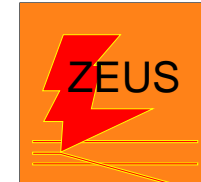


Don Hochman
Weizmann Institute of Science
Israel



on behalf of the
H1 and ZEUS Collaborations



PHOTON2007 Conference

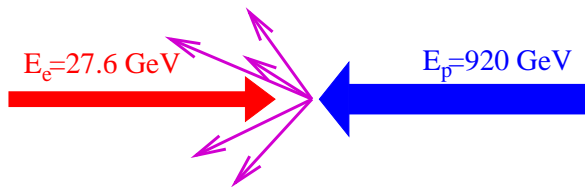
Paris, France

9-13 July, 2007

O U T L I N E

- **Introduction**
- Search for $\Theta^+ \rightarrow K_s^0 p, K_s^0 \bar{p}$ in DIS
- Search for exotic decay to $\Xi \pi$ in DIS
- Production of d, \bar{d} in DIS
- Production of $K_s^0, \Lambda, \bar{\Lambda}$
- Excited Charm Mesons
- **Summary**

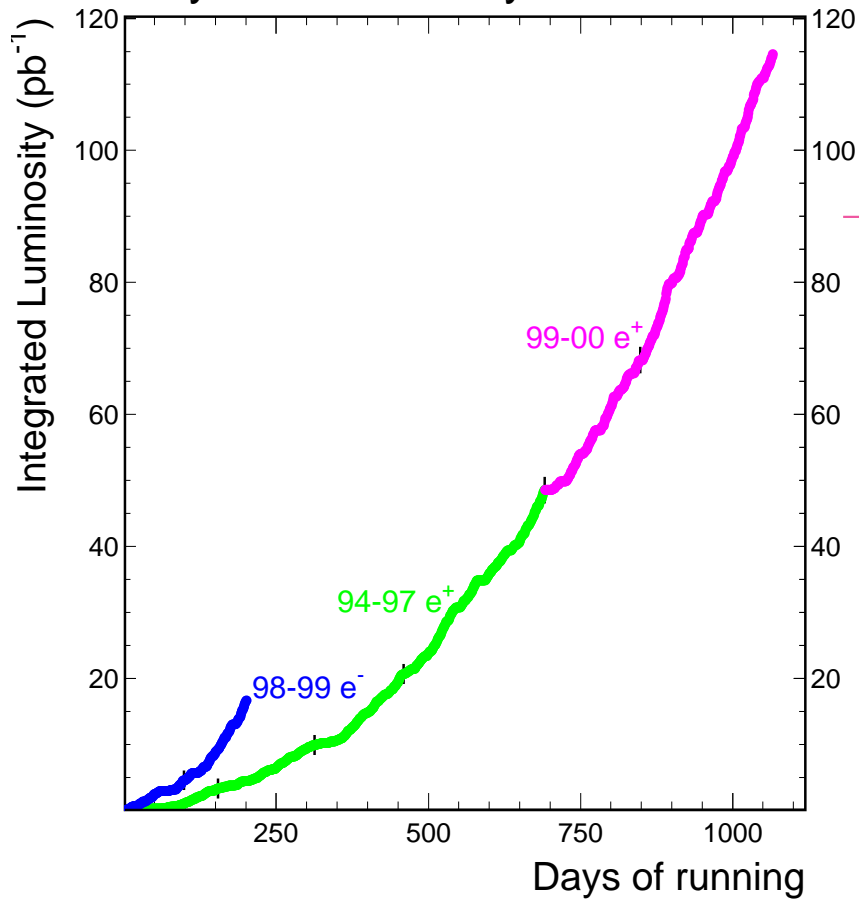
HERA Machine



	HERA I	HERA II
	1992-2000	2003-2007

\sqrt{s}	318 (300)	318 GeV
\mathcal{L}	$1.5 \cdot 10^{31}$	$7 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
\mathcal{L}_{int}	0.1	$\sim 0.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Physics Luminosity 1994 – 2000



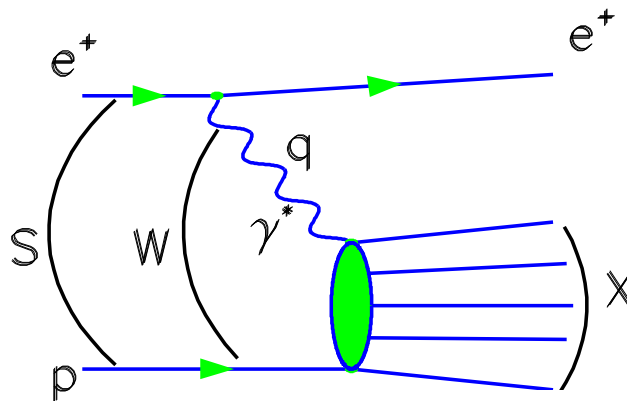
$$e(k) + p(P) \rightarrow e(k') + X \quad s = (P + k)^2$$

$$Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k - k')^2$$

Photoproduction
DIS

$$Q^2 \simeq 0 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$Q^2 > 1,5 \text{ GeV}^2$$



$$W^2 = (P + q)^2$$

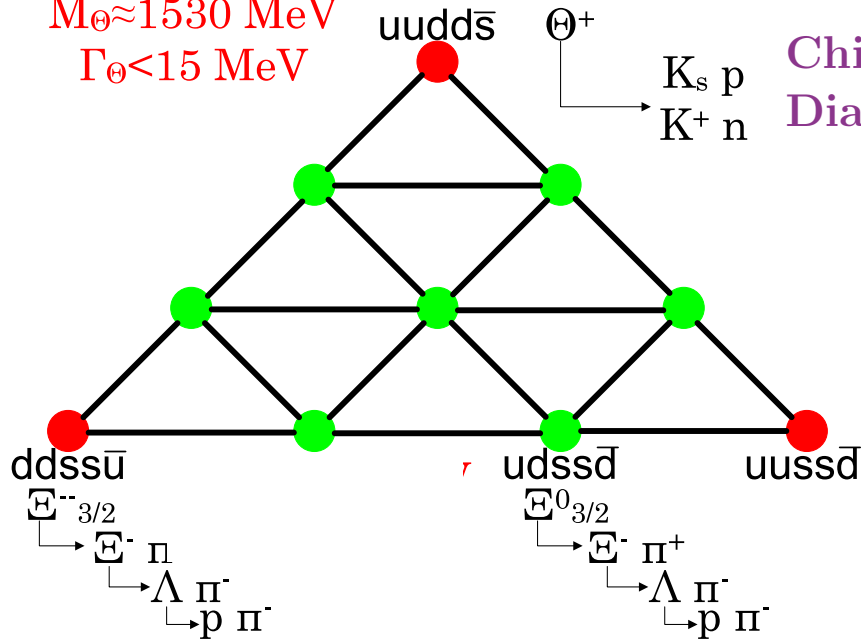
$$y = \frac{qP}{kP} \simeq \frac{W^2 + Q^2}{s}$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2qP} \simeq \frac{Q^2}{sy}$$

