

# Multijets in Photoproduction and Multiparton Interactions at HERA

*Albert Knutsson*

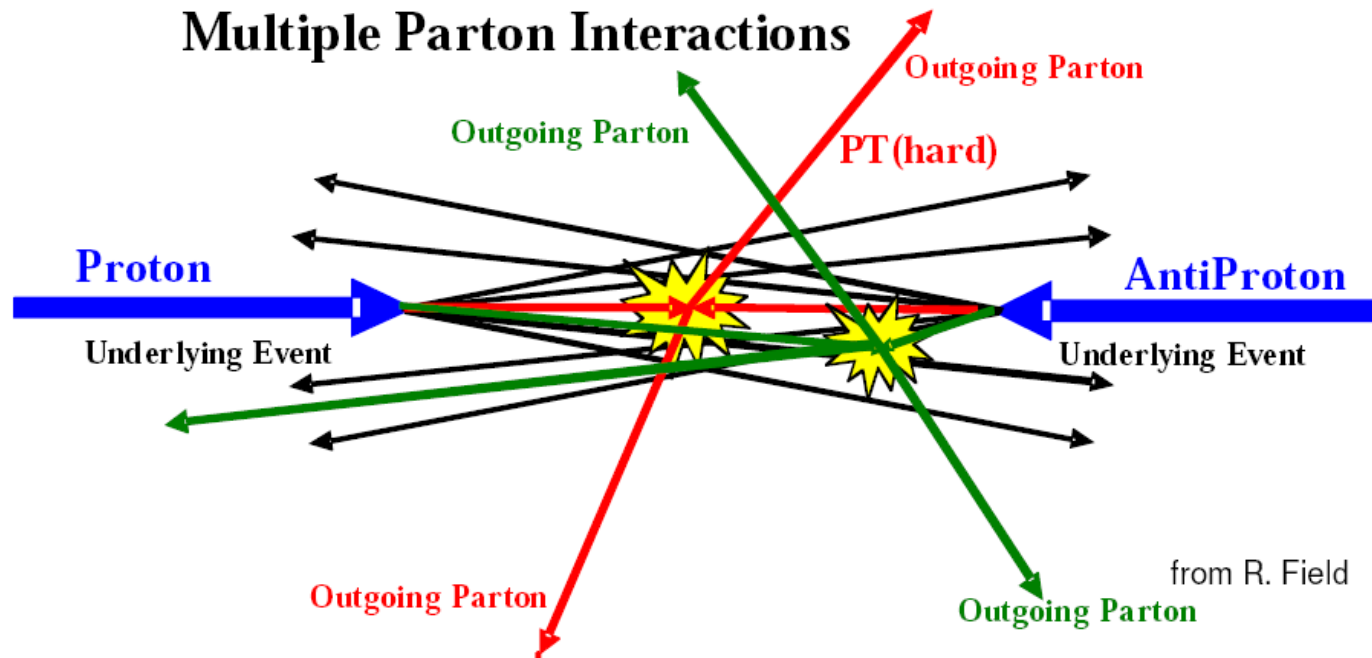
on behalf of H1 and ZEUS

PHOTON07, Paris, 9-13/7 2007

## Outline

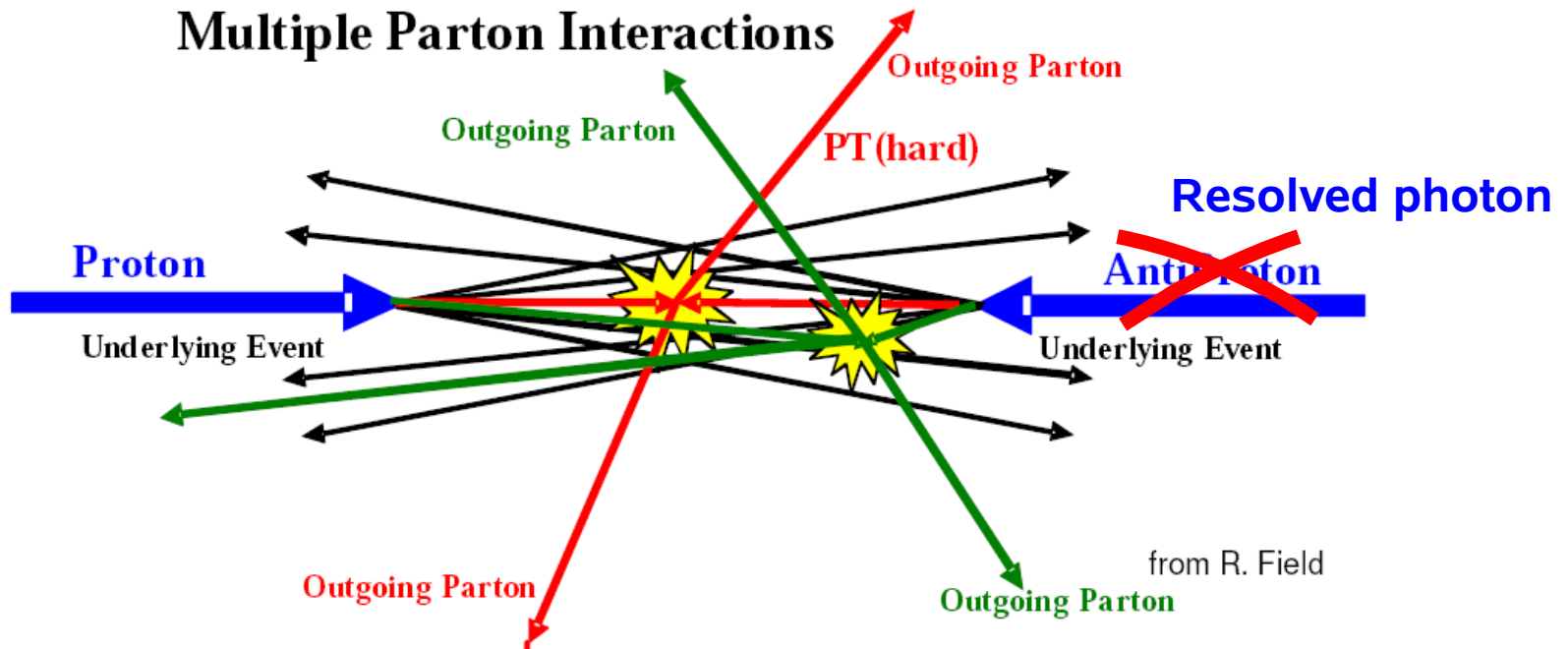
- Multiparton Interactions
- Short Summary of Monte Carlo generators
- Multijets in photoproduction (ZEUS)
- Mini jets in DIS (H1)
- Summary

# Multiparton Interactions (MPI)



- Underlying event: Everything except the lowest order process
  - Additional parton-remnant interactions, MPI (soft or hard)
  - Parton showers
  - ...but not pile up

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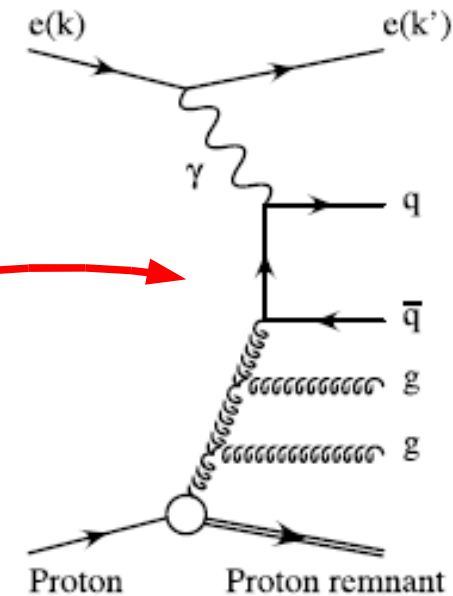
# Monte Carlo models with parton showers

(relevant for this presentation)

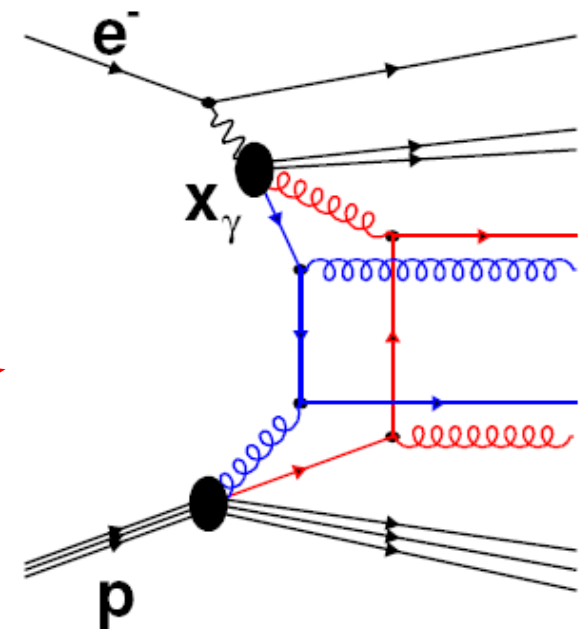
- **RAPGAP**: LO ME + DGLAP parton showers (No MPI)  
Resolved photon component can be included.
- **CDM**: Parton showers from the Color Dipole Model (No MPI).  
QPM and BGF events from LO ME.
- **PYTHIA**: LO ME + DGLAP parton showers  
MPI: • **Average number of interactions/event** =  $\sigma_{\text{hard}}(p_{t, \text{min}}) / \sigma_{\text{non-diff}}$   
• **Several free parameters: Different tunes exist. Here the default parameters are used.**
- **HERWIG**: LO ME + DGLAP parton showers  
MPI from **JIMMY**: • **MPI add on package used with HERWIG**  
• **Similar to MPI in Pythia**  
• **Impact parameter dependence**

# Multijets in Photoproduction (ZEUS)

- Measure 3- and 4-jet final state  $\rightarrow$  higher order reaction
- Tool to study higher order  $\alpha_s$  reactions in photoproduction
  - test fixed order calculation  $O(\alpha, \alpha_s^2)$  (i.e. for 3-jet, for 4-jet one needs  $O(\alpha, \alpha_s^3)$ )
  - test QCD models with PS



- Higher order reaction  $\rightarrow$  sensitive to MPI?



