

# Heavy Quark Results from HERA

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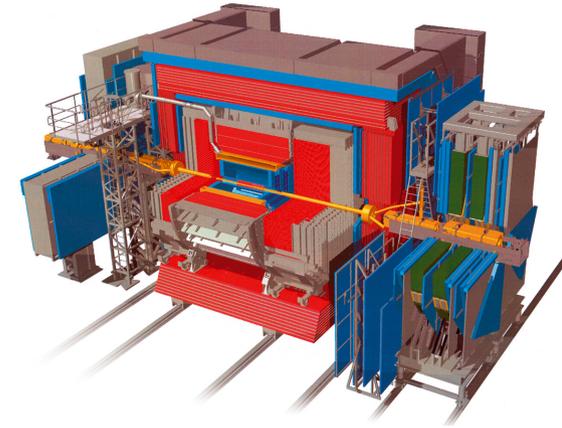
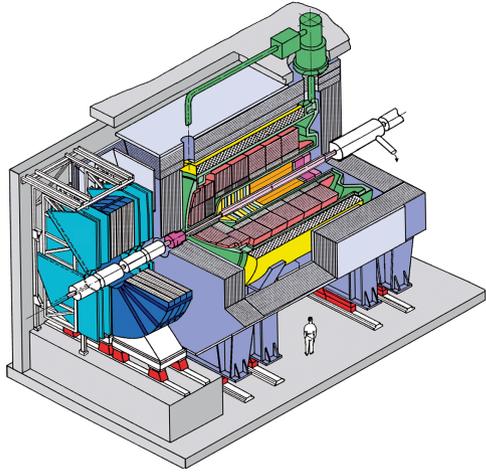


Martin Brinkmann, Hamburg University  
for the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations

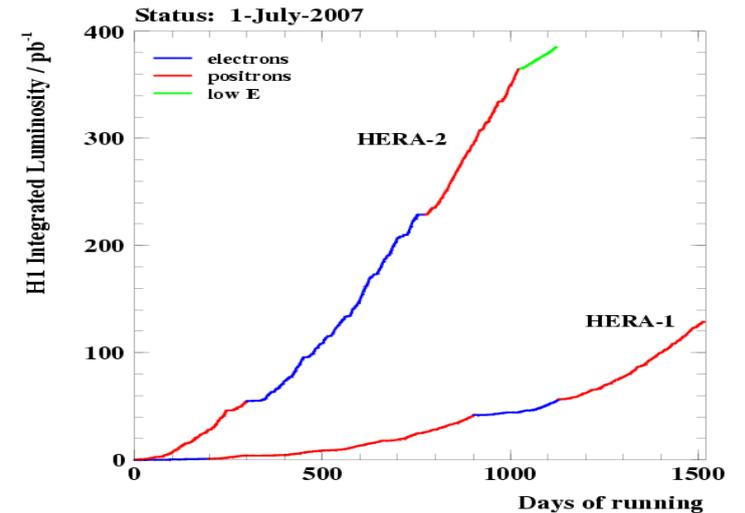


- Introduction
- Open charm results
- Open beauty measurements
- Structure Functions  $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$  and  $F_2^{b\bar{b}}$
- Conclusion

# HERA



- $27.5 \text{ GeV } e \text{ } 920 \text{ GeV } p \longrightarrow \sqrt{s} = 318 \text{ GeV}$
- HERAI: 1992-2000 and HERAII: 2003-2007
- $\sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per experiment



# Production of Heavy Quarks

predominantly via boson  
gluon fusion

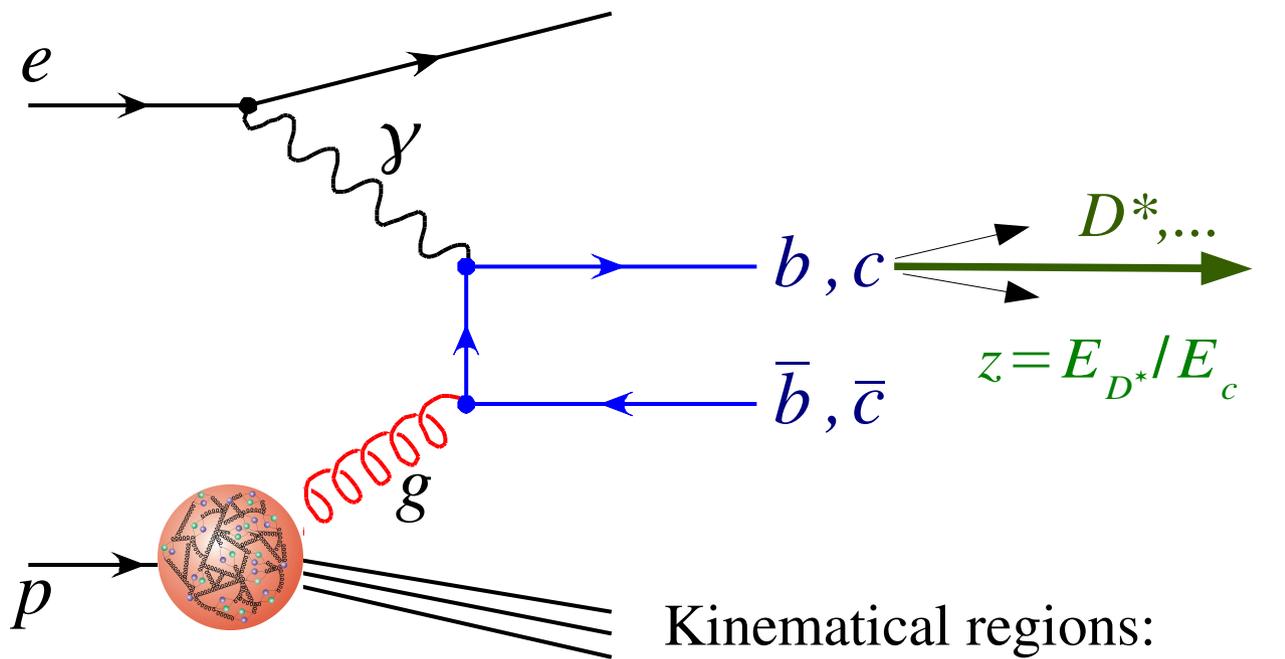
large quark mass allows  
pQCD calculations

directly sensitive to gluon  
density in the proton

QCD factorisation:

$$\sigma_{D^*} \propto f_{g/p} \otimes \hat{\sigma} \otimes D_c^{D^*}(z)$$

parton density function  
(non-perturbative)
parton scattering cross  
section (perturbative)
fragmentation function  
(non-perturbative)



Photoproduction ( $\gamma p$ ) ( $Q^2 \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ )

Electroproduction (DIS) ( $Q^2 \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ )

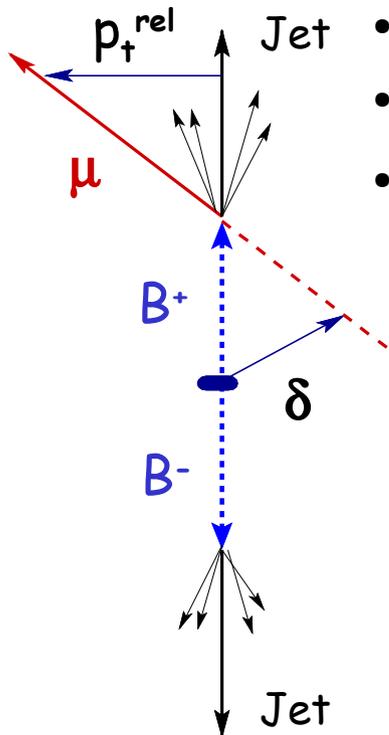
# Methods for Heavy Flavour Tagging

## Meson identification:

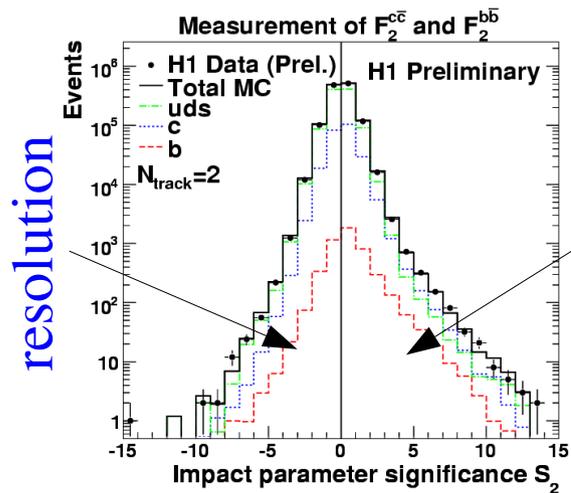
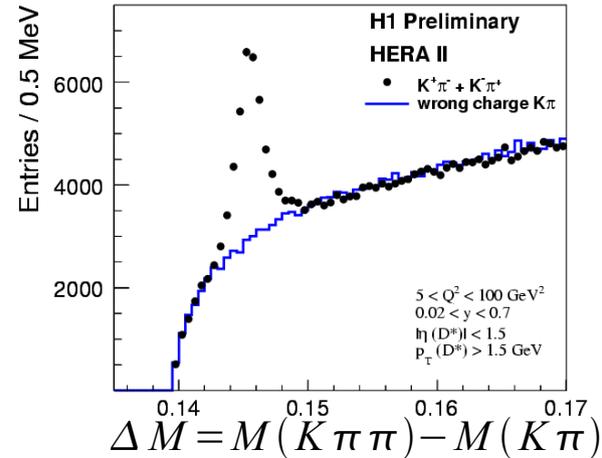
- Full reconstruction from decay tracks:

