

Determination of the proton PDFs at HERA

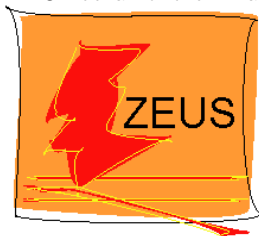
Rencontres de Moriond,
QCD and High Energy Interactions

16th March, 2012

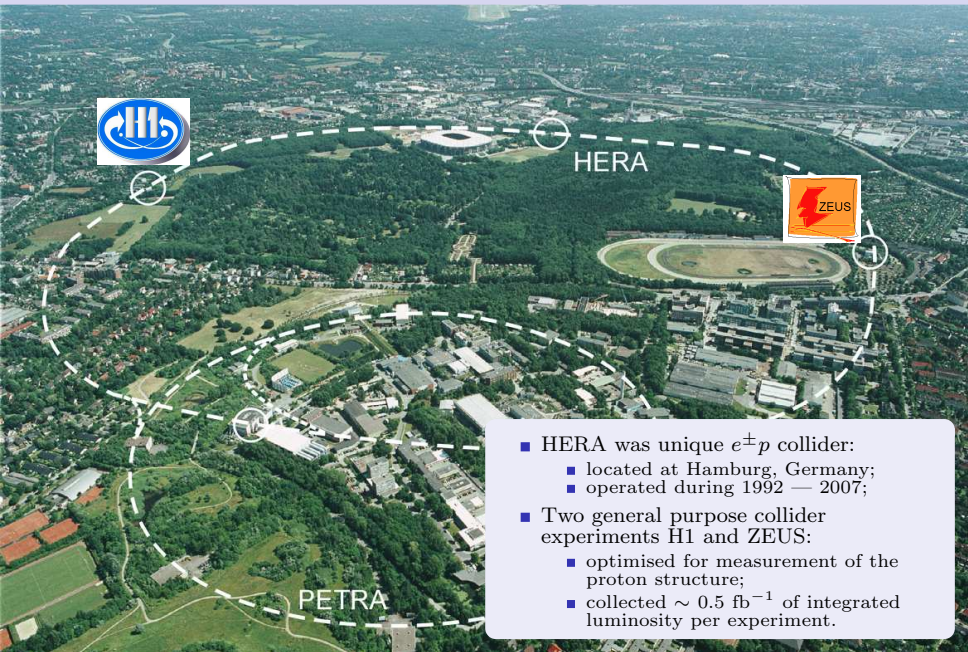
Denys Lontkovskyi

ZEUS, DESY

On behalf of the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations

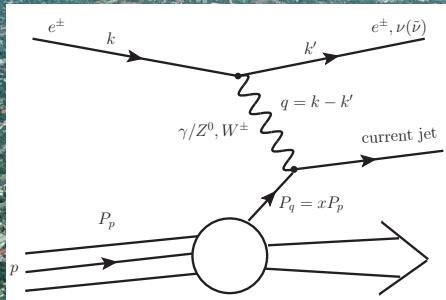


HERA collider. H1 and ZEUS experiments.



- HERA was unique $e^{\pm}p$ collider:
 - located at Hamburg, Germany;
 - operated during 1992 — 2007;
- Two general purpose collider experiments H1 and ZEUS:
 - optimised for measurement of the proton structure;
 - collected $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of integrated luminosity per experiment.

HERA collider. H1 and ZEUS experiments.

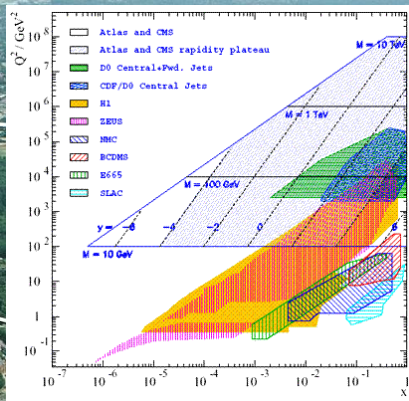
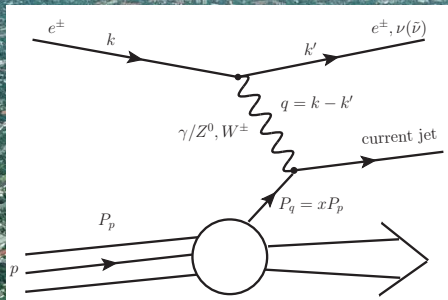


Kinematics:

- momentum transfer:
 $Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$
- Bjorken scaling variable: $x = \frac{Q^2}{2p \cdot q}$

- HERA was unique $e^\pm p$ collider:
 - located at Hamburg, Germany;
 - operated during 1992 — 2007;
- Two general purpose collider experiments H1 and ZEUS:
 - optimised for measurement of the proton structure;
 - collected $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of integrated luminosity per experiment.

