



# The Liquid Argon Jet Trigger of the H1 Experiment at HERA

## What is the Jet Trigger?

A calorimeter trigger implementing a real-time cluster algorithm in 800 ns

## Why?

To trigger on low energy electrons and jets

## How does it work?

- Finding local energy maxima
- Summing immediate neighbors
- Sorting jets in decreasing energy
- Applying topological conditions

## Achievement

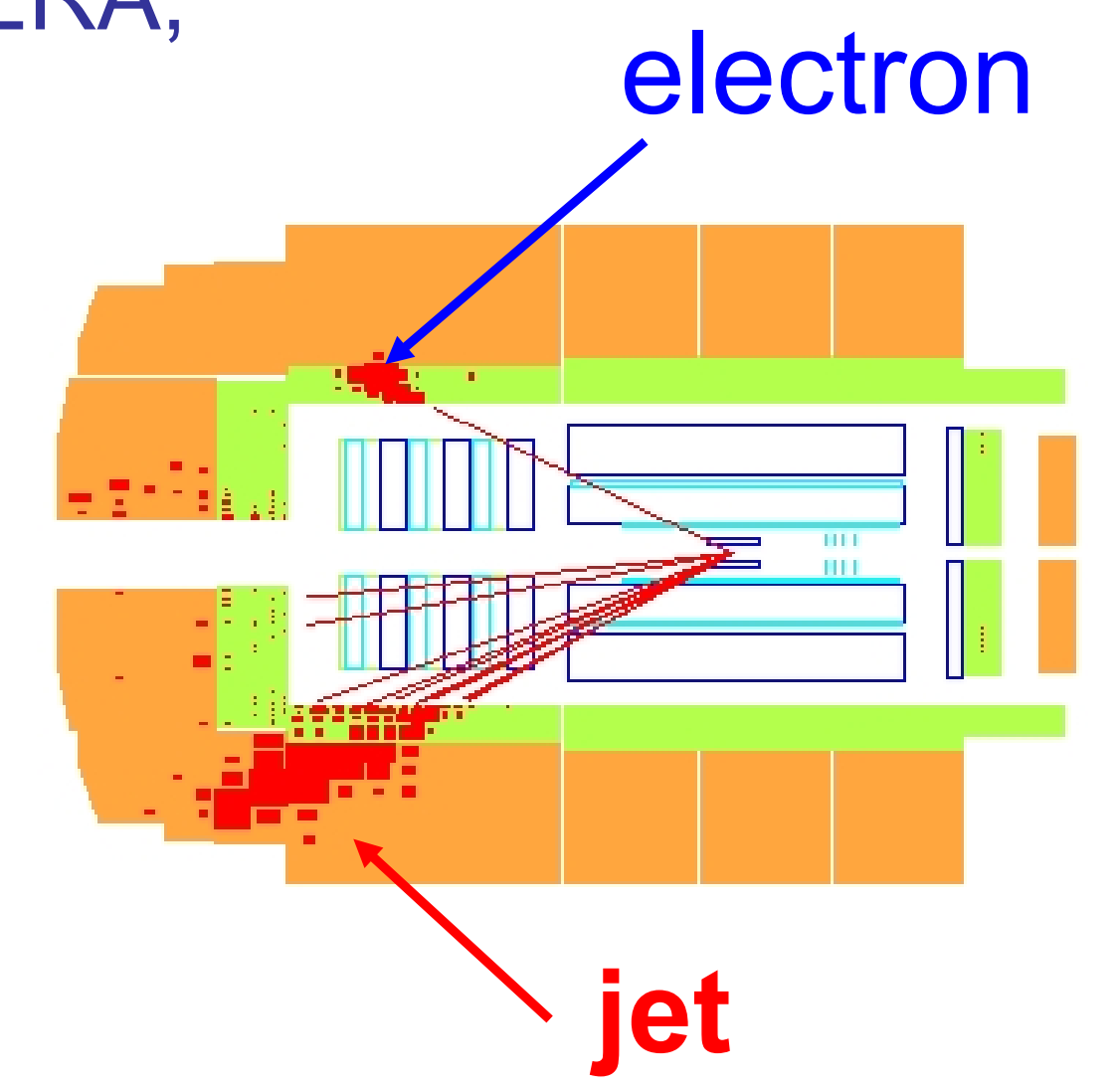
World's 1<sup>st</sup> measurement of the Longitudinal Structure Function of the Proton FL