$$D^{*+/-} \rightarrow D^0 \pi_s^{+/-} \rightarrow (K^{-/+} \pi^{+/-}) \pi_s^{+/-}$$

## Mass/Lifetime tag:

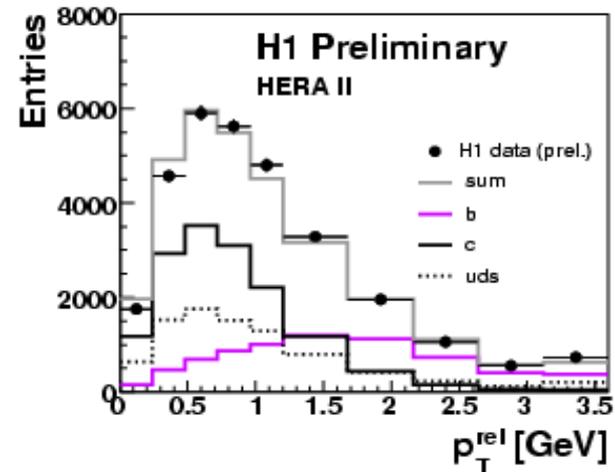


- Reconstruct secondary vertex
- Impact parameter significance:  $S = \delta / \sigma(\delta)$ , fit subtracted distributions
- $p_t^{\text{rel}}$  in leptonic decays



resolution

res. & lifetime



# Models of Heavy Quark Production

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## NLO calculation:

- **HVQDIS (DIS)**: fixed order, massive scheme (FFNS)
- **FMNR( $\gamma p$ )**: similar as HVQDIS, for photoproduction
- Independent fragmentation for heavy hadrons

## Monte-Carlo: LO + Parton Shower:

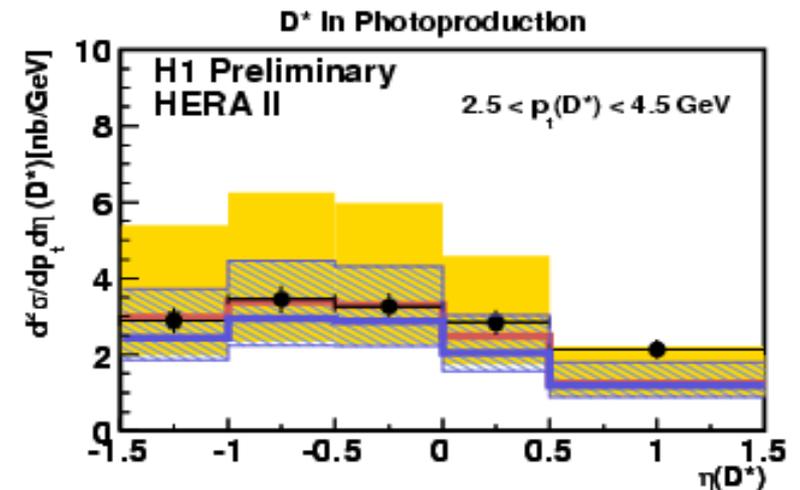
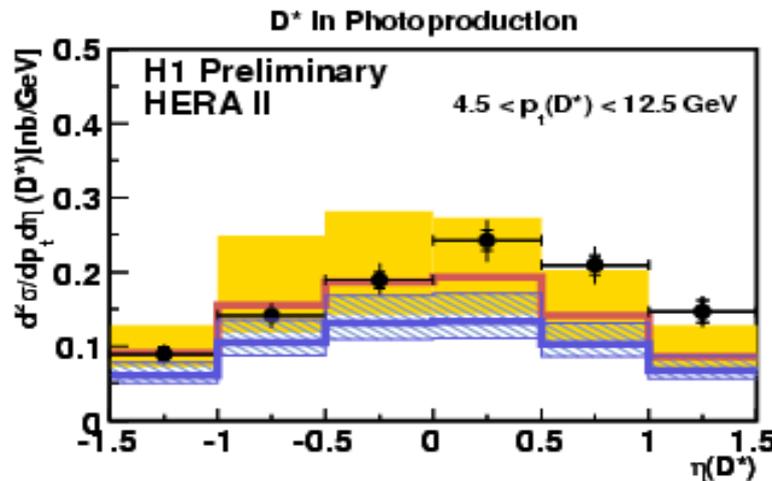
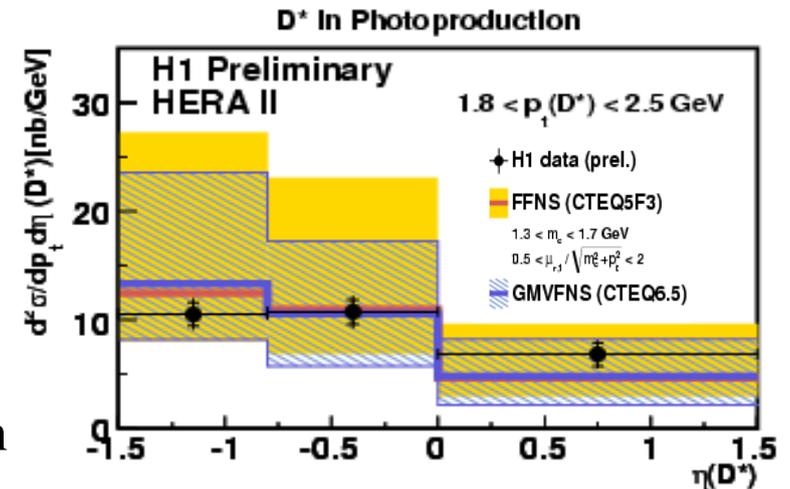
- **CASCADE(DIS, $\gamma p$ )**:  $k_T$  factorisation, CCFM evolution
- **RAPGAP(DIS)**: collinear factorisation, DGLAP evolution
- **PYTHIA( $\gamma p$ )**: similar as RAPGAP, for photoproduction
- Standard fragmentation: Lund String

## Used PDFs

- From **CTEQ** and **MRST** collaborations
- Extracted from different inclusive measurements

# D\* Meson Cross Sections ( $\gamma p$ )

- H1: HERA II data end 06-07,  $93\text{pb}^{-1}$
- Agreement with NLO QCD in double differential ( $p_T(D^*), \eta(D^*)$ ) distributions
- High  $p_T(D^*)$ : GMVFNS undershoots forward  $\eta$
- Large theory uncertainties due to scale variation