# Multijets in Photoproduction (ZEUS)

## **Kinematic Range**

- $0.2 < y < 0.85$
- $Q^2 < 1.0 \text{ GeV}^2$

## **Jet Selection**

- $E_T^{jet_{1,2,3,4}} > 6 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta^{jet}| < 2.4$

Jets defined by the  
inclusive kt-algorithm

## **Variable Definitions**

Inv. mass of n-jet system:  $M_{nj} = \sqrt{(\sum p_i)^2}$

Fraction of  $\gamma$  - momentum:  $x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} = \frac{\sum E_{T,i}^{\text{jet}} \exp(-\eta_i^{\text{jet}})}{2yE_e}$

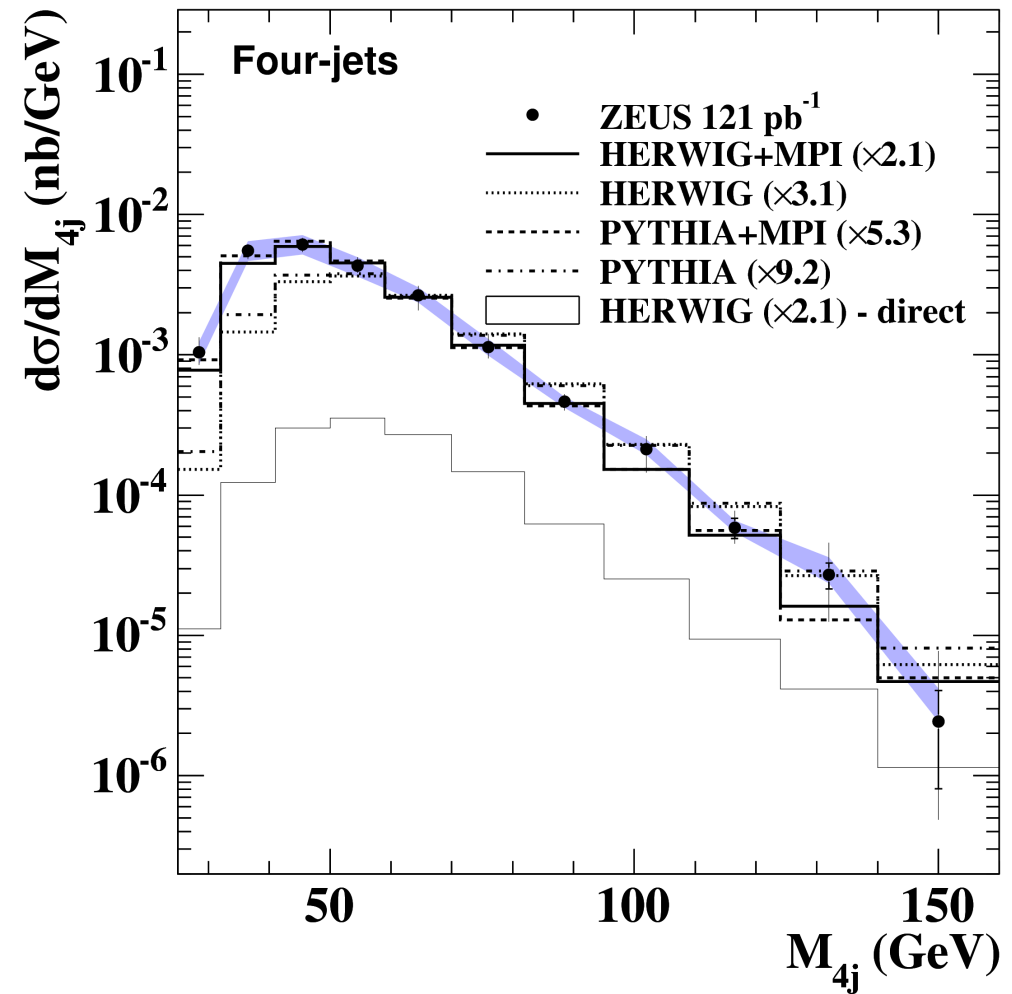
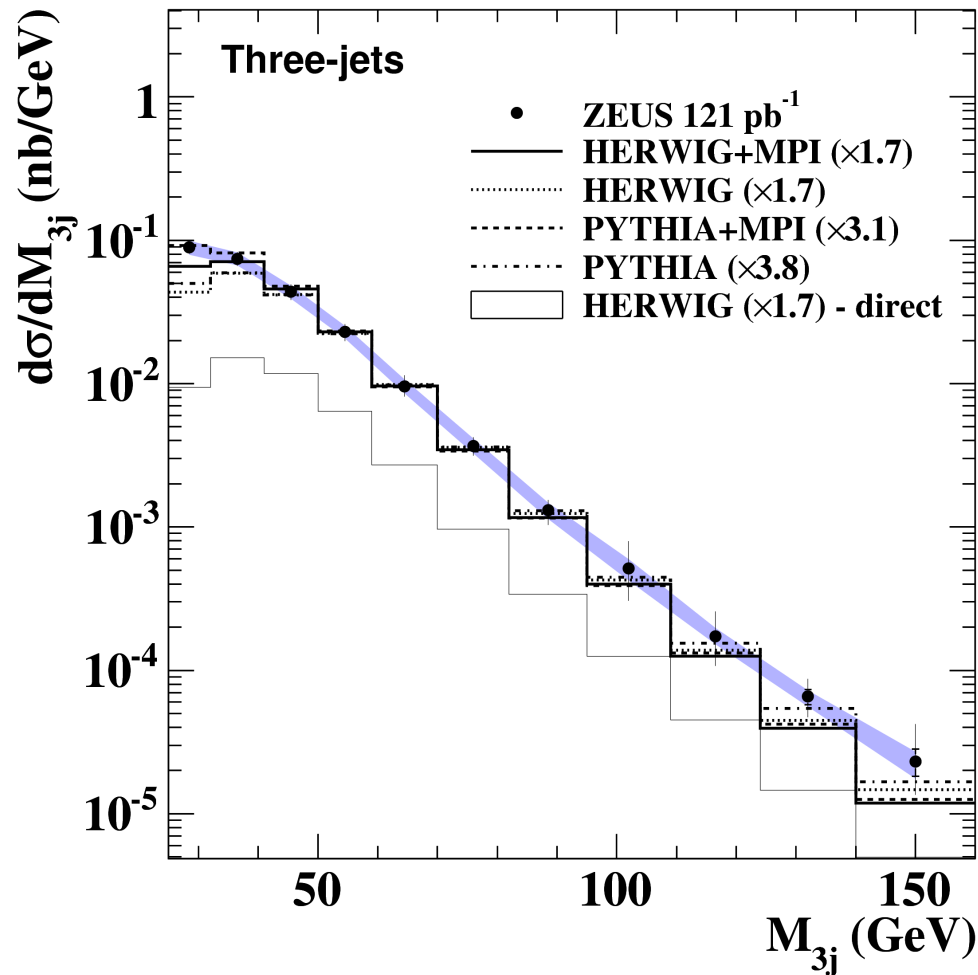
where the sums runs over 3 or 4 jets

## **Measurement**

3- and 4-jet cross-sections as a function of several variables and for:

- **Low mass region:**  $25 < M_{nj} < 50 \text{ GeV}$
- **High mass region:**  $M_{nj} > 50 \text{ GeV}$

# Multijets in Photoproduction (ZEUS)



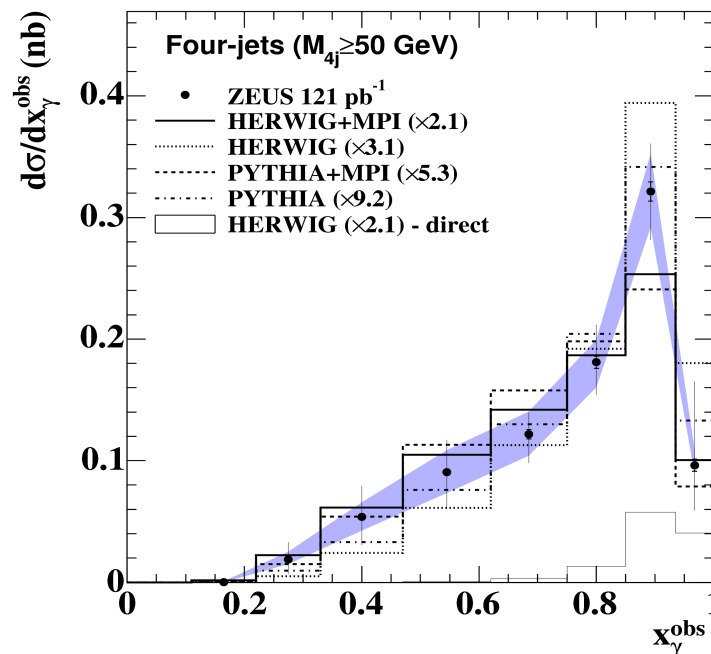
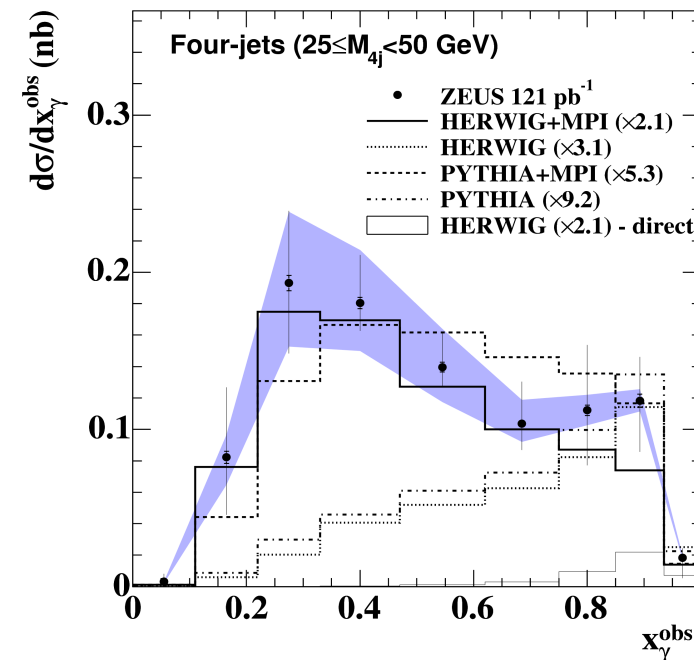
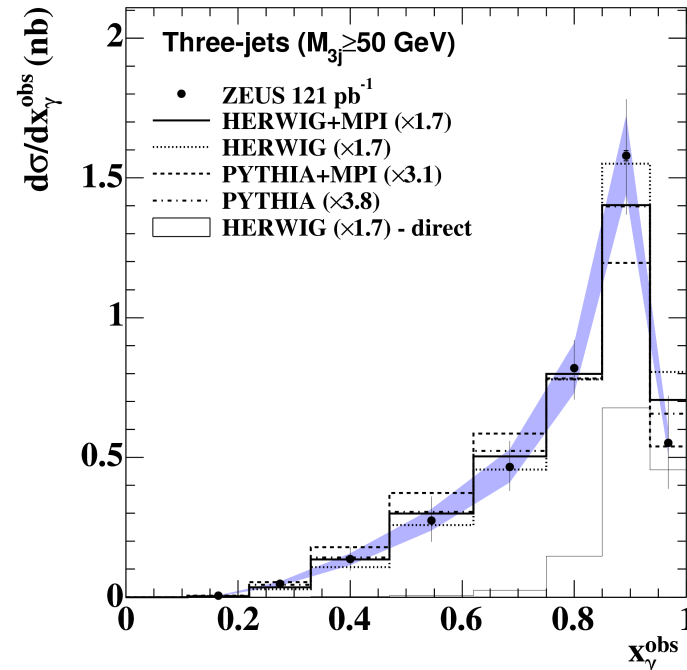
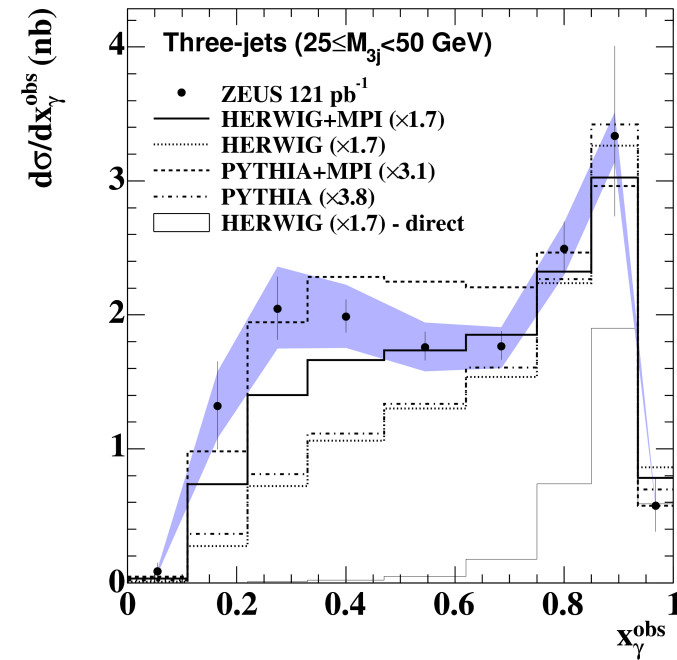
MC w/o MPI is normalized to high mass region ( $M_{nj} > 50$  GeV)

