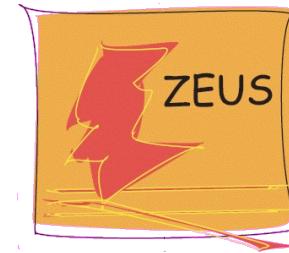


# Electroweak Physics at HERA

Gerhard Brandt



On behalf of the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations

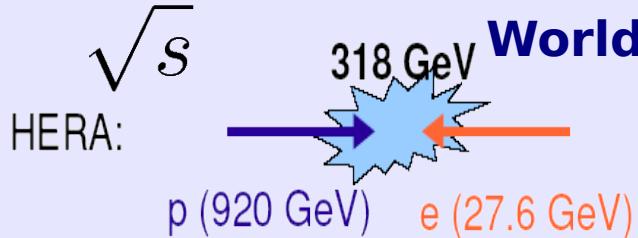


***CIPANP 2009: Tenth Conference on the Intersections of  
Particle and Nuclear Physics***

*Torrey Pines Hilton—San Diego, California—26 May to 31 May, 2009*

# Collider and Experiments

**HERA**



**World's only ep Collider at DESY, Hamburg**  
**Active 1991-2007**  
**H1 and ZEUS Experiments**

**Asymmetric Design**

**4 $\pi$  Coverage**

**Excellent Lepton ID + HFS Reconstruction**

**HERA-I (1994-00)**

~130 pb<sup>-1</sup> per exp., (90% e<sup>+</sup>p)

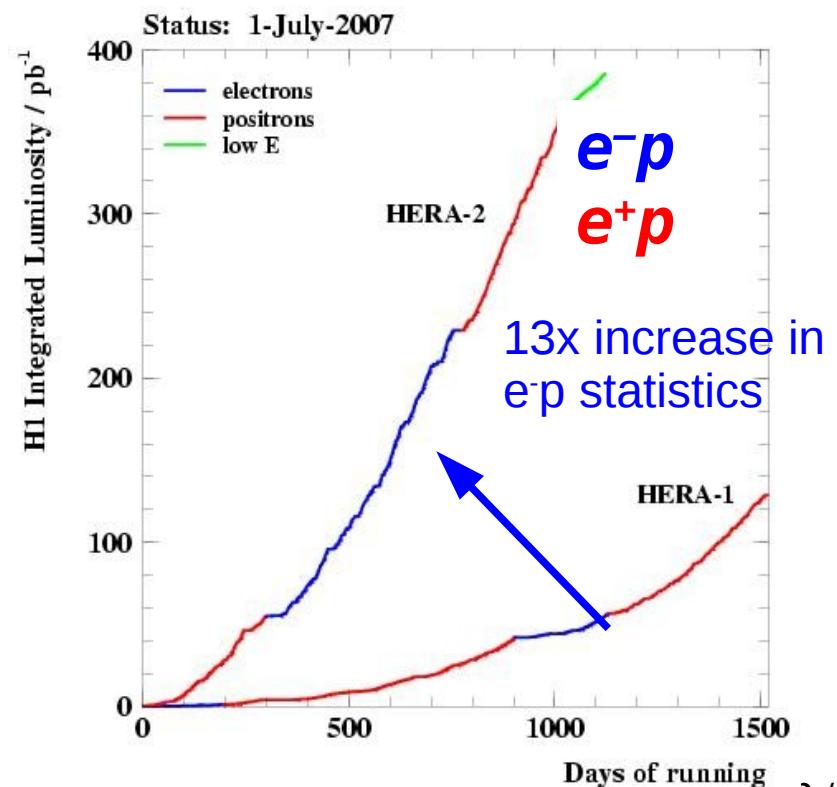
**HERA-II (2003-07)**

Luminosity upgrade

Longitudinal e polarisation (avg. 30%-40%)

$$P_e = \frac{N_R - N_L}{N_R + N_L}$$

**~0.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> per experiment**

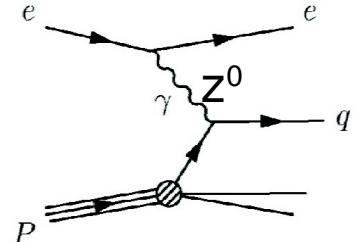
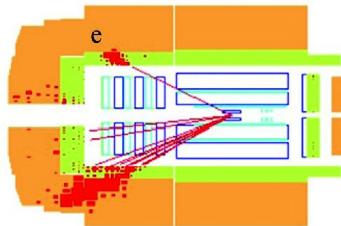


# Overview of EW Physics Processes at HERA

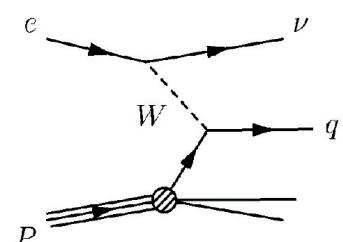
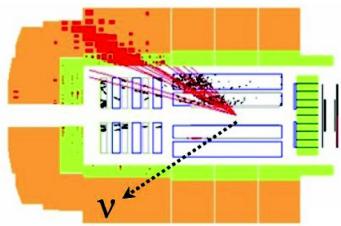
- Physics processes covered in this talk

Large cross section  $O(\alpha)$

- Neutral Current DIS  $ep \rightarrow eX$

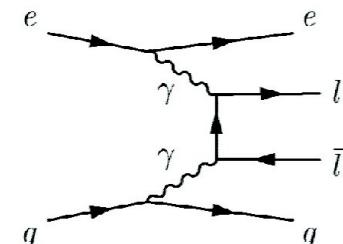
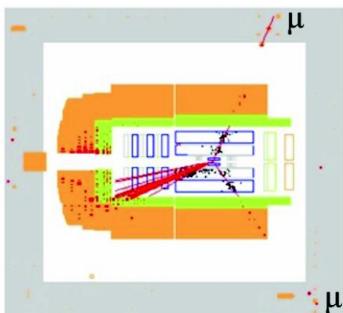


- Charged Current DIS  $ep \rightarrow \nu X$

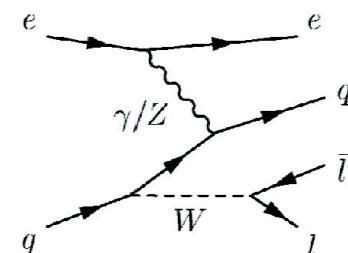
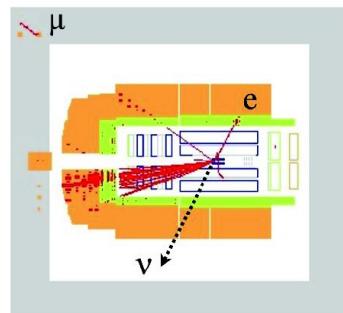


Small cross section  $O(\alpha^2)$

- Lepton pair production  $ep \rightarrow ellX$



- W production  $ep \rightarrow eWX$

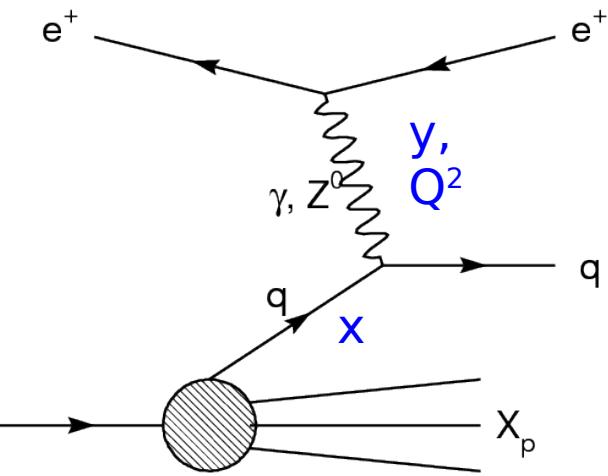
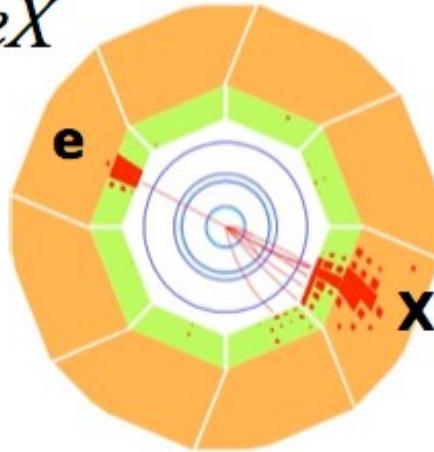
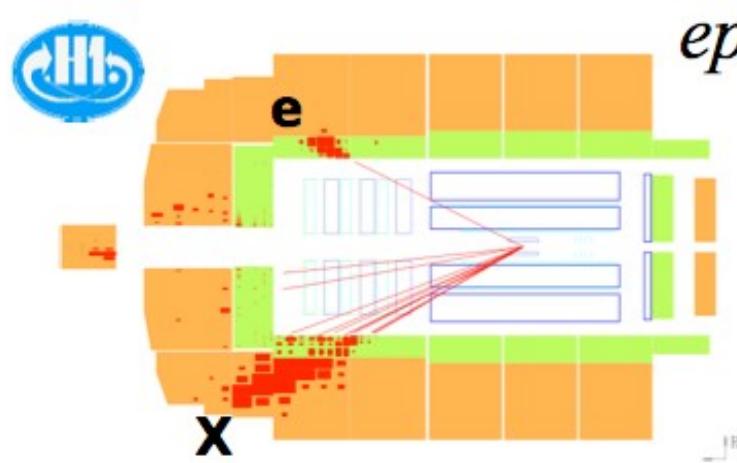


# Deep Inelastic Scattering

Main Standard Model Process at HERA: Deep Inelastic Scattering

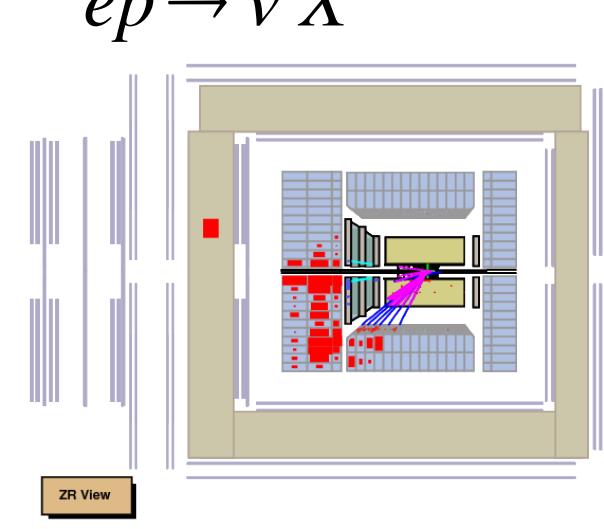
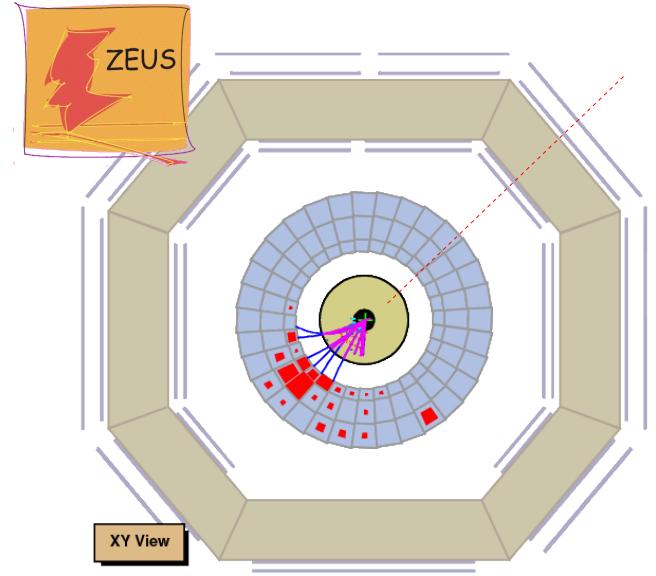
## Neutral Current