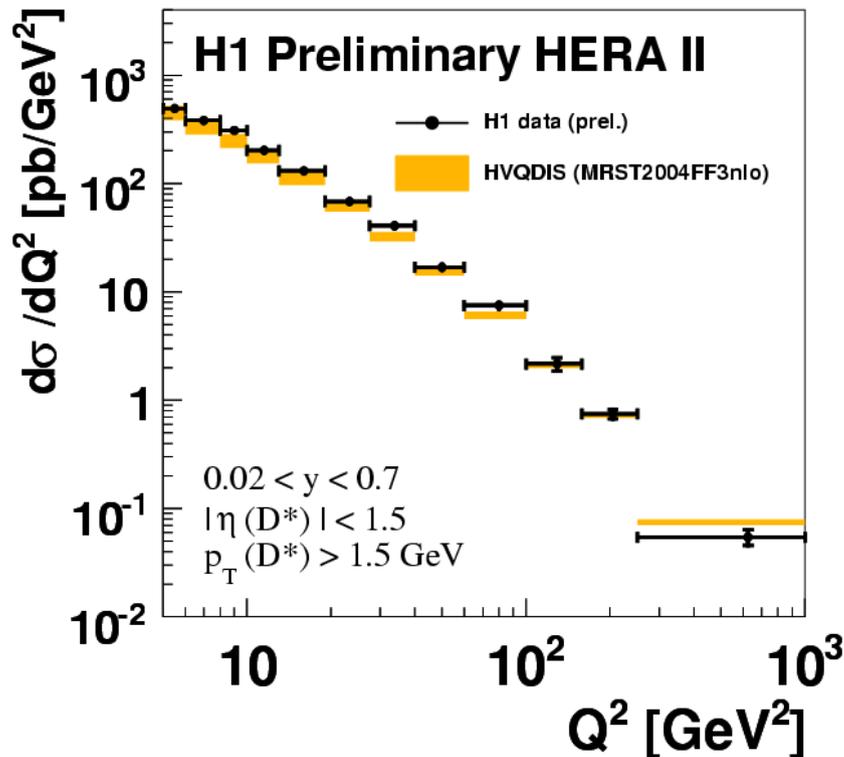
H1prelim-08-073

# D\* Meson Cross Sections ( $d\sigma/dQ^2$ )

H1prelim-08-072

H1prelim-08-074

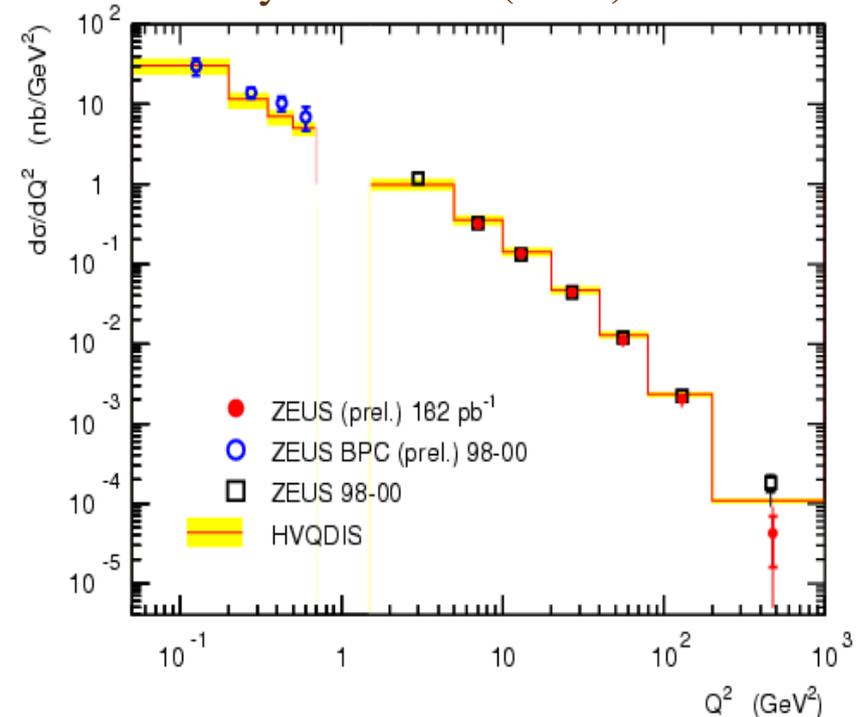
D\* production in DIS



Phys.Lett.B649 (2007) 111

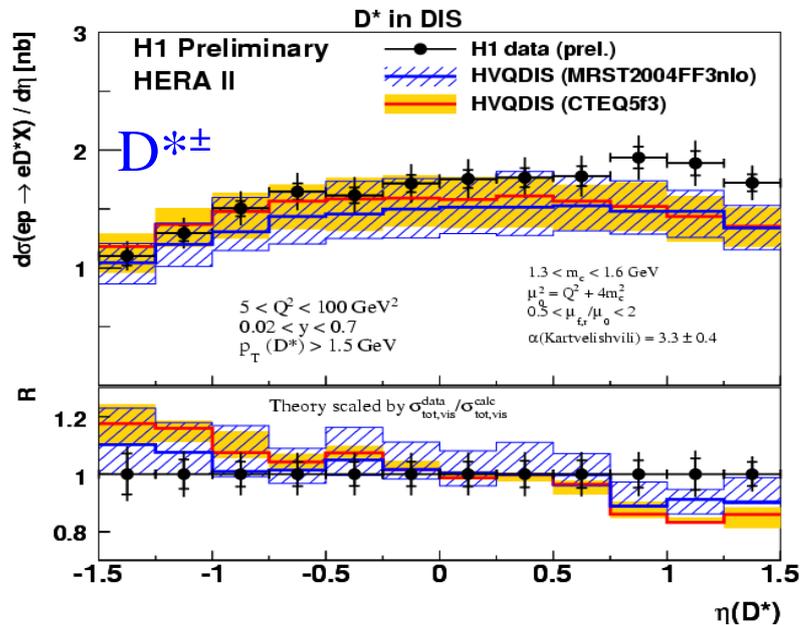
ZEUS-prel-06-021

Phys.Rev.D69 (2004) 012004

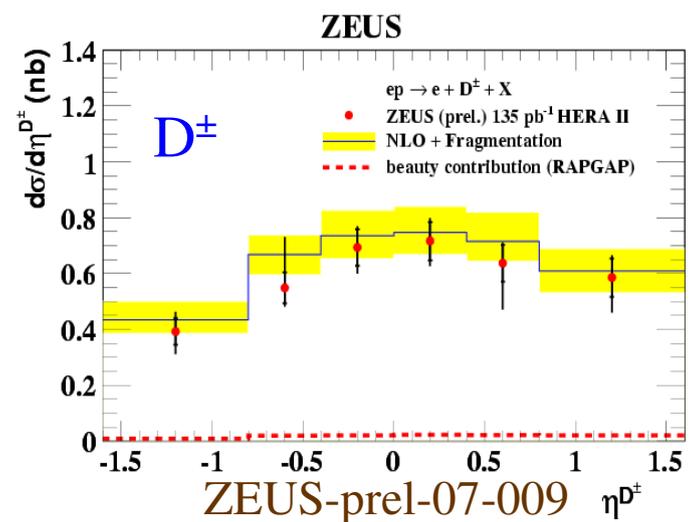
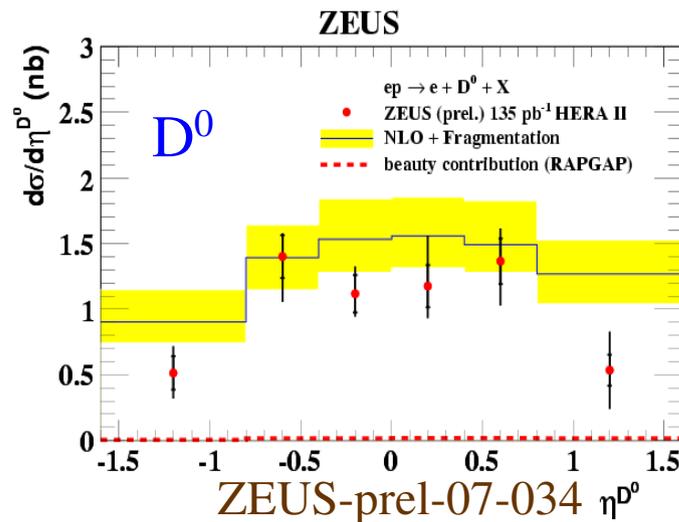
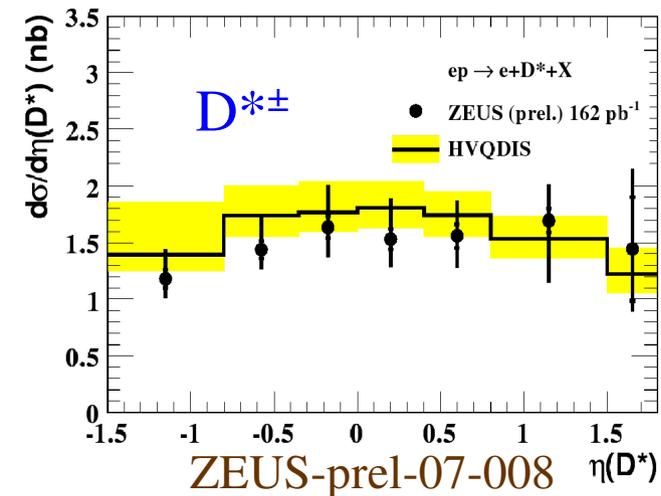