• **Low mass data not described without MPI's**

➔ **Most significant for 4-jet scenario**

• **Inclusion of MPI gives satisfactory description of full mass spectrum**

# Multijets in Photoproduction (ZEUS)



- ZEUS 121 pb<sup>-1</sup>
- HERWIG+MPI ( $\times 1.7$ )
- ⋯ HERWIG ( $\times 1.7$ )
- - - PYTHIA+MPI ( $\times 3.1$ )
- ⋯ PYTHIA ( $\times 3.8$ )
- HERWIG ( $\times 1.7$ ) - direct

• MPI again improves MC description of data in low mass region significantly

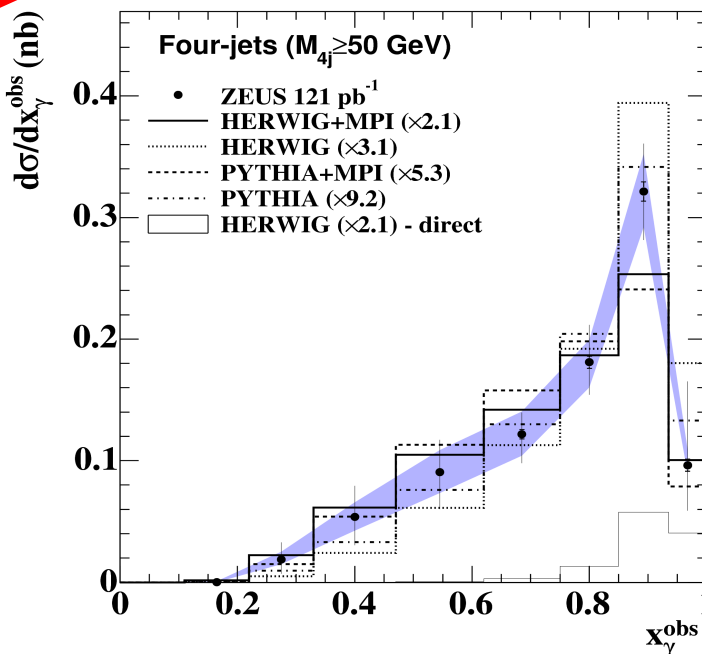
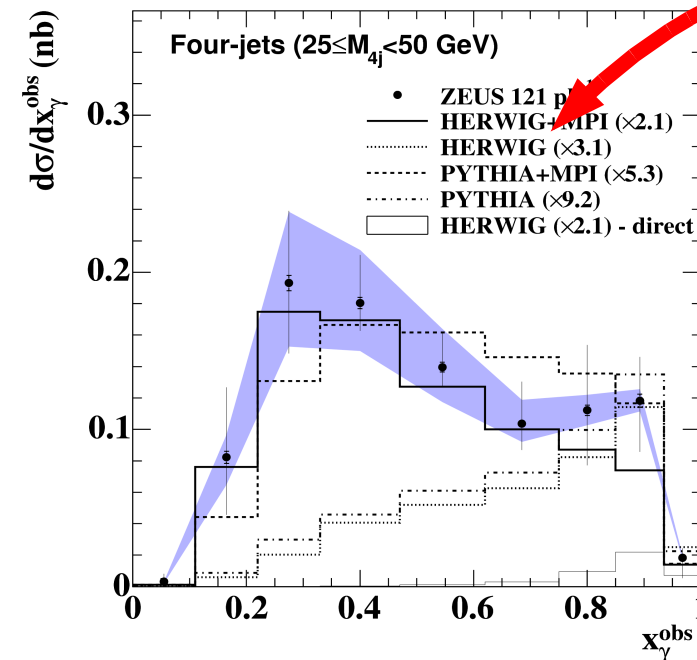
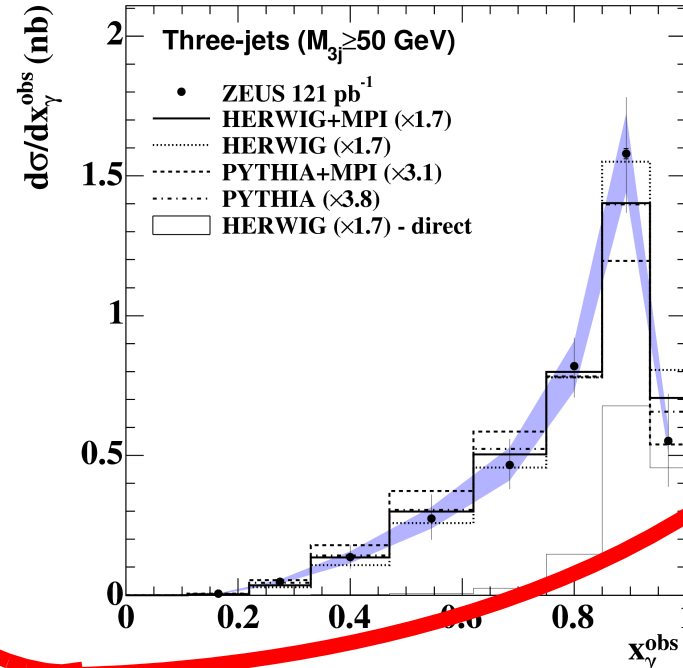
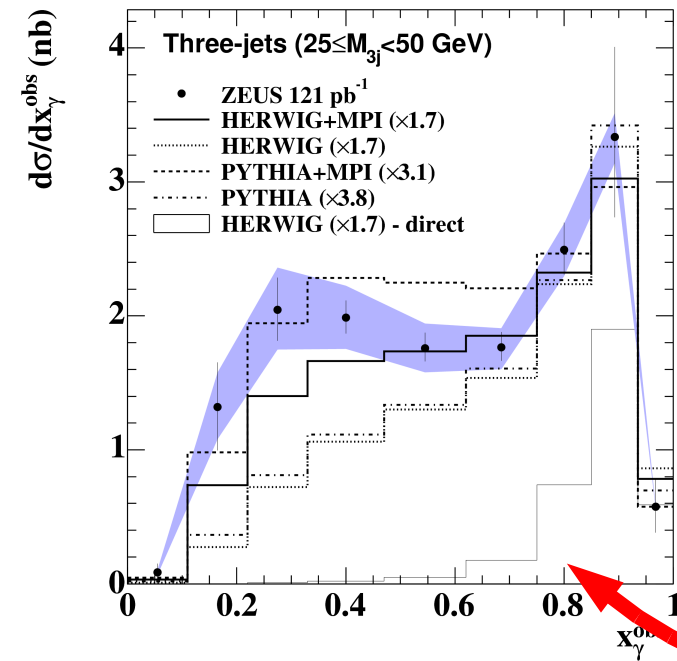
• High contribution from resolved gamma over the full  $x_\gamma$  range