$$ep \rightarrow eX$$



## Charged Current

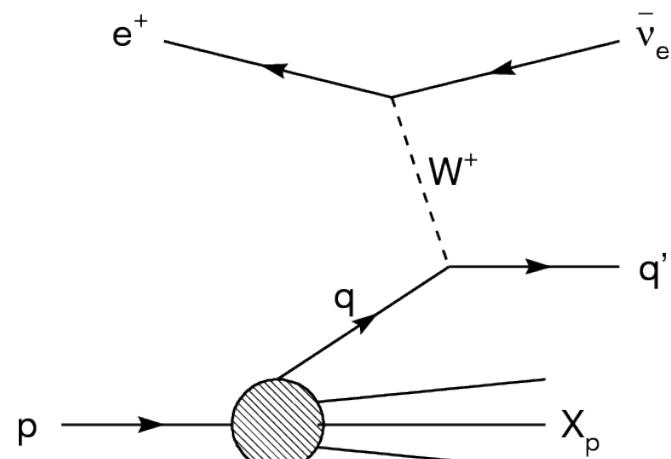
$$ep \rightarrow \nu X$$



$Q^2$  – virtuality of exchange boson

$x$  – Bjorken scaling variable

$y$  – Inelasticity



# Unpolarised DIS Cross Sections

Unpolarised DIS cross sections measured using full HERA data

H1 prelim 06-041  
ZEUS-prel-09-001

## Neutral Current

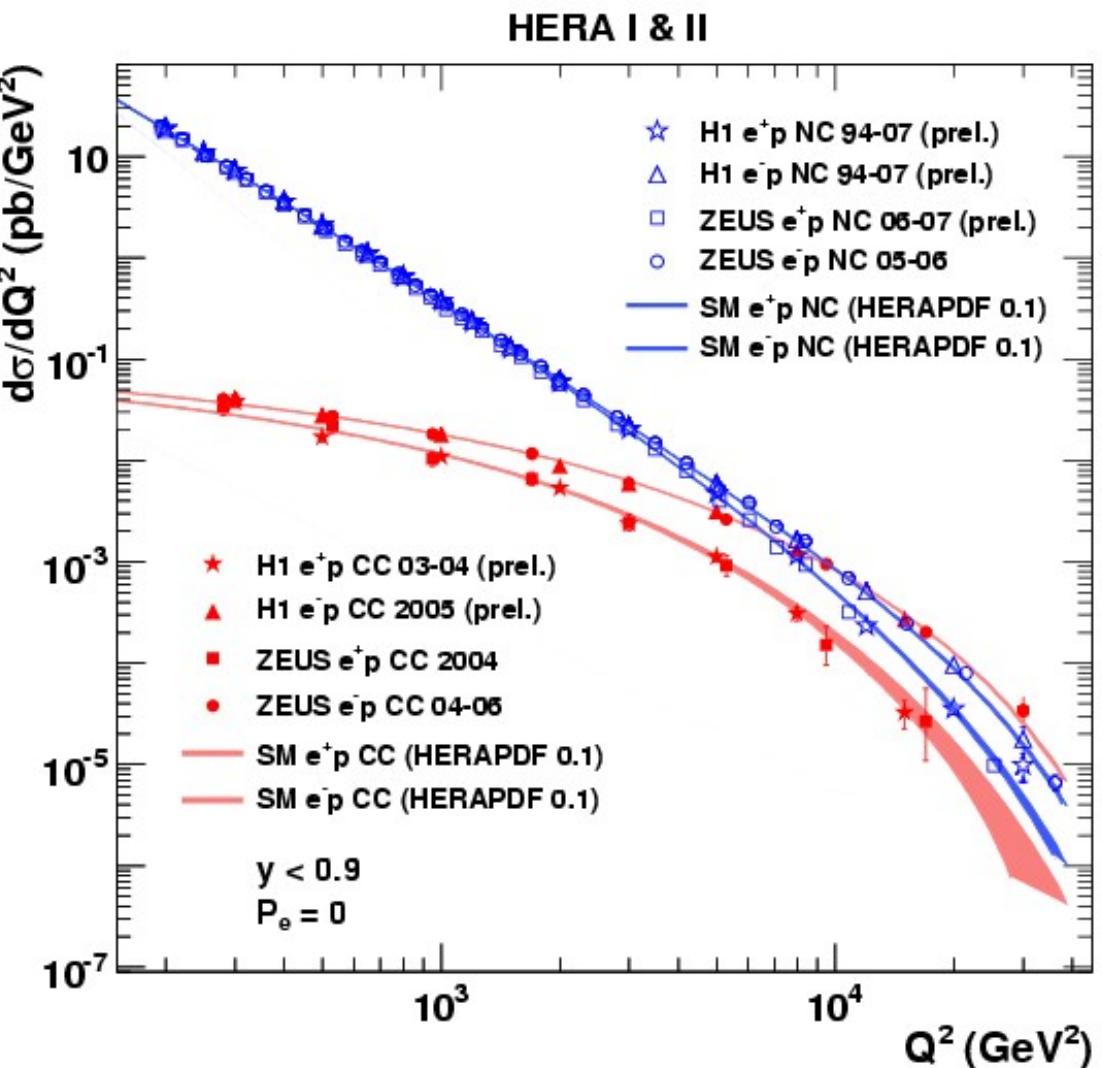
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{NC}^{e^\pm p}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{x Q^4} \left[ Y_+ \tilde{F}_2^\pm \mp Y_- x \tilde{F}_3^\pm - y^2 \tilde{F}_L^\pm \right]$$

## Charged Current

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}^{e^\pm p}}{dx dQ^2} = (1 \pm P_e) \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi x} \left( \frac{M_W^2}{Q^2 + M_W^2} \right)^2 \tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^{e^\pm p}$$

$\sim 0$   
 $\sim 1/Q^4$  at  $Q^2 > M_W^2$

- Good agreement with SM (shown here: HERAPDF0.1) over large kinematic range
- Electroweak unification at  $M_W^2$
- Differences between  $e^+p/e^-p$  data at high  $Q^2$



# Neutral Current Cross Section

A closer look at the neutral current cross section in ( $x, Q^2$ )

$$Y_{\pm} = 1 \pm (1 - y)^2$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma(e^\pm p)}{dxdQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} [Y_+ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_2(x, Q^2) \mp Y_- \mathbf{x}\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_3(x, Q^2) - \mathbf{F}_L]$$

- cross section parametrised using generalised structure functions related to quark/gluon density distributions in proton

$\mathbf{F}_2$   $\gamma$  exchange dominant contribution,  $\gamma Z$  interference depends on polarisation (axial-vector coupling to  $Z$   $a_e$  large)

$$\tilde{F}_2^{\pm} = F_2 - (v_e \pm P_e a_e) \kappa \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} F_2^{\gamma Z} + (v_e^2 + a_e^2 \pm P_e 2v_e a_e) \kappa^2 \left[ \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} \right]^2 F_2^Z$$

$\mathbf{x}\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_3$   $\gamma Z$  interference /  $Z$  exchange dominate, depends on beam lepton charge (vector coupling to  $Z$   $v_e$  small)

$$x\tilde{F}_3^{\pm} = -(a_e \pm P_e v_e) \kappa \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} xF_3^{\gamma Z} + (2a_e v_e \pm P_e [v_e^2 + a_e^2]) \kappa^2 \left[ \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} \right]^2 xF_3^Z$$

# Unpolarised NC Cross Sections

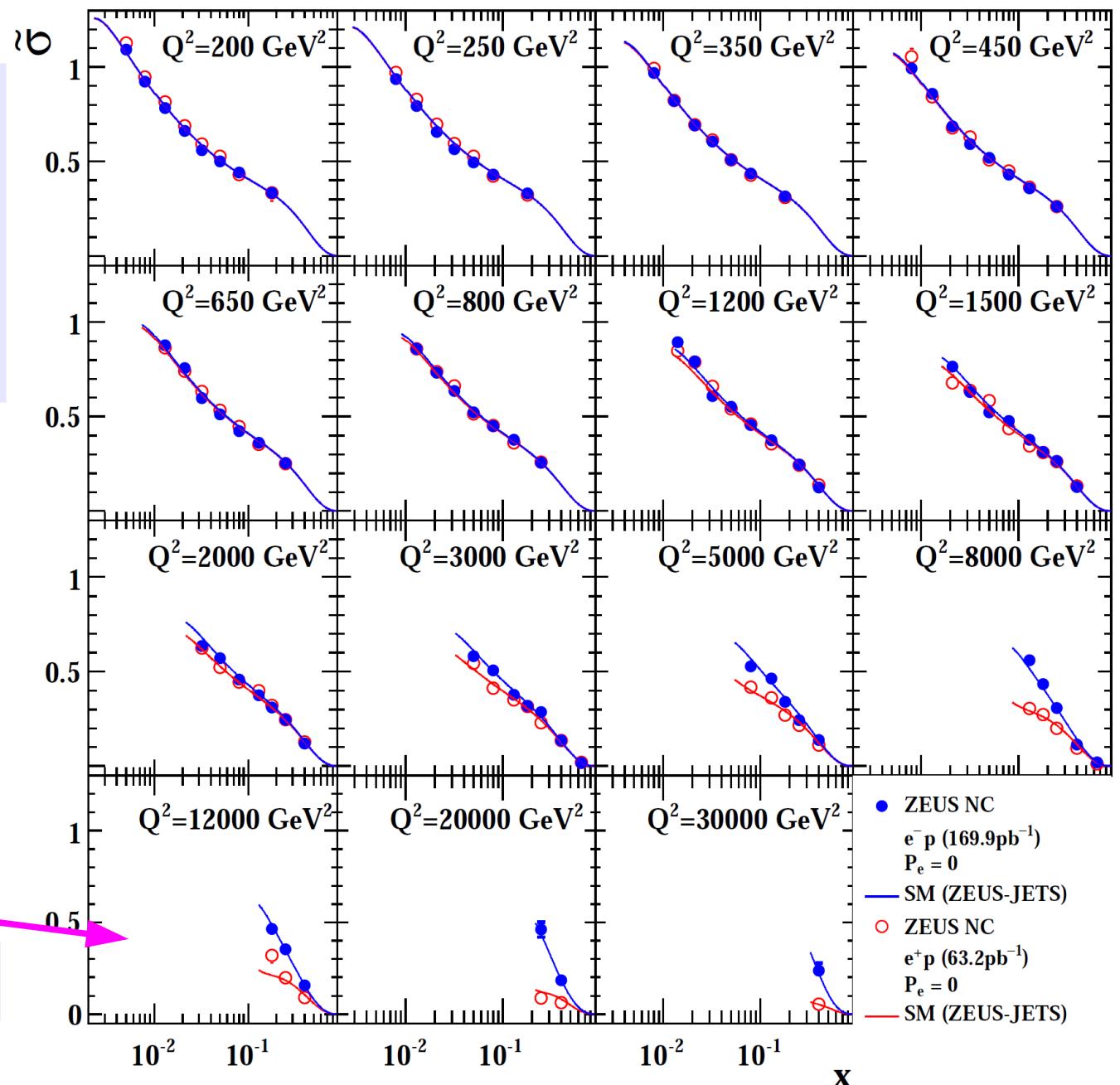
DESY-08-202

ZEUS

- Measured using 170 pb<sup>-1</sup> of HERA-2 data
- Good agreement with SM (ZEUS-JETS) over large kinematic range