- Full HERA II statistics ( $\sim 350$  pb<sup>-1</sup>)
- Very low  $Q^2$  region accessed at ZEUS
- Good description by NLO calculation (HVQDIS) in full measured  $Q^2$  range

# D Meson Cross Sections (DIS)



- Cross sections of D - mesons measured
- Reasonably well described by HVQDIS
- Double differential cross section in  $x$  and  $Q^2$  allows extraction of  $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$



# Measurements of $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$

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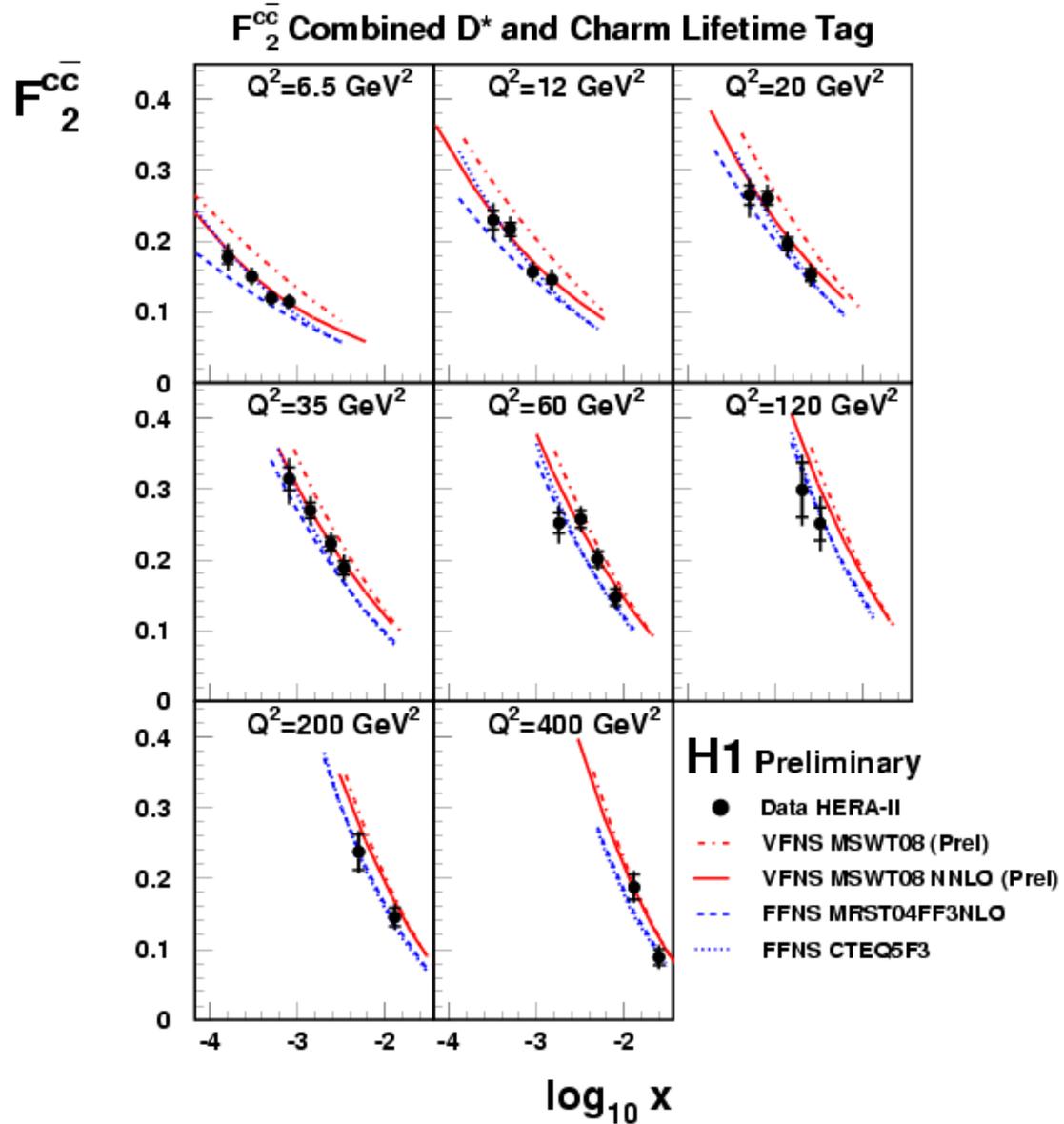
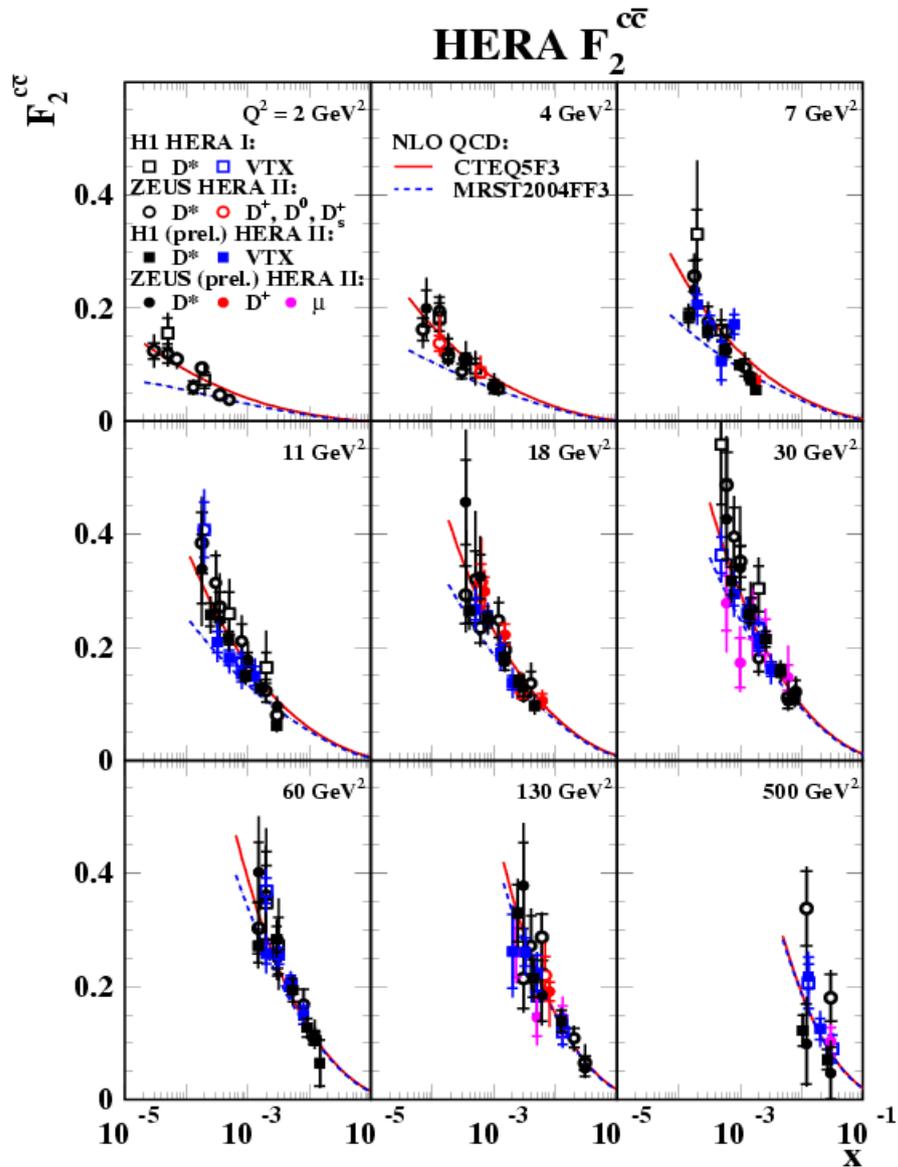
- Heavy quark contribution to  $F_2$ :

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma^{c\bar{c}}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi \alpha^2}{Q^4 x} Y_+ \left[ F_2^{c\bar{c}}(x, Q^2) - \frac{y^2}{Y_+} F_L^{c\bar{c}}(x, Q^2) \right]$$