• Most significant for the 4-jet final state

• PYTHIA+MPI overshoots data at medium  $x_\gamma$



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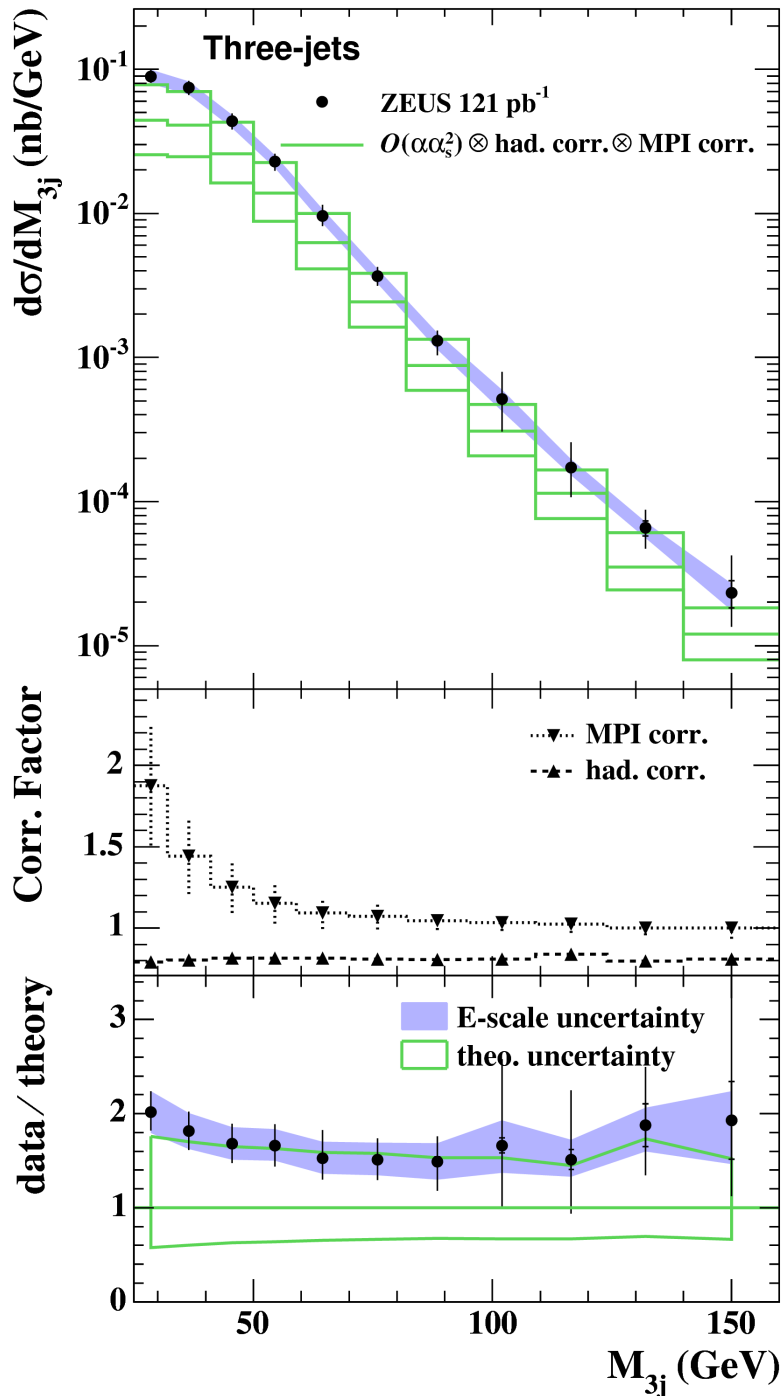
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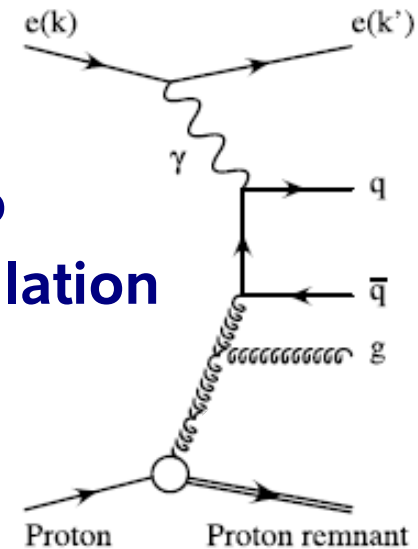
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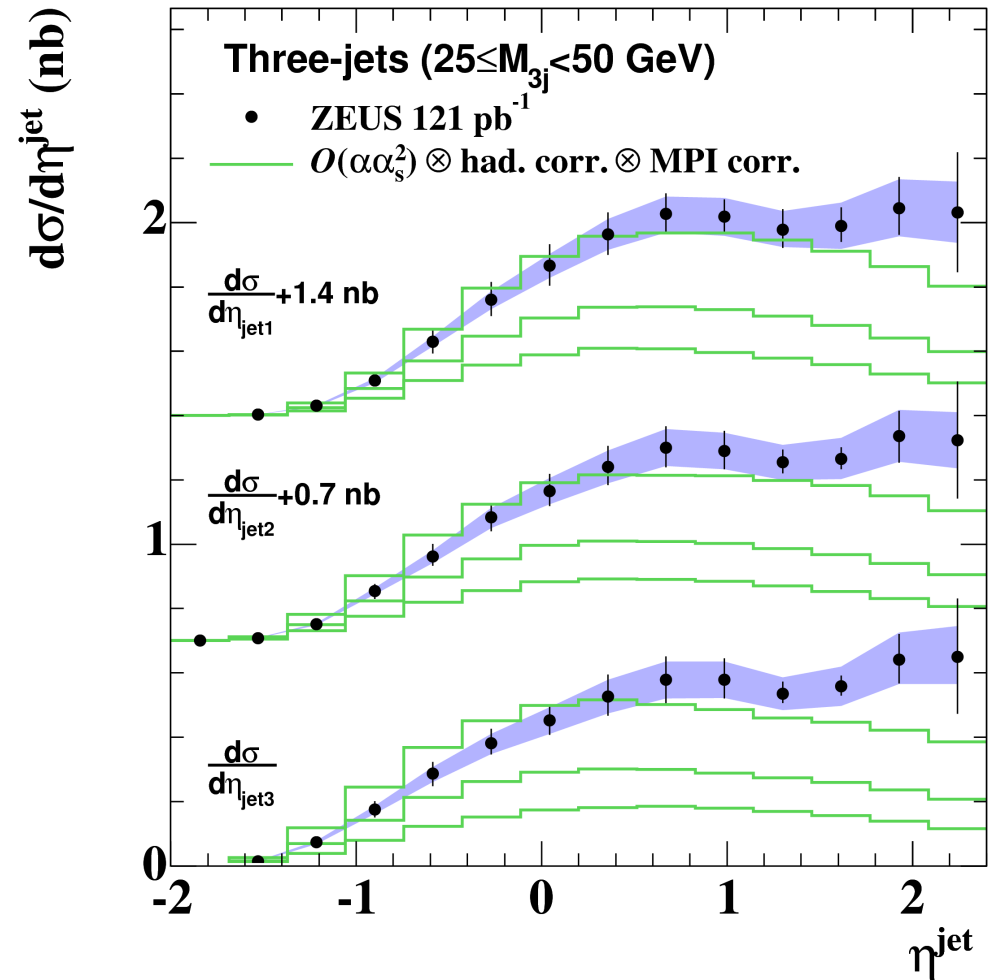
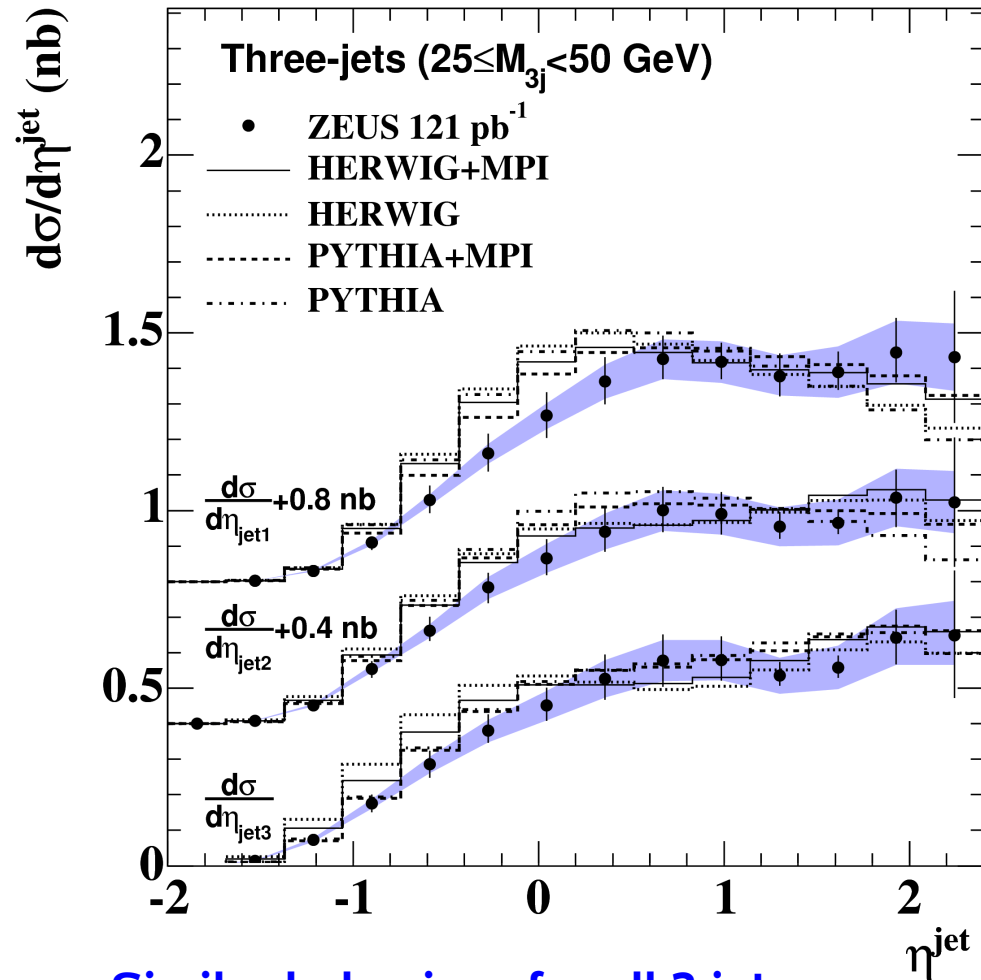
## Comparison to LO $O(\alpha_s^2)$ calculation



- **Hadronization corrections**
  - **Constant**
- **MPI corrections**
  - **Increasing with lower mass**
  - **Necessary in order to describe data**
- **Data covered by the large theoretical uncertainties**

# Multijets in Photoproduction (ZEUS)

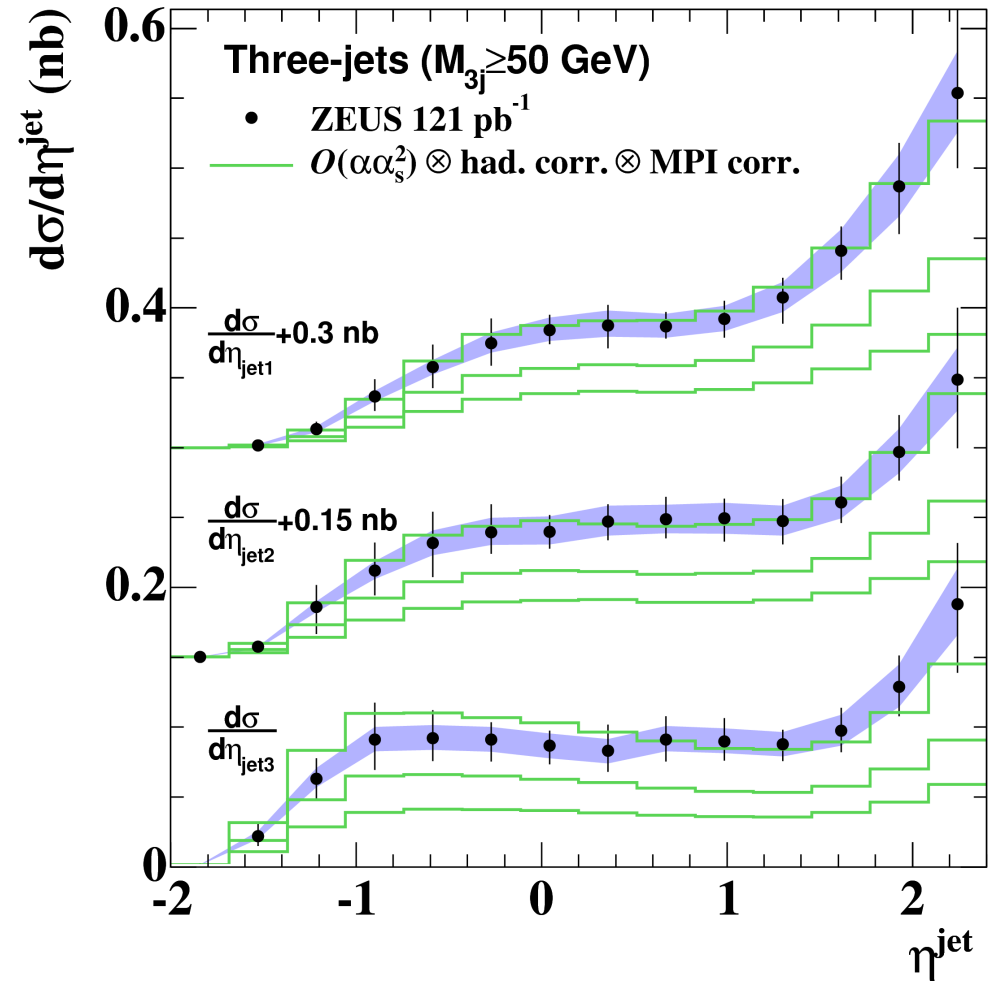
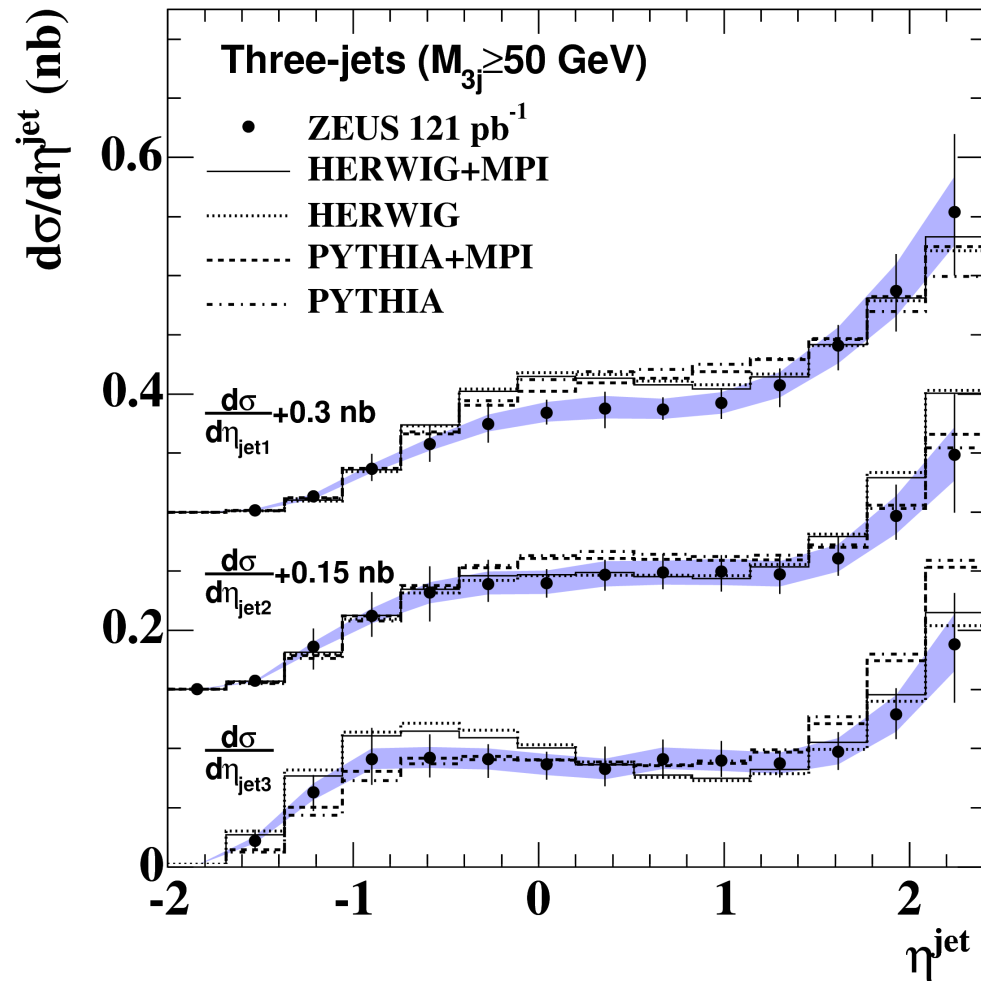
Cross-sections as a function of rapidity for each of the jets (ordered in  $E_T$ )