Dependence on beam charge apparent:  
 $e^+p$  cross section larger at high  $Q^2$

Interference  $x F_3^{yZ}$



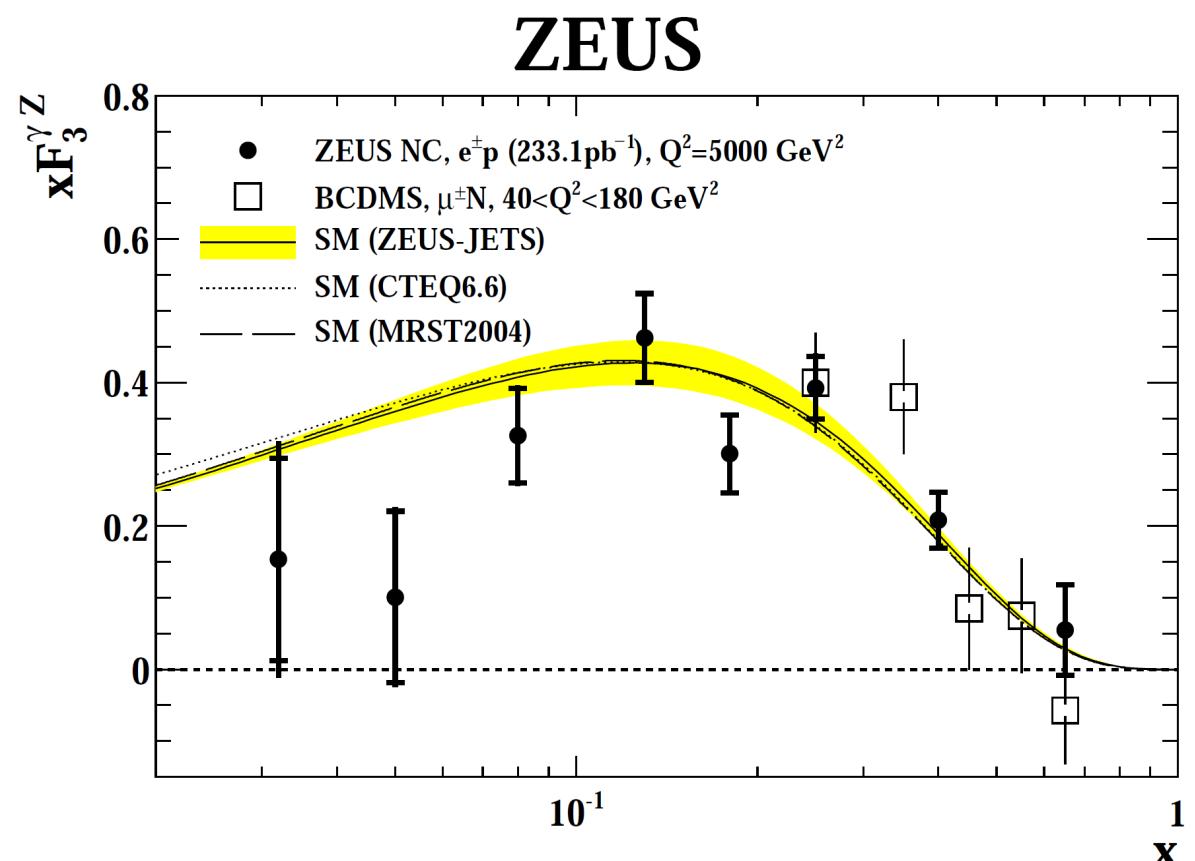
# Interference Structure Function $xF_3^{\gamma Z}$

Charge Asymmetry observed:  
Exploit difference in  $e^+p/e^-p$   
cross sections to measure  $xF_3$

In HERA kinematic range  
 $\gamma$ -Z interference dominates:  
Measure “interference structure function”

$$x\tilde{F}_3 = \frac{Y_+}{2Y_-} (\tilde{\sigma}^{e^-p} - \tilde{\sigma}^{e^+p})$$

- Adjust all measurements to  $Q^2=1500$  GeV
- Measure as function of  $x$



DESY-08-202

# Polarised NC Cross Sections: Parity Violation

Polarisation asymmetries:  
Measurement of  
 $\gamma Z$  interference term in  $F_2$

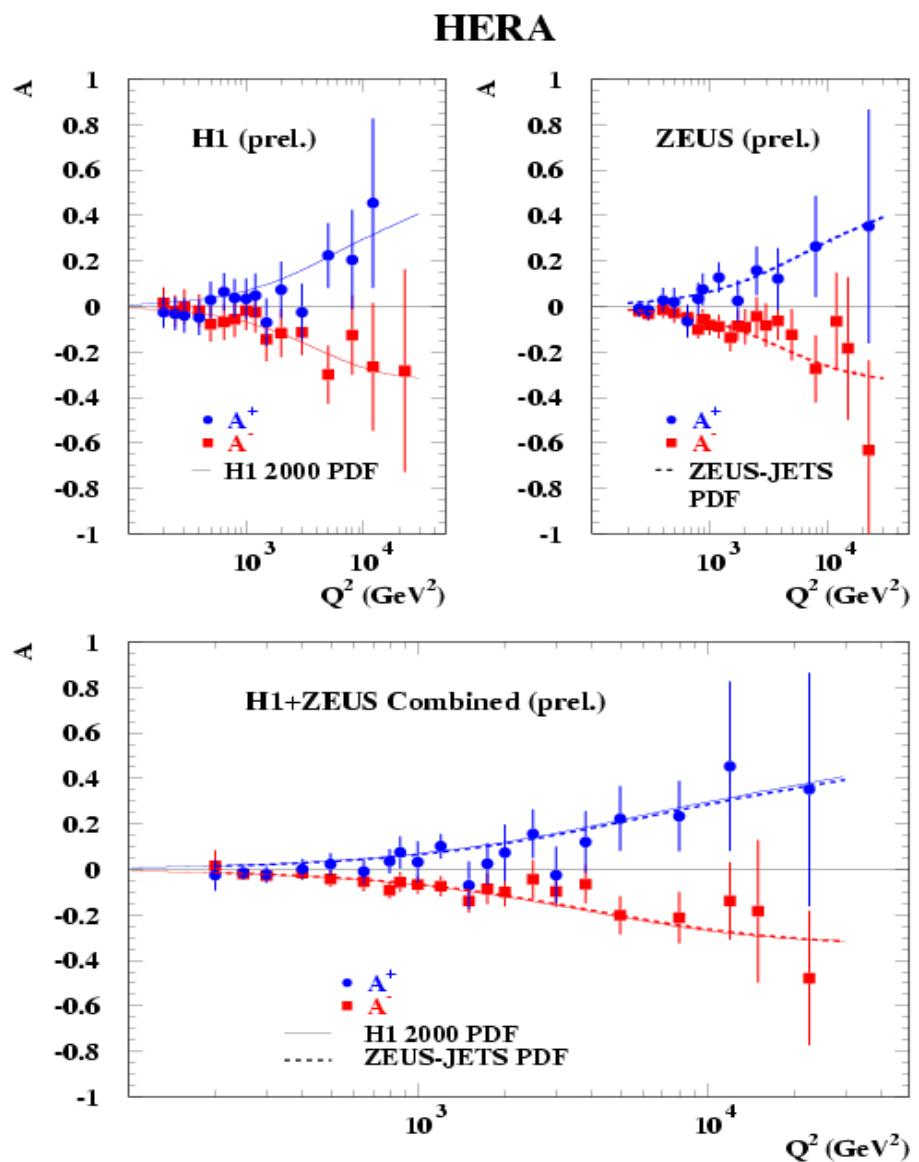
$$A^\pm = \frac{2}{P_R - P_L} \cdot \frac{\sigma^\pm(P_R) - \sigma^\pm(P_L)}{\sigma^\pm(P_R) + \sigma^\pm(P_L)}$$

$$A^\pm \simeq \mp k a_e \frac{F_2^{\gamma Z}}{F_2} \sim a_e v_q$$

- Observation of parity violation in NC  $e^\pm p$  scattering down to  $10^{-18} m$
- Direct measurement of electroweak SM effects

Combined measurement increases statistics (prelim.)

H1 prelim-06-142  
ZEUS-prel-06-022



# Unpolarised Charged Current Cross Section

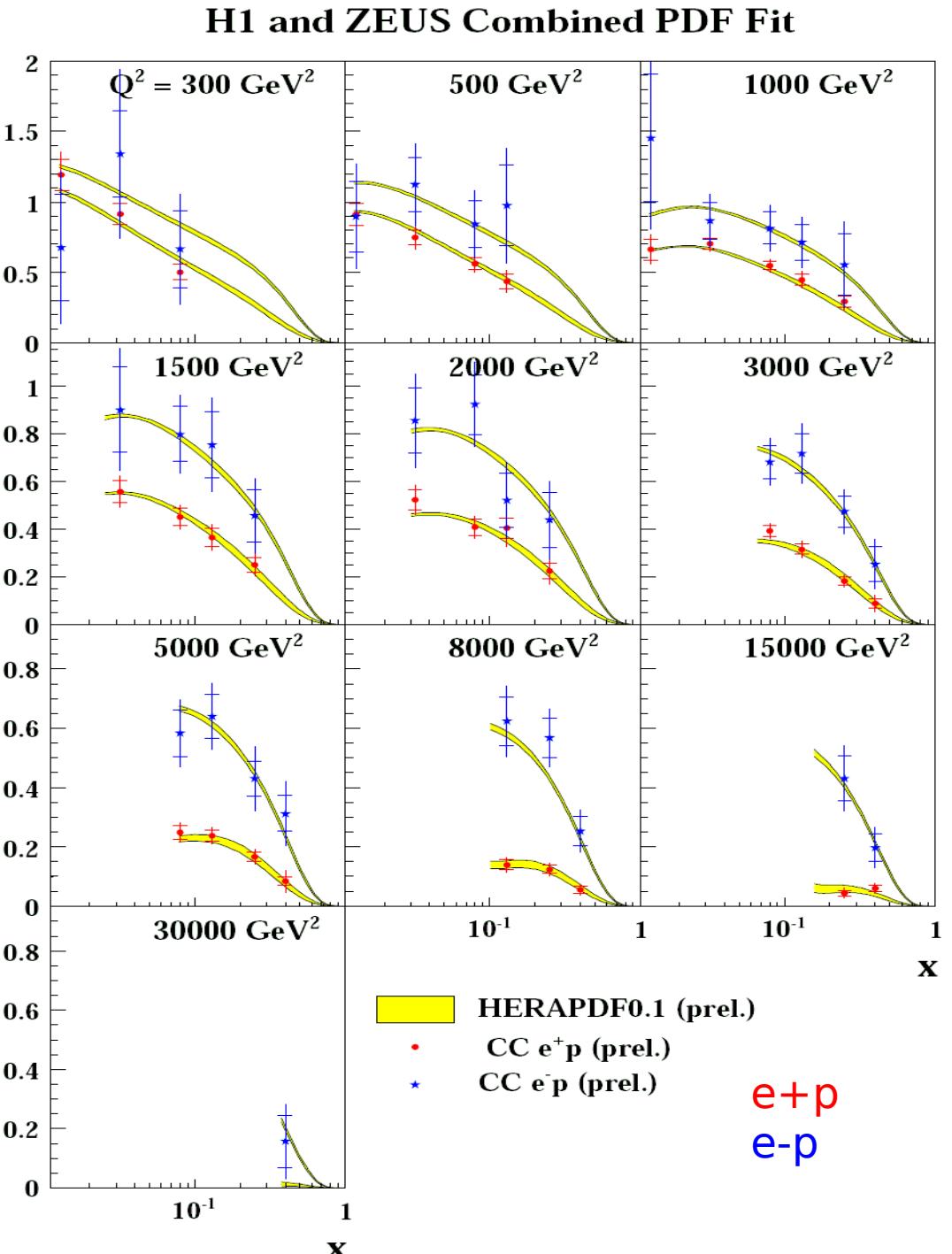
- Measured charged current cross sections for  $e^+p/e^-p$  data (HERA-1, unpolarised)