## Where? When?

In the H1 detector at HERA, DESY, Hamburg, in 2006 - 2007

10 million events/s in the H1 detector

10 events/s can be saved



## Signal Preparation

- Transforming energy into transverse energy
- Summing electromagnetic and hadronic energy
- Digitizing then summing: less coherent noise



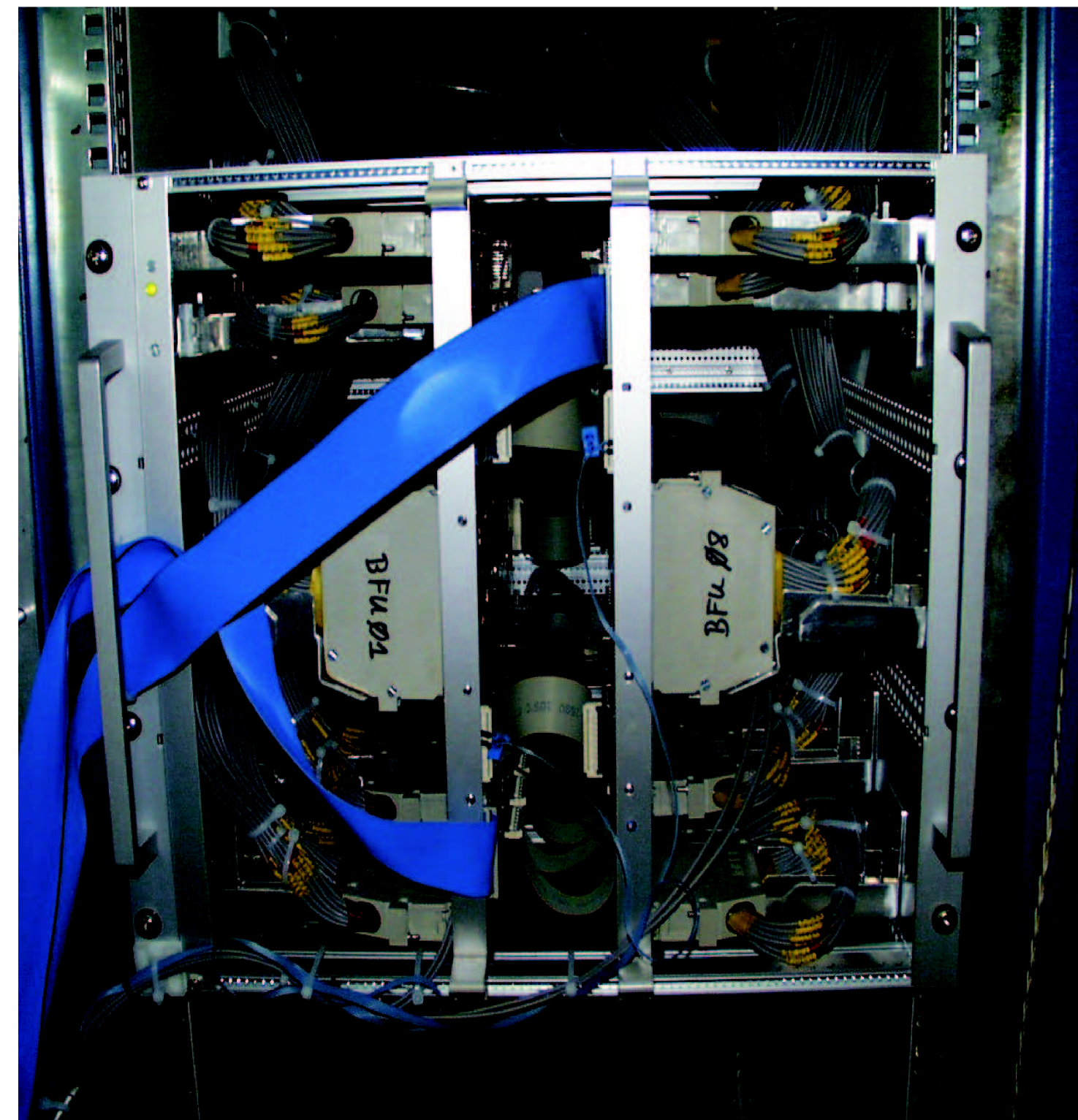
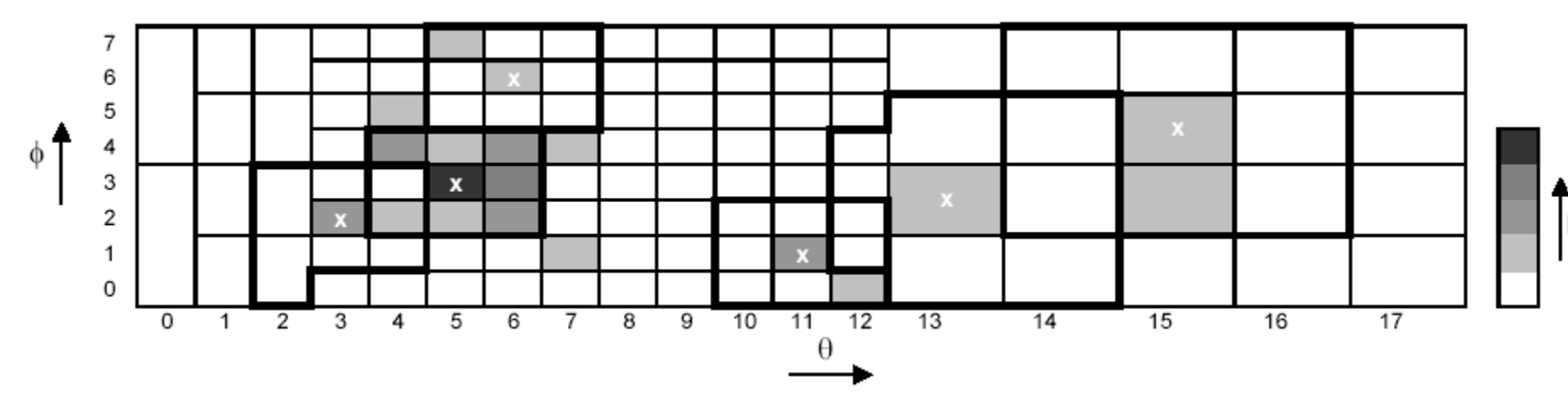
### ACS - ADC Calculation Storage Unit:

- 56 motherboards, 440 daughterboards
- 8 bit FADCs
- 496 Altera FPGAs x 30k gates
- Input 1200 analog signals, output 440 towers
- Input rate 12 GB/s, output rate 4.4 GB/s
- Latency 300 ns + 100 ns transmission

## Jet Trigger Hardware

### Parallel Cluster Algorithm

- Finding local energy maxima: in parallel each tower checks if it has more energy than its neighbors
- Summing immediate neighbors

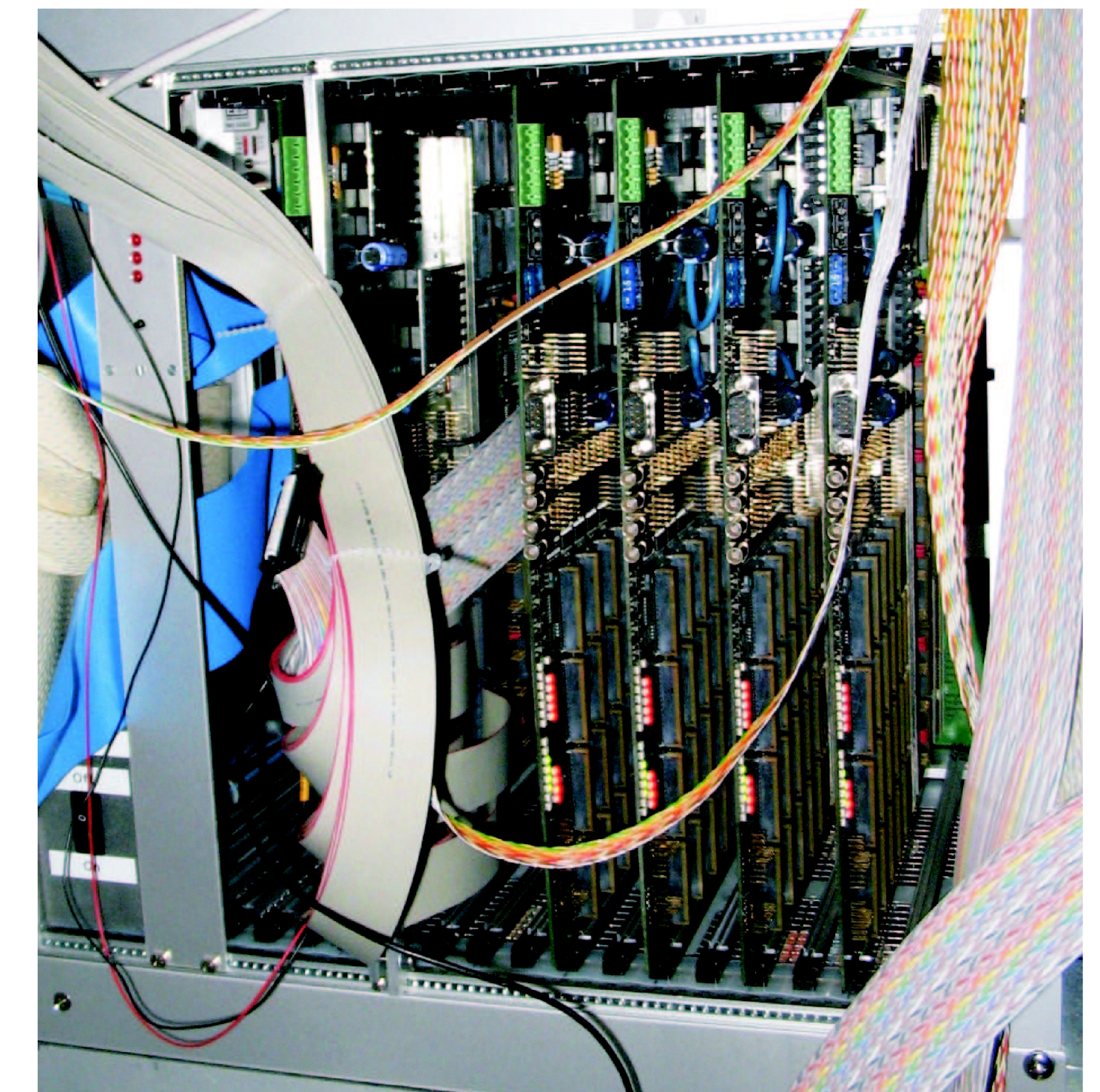


### BFU - Bump Finder Unit:

- 2 boards
- 32 Altera FPGAs x 500k gates
- Input 440 towers, output 116 jets
- Output rate 1.2 GB/s
- Latency 100 ns

### Energy Sorting, Topological Conditions

- Sorting 16 jets in decreasing energy  
First jets are physics, last jets are noise
- Applying topological conditions on individual energy and location



### PSU, SSU - Primary and Secondary Sorting Units:

- PSU sitting on BFU boards, SSU 1 board
- 5 FPGAs (4 Altera x 300k gates, 1 Xilinx x 2M gates)
- Input 116 jets, output 6 jets per quadrant, then 16 sorted jets
- Output rate 360 MB/s
- Latency 2 x 100 ns

