

Jets and α_s in DIS

LMR

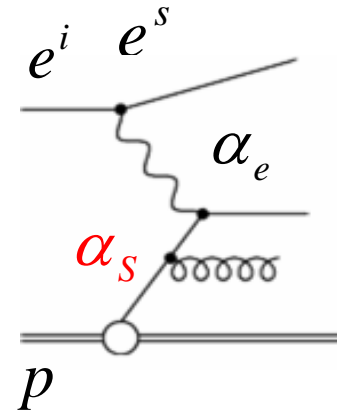
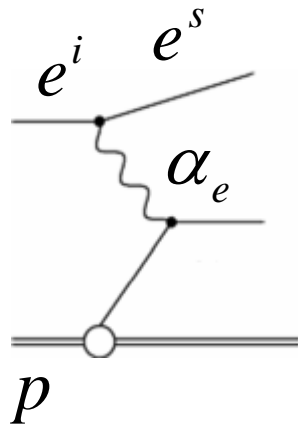
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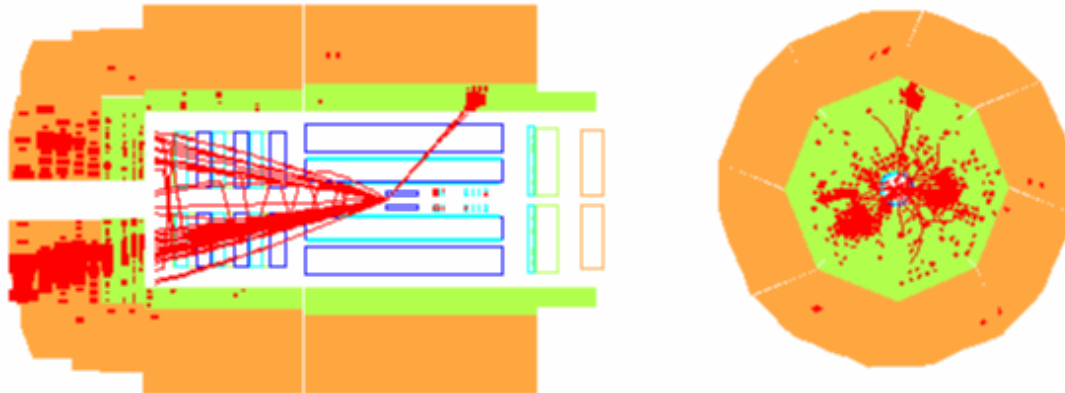
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- Motivation
 - Jet Cross Sections
 - α_s extraction

On behalf of the  collaboration

- HERA is an electron (positron) – proton collider
- High P_T multi jet production sensitive to pQCD parameters: α_S but also to proton PDF

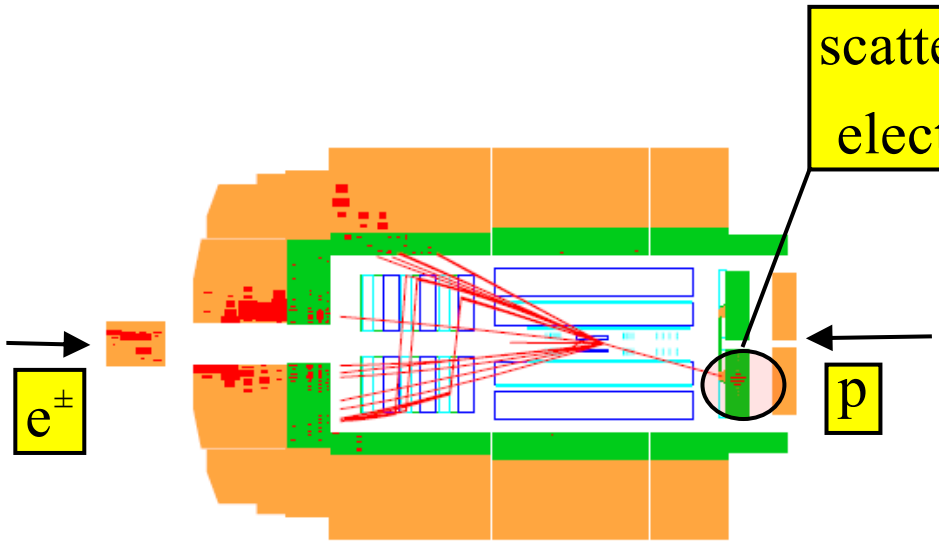
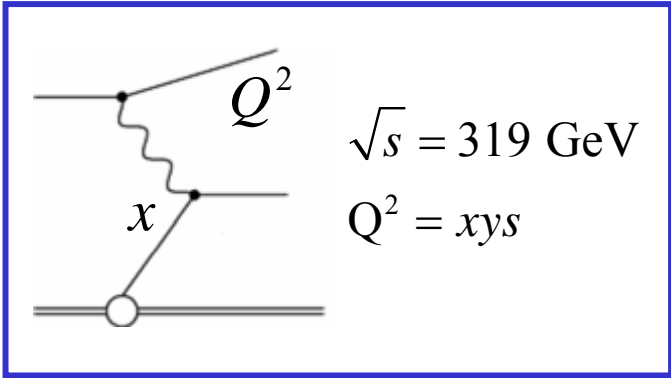


JET CROSS SECTIONS

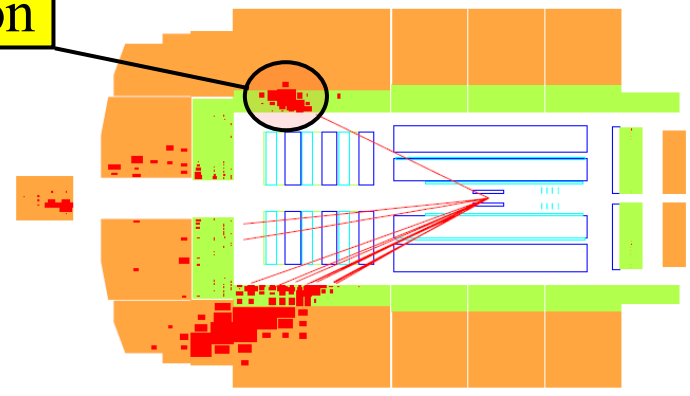


ANALYSIS PHASE-SPACE

- Event sample:**
- High Q^2 : HERA I+II - 395.0 pb^{-1}
 - Low Q^2 : HERA I - 43.5 pb^{-1}



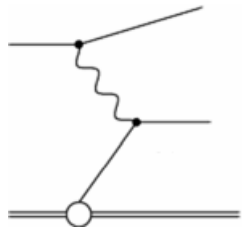
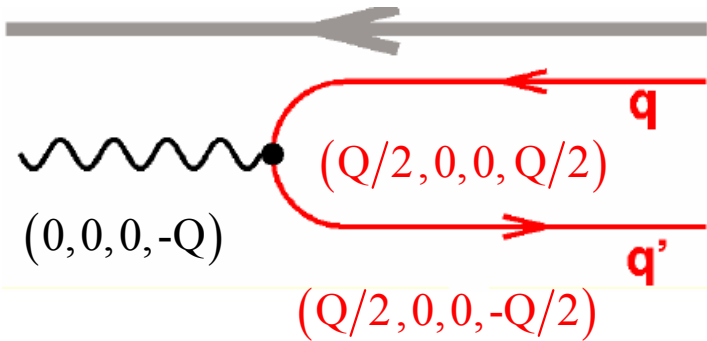
Low Q^2
 $5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$
 $0.2 < y < 0.7$



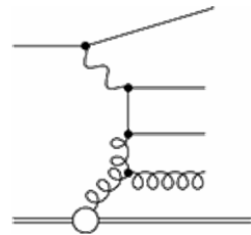
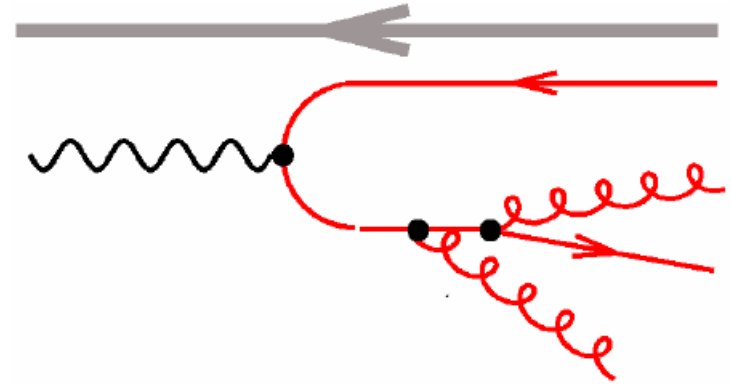
High Q^2
 $150 < Q^2 < 15000 \text{ GeV}^2$
 $0.2 < y < 0.7$

JET RECONSTRUCTION

Jets are reconstructed with longitudinally invariant kT algorithm with a P_T recombination scheme (massless jets). It is collinear, infrared safe and factorisable.