H1, ZEUS : $> 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ each

Strange Pentaquarks

$M_{\Theta} \approx 1530 \text{ MeV}$
 $\Gamma_{\Theta} < 15 \text{ MeV}$



Chiral Soliton Model predicts Exotic Baryon Anti-Decuplet
 Diakonov, Petrov, Polyakov (hep-ph/9703373)

$\Theta^+ \rightarrow K^+ n$ exotic ($S=B=+1$) Seen by LEPS, SAPHIR

$M_{\Theta} \approx 1540 \text{ MeV}$

Not seen by CLAS, BES, PHENIX

$\Theta^+ \rightarrow K_s^0 p$ non-exotic Seen by DIANA, HERMES, ν BC, SVD, ZEUS, ITEP

$M_{\Theta} = 1520 - 1540 \text{ MeV}$

Not seen by BES, BaBar, Belle, HERA-B, CDF,

ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, SPHINX, HyperCP,

FOCUS, E690, COMPASS, COSY-TOF, H1

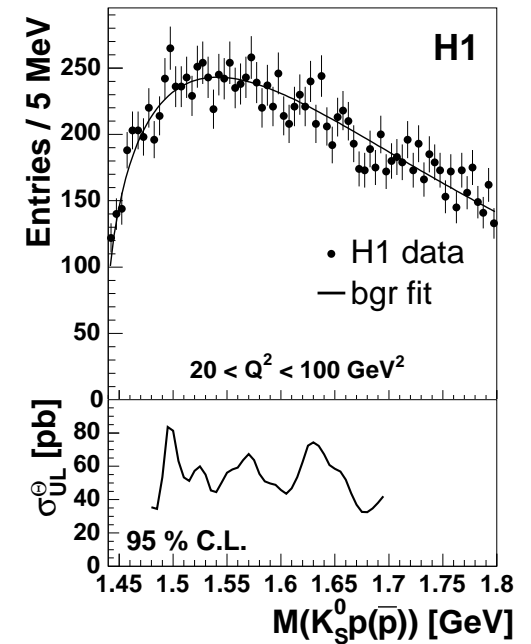
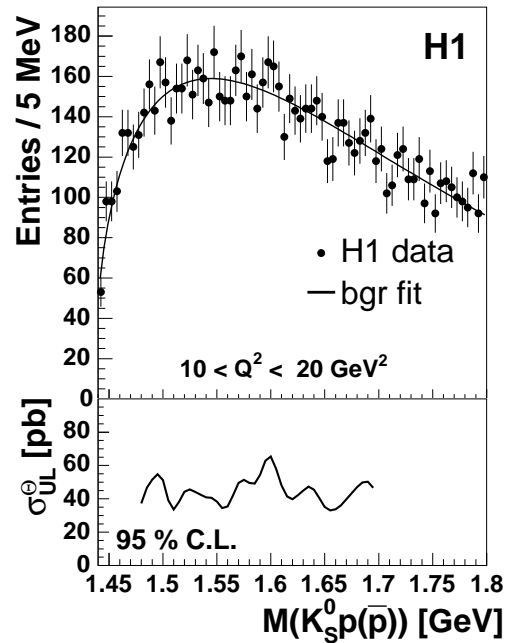
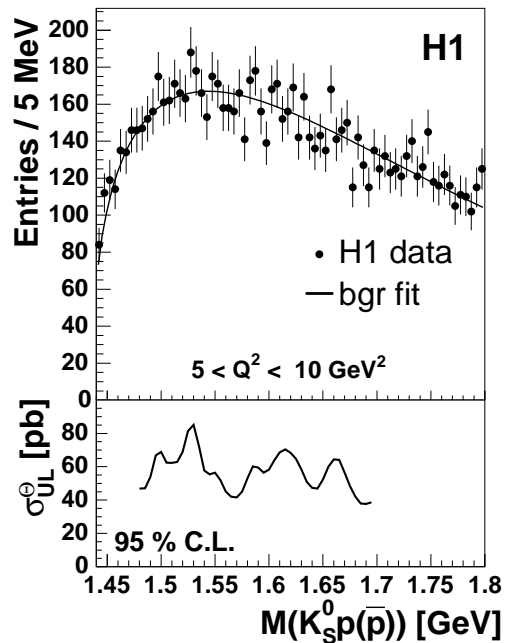
H1 Strange Pentaquark Search

$\mathcal{L}_{int} : 74\text{pb}^{-1}$ 1996-2000, $5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.1 < y < 0.6$