### TEG - Trigger Element Generator Unit:

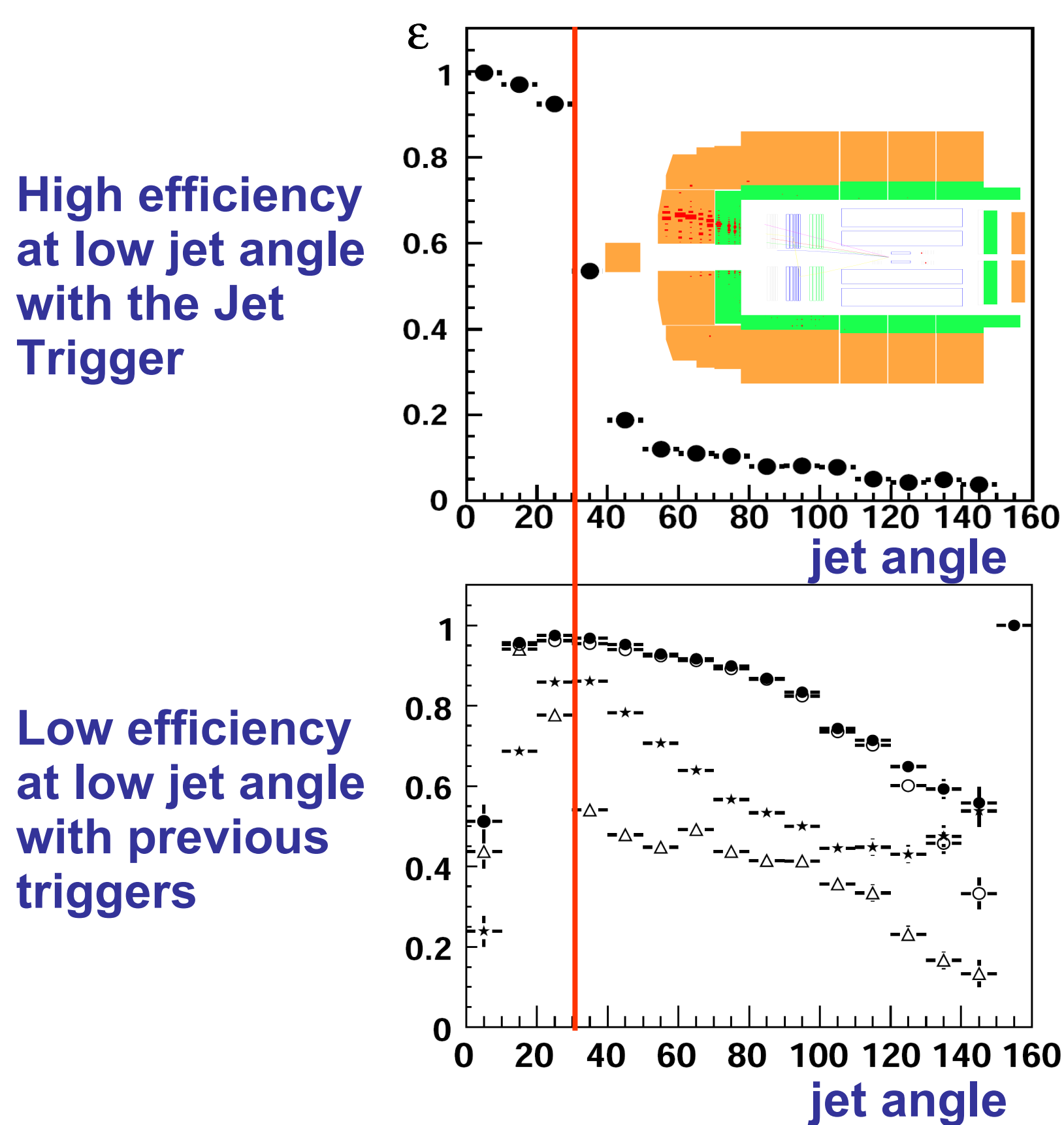
- 4 boards
- 5 Xilinx FPGAs x 2 M gates
- Output rate 20 MB/s
- Latency 100 ns