- Similar behaviour for all 3 jets
- No perfect description of data by MC
- Fixed order calculation fails in forward region where higher order reactions are expected to be most prominent

# Multijets in Photoproduction (ZEUS)

Cross-sections as a function of rapidity for each of the jets (ordered in E\_T)



- Higher mass  $\longrightarrow$  higher order reactions kinematically suppressed:
  - $\rightarrow$  Slightly better description by Monte Carlo with ME+PS compared to low  $M_{nj}$  region
  - $\rightarrow$  Much better description of data by  $O(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$ -calculations compared to low  $M_{nj}$  region

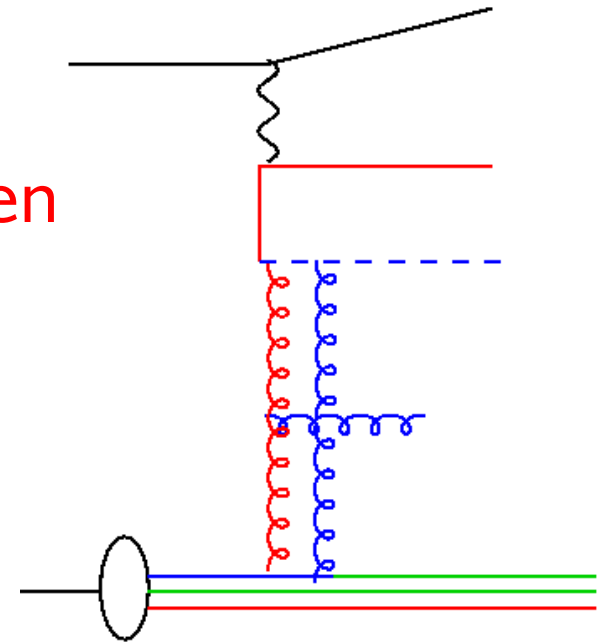
# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

- Photoproduction → large resolved photon component
  - remnant-remnant interactions (MPI) very important (as seen from the ZEUS results)

# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

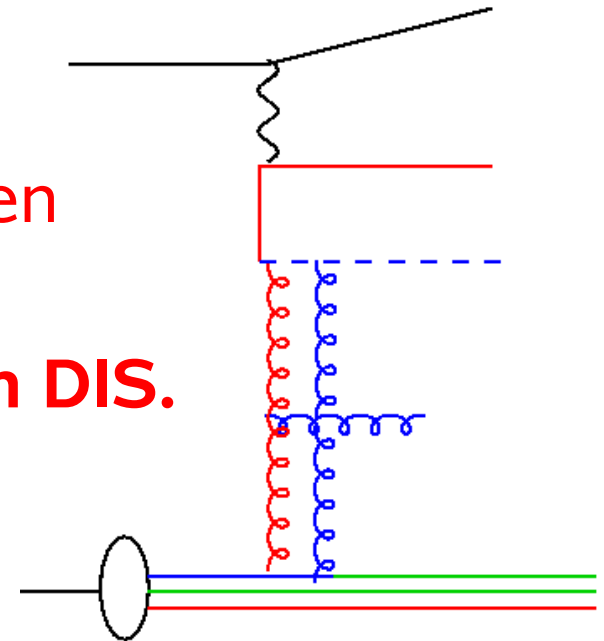
- Photoproduction → large resolved photon component  
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- MPI in DIS where the resolved photon component is much smaller?  
→ additional interactions between ME and proton remnant?



# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

- Photoproduction → large resolved photon component
  - remnant-remnant interactions (MPI) very important (as seen from the ZEUS results)
- MPI in DIS where the resolved photon component is much smaller?
  - additional interactions between ME and proton remnant?
  - **Study mini jet production in DIS.**



# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

## Kinematic Range

- $5 < Q^2 < 100.0 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $0.1 < y < 0.7$
- $W > 200 \text{ GeV}$

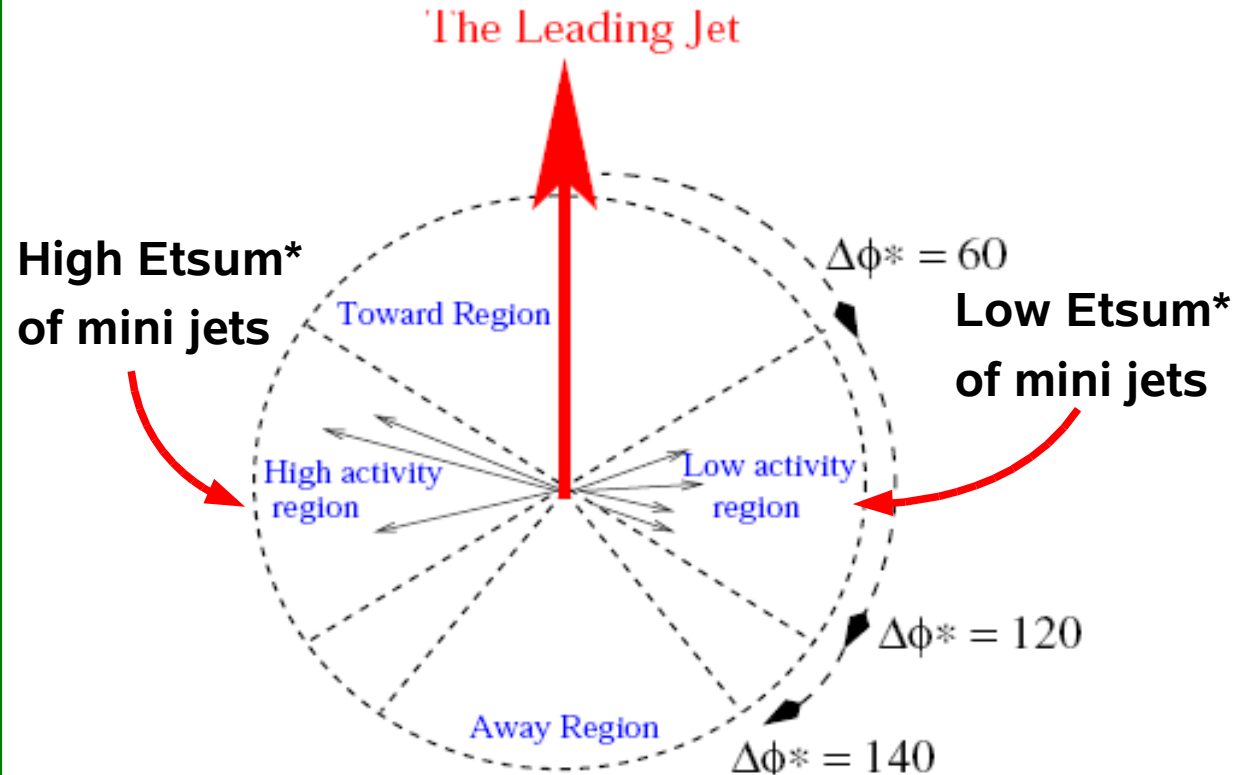
## Jet Selection

2 samples: Inclusive 1-jet sample and di-jet sample:

- $P_{T,1(2)}^{jet} > 5 \text{ GeV}$
- $-1.79 < \eta_{1(2)}^{jet} < 2.79$
- $|\phi_1^* - \phi_2^*| > 140$

## Mini Jet Selection

- $-1.79 < \eta^{minijet} < 2.79$
- $P_T^{minijet} > 3 \text{ GeV}$



Measure  $\langle N_{Minijets} \rangle = \frac{\sum^{N_{events}} N_{Minijet}}{N_{events}}$  in bins of  $Q^2$  and  $\eta_1^{jet}$  as a function of  $P_{T,1}^{jet*}$



# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

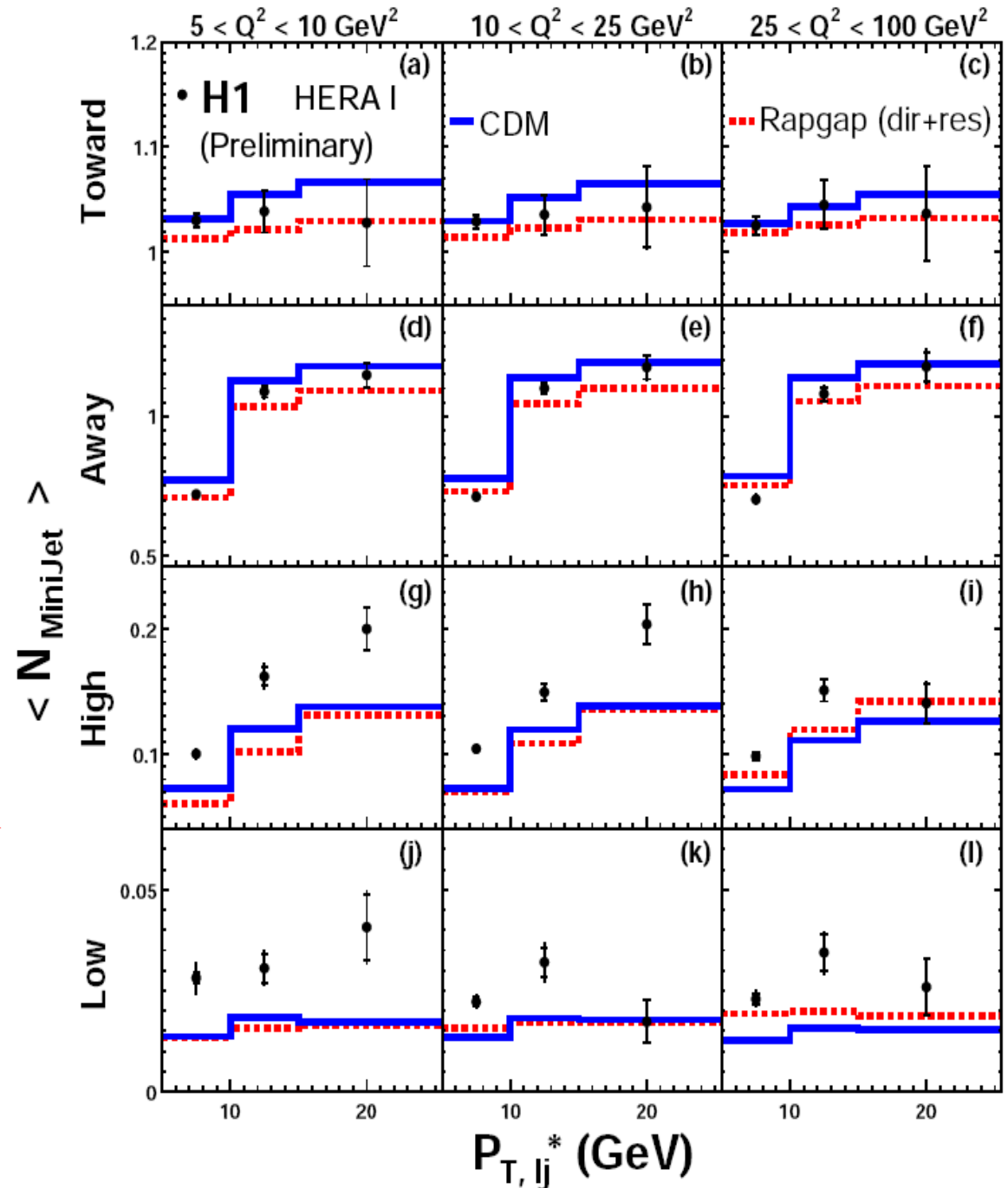
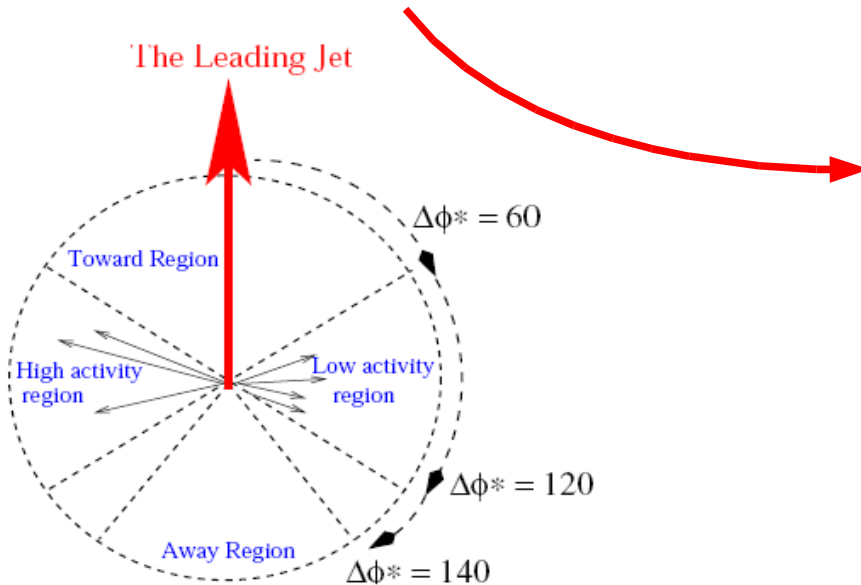
**Inclusive 1 jet sample**

**and**

$$-1.7 < \eta^{jet} < 0.5$$

• **Hard regions (toward and away)**  
described by MC without MI

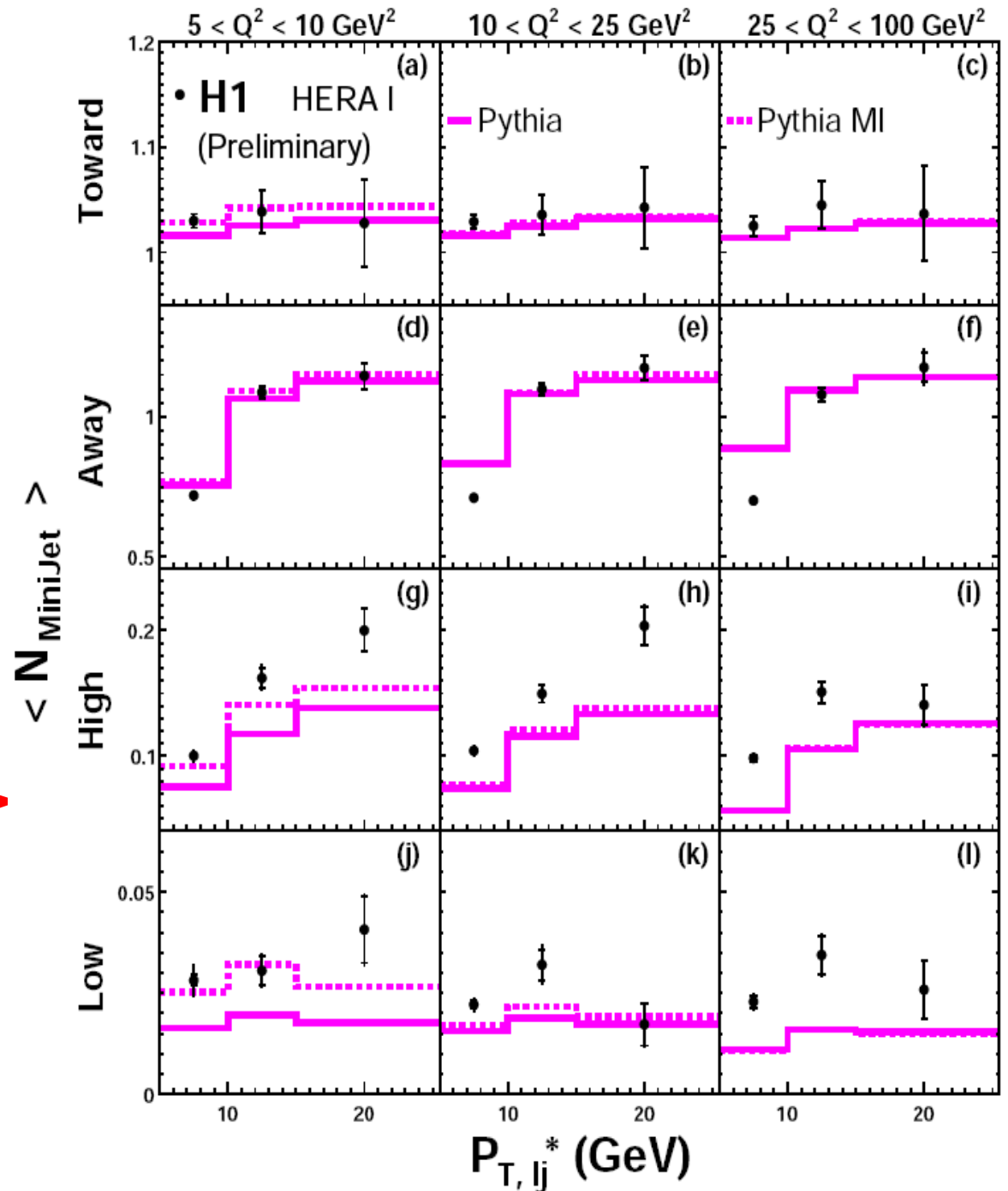
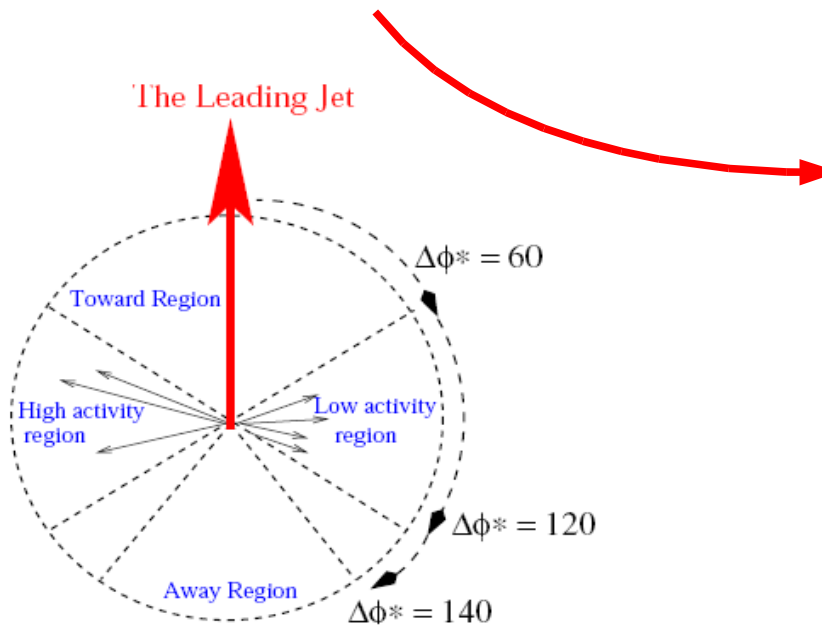
• **Models without MI**  
fails in transverse regions



# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

Inclusive 1 jet sample  
and  
 $-1.7 < \eta^{jet} < 0.5$

Pythia with MPI does slightly  
better at low  $Q^2$   
(lower  $Q^2 \rightarrow$  more res. photon)