Choose K_s^0 for $0.475 < M_{\pi^+\pi^-} < 0.515 \text{ GeV}$

Select proton by ionization loss probability

Look in range $1.48 < M(K_s^0 p (\bar{p})) < 1.70 \text{ GeV}$

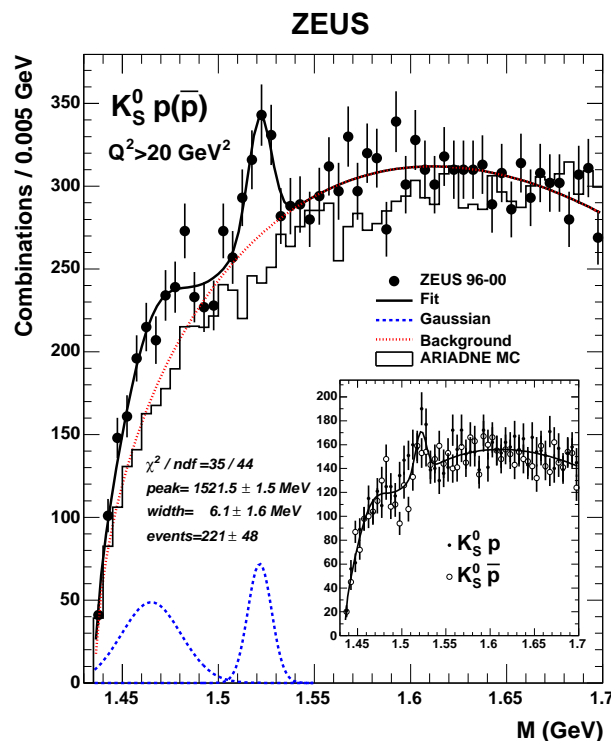
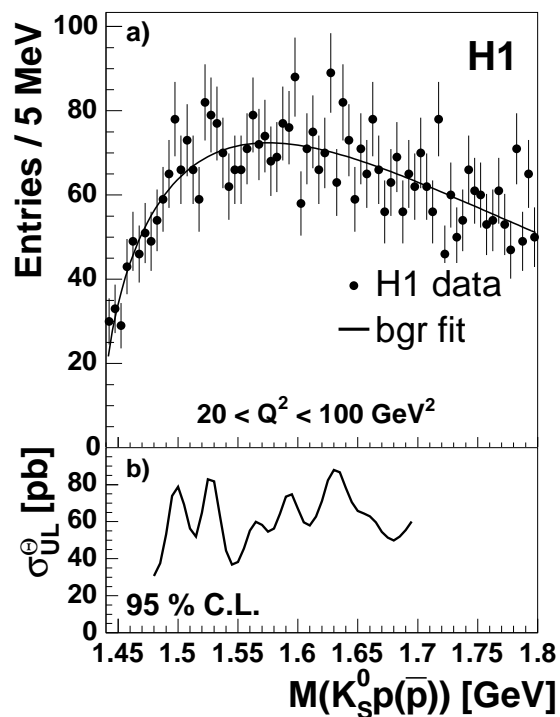


Similar upper limits for $K_s^0 p$ and $K_s^0 \bar{p}$ separately.

Strange Pentaquark

H1: $\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\Theta^+ X) \times BR(\Theta^+ \rightarrow K^0 p) < 30 - 90 \text{ pb}$

Imitate ZEUS analysis: $20 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$, $p(p) < 1.5 \text{ GeV}$



H1

74 pb^{-1}

$\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\Theta^+ X \rightarrow eK^0 p X) < 72 \text{ pb} \text{ (95\% CL)}$

ZEUS(prelim.)

121 pb^{-1}

$125 \pm 27^{+36}_{-28} \text{ pb}$

H1 limit not inconsistent with ZEUS result

Double Strange Pentaquark Search

NA49: $M(\Xi^{--})(S = -2, I_3 = -3/2) = 1862 \text{ MeV}$

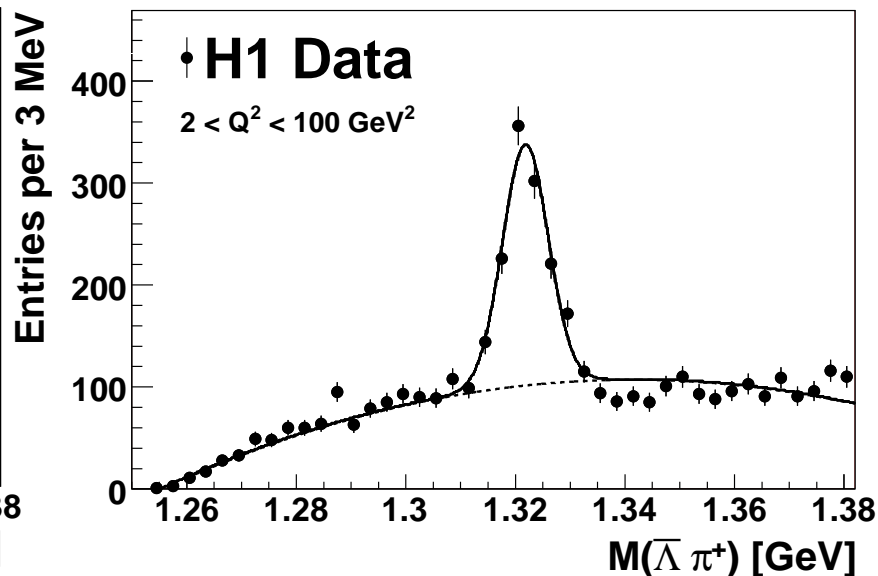
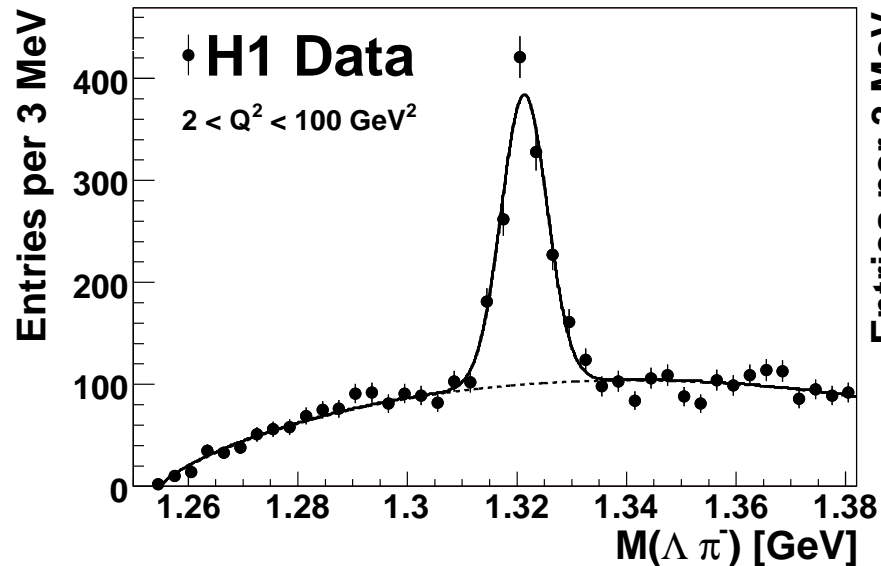
$M(\Xi^0)(S = -2, I_3 = +1/2) = 1864 \text{ MeV}$