## Physics Highlights with the Jet Trigger

### Single Forward Jets

- Charged Current measurement limited to central jets
- Challenge: trigger on low angle jets

### Efficiency to trigger on jets vs jet angle:



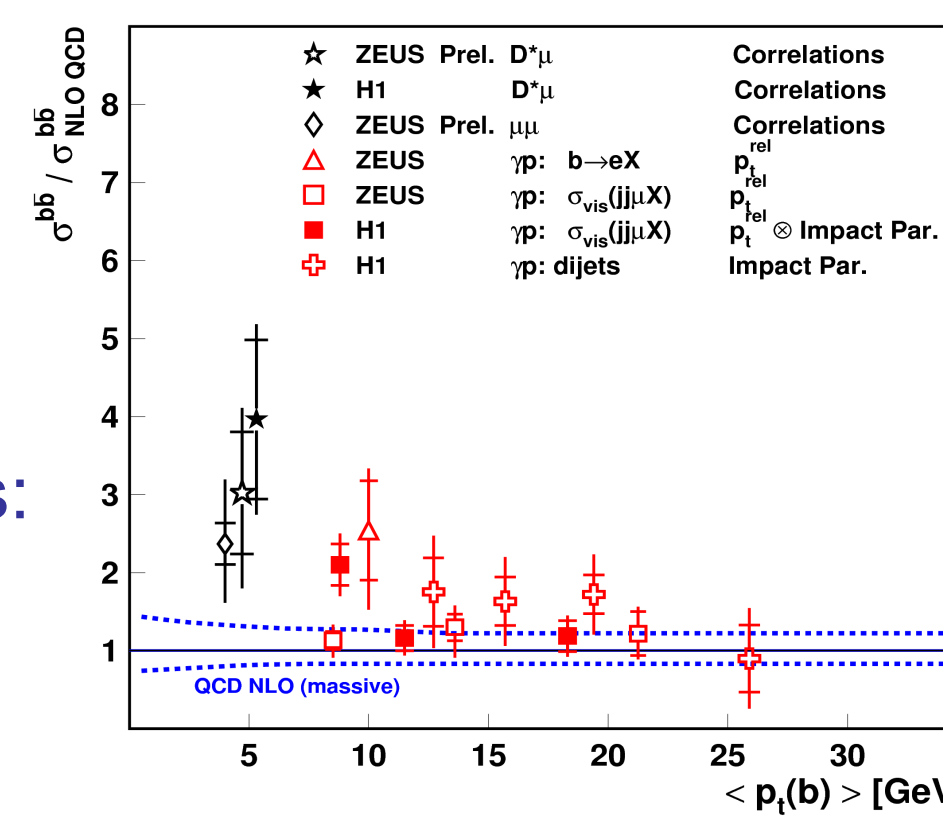
### Single forward jet trigger:

- 1 jet with  $E_t > 8$  GeV and angle  $< 30$  deg
- Rate 1 Hz
- Efficiency up to 100% at low angles
- 50 pb<sup>-1</sup> collected luminosity