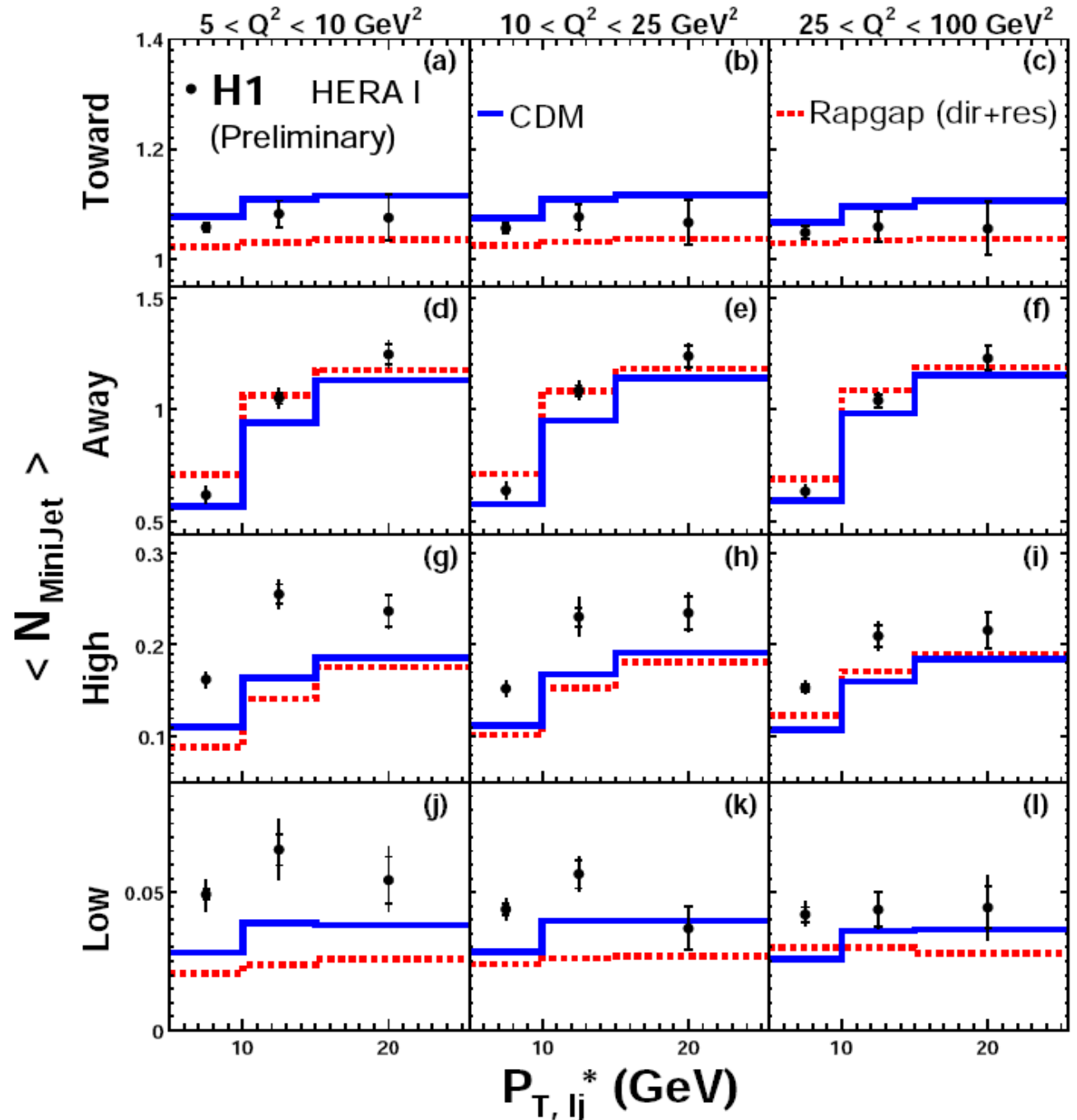
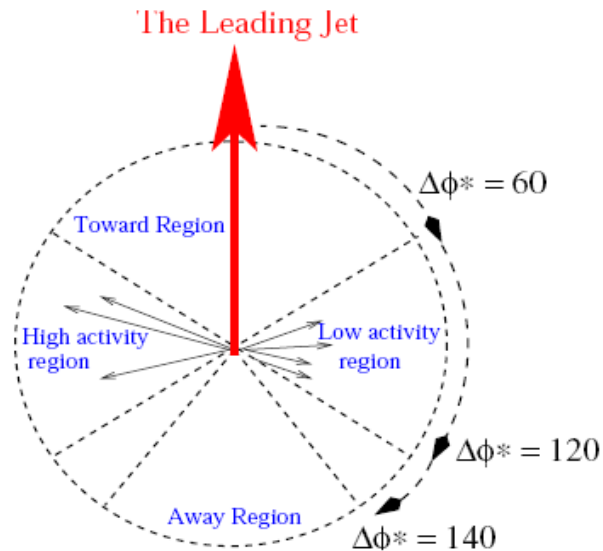
# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

Inclusive 1 jet sample

and

$$0.5 < \eta^{jet} < 2.79$$

- More activity in transverse regions compared to event sample with leading jet in central region
- Again, more transverse activity in data compared to MC



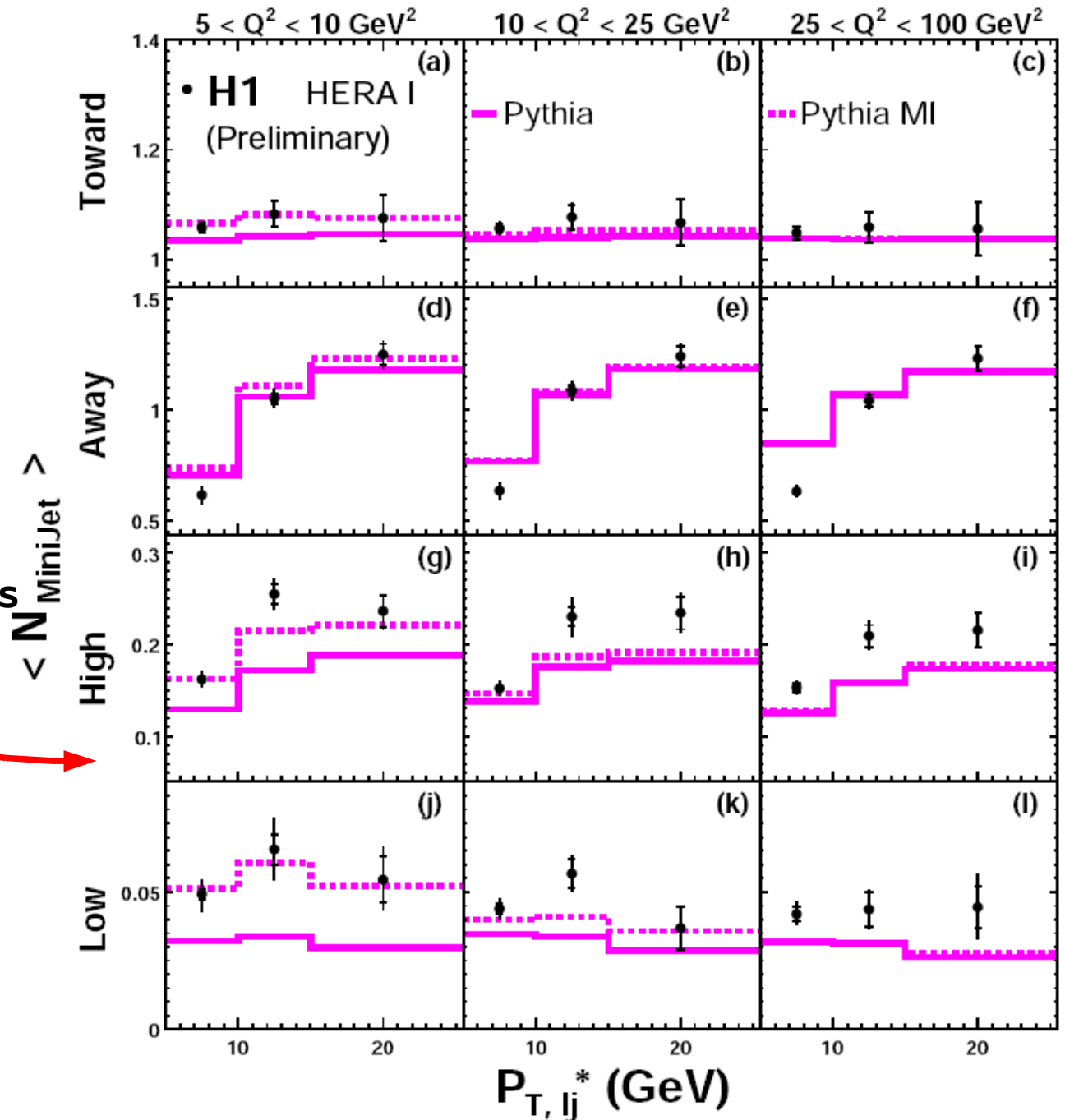
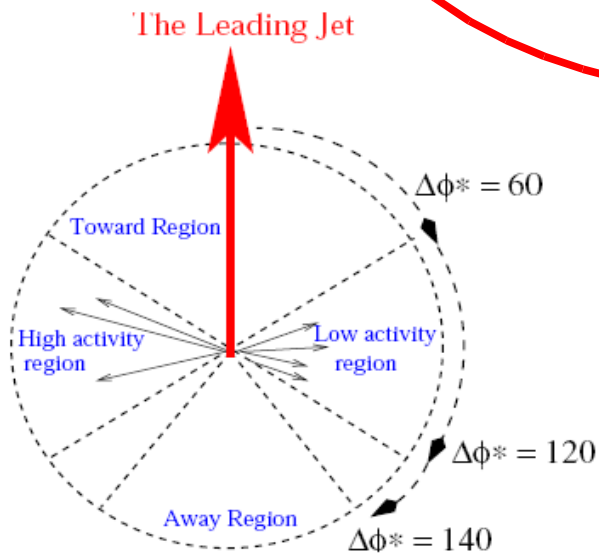
# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

Inclusive 1 jet sample

and

$$0.5 < \eta^{jet} < 2.79$$

• Again, activity from MPI improves description of data at low  $Q^2$  in transverse regions



# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

## Di-jet sample

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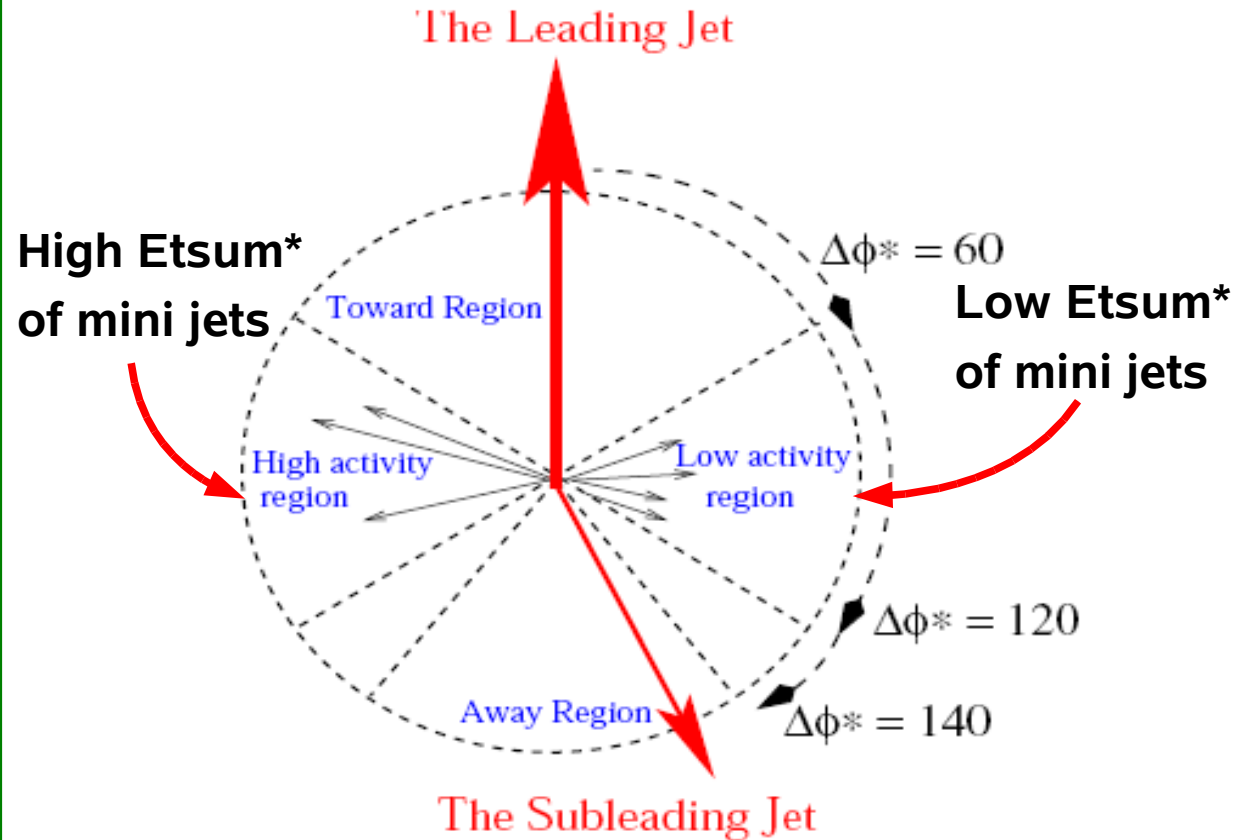
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$x_\gamma$  and as a function of  $P_{T,1}^{jet*}$