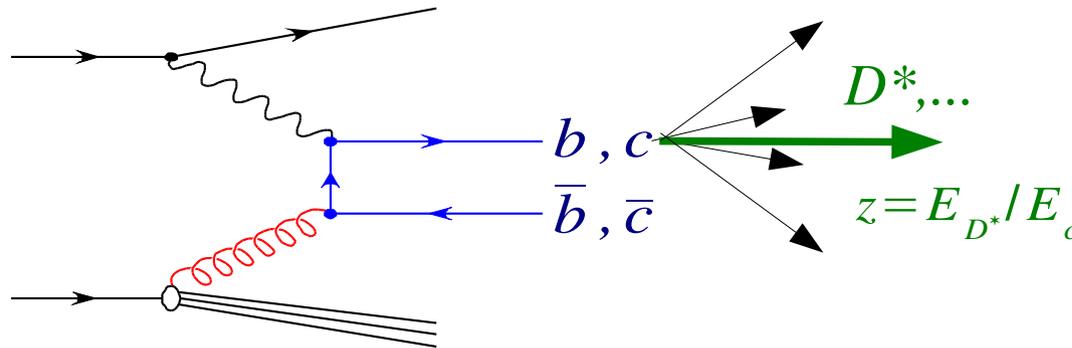
for low  $Q^2$  with  $Y_+ = (1 + (1 - y)^2)$

- Model dependence due to large extrapolation
- Extracted from different methods
- Acceptances vary:
  - > 70 % incl. Lifetime
  - 25-50 %  $\mu$   $p_T^{\text{rel}}$  + lifetime
  - 30-70 % D-mesons

# Measurements of $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$

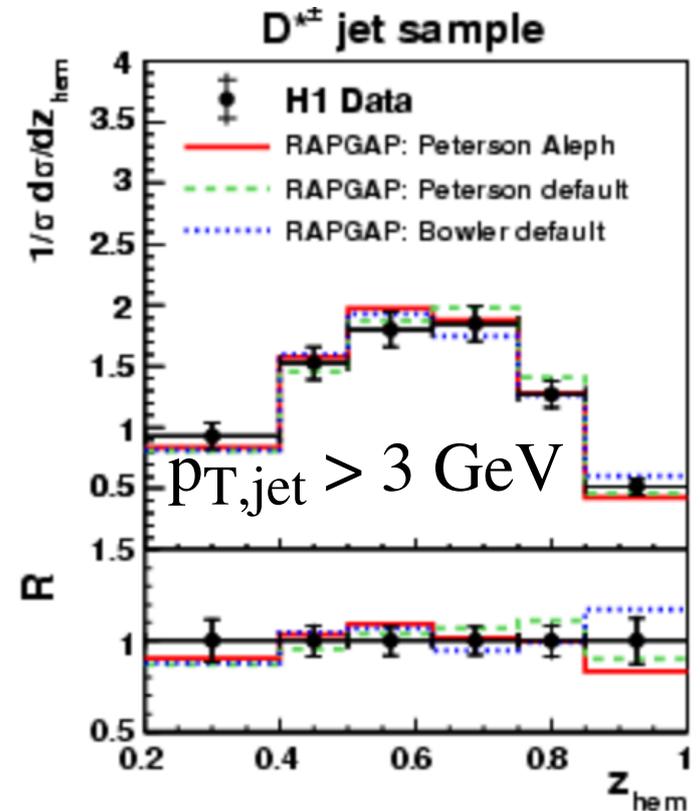


# Charm Fragmentation $c \rightarrow h$



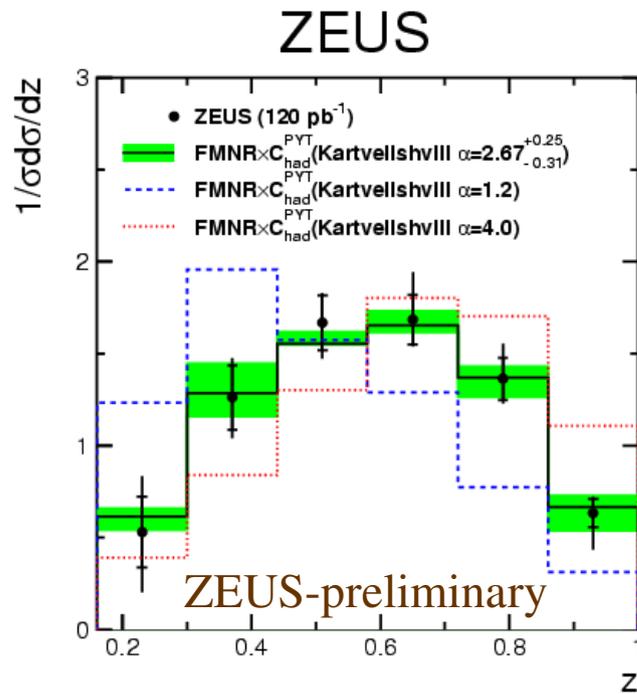
H1: arXiv:0808.1003[hep-ex]

- Approximate charm quark by
  - Jet containing  $D^*$  (far above threshold)  $E_T > 3$  GeV
  - $D^*$  hemisphere (works also close to threshold)
- Various fragmentation functions tested



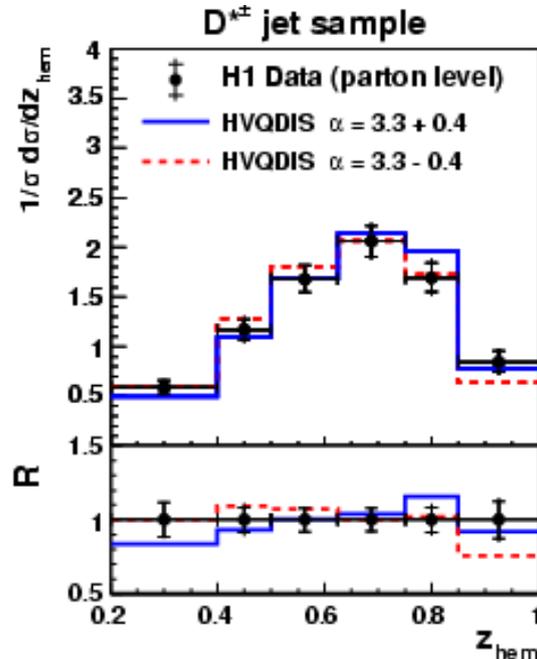
- Measured fragmentation compared with MC using LEP results
- Good agreement above threshold
  - **Universality of fragmentation**

# Charm Fragmentation



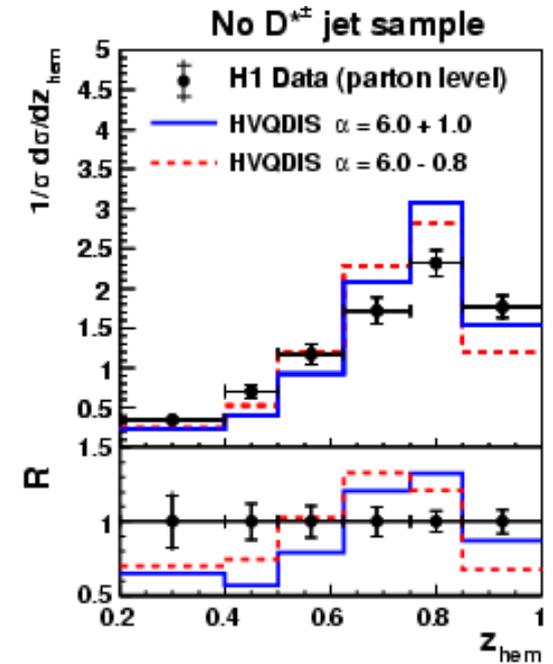
$p_{T,jet} > 9 \text{ GeV}$

H1: arXiv:0808.1003[hep-ex]



$p_{T,jet} > 3 \text{ GeV}$

H1: arXiv:0808.1003[hep-ex]