### Beauty at Production Threshold

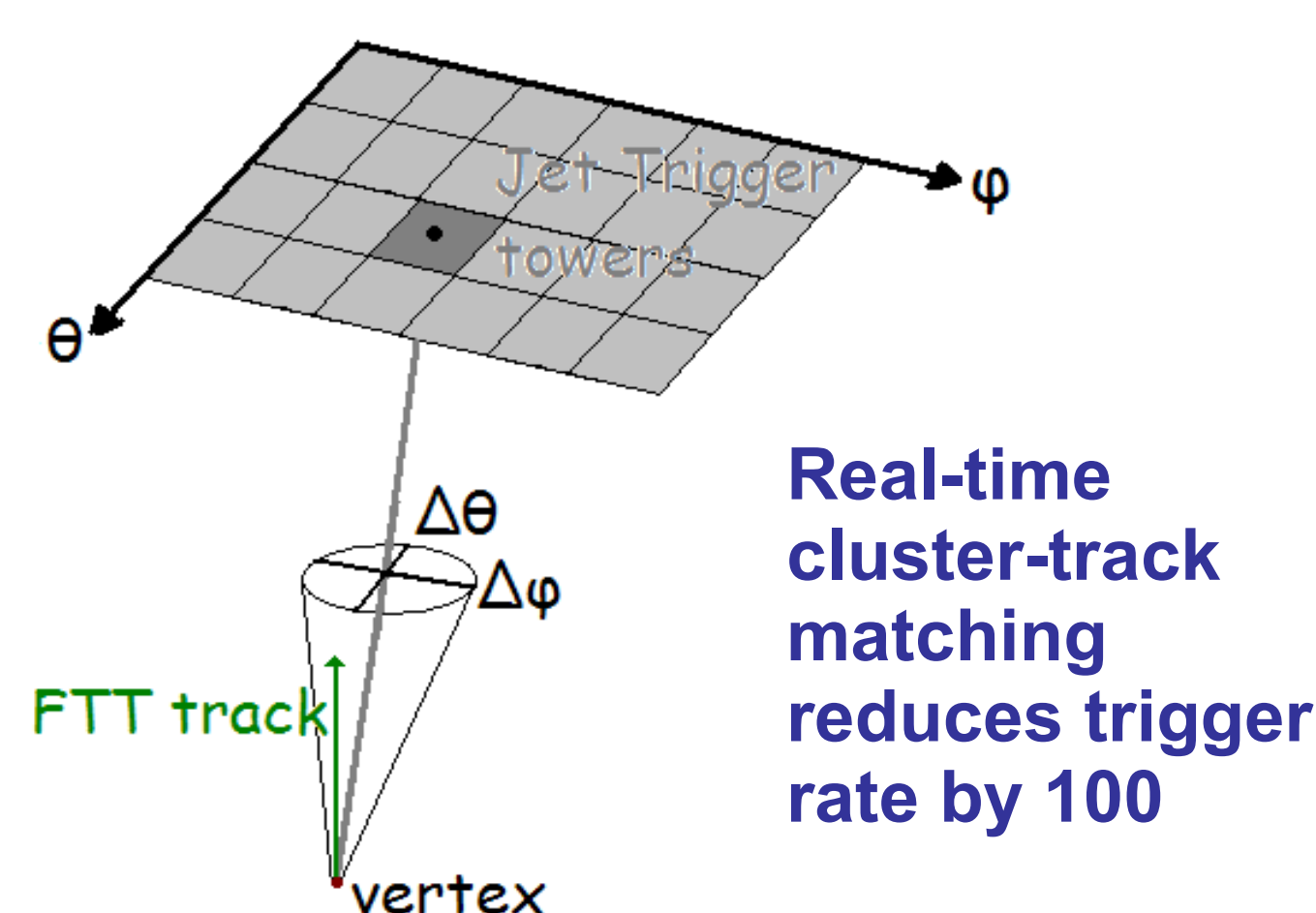
Beauty production is poorly measured at low momentum

- Semi-leptonic b decays: need a low energy electron trigger
- Challenges: electron identification and trigger rate reduction