- Good agreement with SM over large kinematic range (shown here: HERAPDF0.1)

- Sensitive to flavors of partons in proton  $p \sim (uud)$  at high  $x$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^{e^+p} = x[\bar{u} + \bar{c}] + (1 - y)^2 x[\bar{d} + s]$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^{e^-p} = x[\bar{u} + c] + (1 - y)^2 x[\bar{d} + \bar{s}]$$

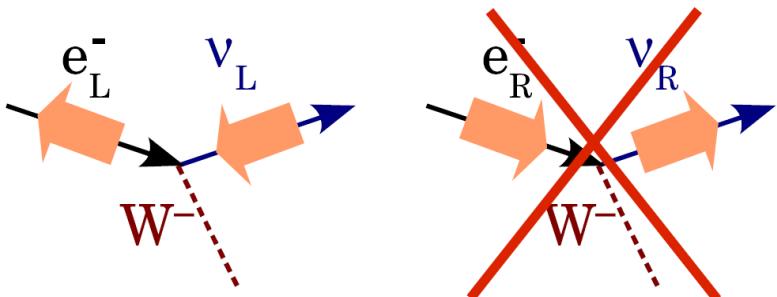


# Polarised Charged Current Cross Section

- Different HERA-2 data sets allow measuring CC cross section as function of polarisation
- $P_e$  positive, negative and zero

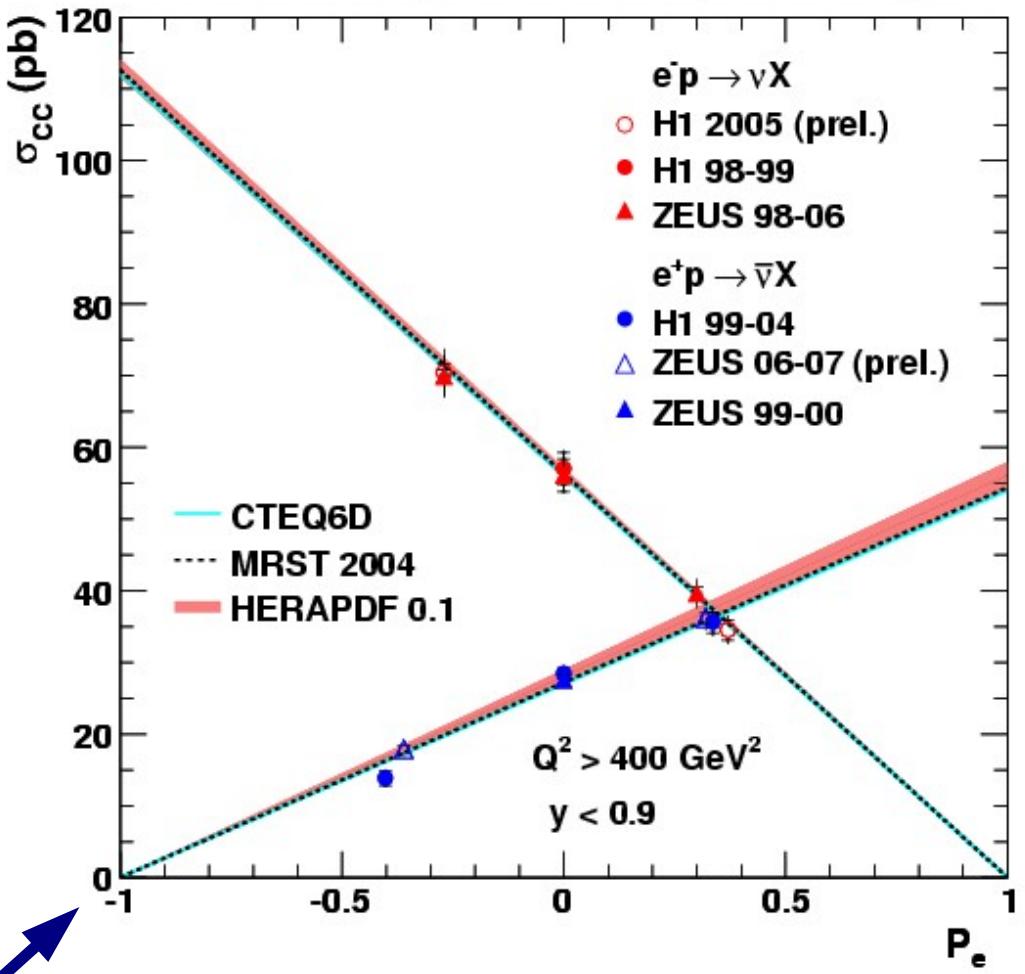
$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}^{e^\pm p}}{dx dQ^2} = (1 \pm P_e) \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi x} \left( \frac{M_W^2}{Q^2 + M_W^2} \right)^2 \tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^{e^\pm p}$$

- Fundamental feature of SM directly visible:
- Only L(R)-handed (anti)particles interact weakly



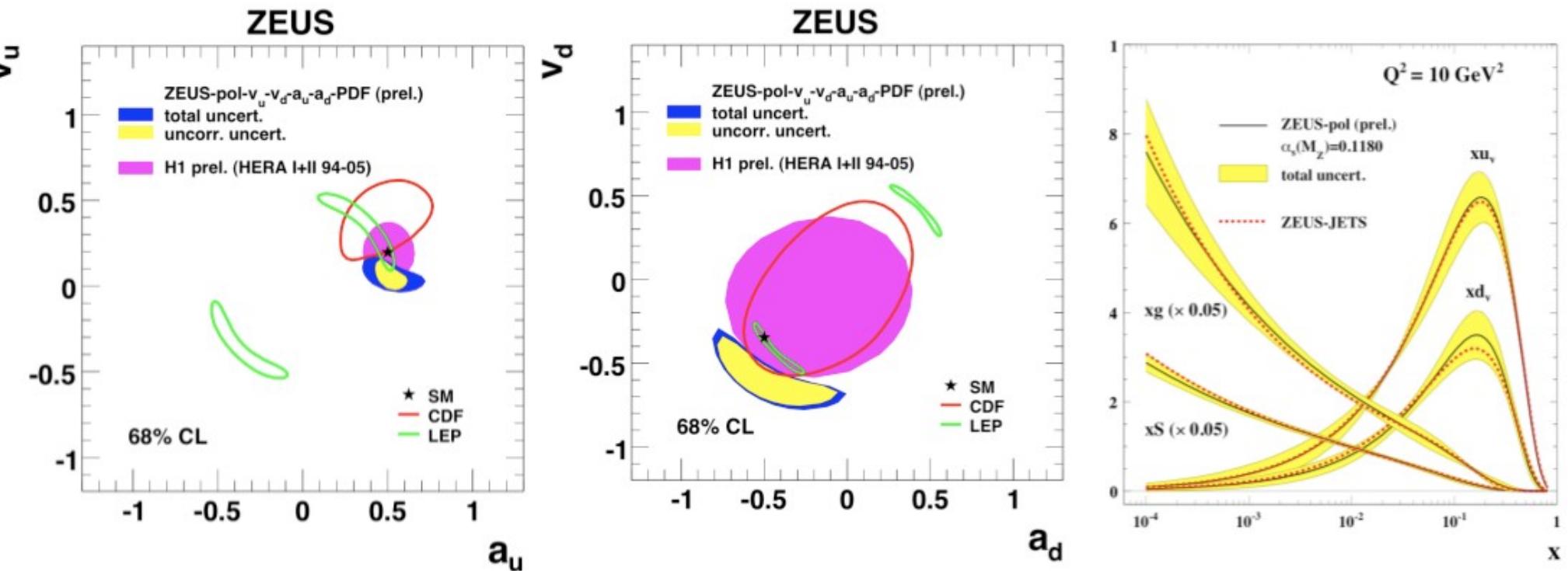
H1prelim06-041  
ZEUS-prel-09-001

HERA Charged Current  $e^\pm p$  Scattering



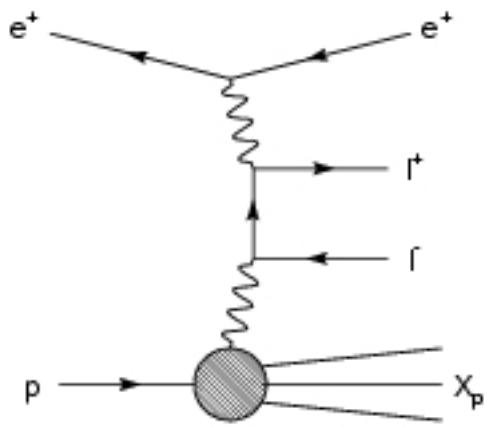
Right-handed currents forbidden in SM.  
At  $P = -1$  (extrapolated):  $M_W^R > 208 \text{ GeV}$