Not seen by WA89, ALEPH, BES, HERA-B, HERMES, ZEUS

$\mathcal{L}_{int}(H1) : 101 \text{ pb}^{-1} \quad 1996-2000$

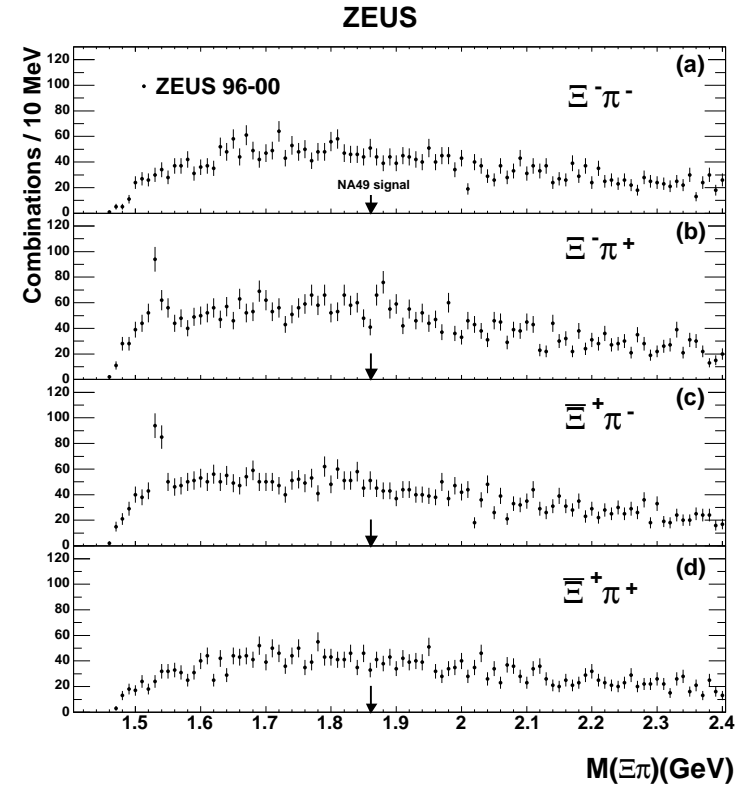
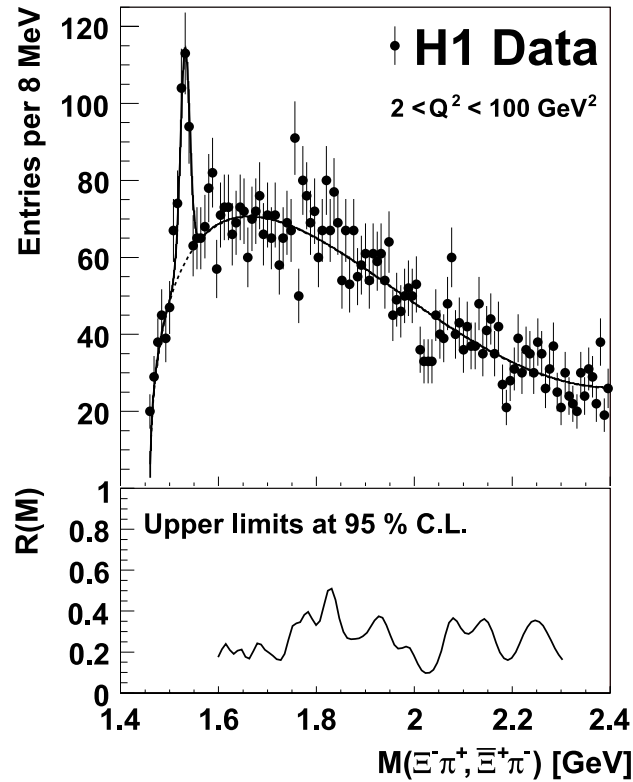
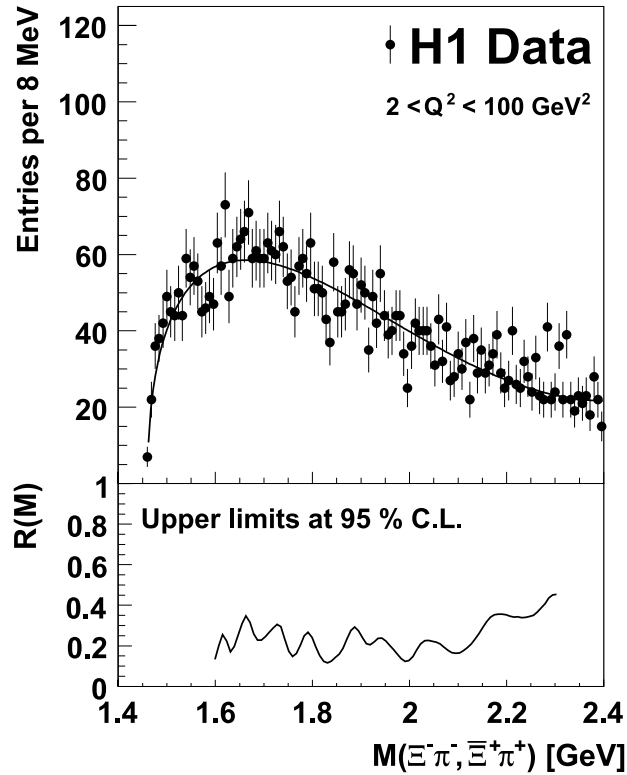
$2 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2, \quad 0.05 < y < 0.7$

Decay Chain: $\Xi^{--} \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^- \pi^- \rightarrow p \pi^- \pi^- \pi^-$
 $\Xi^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^- \pi^+ \rightarrow p \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$



Double Strange Pentaquark Search

Look in mass range $M(1600-2300)$ MeV See $\Xi^0(1530)$



$$\text{H1,ZEUS: } \frac{N(\Xi^{--})}{N(\Xi^0(1530))} < 12 - 45\%, 10 - 50\% \quad 95\% \text{ CL}$$

$$\text{H1,ZEUS: } \frac{N(\Xi^0)}{N(\Xi^0(1530))} < 10 - 50\%, 10 - 50\% \quad 95\% \text{ CL}$$

Anti(Deuteron) Production in DIS

$\mathcal{L}_{int}(ZEUS) : 120\text{pb}^{-1}$ 1996-2000, $Q^2 > 1\text{GeV}^2$

Heavy ion collisions use coalescence model for d production.

Used for $d(\bar{d})$ production in $pp, \gamma p, e^+e^-$ interactions.