### Real-time cluster-track matching in 100 μs:

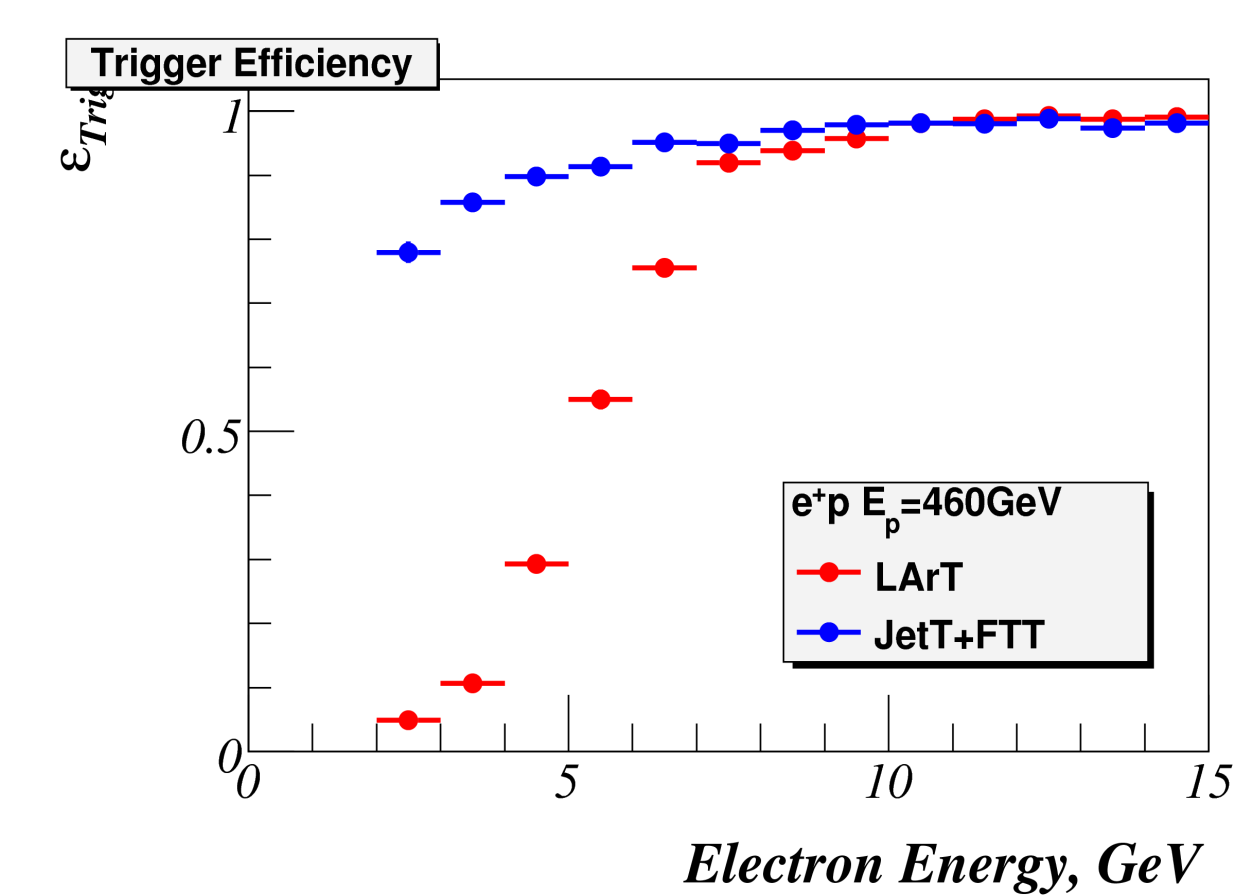
- Rate reduction via geometrical cluster-track matching
- Electron ID via energy matching  $E_t/P_t$
- Rate reduction /100:
- Rate before matching 100 Hz
- Rate after matching 1 Hz
- Electron ID threshold  $P_t > 1.2$  GeV
- 100 pb<sup>-1</sup> collected luminosity



Real-time cluster-track matching reduces trigger rate by 100

### World's First Measurement of the Longitudinal Structure Function of the Proton FL

- Cross sections at HERA proportional to  $F_2 - FL$
- FL proportional to gluon density
- Need low energy electrons to access FL
- Challenge: trigger on low energy electrons  $< 6$  GeV



Efficiency to trigger on electrons vs electron energy:

- Jet Trigger efficient at 2 GeV
- previous triggers efficient at 6 GeV

### Low energy electron trigger:

- 1 cluster + 1 electron track
- Rate 5 Hz
- Efficiency 80% at 2 GeV
- > 90% at 5 GeV
- 20 pb<sup>-1</sup> collected

QCD describes the FL measurement