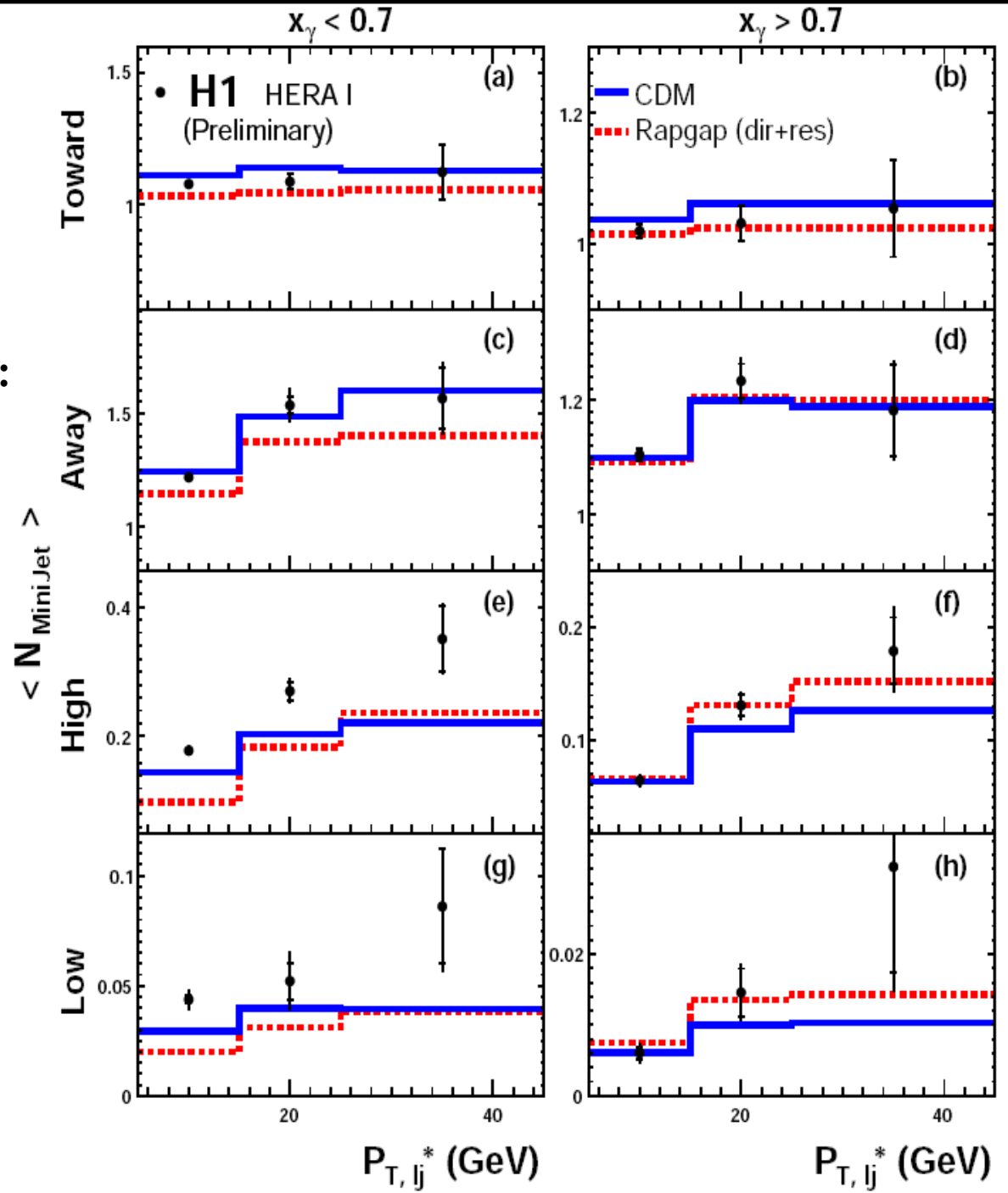
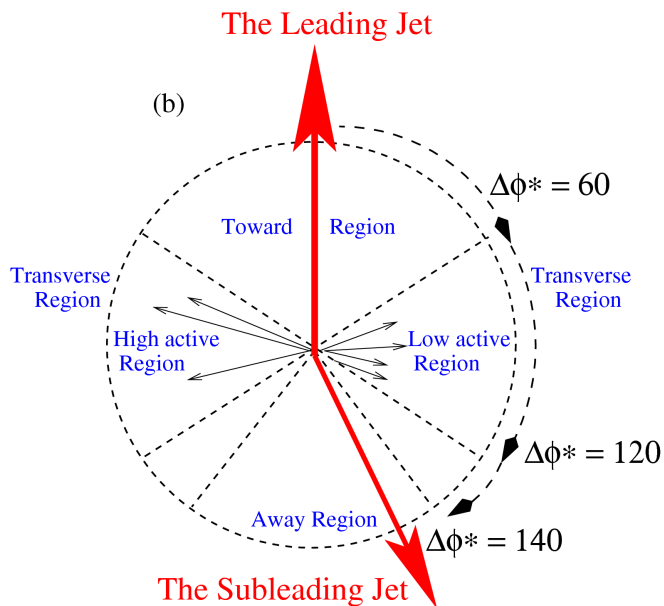
# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

## Di-jet sample

$$-1.7 < \eta^{jet} < 2.79$$

• Same behaviour again:

- Hard regions OK
- More resolved photon (low  $x_\gamma$ ):  
➔ CDM or RAPGAP  
 not enough activity  
 in transverse regions

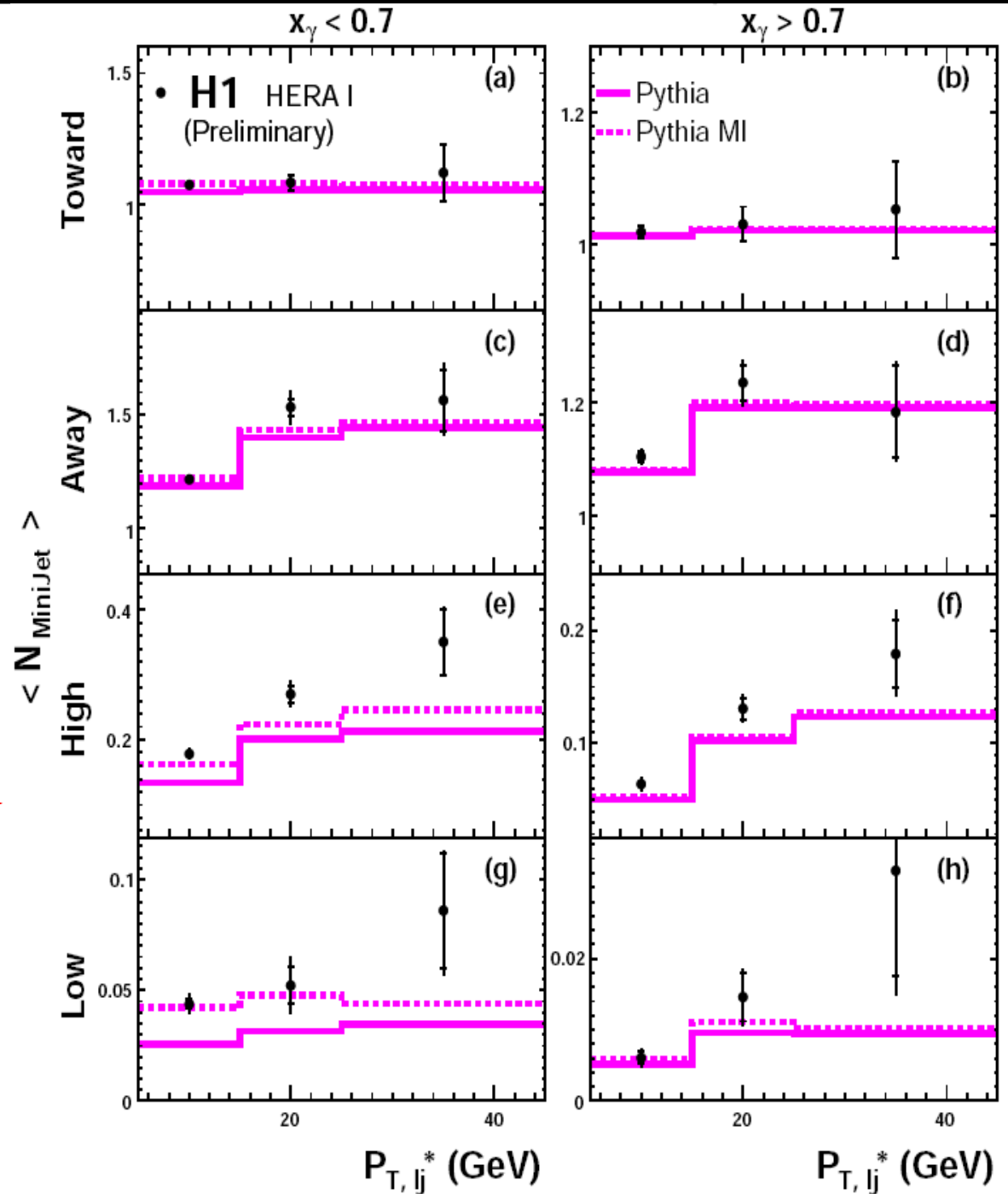
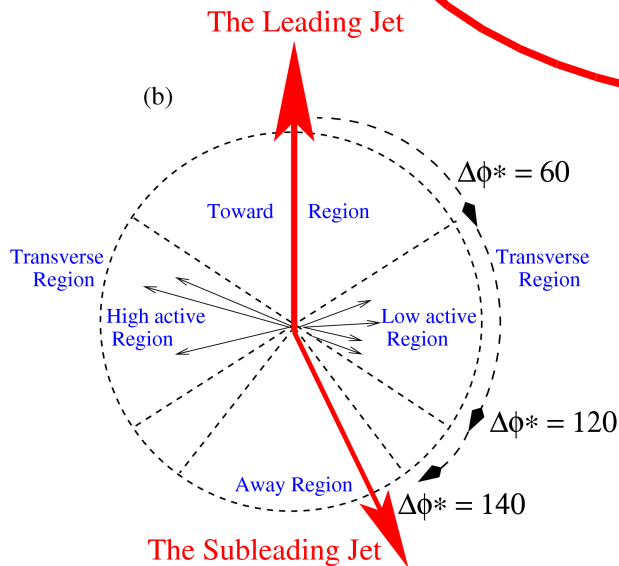


# Mini jets in DIS (H1)

**Di-jet sample**

$$-1.7 < \eta^{jet} < 2.79$$

And again... MI improves,  
but not satisfactory



# Summary

## ZEUS - 3- and 4-jet cross-sections in photoproduction:

- $O(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$  calculation:
  - *Describes 3-jet mass spectrum*
  - *Describes 3-jet rapidity distributions in high mass region, but fails at low mass*
  - *Large theoretical uncertainty*
  - *MPI corrections large and needed to describe data*
- LO ME+PS Monte Carlo:
  - *MPI needed to describe data. Most relevant for low  $M_{nj}$  and the 4-jet final state*
  - *No perfect description of jet rapidity distributions*

## H1 - Mini jet production in DIS:

- LO ME+PS Monte Carlo *without* MPI:
  - *Describes mini jet multiplicity in hard regions*
  - *Not enough activity in transverse regions*
- LO ME+PS Monte Carlo *with* MPI:
  - *Including MPI improves description of data where res.  $\gamma$  contribution is large*
  - *Remaining regions still need more activity to describe data*