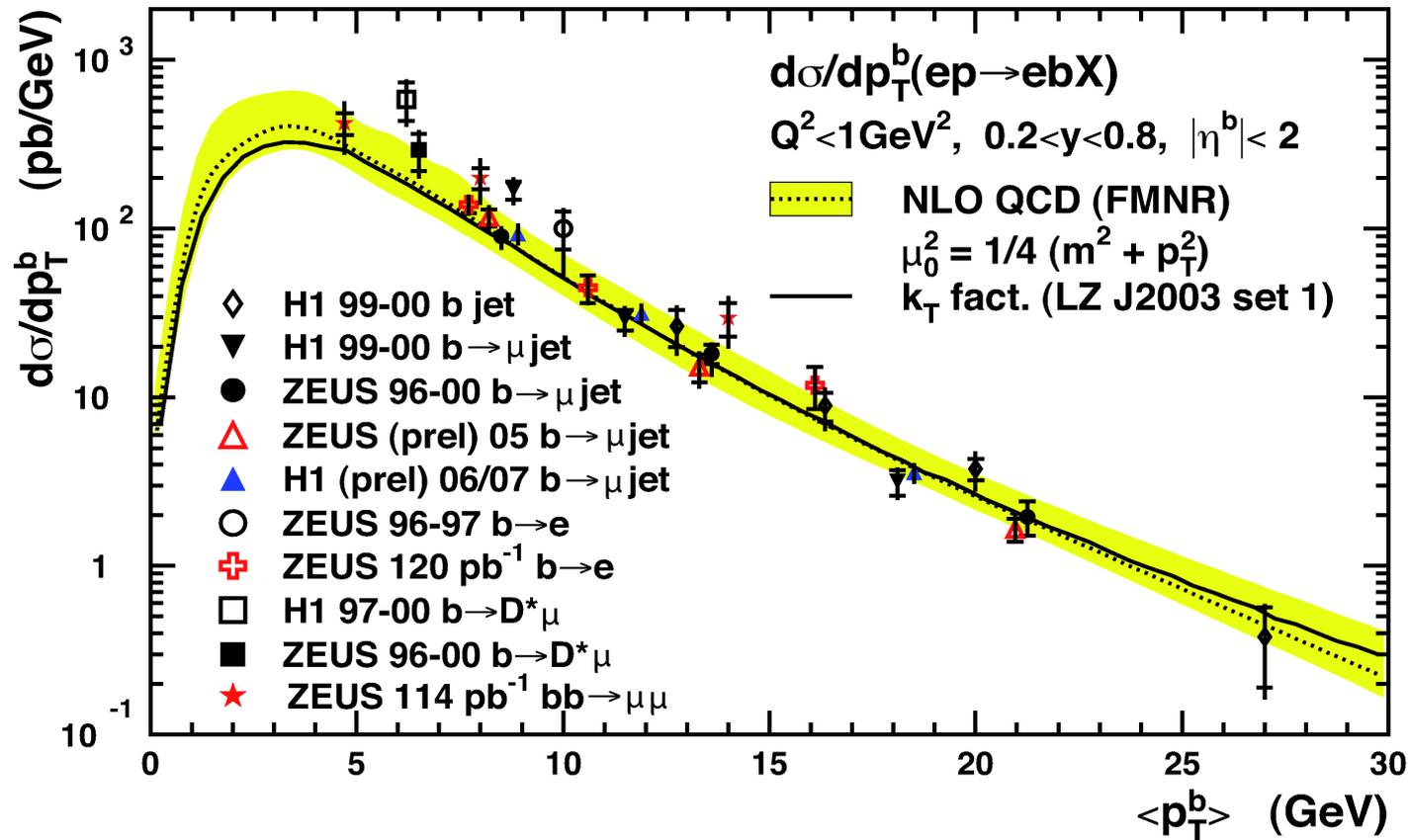


no jet

- H1 and ZEUS measurements above the threshold agree
- Close to threshold fragmentation much harder

# Beauty Cross Sections( $\gamma p$ )

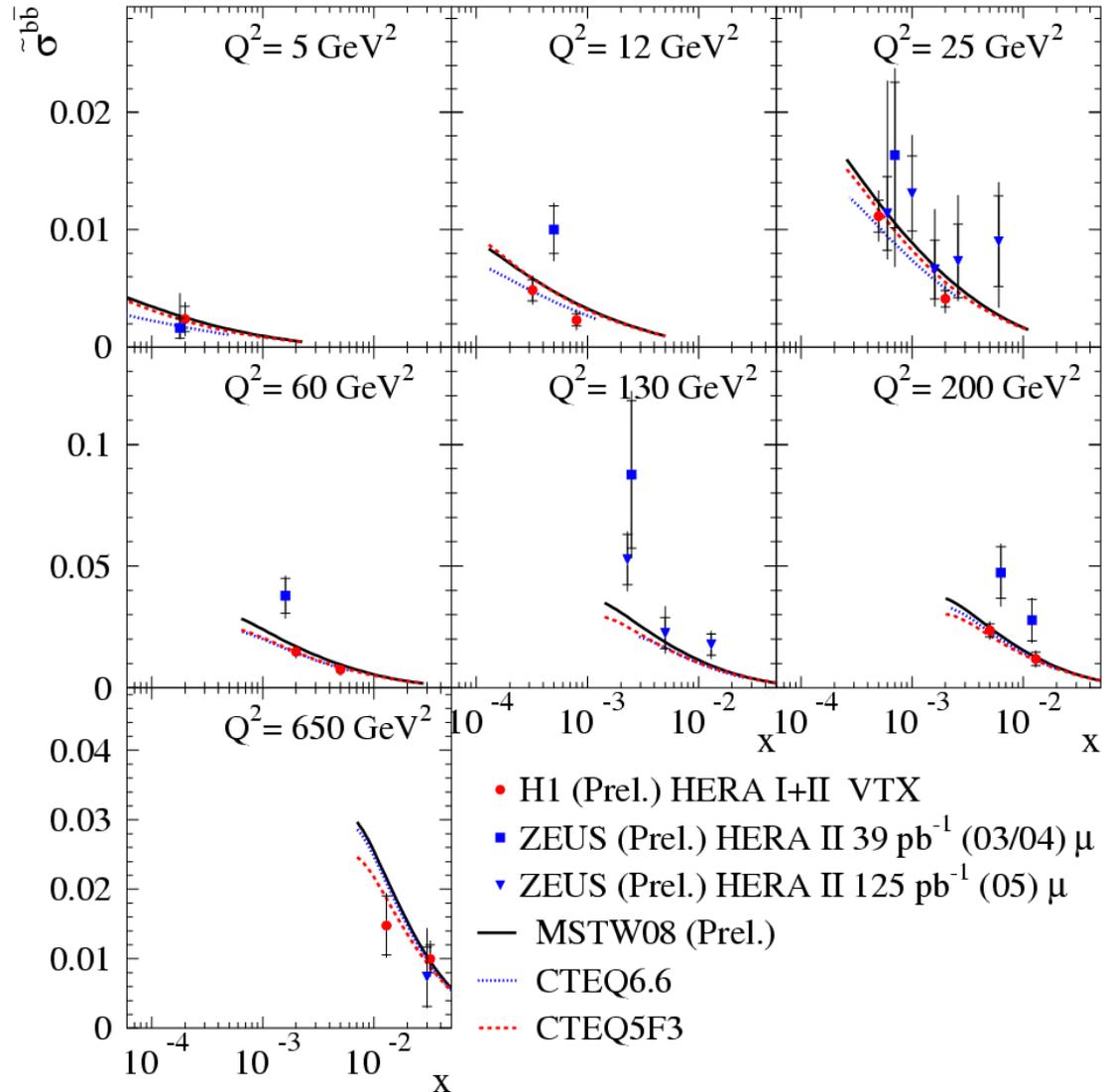
## HERA



- Several measurements with different methods and systematics
- Agreement between methods and Experiments
- Good agreement with NLO prediction

# Measurements of $F_2^{b\bar{b}}$

H1+ZEUS BEAUTY CROSS SECTION in DIS



- Definition analogous  $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$
- Acceptances vary:
  - > 90 % incl. Lifetime
  - 20-35%  $\mu$   $p_T^{\text{rel}}$
- Experimental uncertainties decreasing with HERA I+II statistics