HERA collider. H1 and ZEUS experiments.

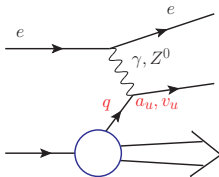


Kinematics:

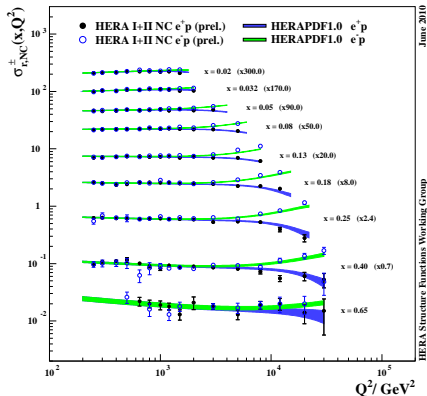
- momentum transfer:
 $Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$
- Bjorken scaling variable: $x = \frac{Q^2}{2p \cdot q}$

- HERA was unique $e^\pm p$ collider:
 - located at Hamburg, Germany;
 - operated during 1992 — 2007;
- Two general purpose collider experiments H1 and ZEUS:
 - optimised for measurement of the proton structure;
 - collected $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of integrated luminosity per experiment.

Sensitivity of inclusive data to the proton PDF

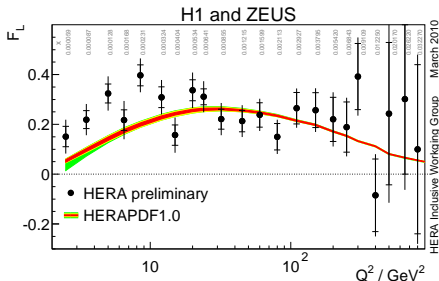
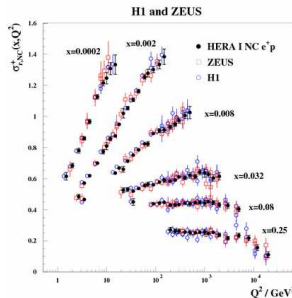


H1 and ZEUS



June 2010

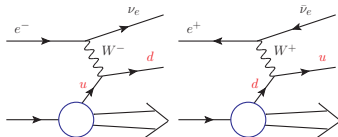
HERA Structure Functions Working Group



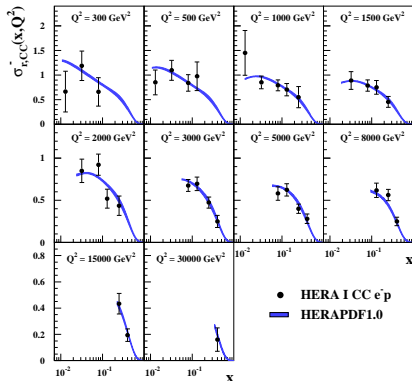
March 2010

HERA Inclusive Working Group

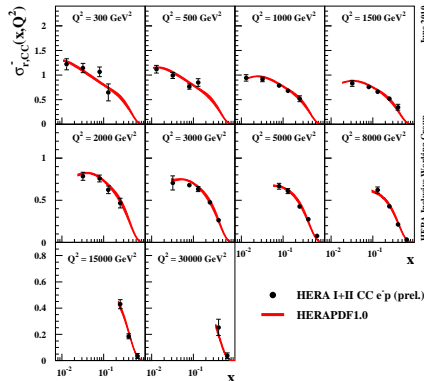
Sensitivity of inclusive data to the proton PDF



H1 and ZEUS



H1 and ZEUS



June 2010

HERA Inclusive Working Group

Analysis strategy:

- Parametrise PDFs at the starting scale Q_0^2
 - $xg, xu_V, xd_V, x\bar{U} = x(\bar{u} + \{\bar{c}\}), x\bar{D} = x(\bar{d} + \bar{s} + \{\bar{b}\})$
- Evolve PDFs using DGLAP equations to $Q^2 > Q_0^2$
 - NLO and NNLO DGLAP evolution [QCDNUM \[Comp. Ph. Comm. 182 \(2011\) 490\]](#)
 - Heavy flavours treated in GM-VFNS [RT as for MSTW08](#)
- Construct cross sections from PDFs and coefficient functions for every data point
- Perform χ^2 fit to the experimental data