Assume baryons uncorrelated, $\sigma_n = \sigma_p$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{tot}} \frac{E_d d^3 \sigma_d}{dp_d^3} = B_2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_{tot}} \frac{E_p d^3 \sigma_p}{dp_p^3} \right)^2$$

$$B_2 \sim \frac{1}{\text{Volume of fragmentation region emitting the particles}}$$

Central rapidity region $|y| < 0.4$ $0.3 < p_t/M < 0.7$

Require ≥ 1 track with $dE/dx > 2.5\text{mips}$

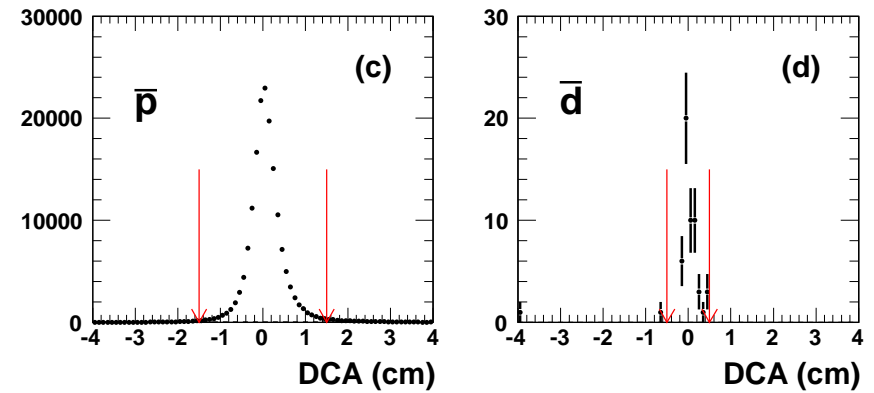
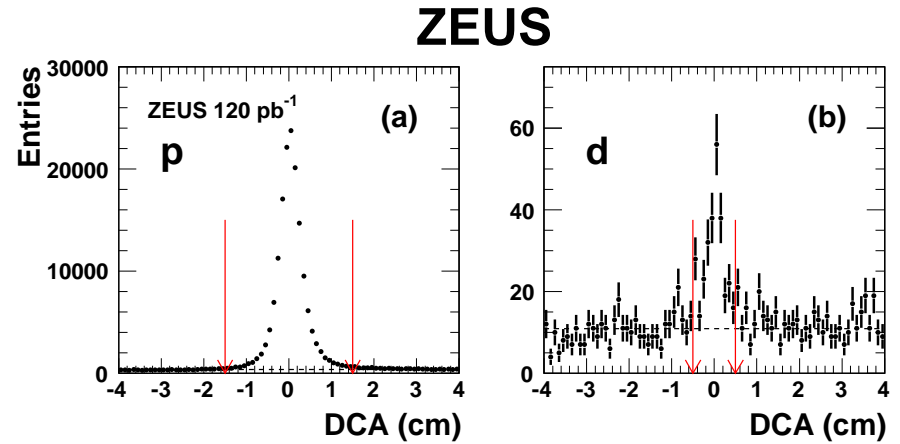
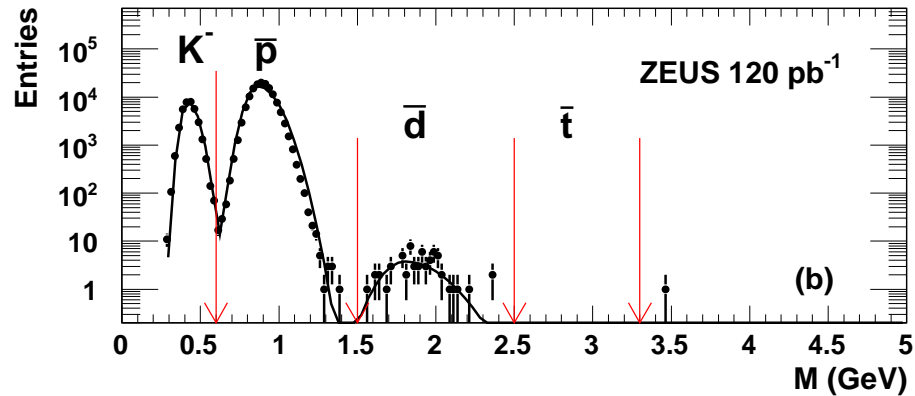
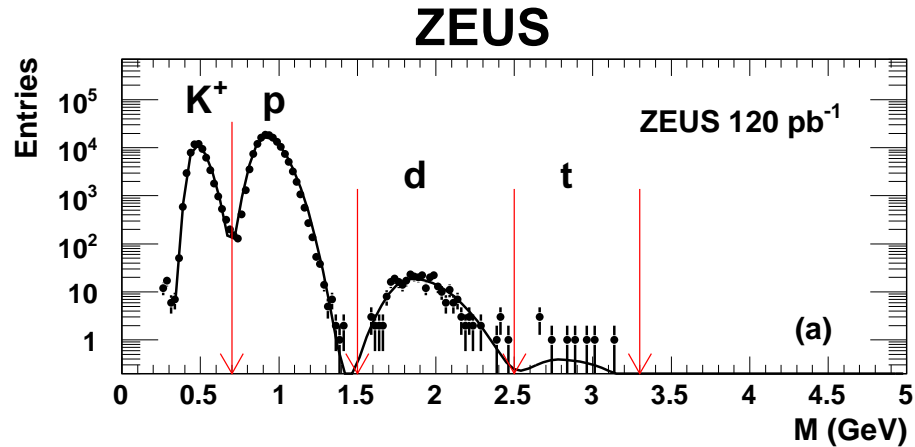
Enhances fraction of events with ≥ 1 particle with mass $> M(\pi)$