# Conclusion

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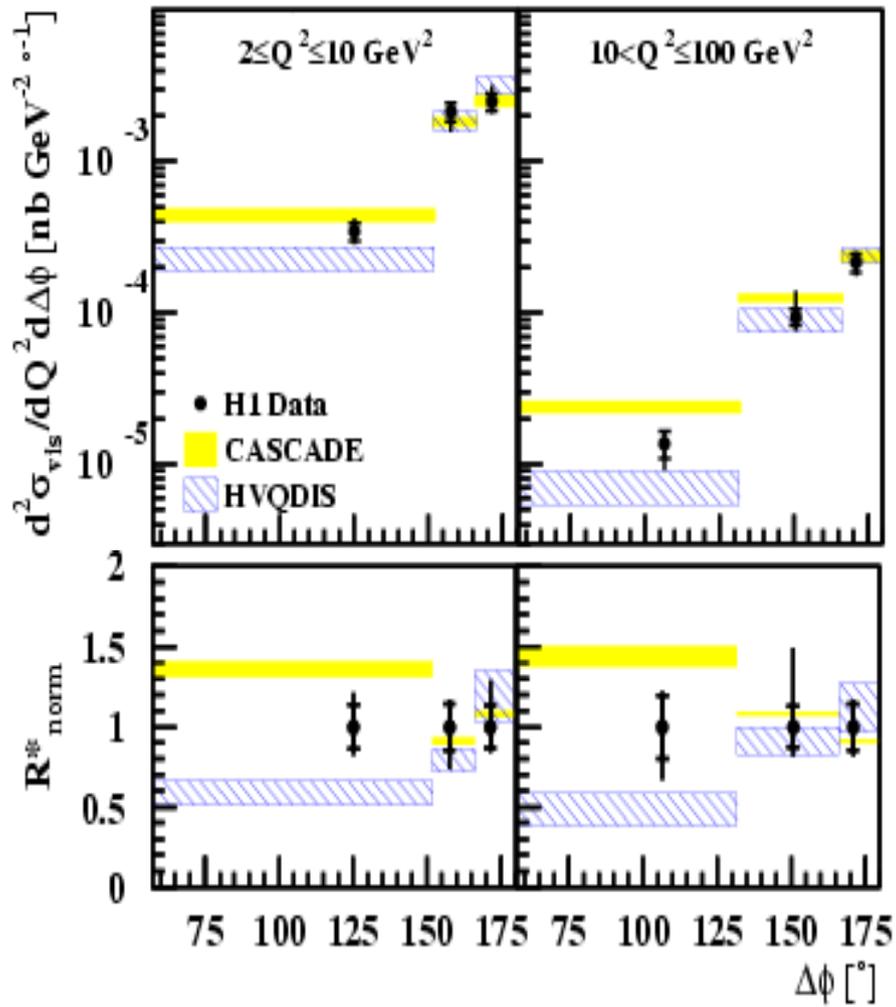
- Wealth of new heavy quark measurements in DIS and  $\gamma p$  from HERA
- Data are reasonably well described by NLO pQCD calculations over wide kinematic range
- Heavy quark measurements direct sensitive to gluon density
- **Important cross check of gluon densities from inclusive measurements**
- Charm fragmentation: lack of understanding of the threshold region
- Cross sections for charm and beauty production from many different analysis techniques used to extract  $F_2^c$  and  $F_2^b$

# Backup

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# D\* Mesons + Dijets

H1 ep  $\rightarrow$  eD\*<sup>±</sup>jjX



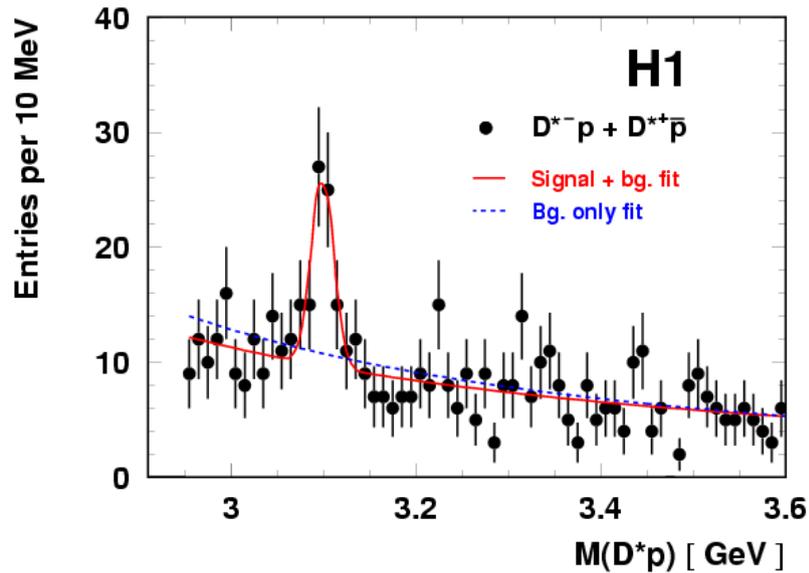
Eur.Phys.J.C51 (2007) 271

- Measurement of D\* tagged dijets allows to study **both quarks simultaneously**
- Contributions at smaller  $\Delta\phi(\text{jj})$  due to gluon radiation and fragmentation effects
- CASCADE (LO+PS) and HVQDIS (NLO) describe the data reasonably well
- Both have problems at small  $\Delta\phi$ 
  - Indications for beyond NLO effects

# D\*<sub>p</sub> Resonance

Analysis HERAI data ( $L \approx 75 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ ):

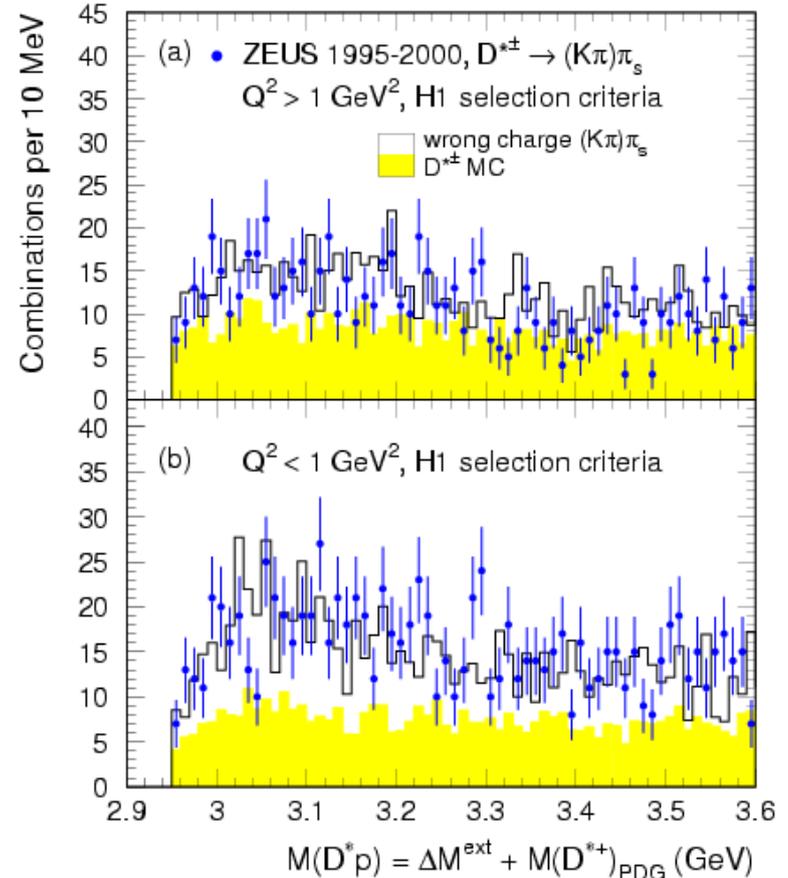
Phys.Lett.B588 (2004) 17



- **Narrow resonance observed at:**
  - $M(D^*p) = 3099 \pm 3 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 5 \text{ (syst.) MeV}$
  - Anti charm baryon with minimum quark content  $uudd\bar{c}$
  - Small fraction:  $\frac{N(D^*p)}{N(D^*)} \sim 1 \%$