HERA unique data:

- Consistent set of measurements $\hookrightarrow \chi_{min}^2 + 1$ criterion
- No need for:
 - nuclear corrections
 - neutrino heavy target corrections

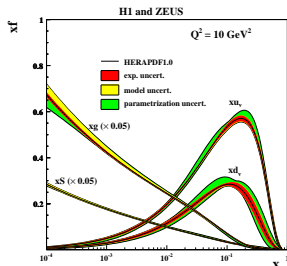
HERAPDF series

[JHEP 1001:109 (2010)]

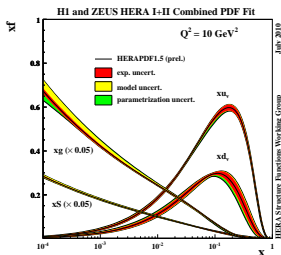
[H1-prelim-10-141, ZEUS-prel-10-017]

[H1prelim-11-034, ZEUS-prel-11-001]

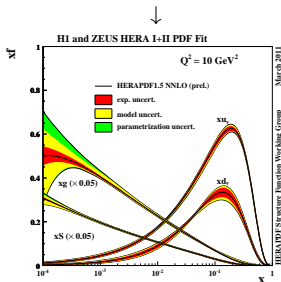
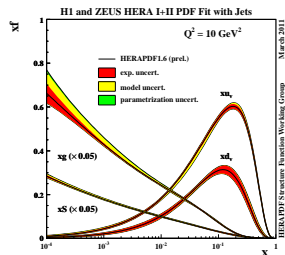
HERAPDF1.0 \longrightarrow



HERAPDF1.5 NLO \longrightarrow



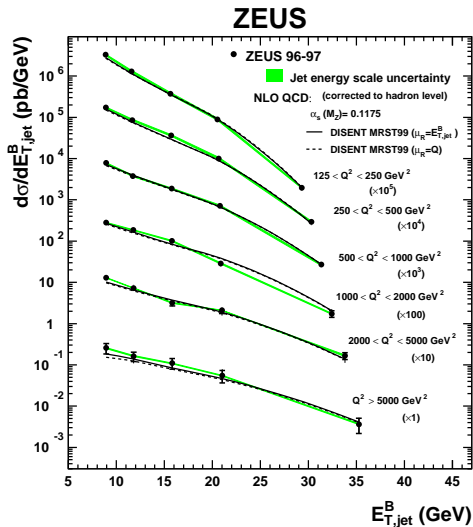
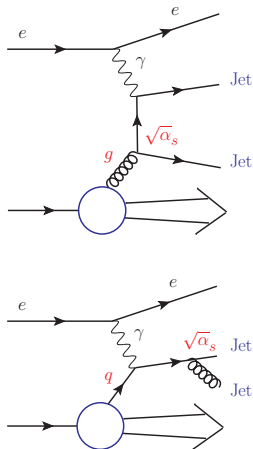
HERAPDF1.6



HERAPDF1.5 NNLO

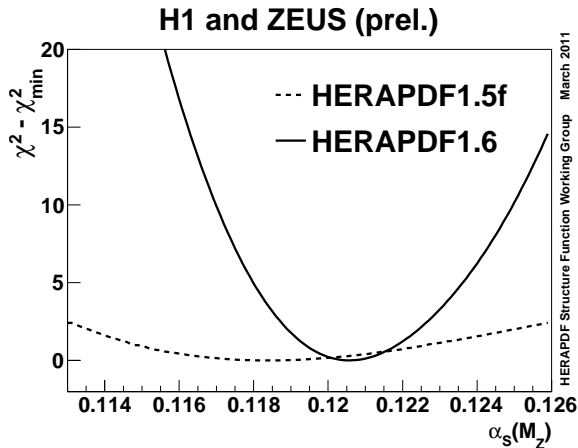
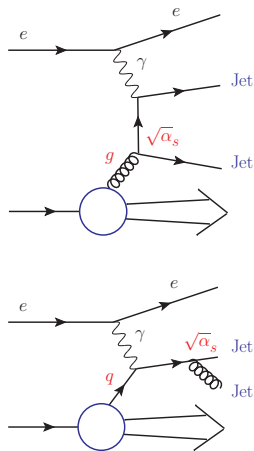
[H1prelim-11-042, ZEUS-prel-11-002]