# Combined EW-QCD Fits



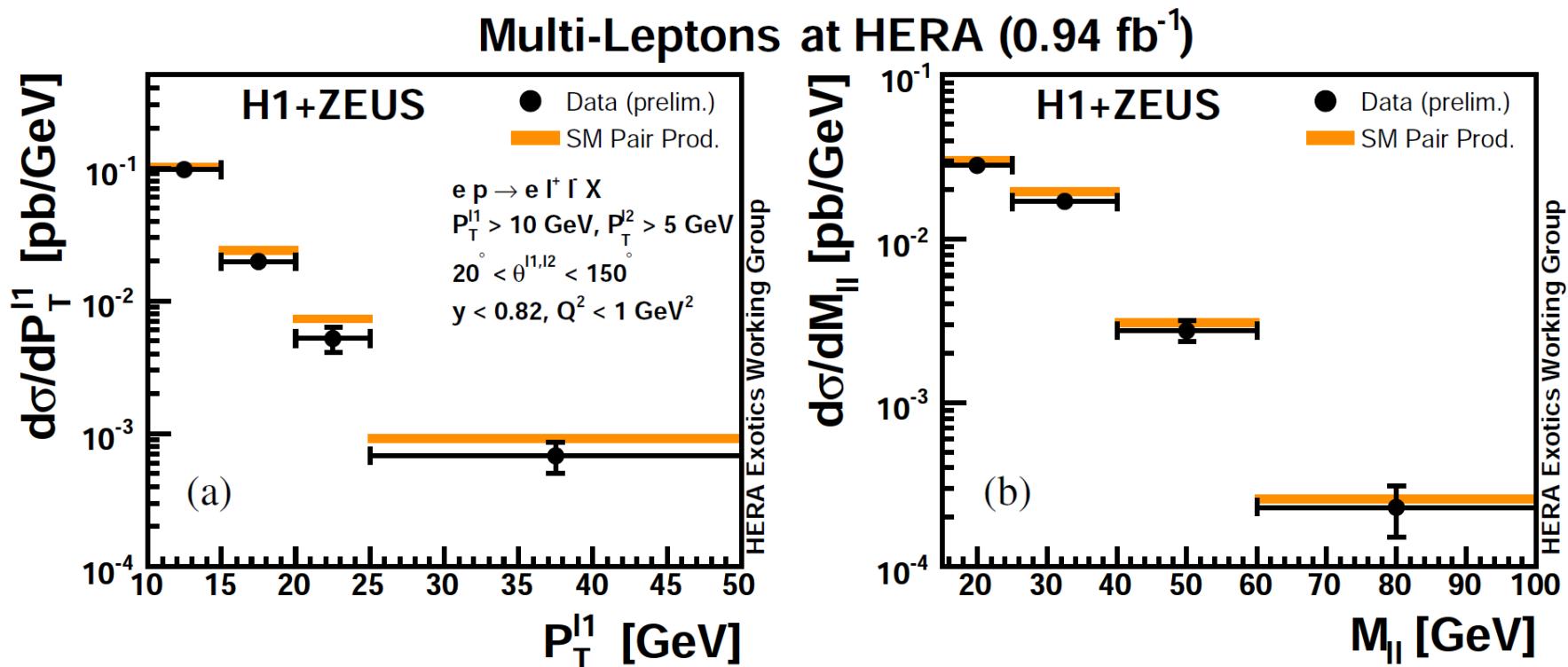
- All these measurements are used to extract  
Extract 5 PDFs ( $g, u, \bar{u}, d, \bar{d}$ ) and weak couplings to  $Z^0$  ( $a_u, a_d, v_u, v_d$ ) simultaneously  
NC:  $\gamma Z$  interference /  $Z$  exchange sensitive to  $a_u, a_d$   
and can resolve signs of couplings  
CC: flavor sensitivity helps to disentangle  $u, d$ -quarks
- Precision competitive with LEP and Tevatron results
- Most precise value for  $u$ -coupling to  $Z$  comes from HERA

# Lepton-Pair Production Cross Section



- Lepton-Pair Production via  $\gamma\gamma$ -collisions
- Main signal in analysis of multi-lepton events at HERA
- Powerful tool for lepton id + test of SM (talk by A. Parenti)
- Individual papers published by H1, ZEUS
- Preliminary H1-ZEUS combination
- Good agreement with SM prediction (GRAPE)

H1 prelim-09-064  
ZEUS-prel-09-008



# Single W Production

Signature:

Isolated Lepton (Electron or Muon,  $P_T > 10$  GeV) and Missing Energy ( $P_T > 12$  GeV)



[arXiv:0807.0589]

Phys.Lett.B672:106-115,2009]

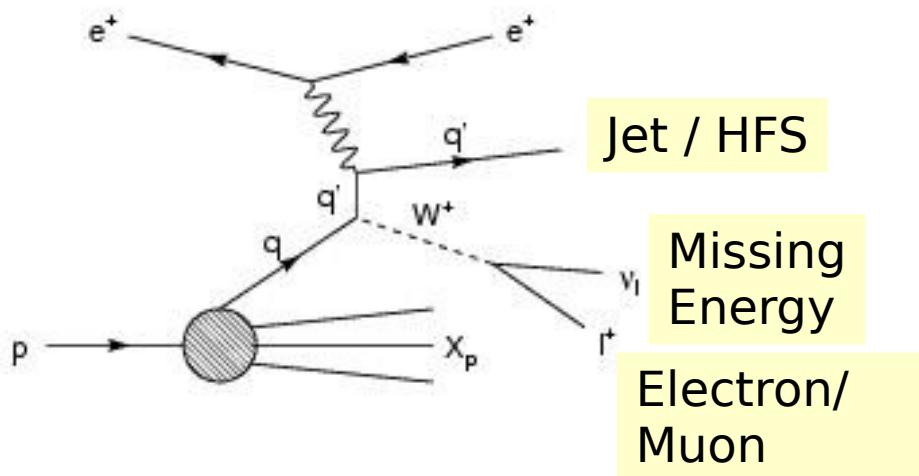


[arXiv:0901.0488]

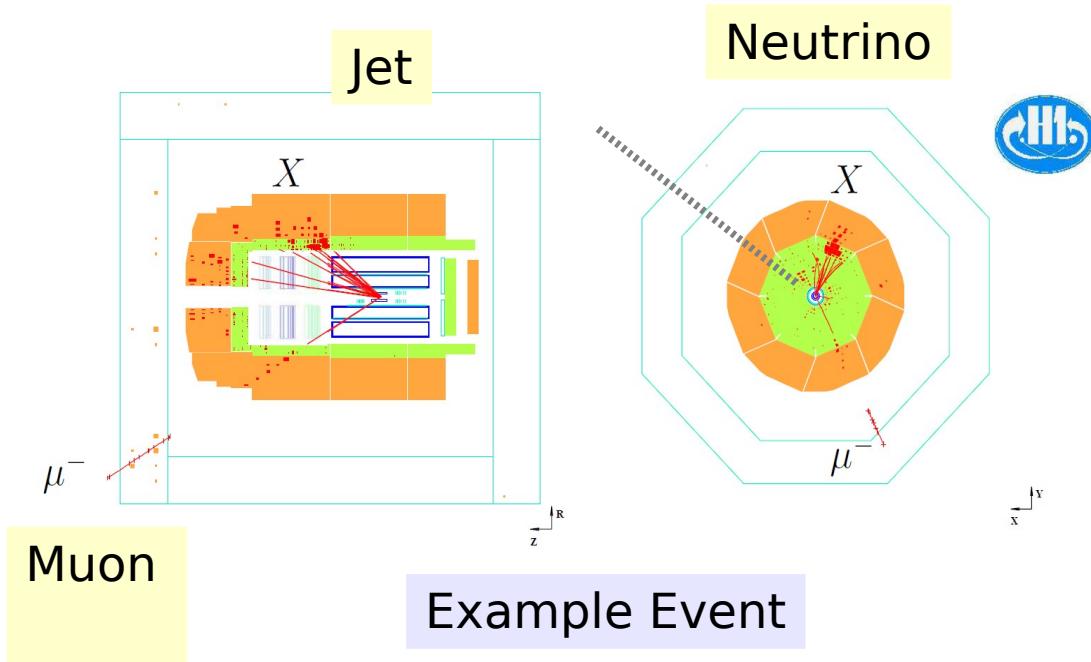
Subm. to Eur.Phys.J C

Signature is also sensitive to physics beyond the Standard Model (BSM)

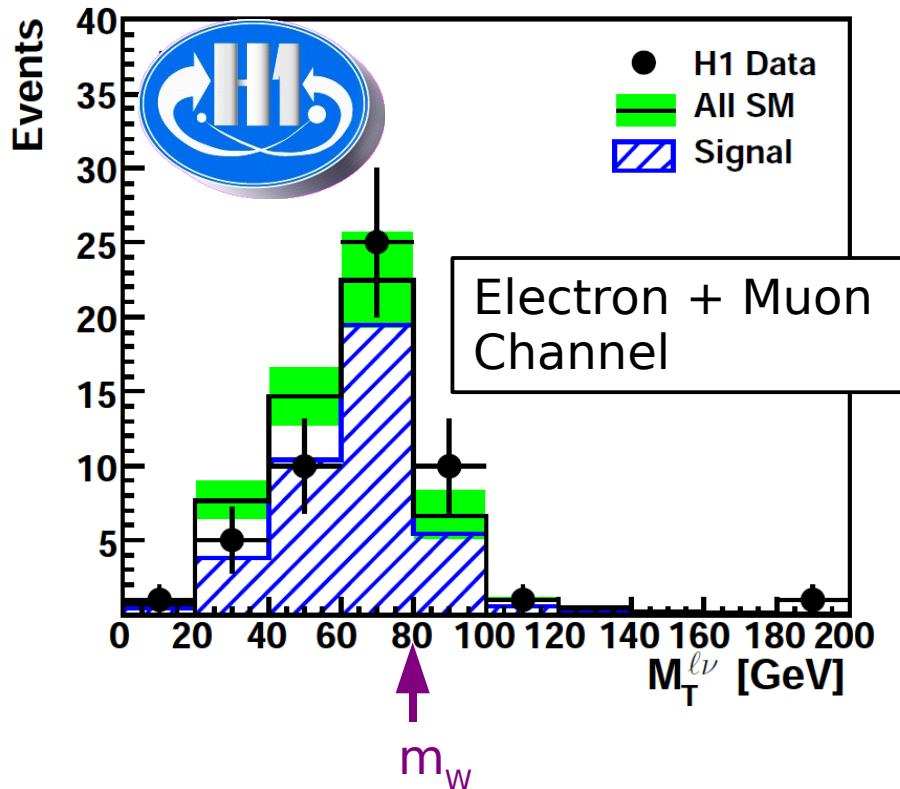
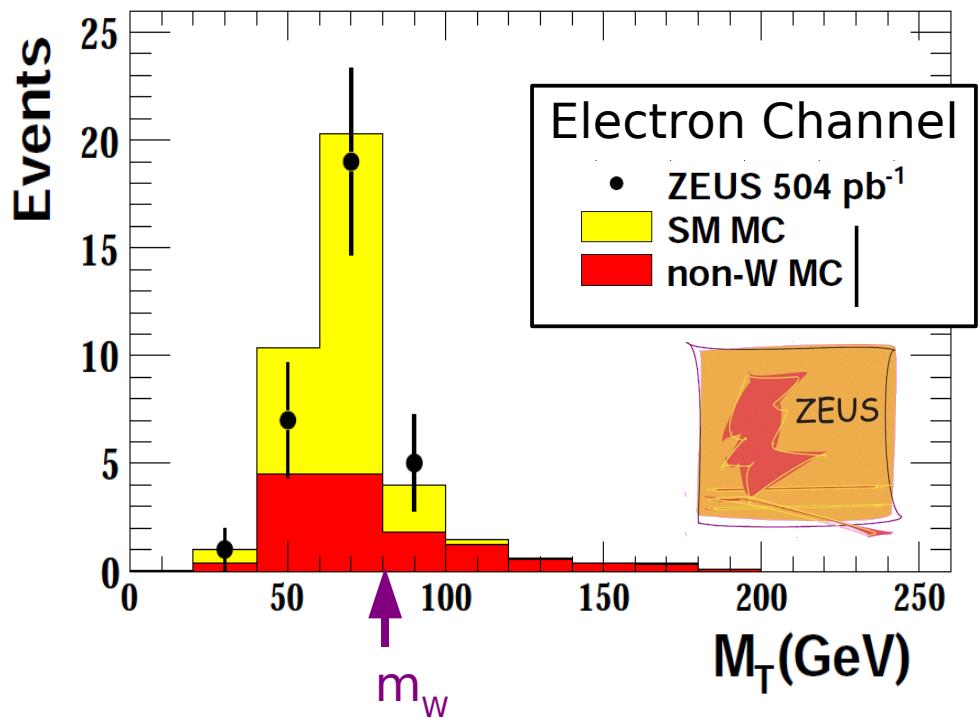
-> see talk by A. Parenti



- Single  $W$  Production  $\sigma \sim 1.3$  pb



# W Production Cross Section Measurement



- High Purity of ~75% of W Prediction (EPVEC)
- Clear Jacobian Peak
- Strong evidence for W Production at HERA