- On tree level : quark backscattered with no E_T
- At $O(\alpha_S)$: 2 hard QCD jet with significant E_T well separated from the proton remnant



JET OBSERVABLES

Inclusive jets: Individual jet counting for all events.

Hypothesis: Independent Individual parton emission.

Low Q^2

$$E_T > 5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$-1.0 < \eta^{\text{Lab}} < 2.5$$

High Q^2

$$E_T > 7 \text{ GeV}$$

$$-0.8 < \eta^{\text{Lab}} < 2.0$$

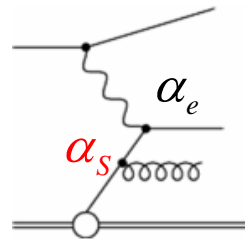
Multi-jets: Event counting with more than n jets. Sensitive to α_S^{n-1} .

$$E_T > 5 \text{ GeV}$$

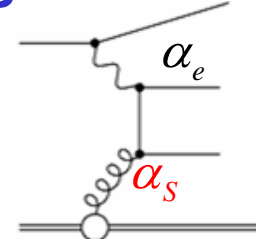
$$-0.8 < \eta^{\text{Lab}} < 2.0$$

$$M_{12} > 16 \text{ GeV}$$

2-JETS

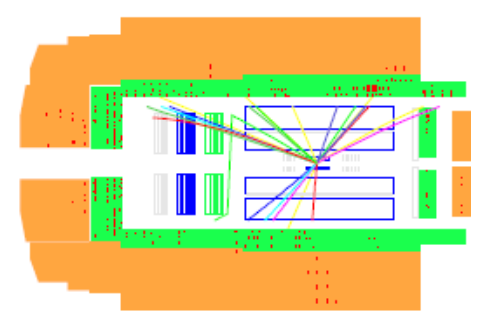
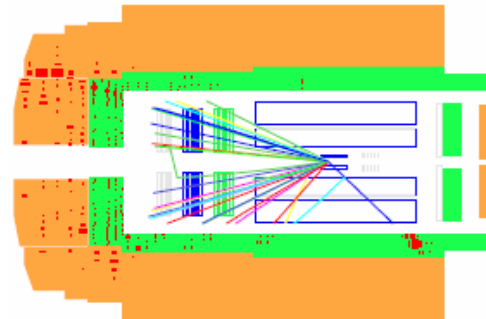
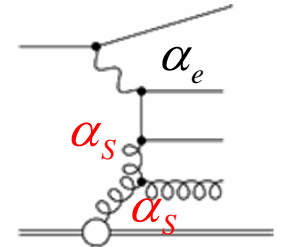


Boson Gluon Fusion



QCD Compton

3-JETS



MEASUREMENT OF THE CROSS SECTIONS

Low Q^2

$$\sigma_{Incl. jets} = f(Q^2, E_T^{Breit})$$

High Q^2

Jet multiplicity

$$\frac{\sigma_{Incl. jets}}{\sigma_{NC}} = f(Q^2, E_T^{Breit})$$

Multi-jet rates

$$\frac{\sigma_{2 jets}}{\sigma_{NC}} = f(Q^2, E_T^{Breit})$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{3 jet}}{\sigma_{NC}} = f(Q^2)$$

Normalized cross sections at high Q^2



- Normalization errors – cancel completely
- Correlated errors – cancel partially

DATA CORRECTION

- **Acceptance correction:** < 20 %
bin by bin acceptance with
DJANGO-CDM and
RAPGAP-MEPS
- **QED radiative correction:** 5-10 %
with HERACLES
- **Z exchange:** significant at High Q^2
with LEPTO

NLO CALCULATIONS

NLO CALCULATIONS

- **NLOJET++**: Integration of pQCD at NLO matrix element for jets
- **DISENT**: DIS NC cross section at NLO
- **FastNLO**: Interface for a fast PDF convolution and α_S running
- **Hadronisation Corrections**: DJANGO and RAPGAP (JETSET – Lund String fragmentation). Cross checked with HERWIG (Cluster model).

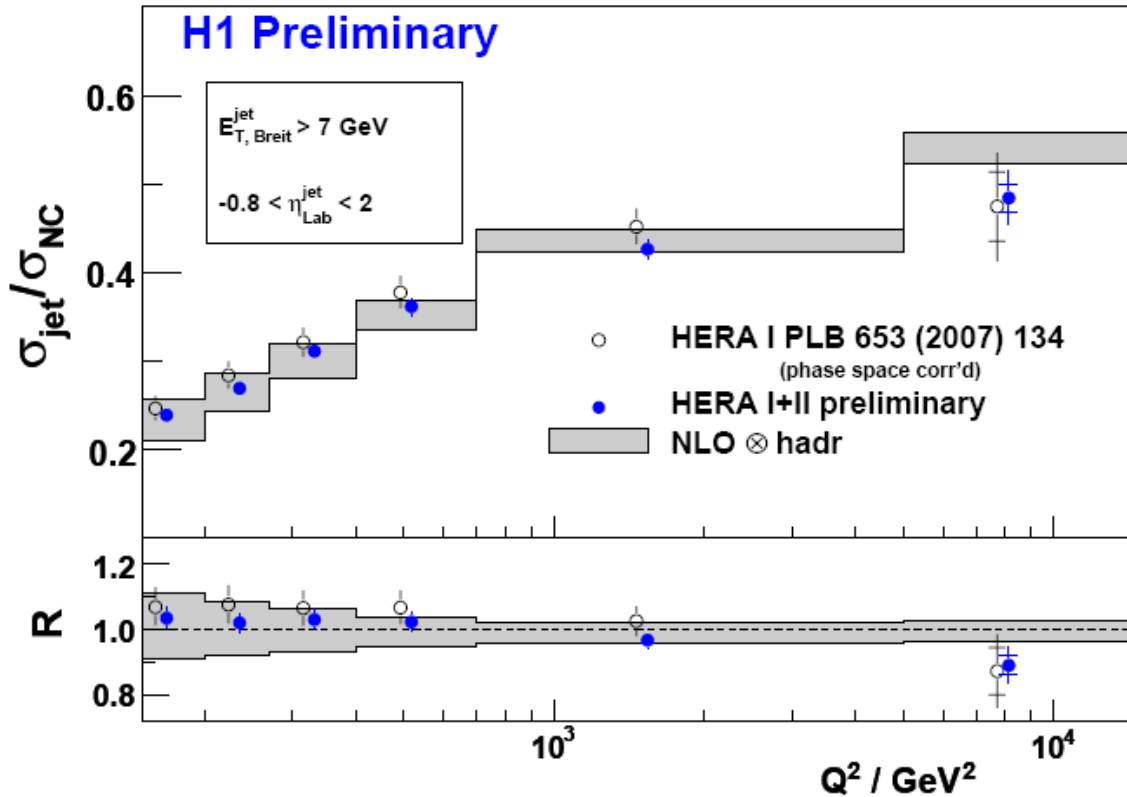
THEORETICAL UNCERTAINTIES:

- Scales (μ_R and μ_F) : estimated conventionally by variation by factors 0.5 and 2.
- PDF parameterization : dependence estimated with CTEQ65M

Observable	μ_R	μ_F	PDF	α_S
Inclusive jets	$\sqrt{Q^2 + E_T^2} / 2$	Q	CTEQ65M	0.118
2-, 3-jets	Q			

Normalised Inclusive Jet Cross Section

H1 Preliminary



- Statistics: 6 times more data

Dominant at High Q^2 or E_T

- Hadronic energy scale:

$2 \rightarrow 1.5\%$

1-3% effect on cross sections

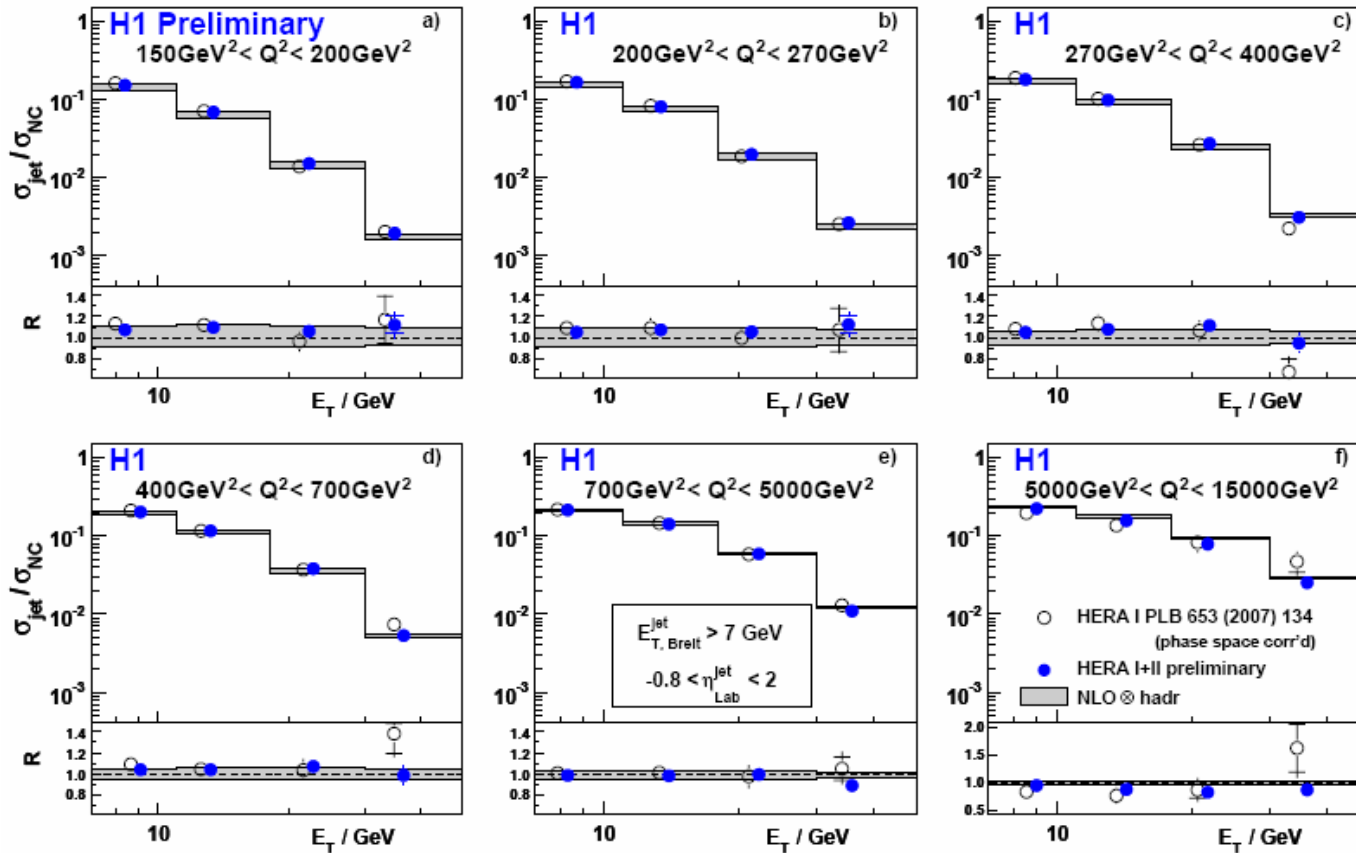
- Accurate measurement ($\sim 3\%$) well described by NLO QCD prediction

- Significant errors improvement in HERA I-II analysis compared to HERA I published

* Normalized inclusive jet cross section with HERA II data preliminary for EPS 07 conference

INCLUSIVE JET MULTIPLICITIES*

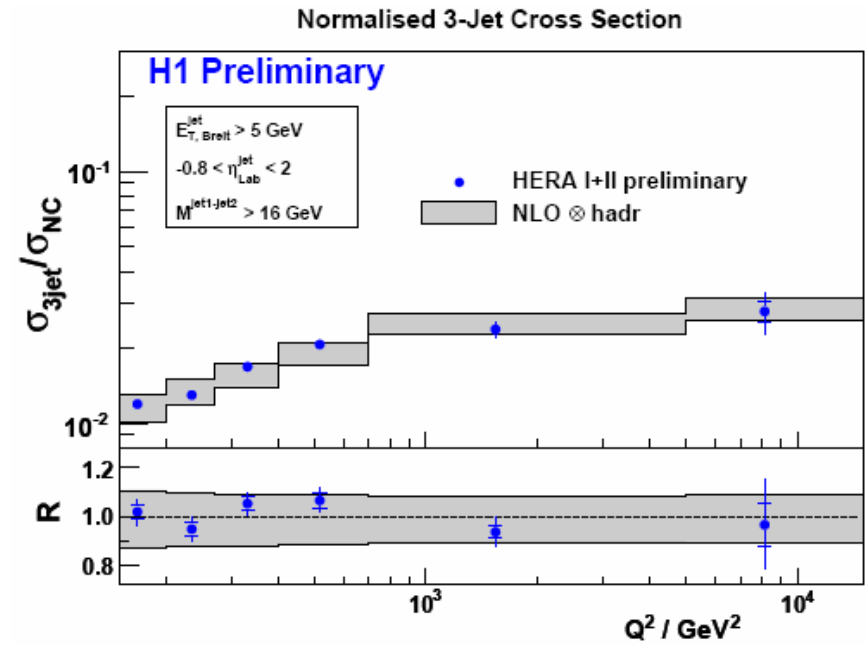
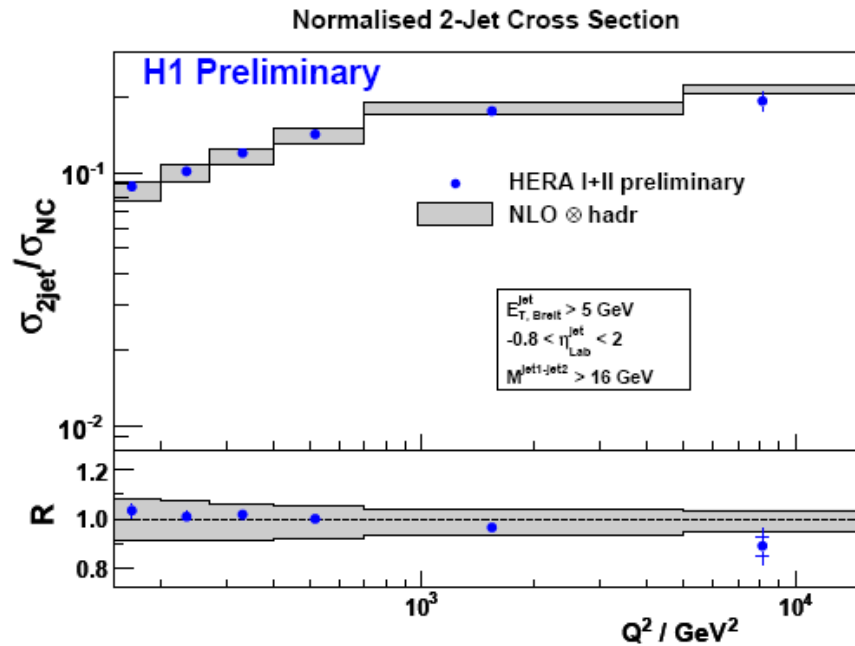
Normalised Inclusive Jet Cross Section



- Accurate measurement (2-6 %) well described by NLO QCD prediction over the overall available phase space.
- Experimental uncertainty smaller than the theoretical (5-10 %).

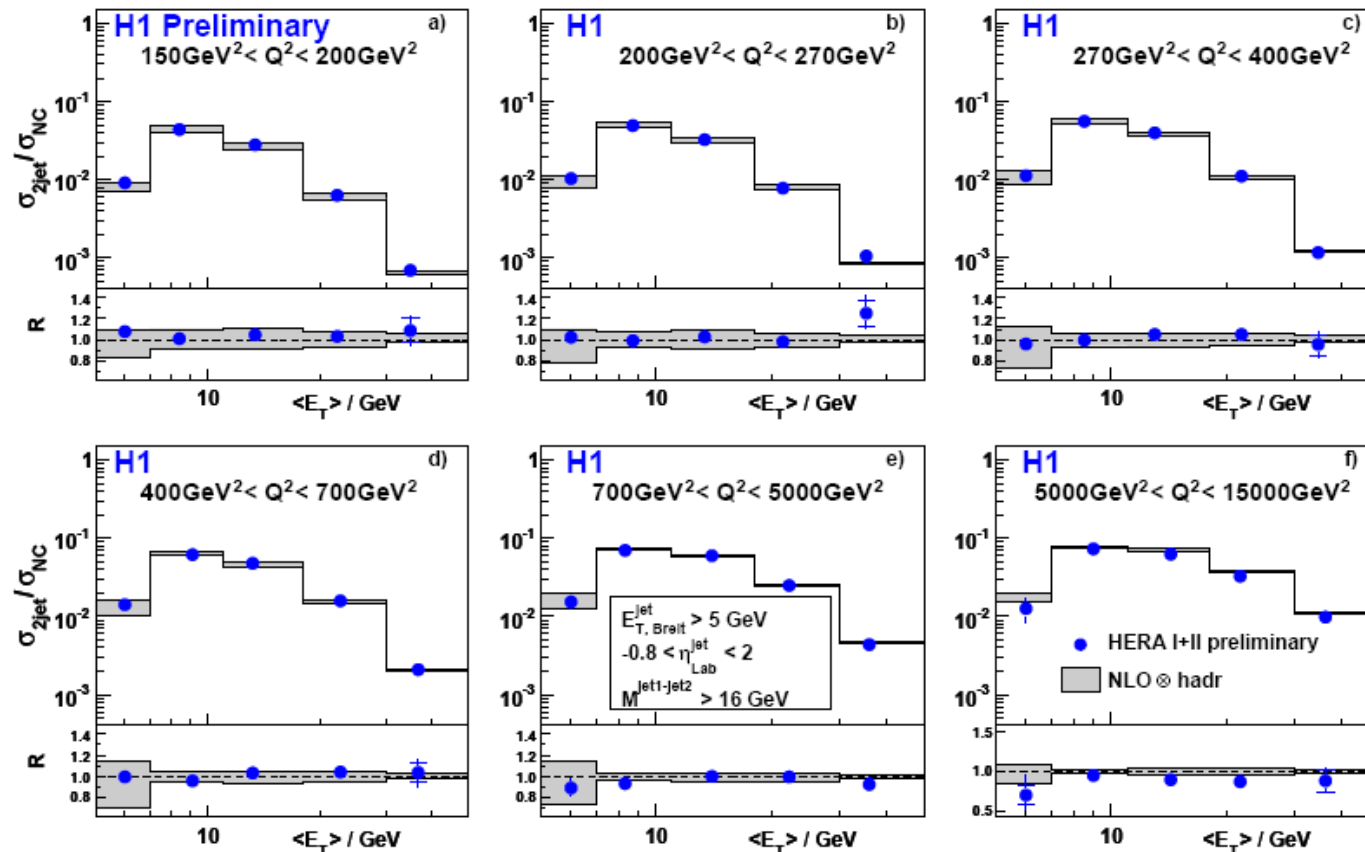
* HERA II normalized inclusive jets with HERA II data preliminary for EPS 07 conference