Distance of Closest Approach, z Distance from Vertex cuts

Then sideband subtraction to remove beam gas events

Anti(Deuteron) Production in DIS

Masses from track momentum, energy loss with Bethe-Bloch

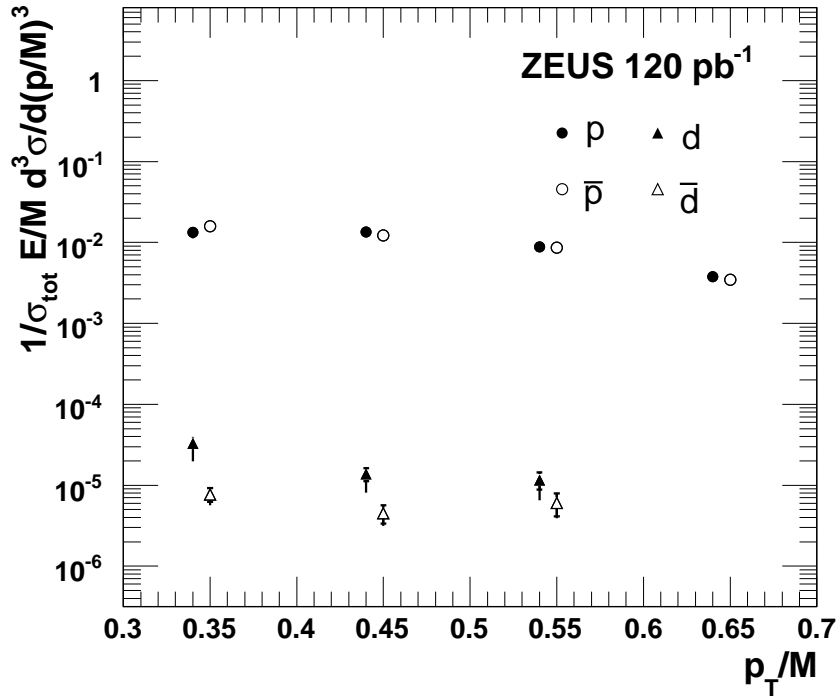


$$N(d) = 177 \pm 17 \quad N(\bar{d}) = 53 \pm 7$$

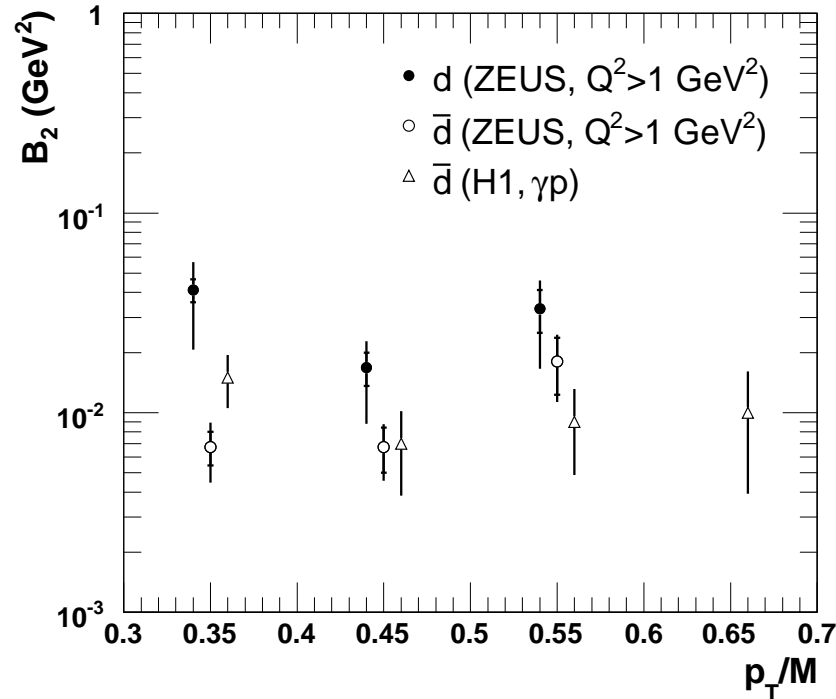
$p(\bar{p})$ rate corrected for $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})$ decays

Anti(Deuteron) Production in DIS

ZEUS



ZEUS



$$\sigma(\bar{d}) < \sigma(d)$$

B_2 larger than in heavy ions and e^+e^-

B_2 DIS compatible with photoproduction

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \frac{E_d d^3\sigma_d}{dp_d^3} = B_2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \frac{E_p d^3\sigma_p}{dp_p^3} \right)^2 \Rightarrow R(\bar{d}/d) = R(\bar{p}/p)^2 \quad \text{Not Satisfied}$$

No d or \bar{d} in current Breit frame region. Doesn't contradict e^+e^-

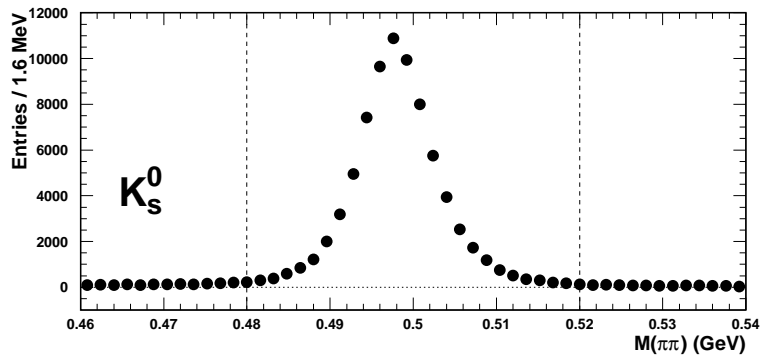
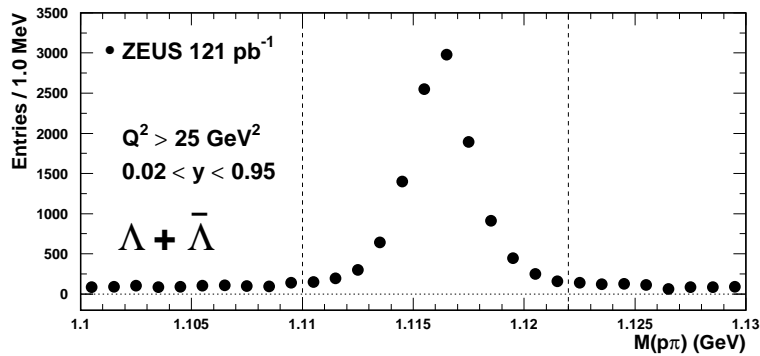
ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

$\mathcal{L}_{int}(ZEUS) : 121\text{pb}^{-1}$ 1996-2000, $5 < Q^2 < 25 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.02 < y < 0.95$

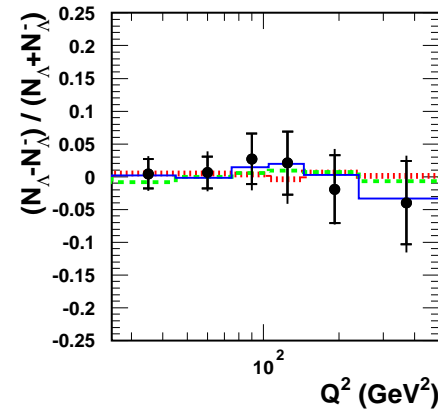
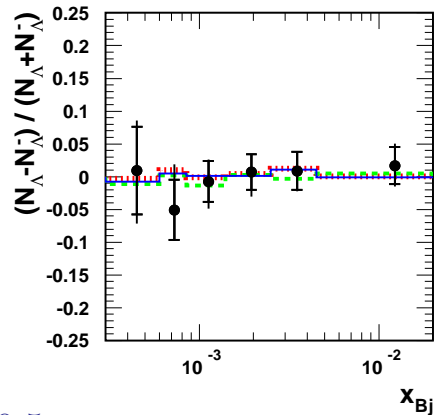
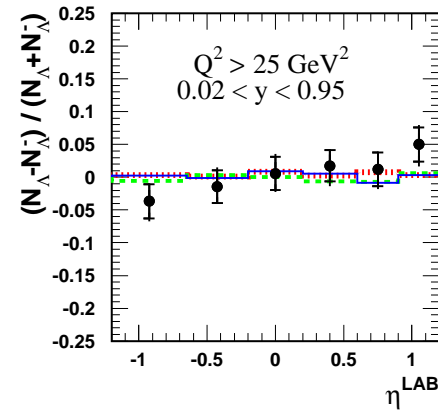
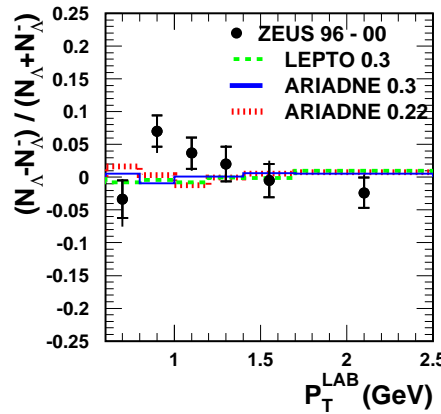
$Q^2 > 25 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.02 < y < 0.95$

