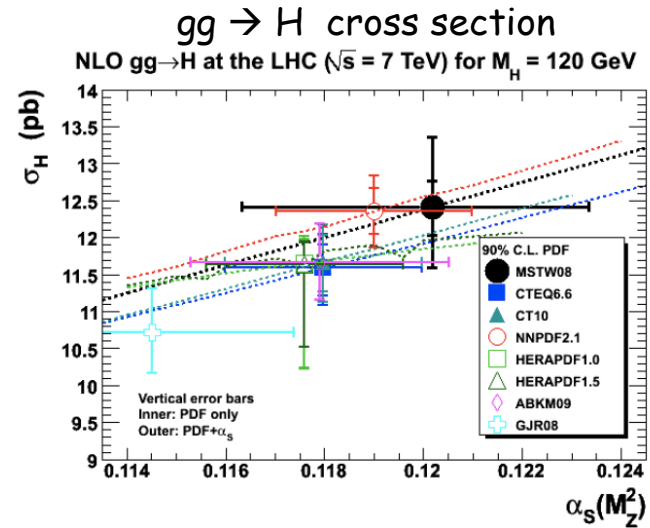
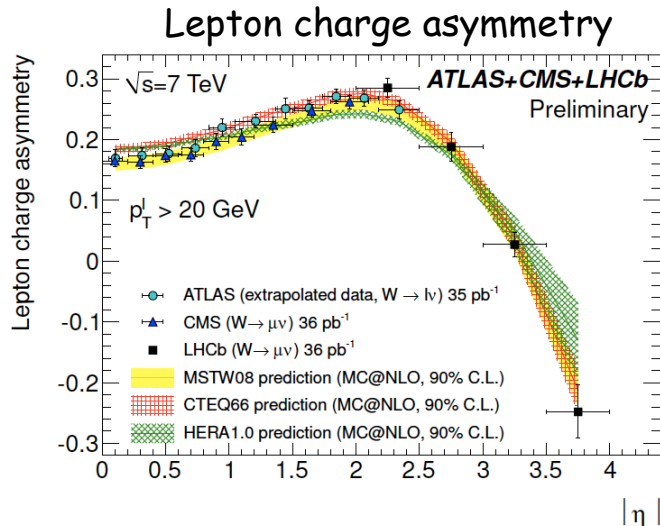
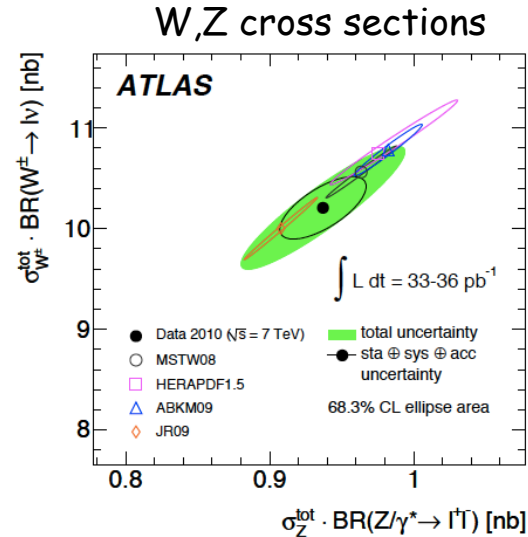
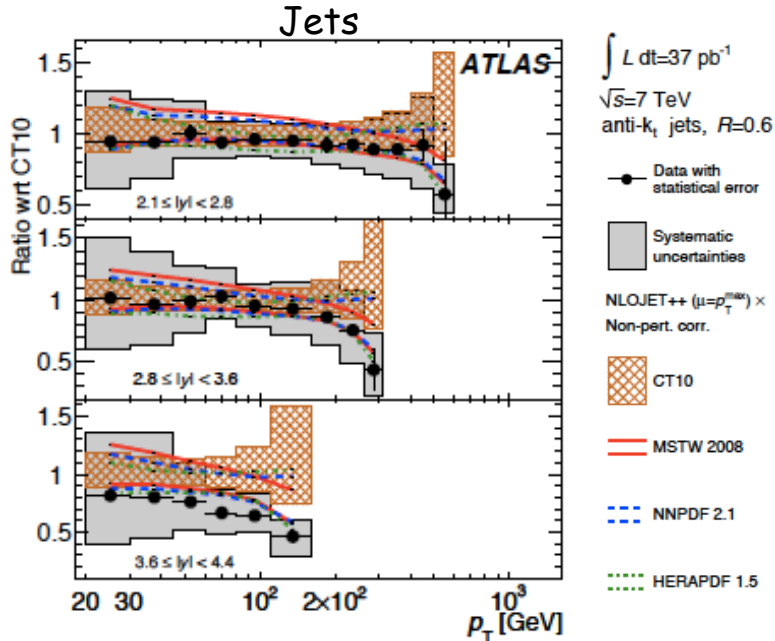
fit strong coupling α_s