MULTI-JET RATES



- Accurate measurement well described by NLO QCD prediction.
- 3-jets rates dominated by statistical errors and model dependence, but still more precise than NLO QCD prediction

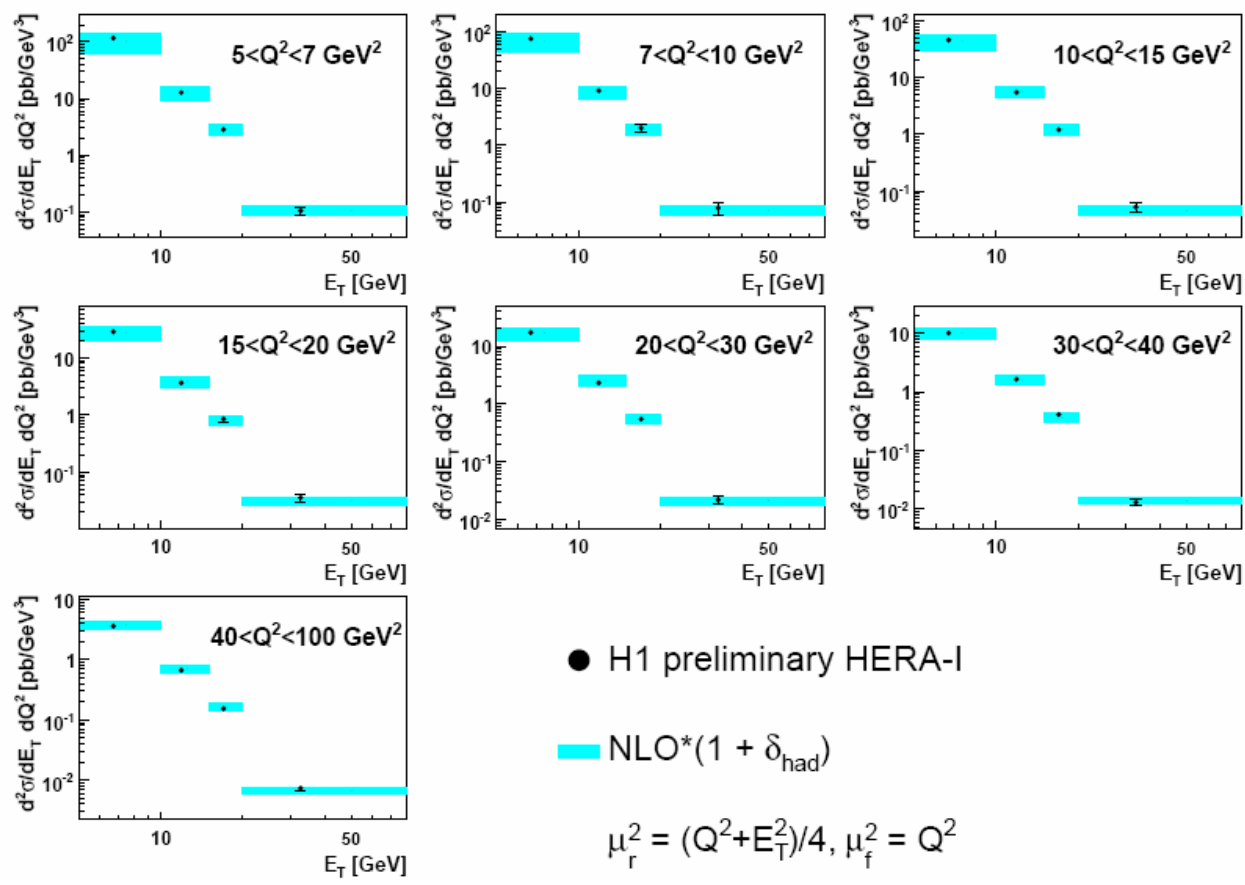
Normalised 2-Jet Cross Section



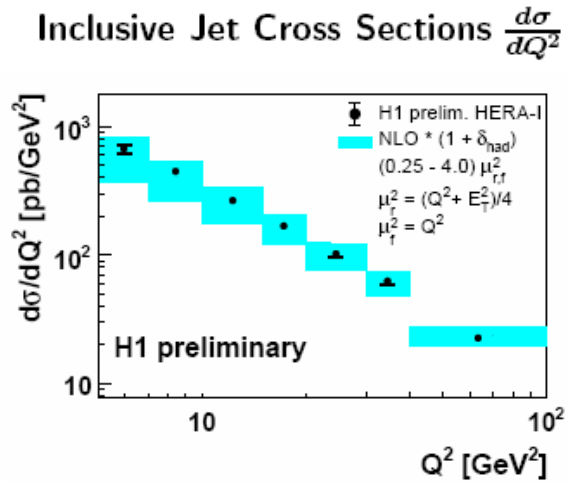
- Similar behaviour and quality of description than for inclusive jets: this observables are similar and correlated.
- Lower $\langle E_T \rangle$ bin is strongly suppressed by M_{12} cut.

LOW Q² INCLUSIVE JET PRODUCTION*

H1 Inclusive Jet Cross Sections $\frac{d^2\sigma}{dQ^2 dE_T}$



● H1 preliminary HERA-I
 ■ NLO*(1 + δ_{had})
 $\mu_r^2 = (Q^2 + E_T^2)/4, \mu_f^2 = Q^2$



Accurate measurement (5-10 %) well described by QCD NLO (theory calculated with CTEQ6). Small predictive power of NLO calculations.

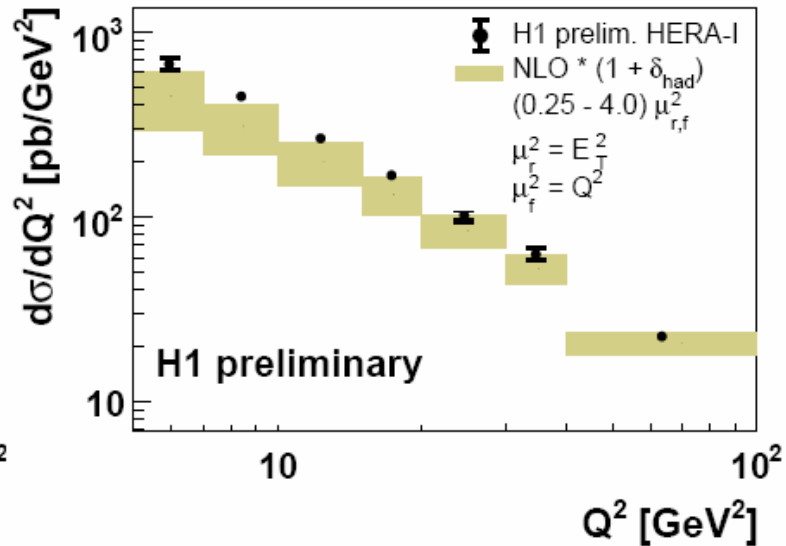
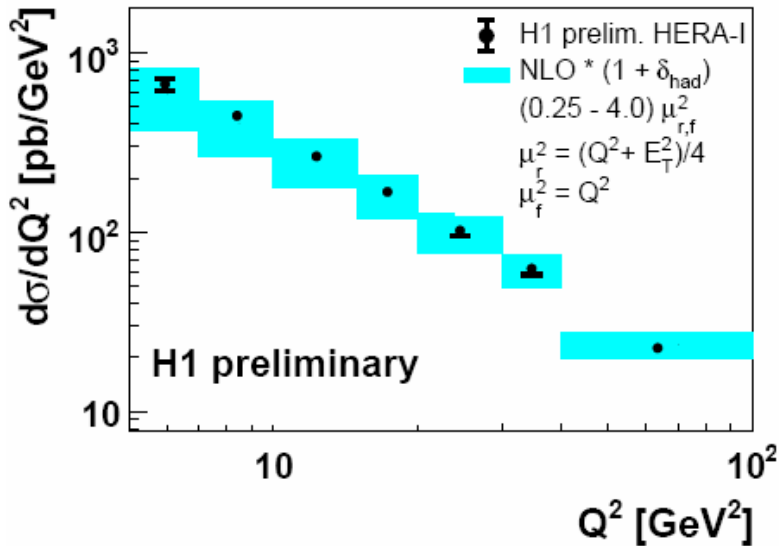
* Inclusive jet cross section preliminary for DIS 07 conference