Sensitivity of jet data to the gluon PDF and α_s



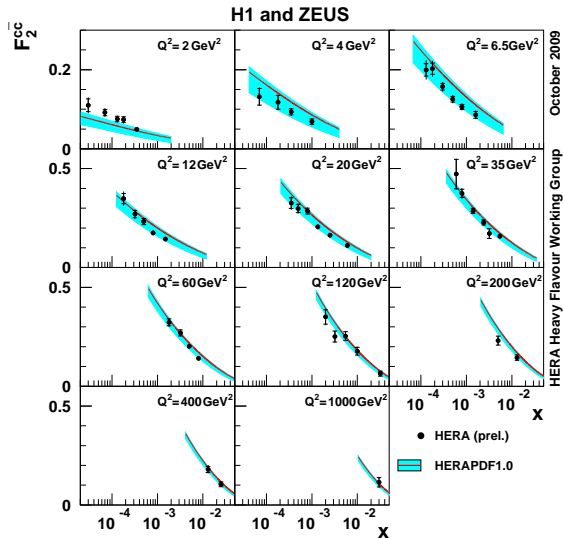
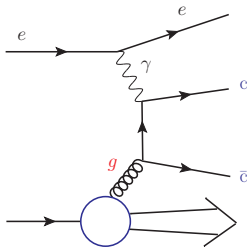
■ Jet data is sensitive to the gluon PDF and to the value of $\alpha_s(M_Z)$.

Sensitivity of jet data to the gluon PDF and α_s



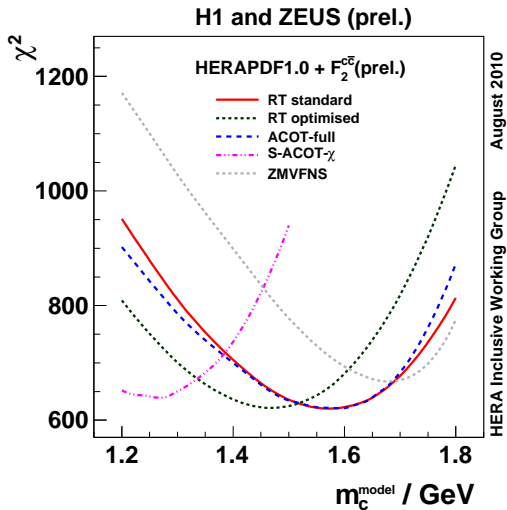
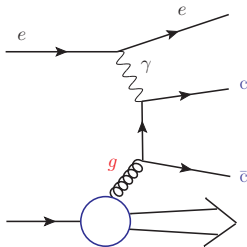
- Jet data is sensitive to the gluon PDF and to the value of $\alpha_s(M_Z)$.

Sensitivity of $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ to charm and gluon PDFs

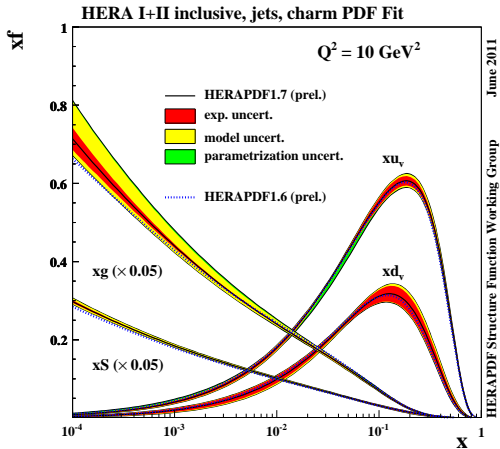


- The $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ allows to determine the optimal charm mass parameter (m_c^{model}) for the various schemes.

Sensitivity of $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ to charm and gluon PDFs

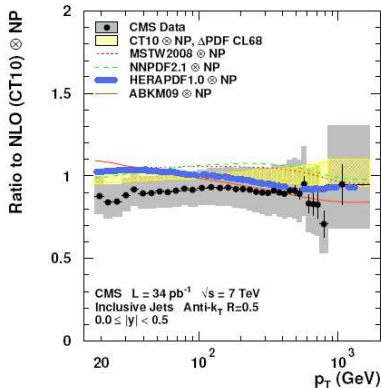


- The $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ allows to determine the optimal charm mass parameter (m_c^{model}) for the various schemes.