Baryon-Antibaryon Asymmetry: $A = (N(\Lambda) - N(\bar{\Lambda})) / (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda}))$

ZEUS



ZEUS



$Q^2 > 25 \text{ GeV}^2: A = 0.3 \pm 1.3_{-0.8}^{+0.5}\%$

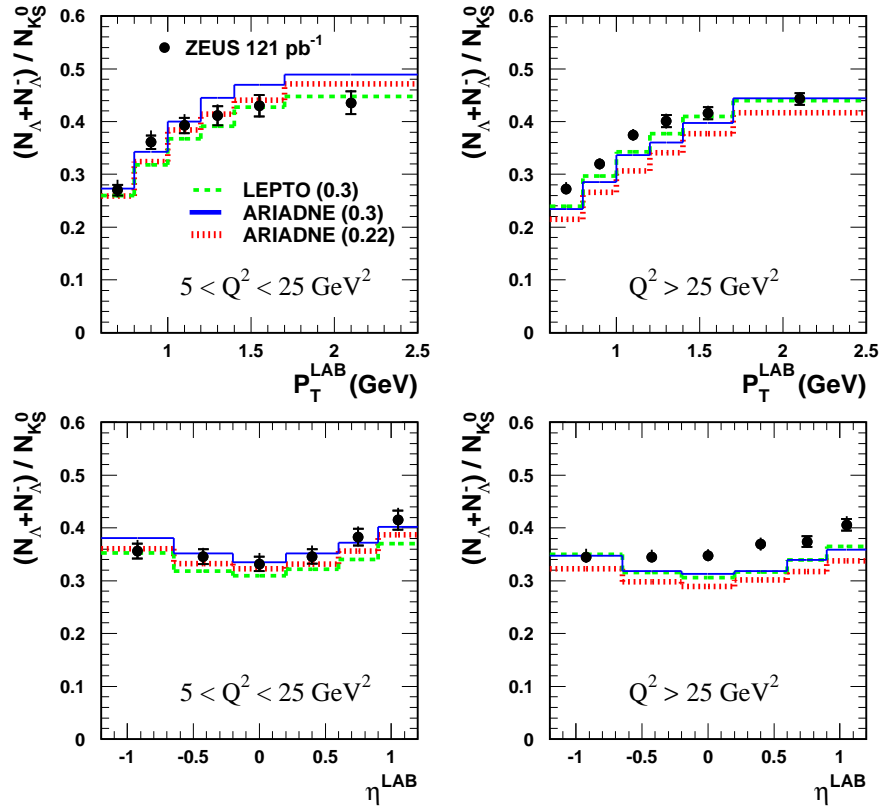
$5 < Q^2 < 25 \text{ GeV}^2: A = 1.2 \pm 1.6_{-2.1}^{+0.7}\%$

Consistent with No Asymmetry

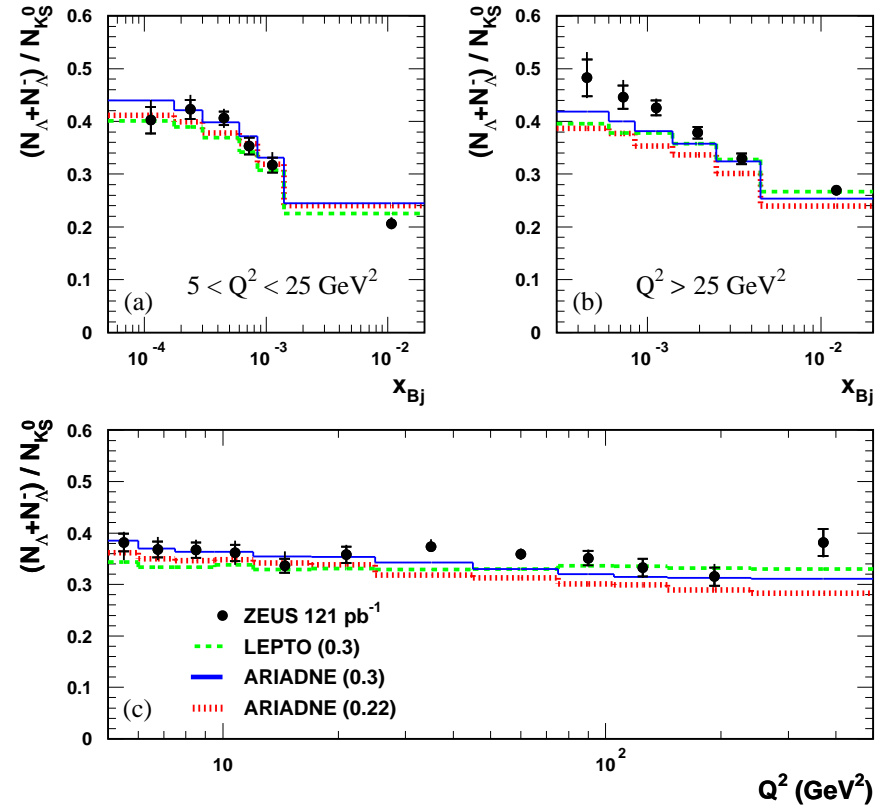
ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Baryon-to-Meson Ratio: $R = (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda})) / N(K_S^0)$