LOW Q^2 INCLUSIVE JET PRODUCTION*

$$\mu_R = \frac{\sqrt{Q^2 + E_T^2}}{2}$$

Inclusive Jet Cross Sections $\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2}$

$$\mu_R = E_T$$



- The choice of a μ_R combined from Q and E_T (same that at high Q^2) improves the data description especially in the region where $Q \ll E_T$.
- Improved confidence in α_s extraction

α_s EXTRACTION



Consistency check:

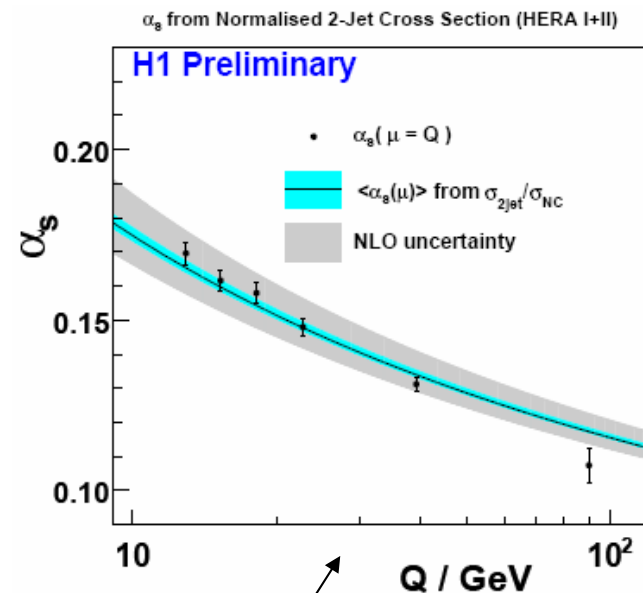
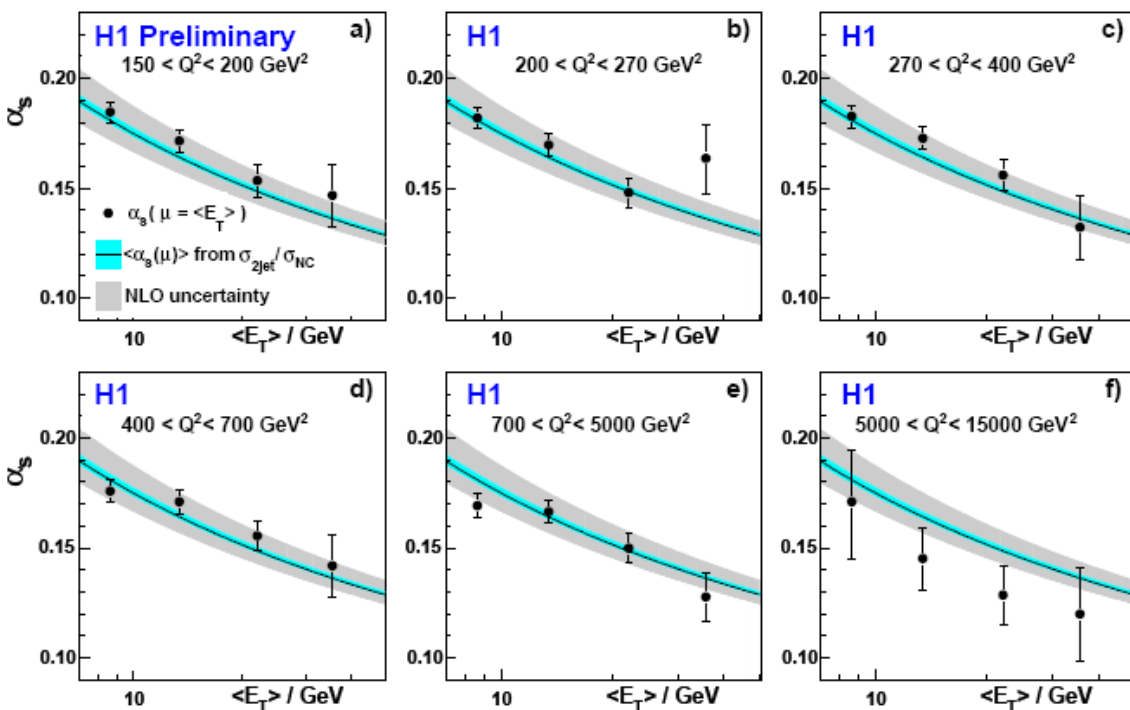
- α_S is adjusted to match the data point with NLO QCD prediction.
- α_S at μ_R scale associated to each point is ran to a common scale M_Z

Combined fit:

- χ^2 fit of NLO QCD predictions to data with $\alpha_S(M_Z)$ as free parameter.
- Hessian procedure which fit sources of correlated systematical errors such as jet energy scale. Statistical correlations are taken in account.
- Theoretical prediction errors are taken in account by an offset method: scales, hadronization corrections and PDF parameterizations are varied and $\alpha_S(M_Z)$ refitted. Resulting variations are added in quadrature.

α_s FROM 2-JET RATES

α_s from Normalised 2-Jet Cross Section (HERA I+II)



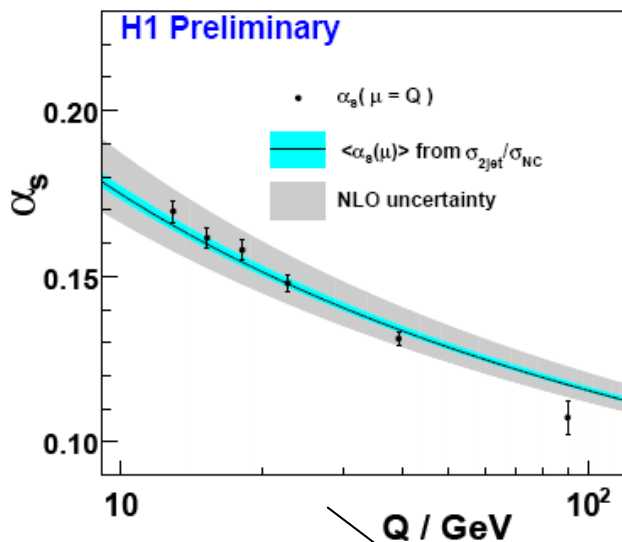
Inside each Q^2 bin the running of $\alpha_s(E_T)$ is verified

→ Combined fit inside each Q^2 bin of $\alpha_s(M_Z)$; Test of $\alpha_s(Q)$ running

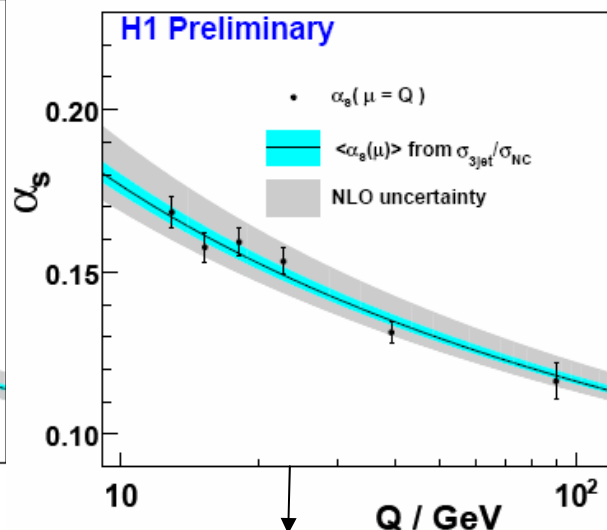
→ Combined fit of $\alpha_s(M_Z)$ from all 24 points