EPVEC

$$0.89^{+0.25} \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.10 \text{ (syst.) pb,}$$

$$\sigma_W = 1.14 \pm 0.25 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (sys.) pb.}$$

$$1.27 \pm 0.19 \text{ pb.}$$

# Summary

- Full HERA data from 1994-2007 being analysed  
~ $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  for H1 and ZEUS combined
- Measurements of deep inelastic scattering processes
  - NC/CC cross sections
  - Precision tests of Standard Model
  - Observation of electroweak effects
  - Combined QCD+EW fits performed
- Rare electroweak processes investigated
  - Single  $W$  Production Cross Section measured
  - Lepton-Pair production cross section measured

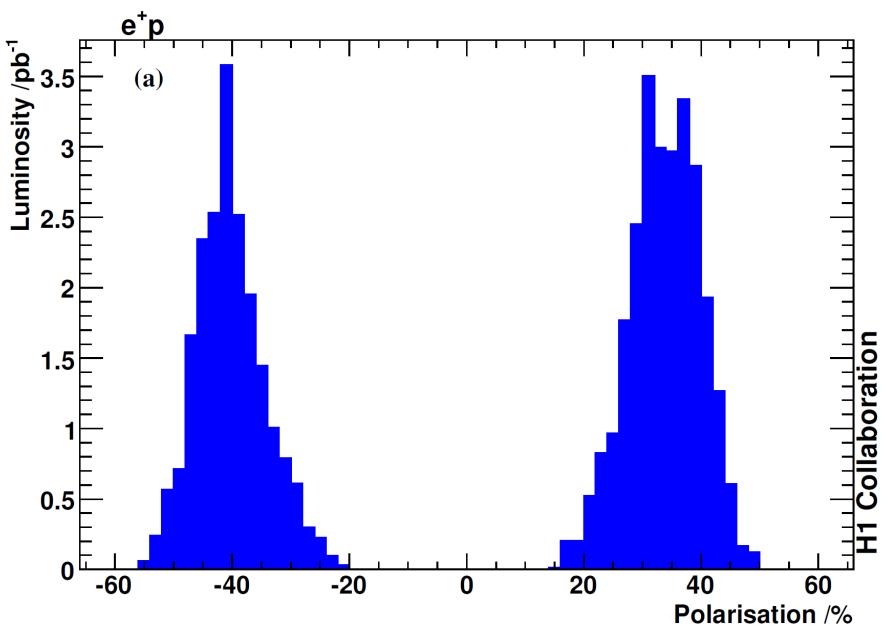
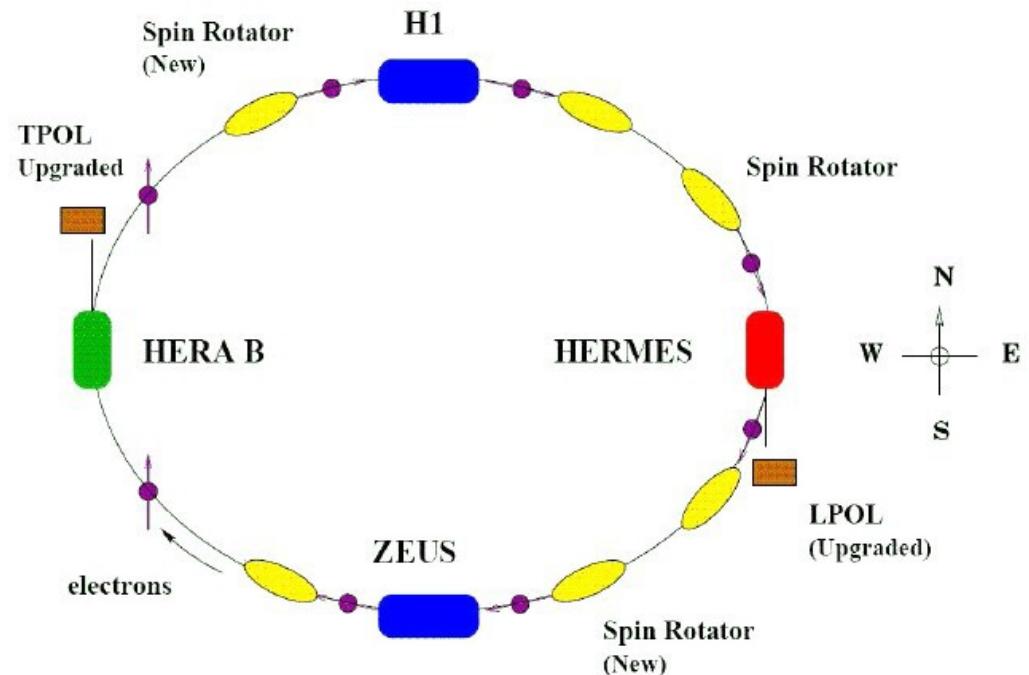
***Analysis of electroweak processes  
at HERA still a very active field***

# BACKUP



# Polarisation at HERA-2

- Spin rotators allow polarisation of electron/positron beam

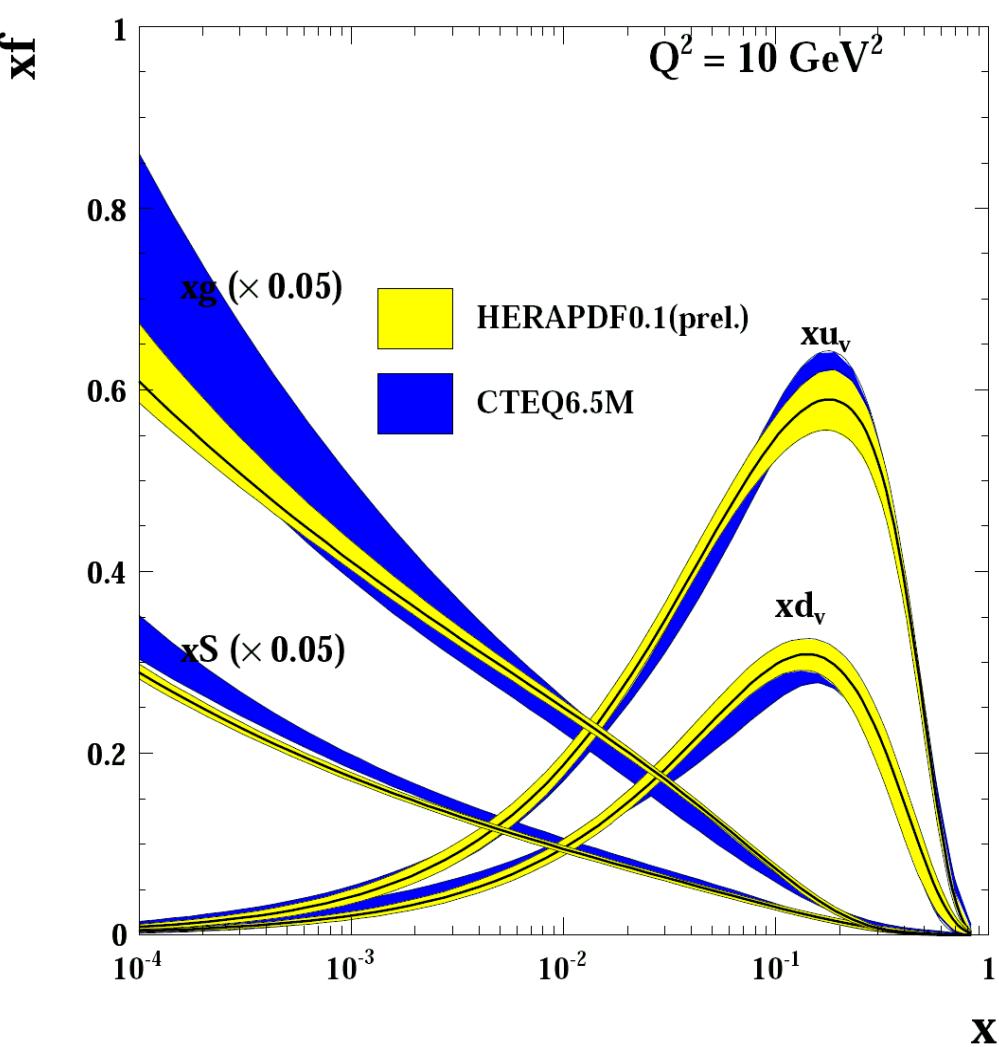
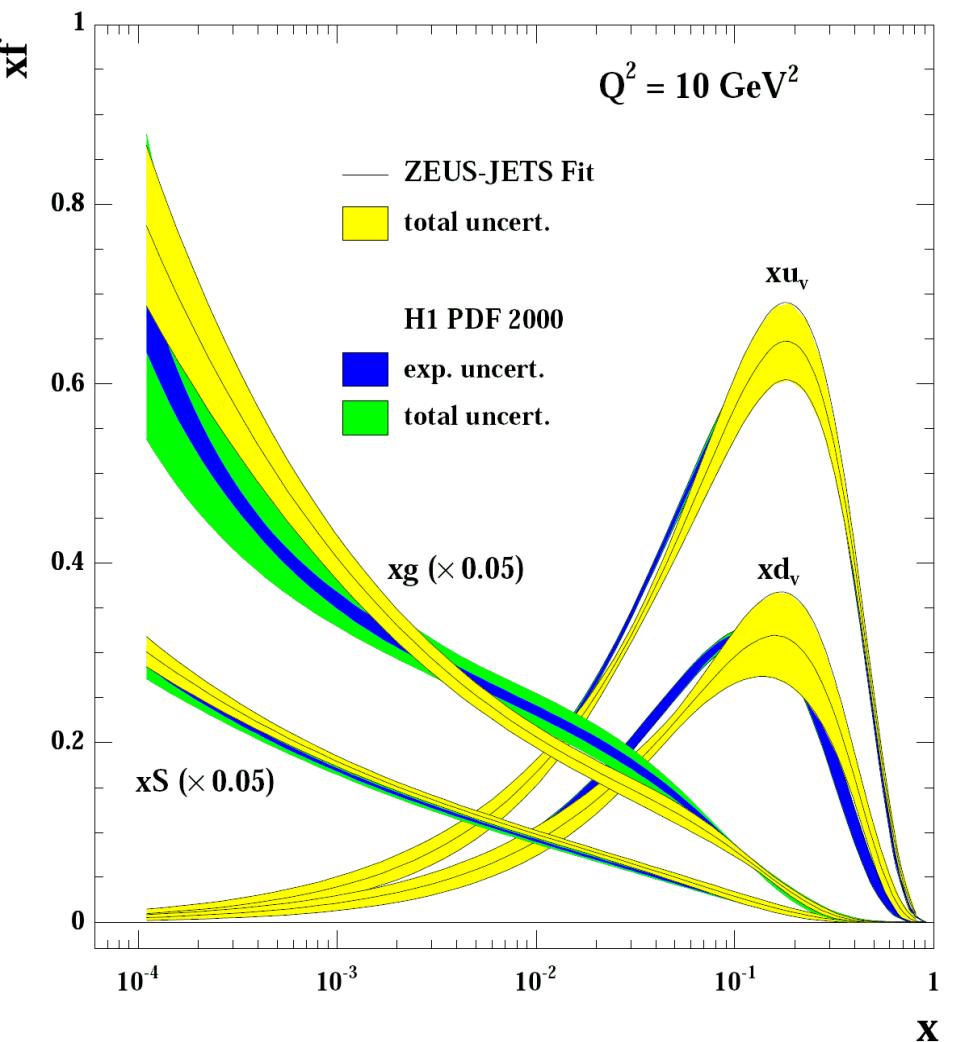