- **No evidence in other experiments:**
  - BaBar, CDF, ZEUS, ALEPH, FOCUS

ZEUS

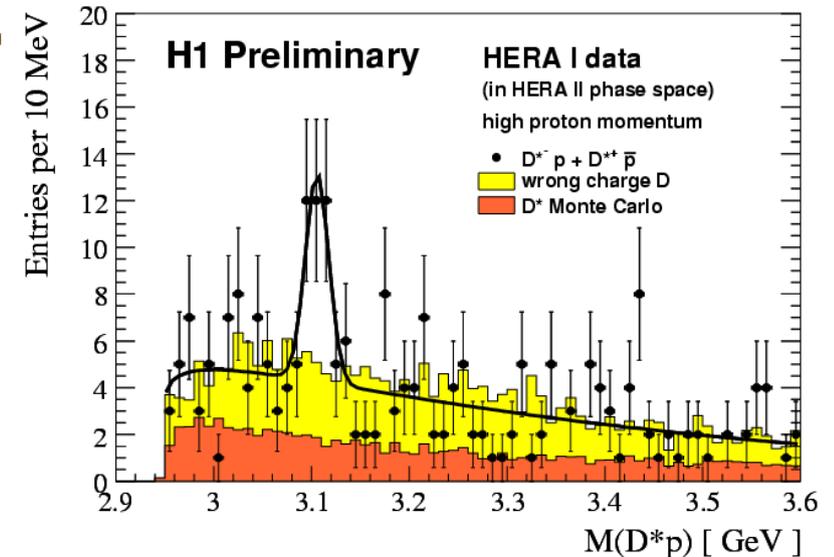
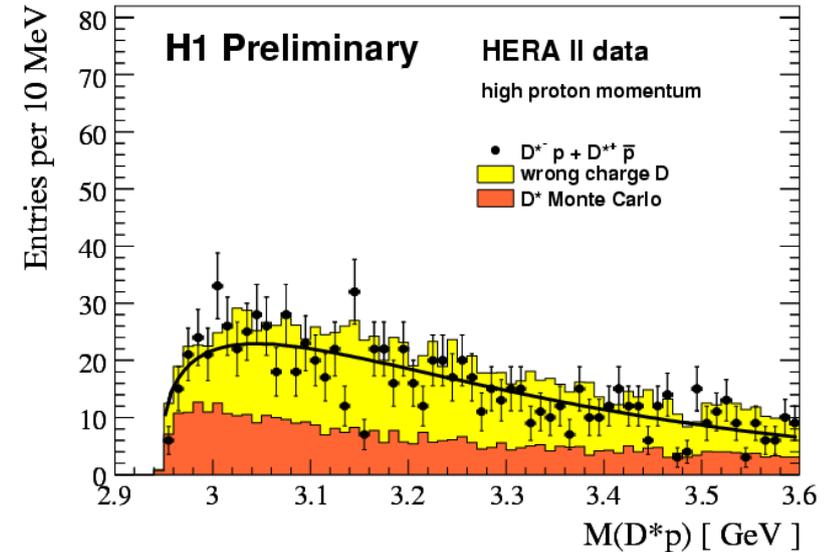


Eur.Phys.J.C38 (2004) 29

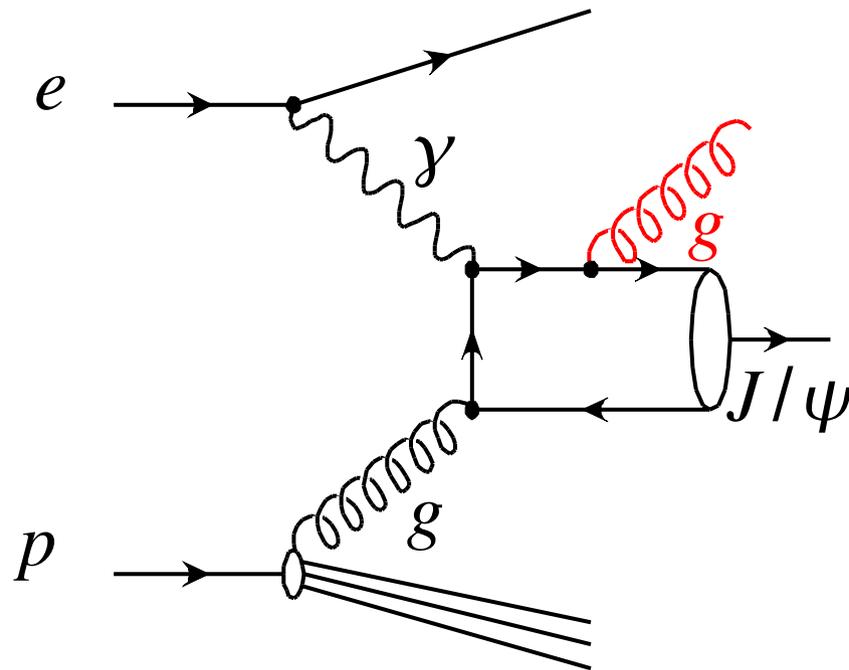
# D\*<sub>s</sub> p Resonance

- HERAII data 2004-2007  
( $L \approx 348 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )
- **No excess in HERAII data;**
  - upper limit of  $\frac{N(D^*_s p)}{N(D^*_s)} \sim 0.1 \%$   
(95 % C.L.)
- Signal still there in HERAI data  
(with reduced phase space)

H1 prelim-08-075



# Inelastic Electroproduction of $J/\psi$ Mesons

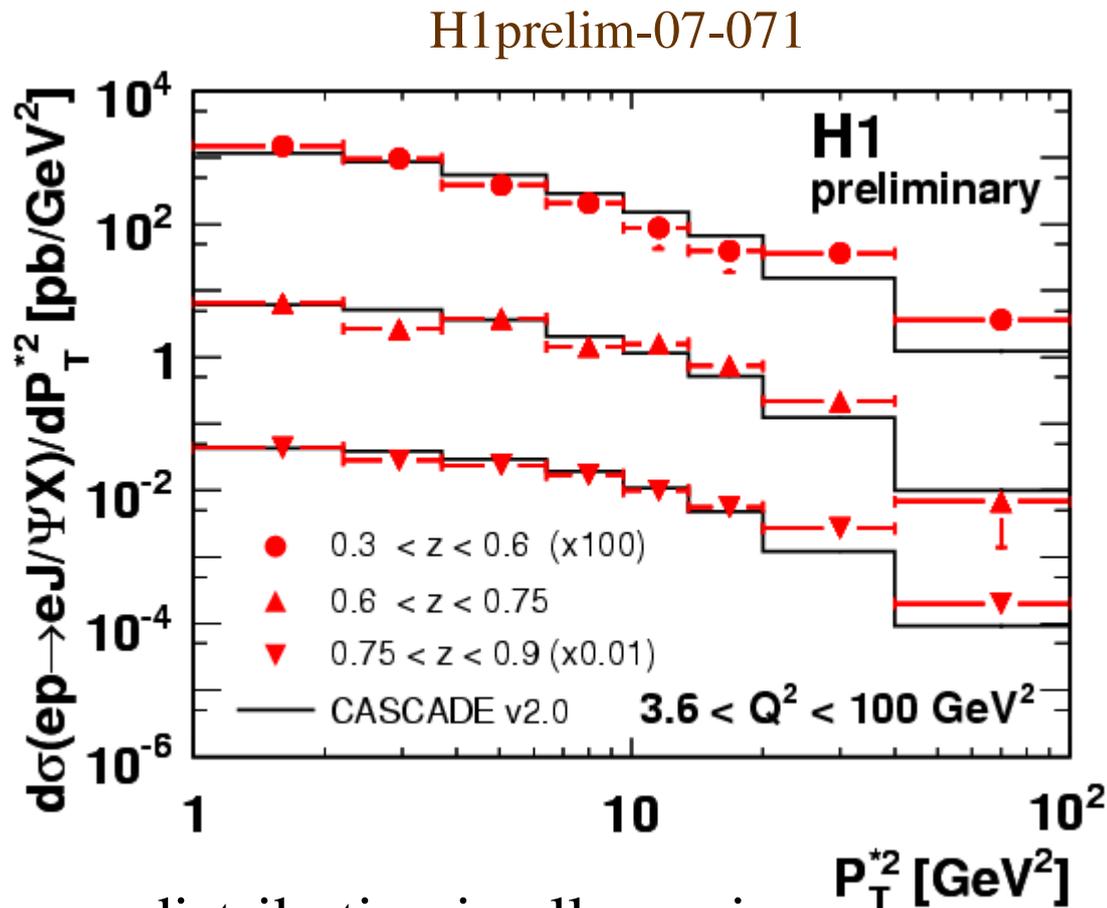


elasticity  $z = \frac{E_\psi}{E_\gamma}$  in proton rest frame

several models to describe the transition  $c\bar{c} \rightarrow J/\psi$

- Color Singlet Model: perturbative process („hard“ gluon)
  - MC: CASCADE
- Non-Relativistic QCD: non-perturbative process („soft“ gluons)

# Inelastic Electroproduction of $J/\psi$ Mesons (DIS)



- Similar  $p_T$  distribution in all  $z$  regions
  - all  $z$  regions well described in shape by CSM Monte Carlo
  - no additional NRQCD contributions needed

# Hemisphere Method

## Reconstruction of the energy of the charm quark:

- Take all particles with  $\eta > 0$  in  $\gamma p$ -frame
- Project onto plane perpendicular proton direction
- Get thrust axis
- Take all momenta of particles in  $D^*$  hemisphere