1 - Individual extraction from each jet observable

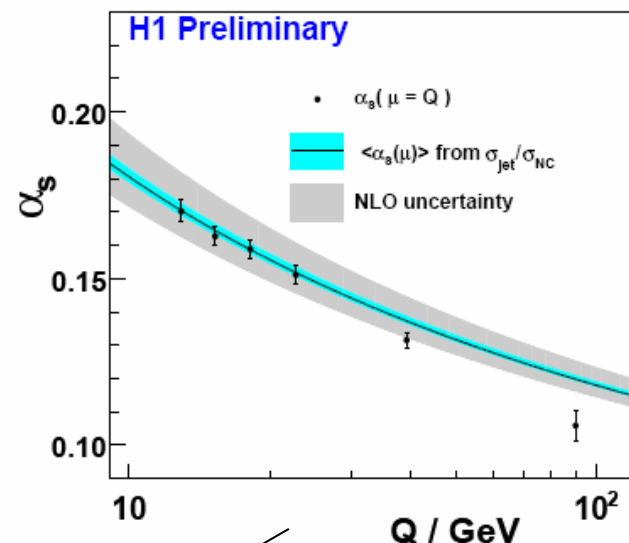
α_s from Normalised 2-Jet Cross Section (HERA I+II)



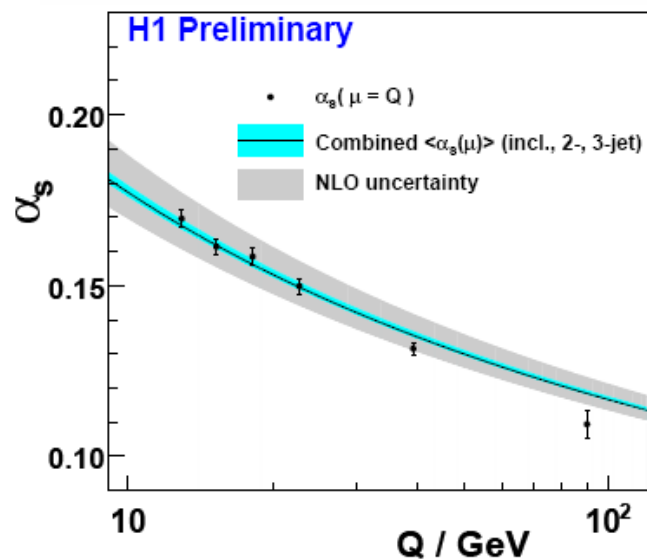
α_s from Normalised 3-Jet Cross Section (HERA I+II)



α_s from Normalised Inclusive Jet Cross Section (HERA I+II)



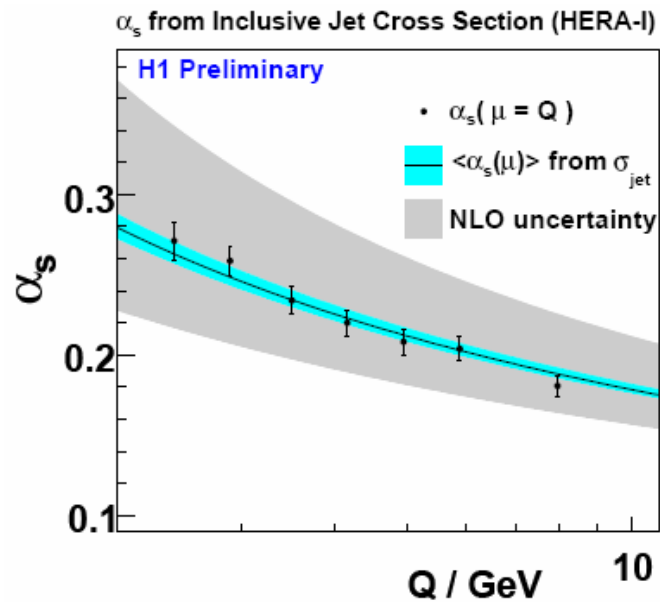
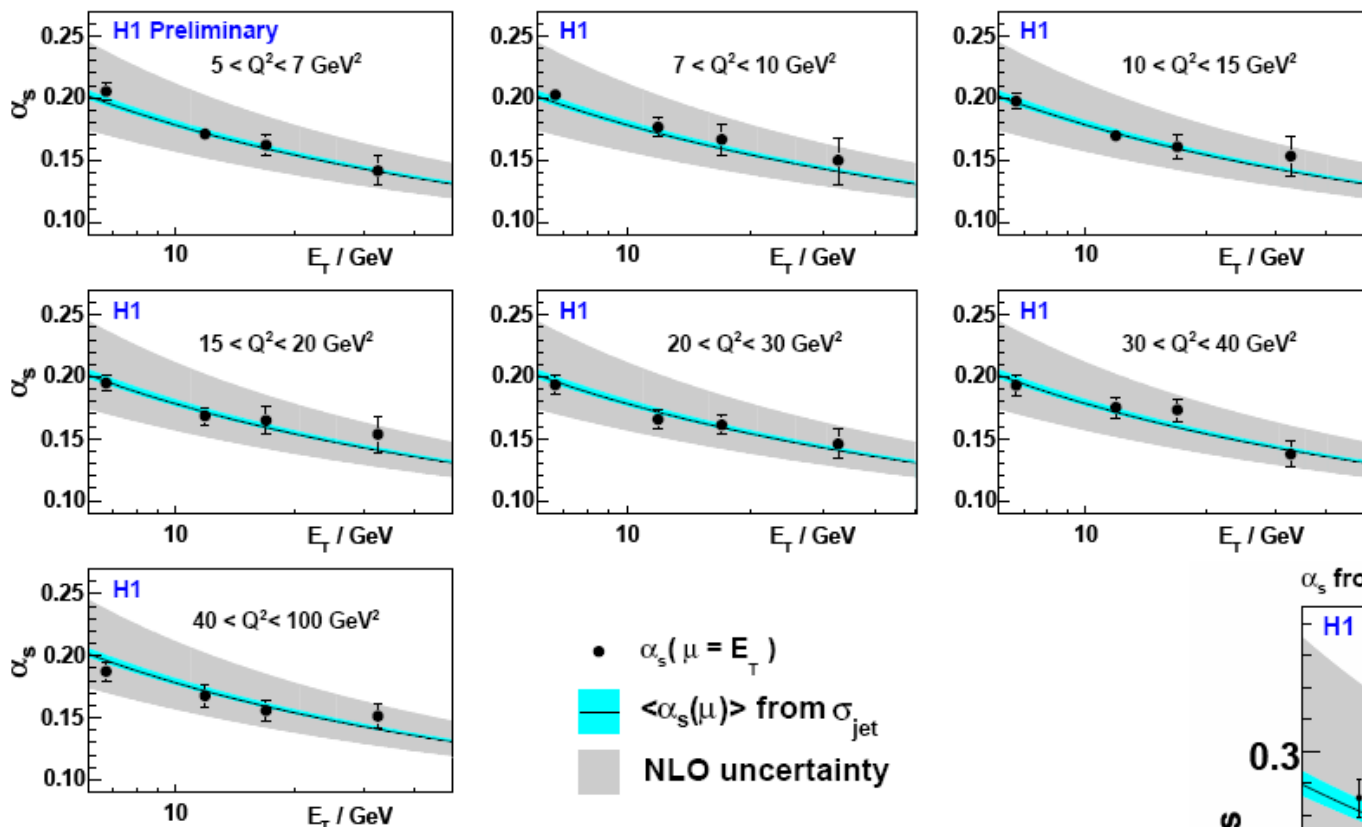
2 - $\alpha_S(Q^2)$ running verified for each observable



3 - Combined extraction with 54 experimental points

α_s FROM LOW Q^2 INCLUSIVE JETS

α_s from Inclusive Jet Cross Section (HERA I)



- Fit procedure identical to high Q^2
- Running of α_s with Q^2 and E_T is verified
- Experimental errors dominated by theoretical