- On average  $\sim 30\text{-}40\%$  polarisation
- Overall polarisation close to  $\sim 0$

# PDF fit to combined HERA data

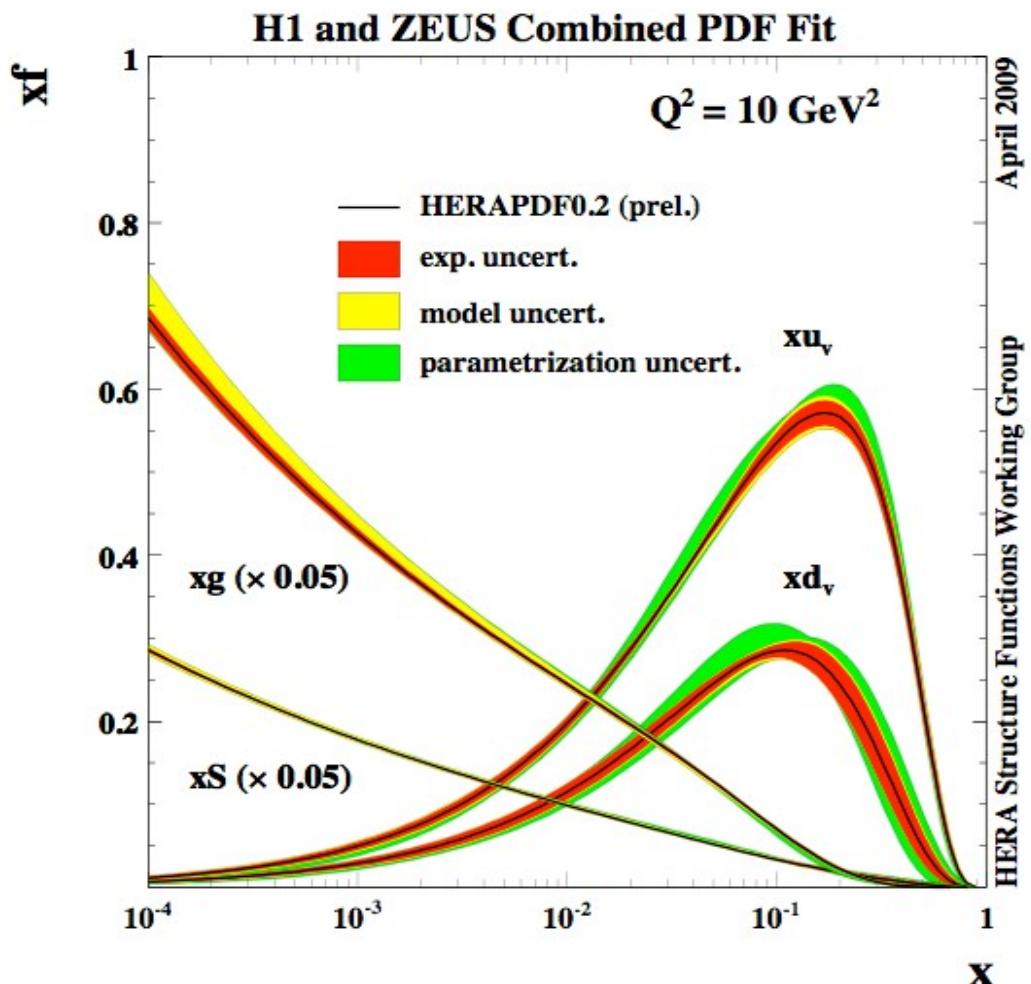
HERA data used for PDF fit  
low  $x \rightarrow$  sea and gluon PDF  
high  $Q^2 \rightarrow$  valence PDF

H1 prelim-08-045  
ZEUS prelim-08-003



impressive precision achieved  
important input for LHC

# New HERAPDF0.2 Fit



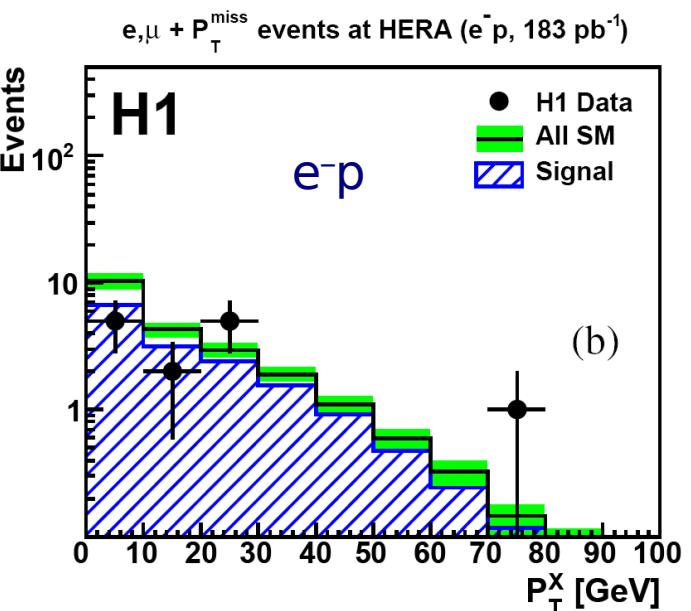
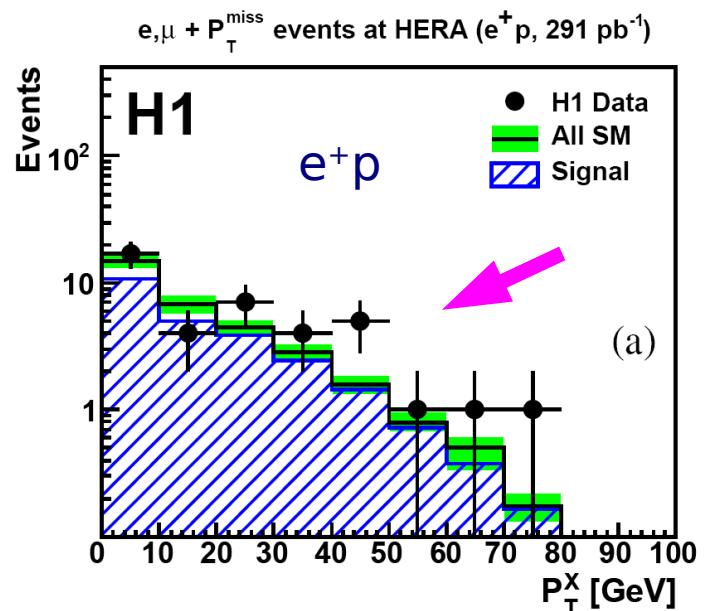
- Improved treatment of exp. and model uncertainties
- Include uncertainties due to parametrisation
- Massive HF scheme

(see talk by V. Radescu, DIS'09)

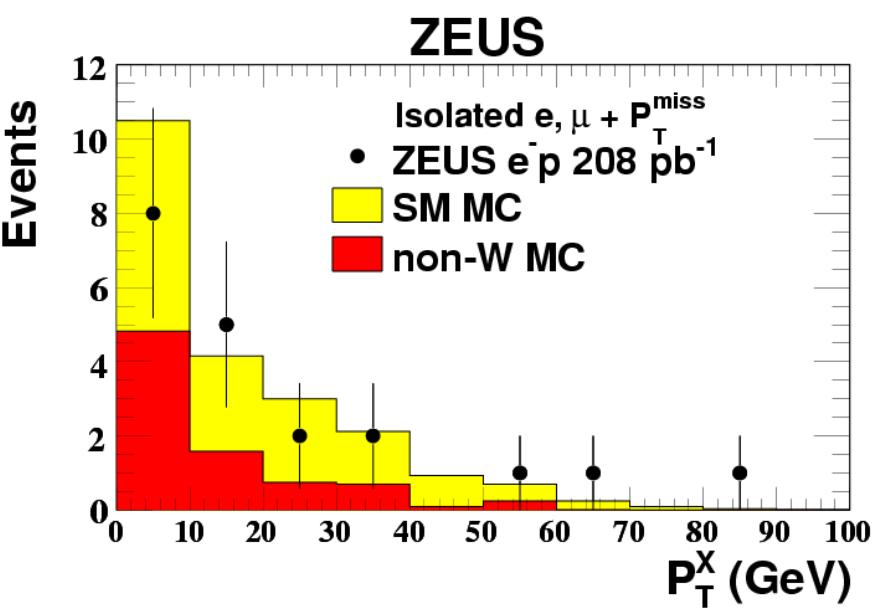
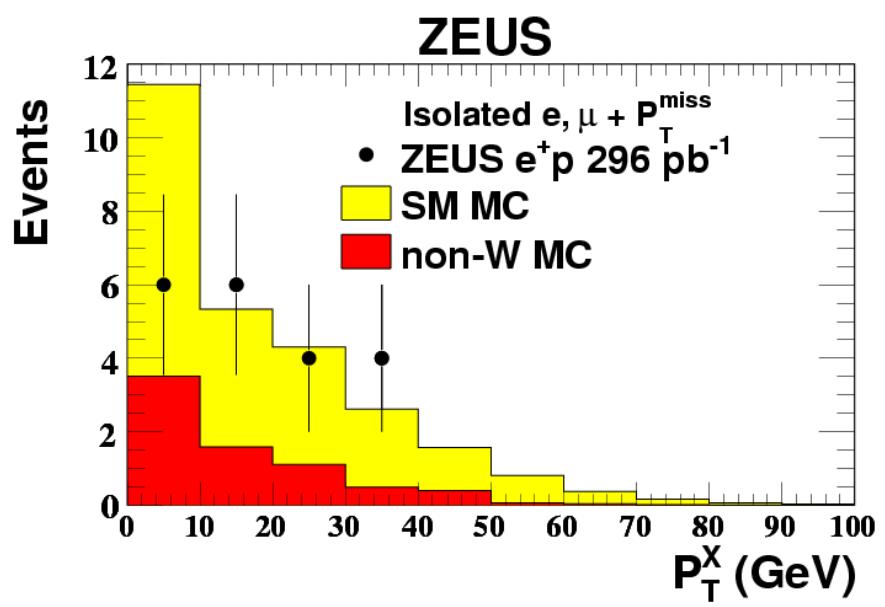
For cosmetic reasons

In this talk comparison to previous HERAPDF0.1 fit shown

# Isolated Leptons $P_T^X$ Distributions



Good overall agreement with Standard Model  
Interesting events at high hadronic  $P_T^X > 25 \text{ GeV}$  observed in  $e^+ p$  by H1