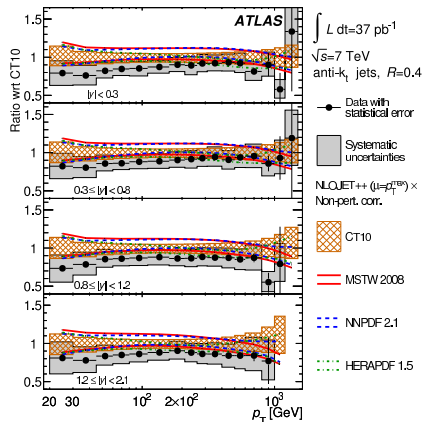


[H1prelim-11-143, ZEUS-prel-11-010]

HERAPDF predictions for LHC

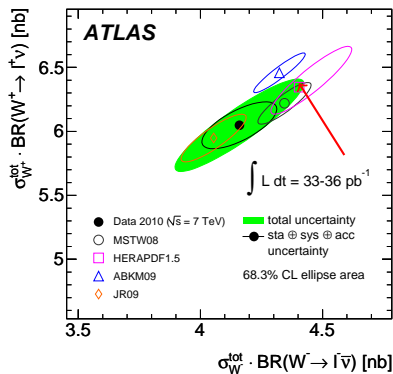
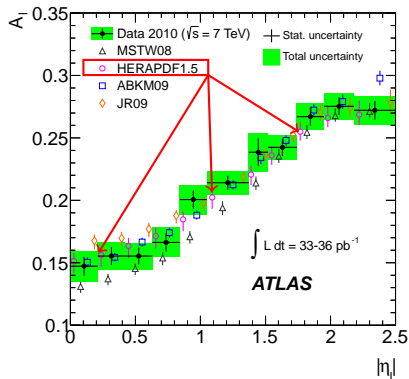


[CMS NOTE 2011/004]



[arXiv:1112.6297]

- HERAPDFs provides competitive predictions for pp processes at high energy.



[CERN-PH-EP-2011-143]

- HERAPDF1.5 NNLO provides a prediction consistent with measurements at LHC.

HERAFitter is an **open source** QCD fit package for pPDF determination.
herafitter.hepforge.org

- Data:
 - DIS ep
 - Inclusive
 - Jets
 - DY pp and $p\bar{p}$
 - W, Z cross sections
 - Z rapidity
 - W asymmetries
 - Jets
- Output:
 - PDFs predefined scales
 - LHAPDF grids
 - Theory predictions per data points
 - Pulls per data points
- Theory (DIS):
 - ZM-VFNS accessed from QCDNUM
[\[Comp. Ph. Comm. 182 \(2011\) 490\]](#)
 - RT optimal as in MSTW
- Treatment for jets:
 - FastNLO: [\[hep-ph/0609285\]](#)
 - A wrapper around NLOjet++
 - Applgrid: [\[Eur Phys J C 66 \(2010\) 503\]](#)
 - A wrapper around MCFM, NLOjet++
- Error treatment:
 - Correlated, uncorrelated
 - Hessian method
 - MC method
- Parametrisation studies:
 - Standard functional form of PDFs
 - CTEQ
 - Chebyshev

- New precise determination of pPDF HERAPDF 1.7 based on:
 - combined inclusive HERAI + HERAII NC and CC data;
 - reduced proton energy data;
 - HERA jet data;
 - combined $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$.
- Inclusion of jet data reduces strong correlation between α_s and gluon PDF.
- Combined $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$ is sensitive to the gluon and charm content of the proton and the charm mass parameter.
- Predictions based on the proton PDFs extracted from $e^\pm p$ data alone provide good description of the LHC data.
- Open source HERAFitter β project.

BACK-UP

- NLO and NNLO DGLAP evolution [QCDNUM](#)
- RT-VFNS (as for MSTW08)
- PDF parametrisation at Q_0^2 : $xg, xu_V, xd_V, x\bar{U} = x(\bar{u} + \{\bar{c}\}), x\bar{D} = x(\bar{d} + \bar{s} + \{\bar{b}\})$
 - 10 free parameters fit (HERAPDF1.0, HERAPDF1.5 NLO)
 $xf(x, Q_0^2) = Ax^B(1-x)^C(1+Dx+Ex^2)$
 - 14 free parameters fit (HERAPDF1.5 NNLO, HERAPDF1.6, HERAPDF1.7)
 $xf(x, Q_0^2) = Ax^B(1-x)^C(1+Dx+Ex^2) - A'x^{B'}(1-x)^{25}$