aim: **HERAPDF 2.0**

using published and combined
complete incl. NC/CC data
from HERA I and HERA II



HERAPDF for LHC (few examples)



→ all modern PDF fits include HERA data

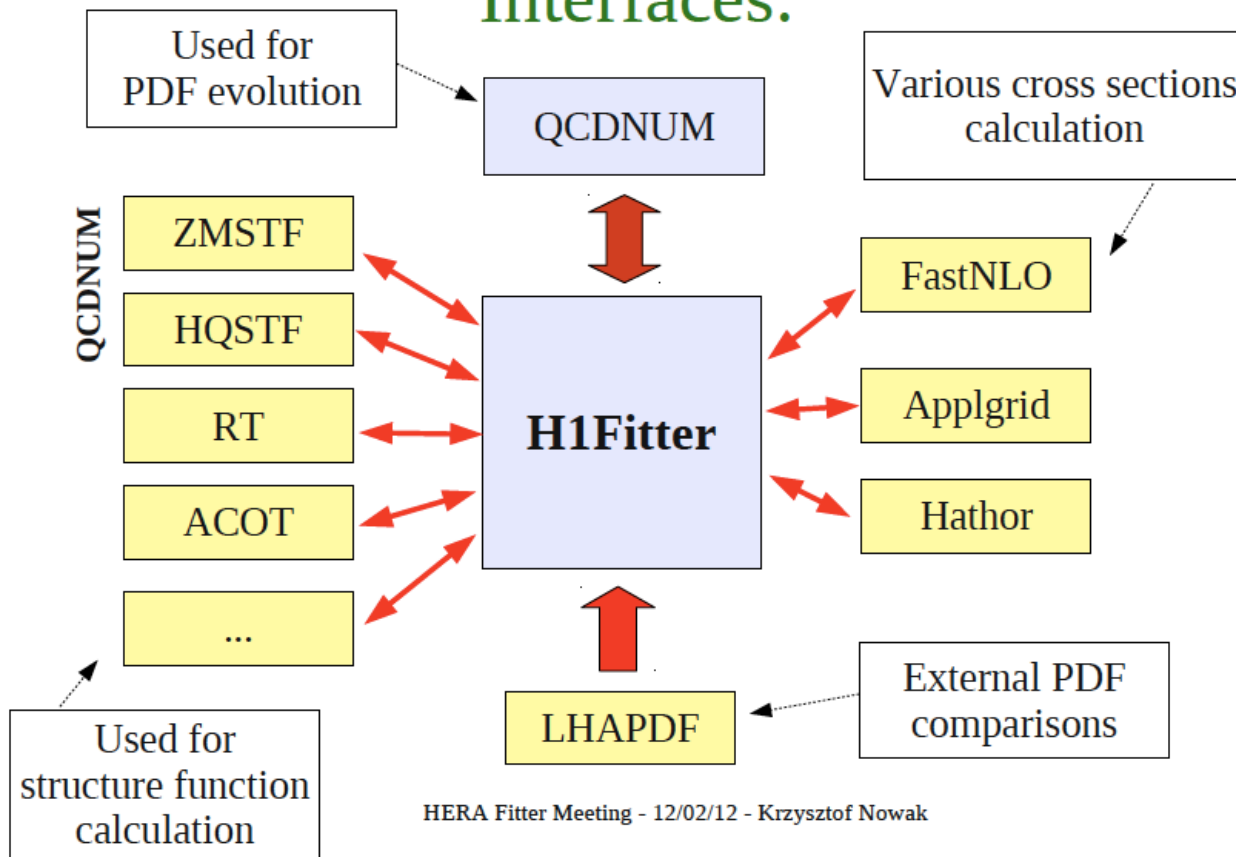
G. Watt (September 2011)

HERAFitter: Open source QCD Fit Framework

HERAFitter is a set of PDF fitting tools initially developed by the H1 and ZEUS collaborations for determination of the parton density functions. The HERAFitter codes were used to obtain the HERAPDF sets.