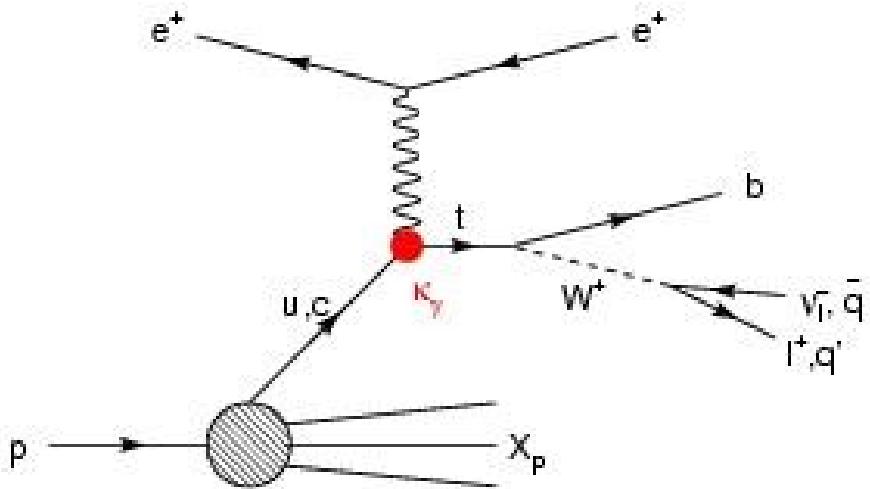


# Search for Anomalous Single top Production

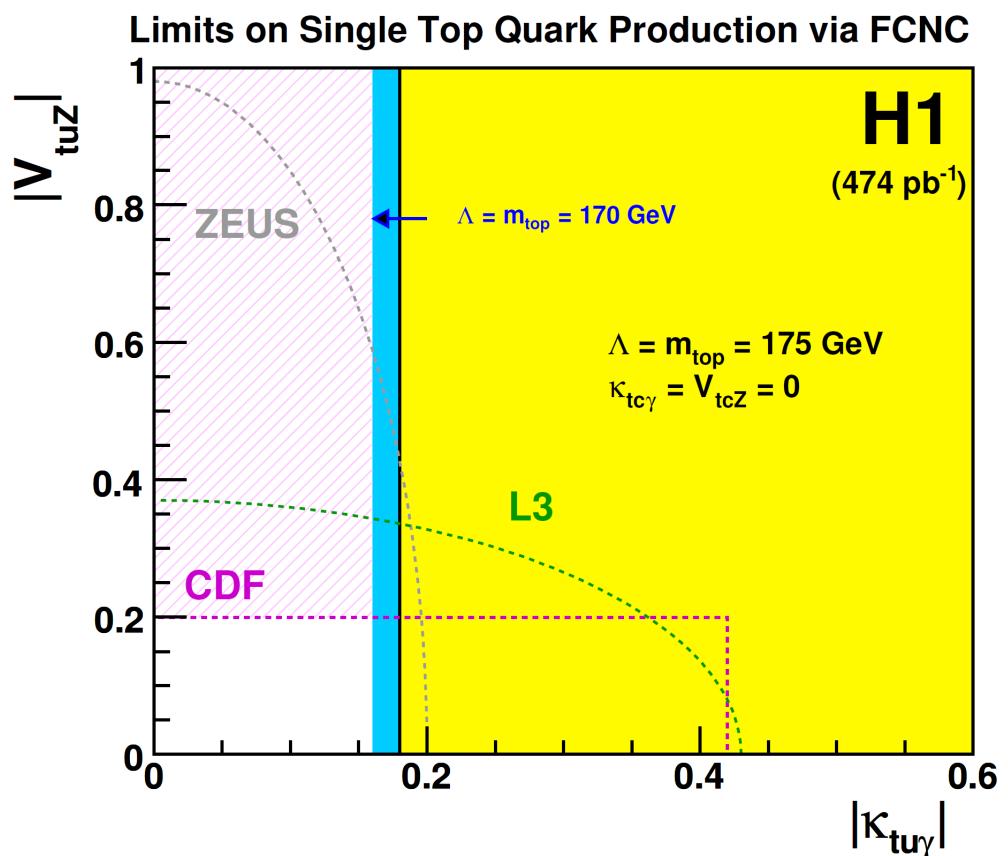
At high  $P_T^X$  isolated leptons signature compatible to anomalous single top production via FCNC  
Study using effective couplings  $\kappa_{tu\gamma}$ ,  $v_{tuZ}$

Reconstruct top in isolated leptons samples

No significant excess observed  
Set limits



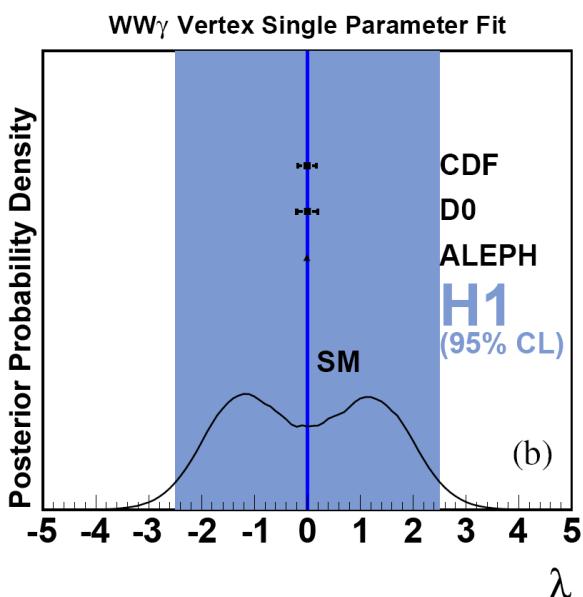
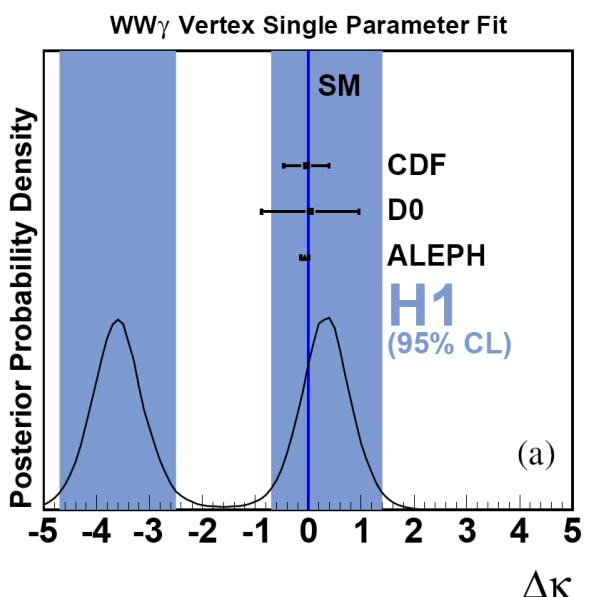
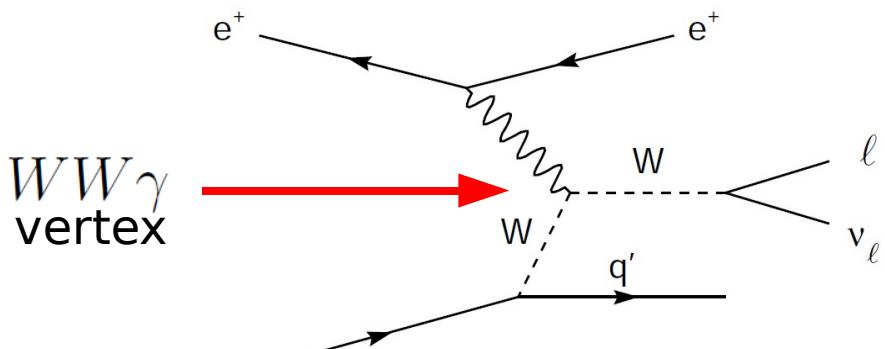
DESY09-050



HERA Limits on  $\kappa_{tu\gamma}$  explore domain not covered by other colliders

# Measurement of $WW\gamma$ Vertex Parameters

Production of  $W$  Bosons is sensitive to triple gauge couplings  
Attempt to provide complementary information to LEP, Tevatron  
on the  $WW\gamma$  Vertex coupling parameters  $\Delta\kappa$ ,  $\lambda$   
H1 Measurements compatible to  $W$  production at other colliders



$$-4.7 < \Delta\kappa < -2.5 \quad \text{or} \quad -0.7 < \Delta\kappa < 1.4,$$

$$-2.5 < \lambda < 2.5.$$

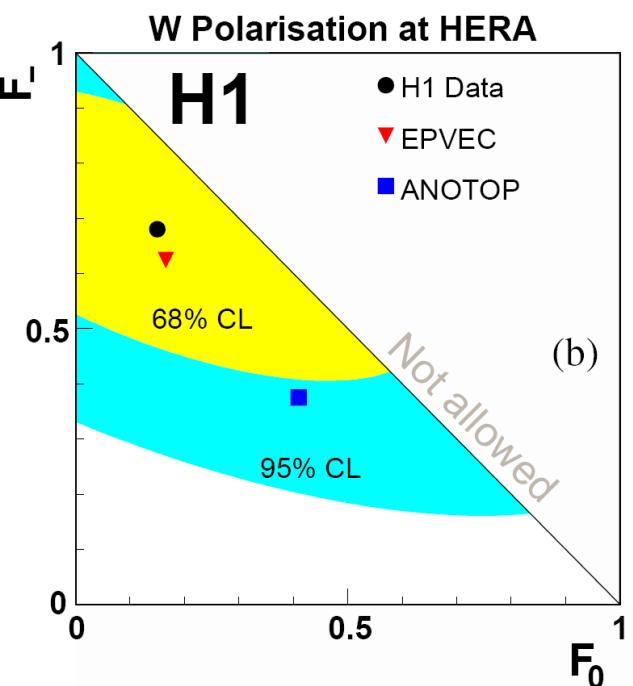
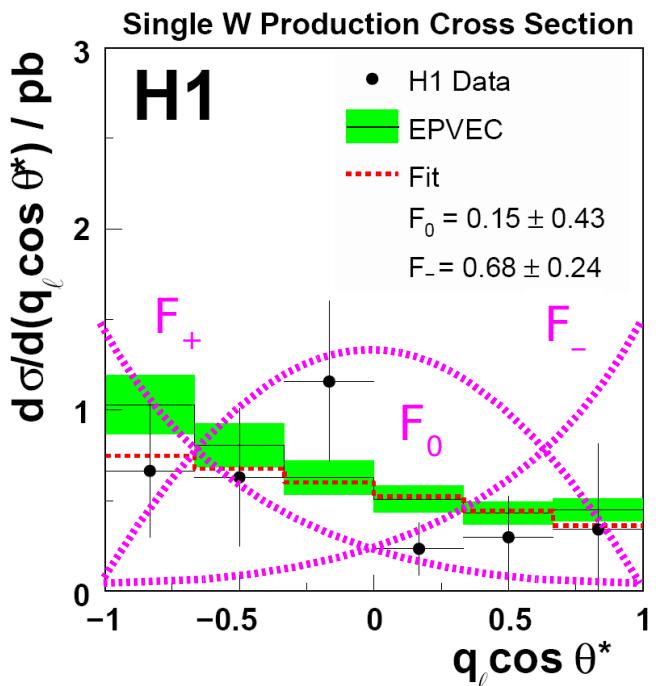
# H1 W Polarisation Fractions

$W$  polarisation fractions sensitive to angular properties of the decay  
May be different for SM and BSM contributions  
Measure for single  $W$  Production, and test with anomalous top production model  
Difference demonstrated, but sensitivity at  $1\sigma$  level

Method:

Measure differential  $W$  cross section in  $q_\ell^*(\cos \theta^*)$

Fit  $F_-$  (LH),  $F_+$  (RH),  $F_0$  (longitudinal)  $W$  polarisation Fractions



$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{W \rightarrow \ell + \nu}} \frac{d\sigma_{W \rightarrow \ell + \nu}}{d\cos \theta^*} = \frac{3}{4} F_0 (1 - \cos^2 \theta^*) + \frac{3}{8} F_- (1 - \cos \theta^*)^2 + \frac{3}{8} F_+ (1 + \cos \theta^*)^2$$