SYNOPSIS OF α_s EXTRACTIONS

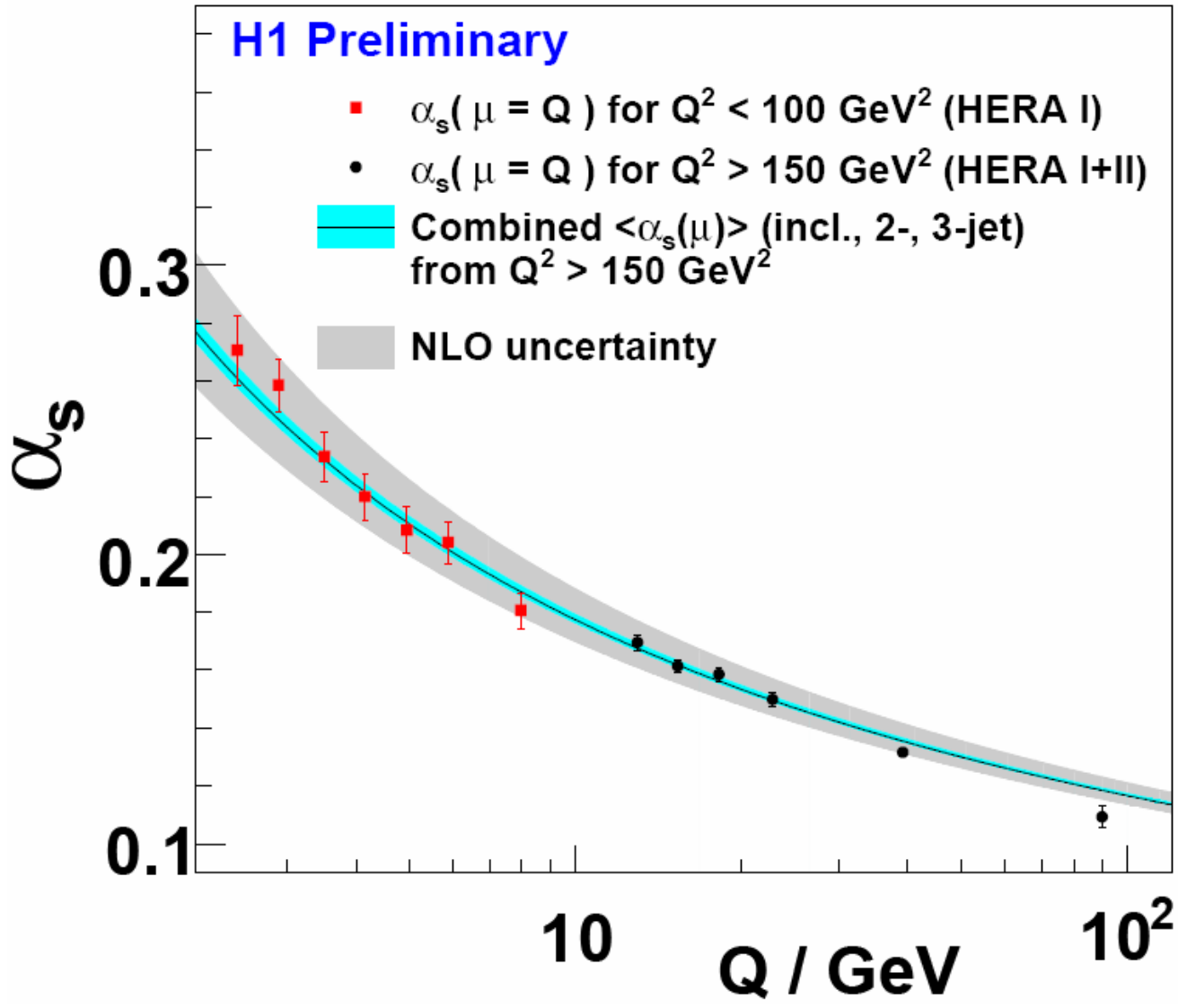
Observable	α_s	Exp. error	Theory err.		χ^2/NDF
			Scales	PDF	
$\frac{\sigma_{3JET}}{\sigma_{NC}} = f(Q^2)$	0.1179	0.0014	+0.0056 - 0.0034	0.0009	4.53/5
$\frac{\sigma_{2JET}}{\sigma_{NC}} = f(Q^2, \langle E_T \rangle)$	0.1171	0.0010	+0.0048 - 0.0036	0.0018	28.1/23
$\frac{\sigma_{JET}}{\sigma_{NC}} = f(Q^2, E_T)$	0.1196	0.0010	+0.0049 - 0.0036	0.0019	26.8/23
$\frac{\sigma_{IJET}}{\sigma_{DIS}} \& \frac{\sigma_{2JET}}{\sigma_{DIS}} \& \frac{\sigma_{3JET}}{\sigma_{DIS}}$	0.1182	0.0008	+0.0041 - 0.0031	0.0018	54.8/53
$\sigma_{IJET} = f(Q^2, E_T)$ Low Q^2	0.1186	0.0014	+0.0132 - 0.0101	0.0021	20.5/27

α_s RUNNING OVER Q^2 RANGE



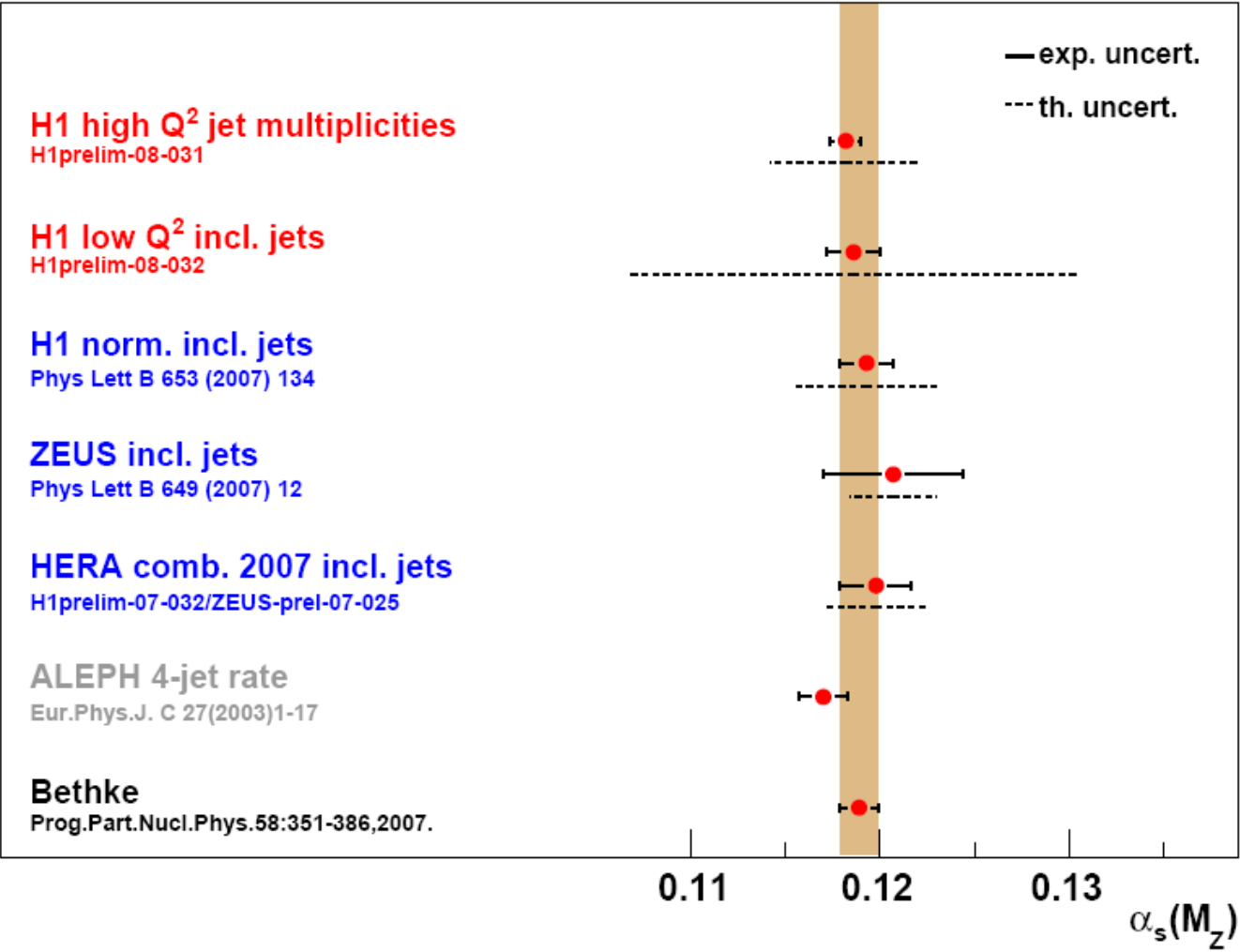
α_s from Jet Cross Sections

H1 Preliminary



Running verified over all two orders of magnitude in Q

SUMMARY OF α_s EXTRACTIONS



- New measurements from low and high Q^2 jets data compatible with the world average
- High experimental precision



CONCLUSIONS

α_s from high Q^2 : $0.1182 \pm 0.0008(\text{exp.})_{-0.0031}^{+0.0041}(\text{th.}) \pm 0.0018(\text{pdf})$