The beta release can be accessed through the HEPFORGE site: <http://projects.hepforge.org/herafitter>

Interfaces:



HERA Fitter Meeting - 12/02/12 - Krzysztof Nowak

modular structure
flexible, expandable

- evolution by QCDNUM package (M. Botje)
- different HV schemes, error treatments, ...

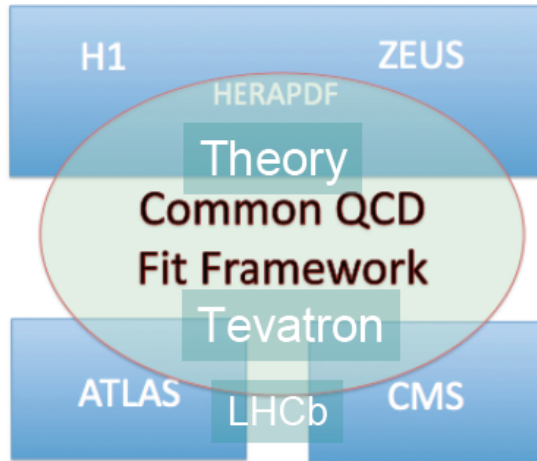
DIS ep

- inclusive
- jets

pp and ppbar

- W,Z cross sections
- rapidity
- charge asymmetries
- jets

HERAFitter for LHC



HERAFitter is a ready QCD platform to analyse new data in context of PDFs

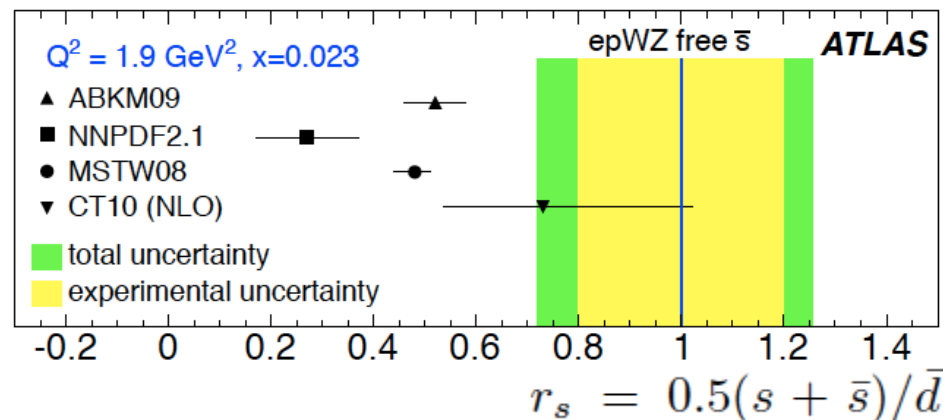
Development by

- H1 and ZEUS
- ATLAS and CMS
- Theory groups

The First LHC publication using HERAFitter

arXiv:1203.4051

Determination of the strange quark density of the proton using differential W, Z cross section data of ATLAS fitted together with the ep cross sections from HERA



Summary

- **Completion of the HERA inclusive NC and CC cross section measurements**
 - *H1: HERA II data are published (DESY 12-107)*
2 times better precision compared to HERA I and prelim. HERA II
 - *ZEUS: preliminary NC e^+p 2006-2007, publication to come soon*
- **Combination of the H1 and ZEUS inclusive NC and CC e^+p data**
 - *HERA I: all inclusive results are published and combined using a model independent approach leading to significant reduction of systematic uncertainties*
 - *HERA I+II: extension of the combination to include prelim. HERA II*
 - *to come: Combination of the complete final HERA I+II H1&ZEUS data*
- **HERA, H1 and ZEUS NLO/NNLO QCD analyses are performed**
 - *HERAPDF parton densities are extensively used at LHC*
 - *HERAPDF 1.5 is recommended*
 - *to come: HERAPDF 2.0 using final combined data from HERA*
- **HERAFitter** *is a ready & open QCD platform to analyse new (LHC) data in context of PDFs*