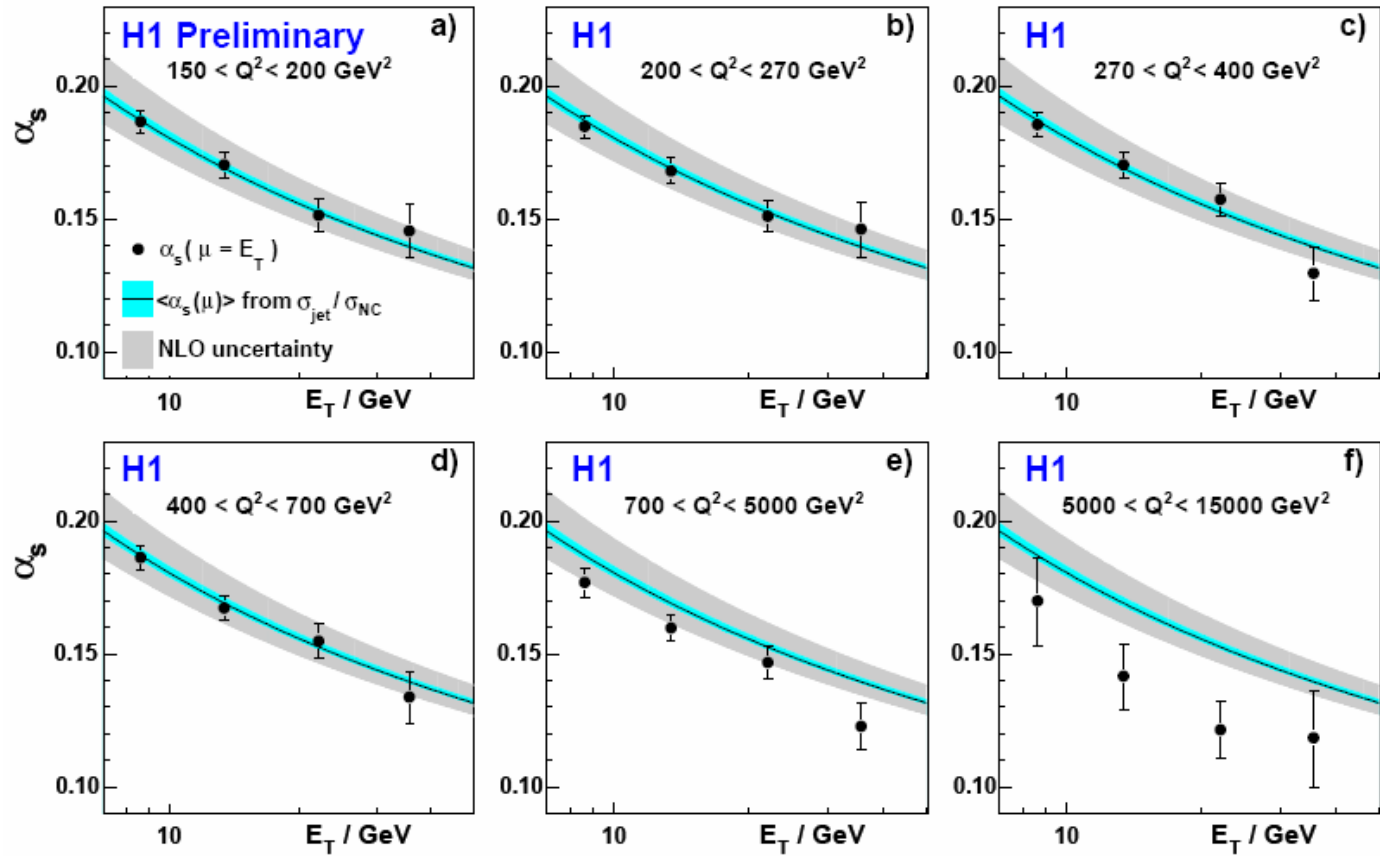
α_s from low Q^2 : $0.1186 \pm 0.0014(\text{exp.})_{-0.0101}^{+0.0132}(\text{th.}) \pm 0.0021(\text{pdf})$

- Very precise α_s determination
 - Small experimental errors (high Q^2 : 0.7% , low Q^2 : 1.2%)
 - Theoretical errors dominates (high Q^2 : 3.5%, low Q^2 : 12%) mainly due to the μ_R .
- α_s running verified over two orders of magnitude in Q . A striking agreement between low Q^2 and high Q^2 .
- NNLO calculations are necessary to exploit the full potential of those data.

BACKUP

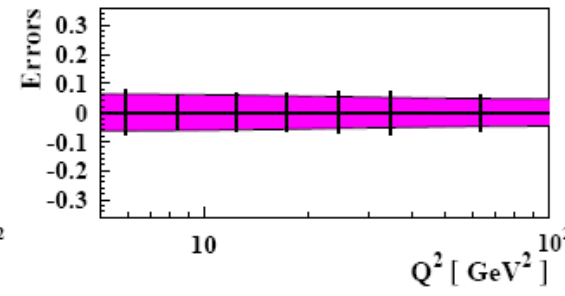
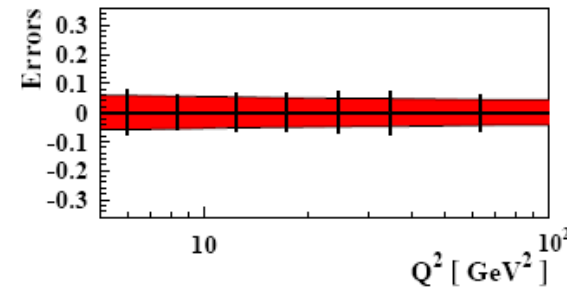
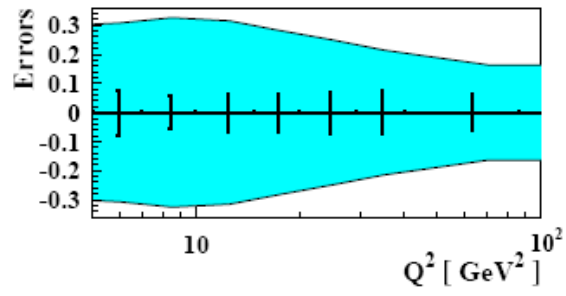
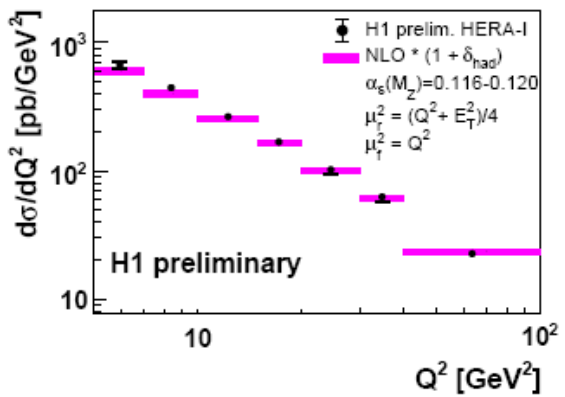
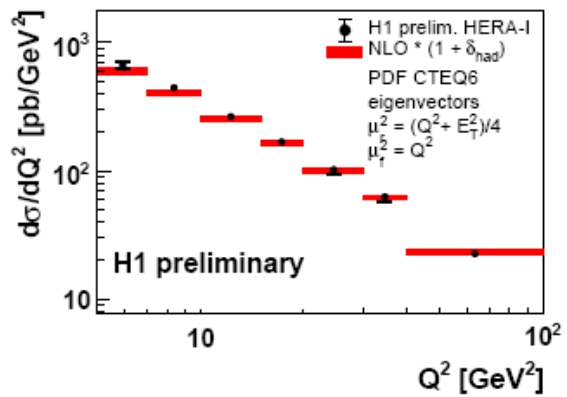
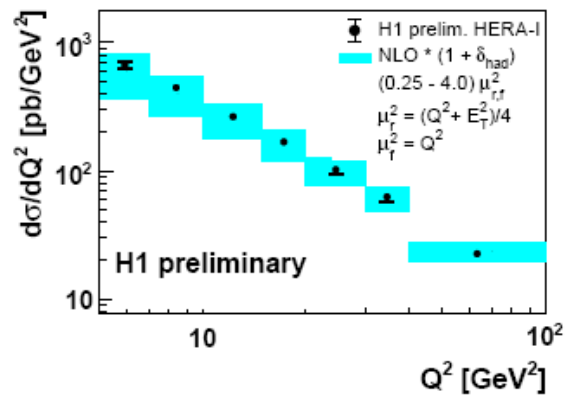
EXTRACTION FROM INCLUSIVE JET CROSS SECTION

α_s from Normalised Inclusive Jet Cross Section (HERA I+II)



LOW Q^2 INCLUSIVE JET PRODUCTION*

Inclusive Jet Cross Sections $\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2}$



μ_R, μ_F dependance

PDF param. sensitivity

α_s sensitivity

- Scale dependence is the most important source of theoretical uncertainty at low Q^2
- The sensitivity to the PDF and to α_s parameterizations are comparable