ZEUS



ZEUS



R increases with p_t

R decreases with x_{Bj}

R increases in forward η region

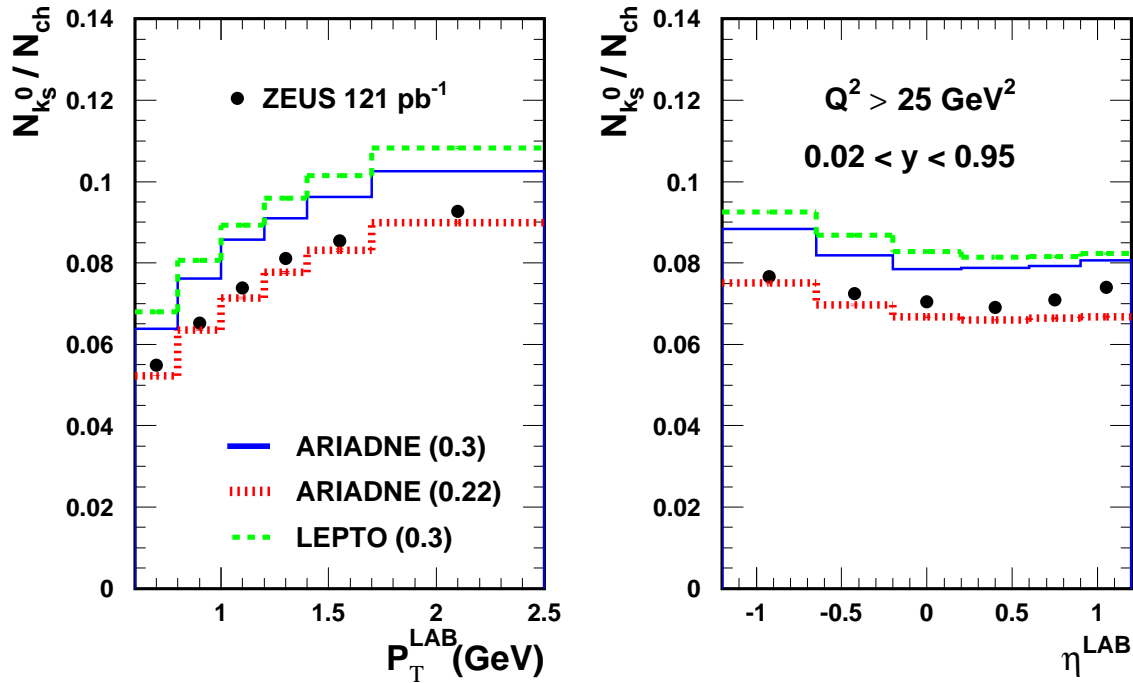
$R \sim$ constant in Q^2

Data and Monte Carlo disagree for high Q^2 at low x_{Bj}

ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Strange-to-Charged Particle Ratio: $T = N(K_s^0)/N_{charged}$

ZEUS

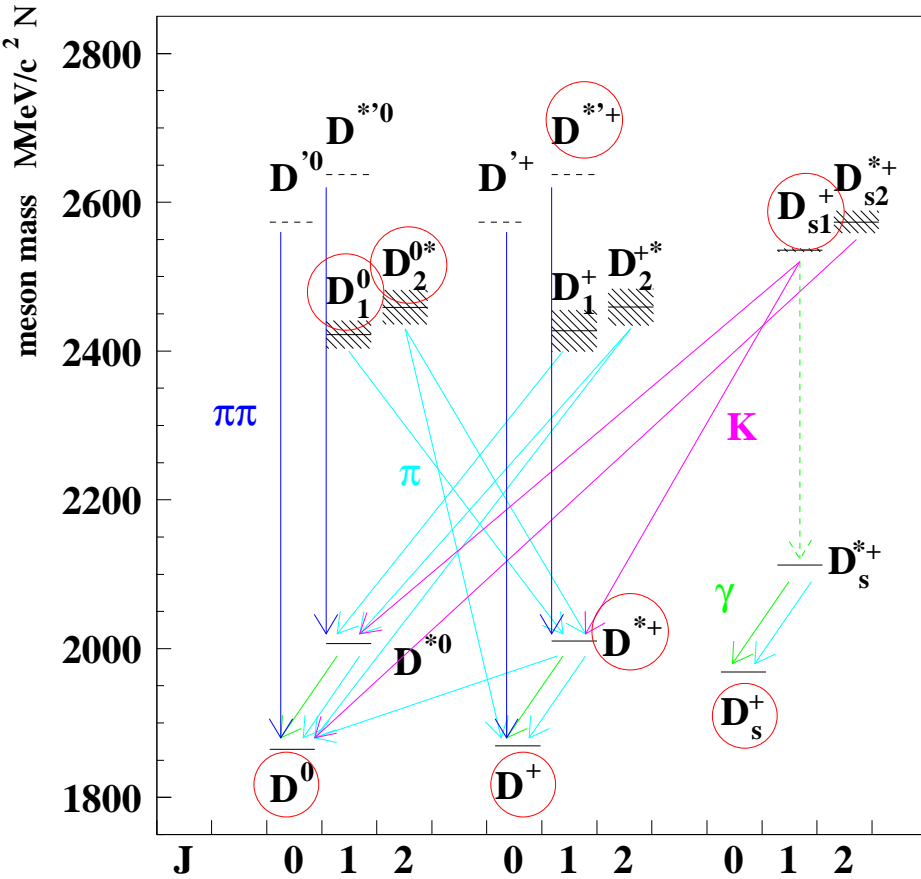


T increases with p_t

$T \sim$ constant in η

Strange Suppression Factor Prefers $\lambda_s = 0.22$ over 0.3

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons



Look at $D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*\pm} \pi^\mp, D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^\pm \pi^\mp$

$$D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*\pm} K_s^0, D^{*0} K^\pm$$

Extract charm fragmentation fractions:

$$f(c \rightarrow D_1^0), f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0}), f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^\pm)$$

And Branching Fractions:

$$\frac{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-)}{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-)}, \frac{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+)}{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0)}$$

Using $f(c \rightarrow D^{*\pm}), f(c \rightarrow D^\pm), f(c \rightarrow D^0)$

And Measured Ratios:

$$R\left(\frac{D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-}{D^+}\right), R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+}{D^0}\right)$$

Heavy Quark Effective Theory(HQET): Helicity parameter, H

$$\frac{dN}{d\cos\theta} \sim 1 + H \cos^2\alpha, \quad H = 3(-1) \quad \text{for } J^P = 1^+(2^+) \quad \text{from } j = 3/2 \quad \text{doublet}$$

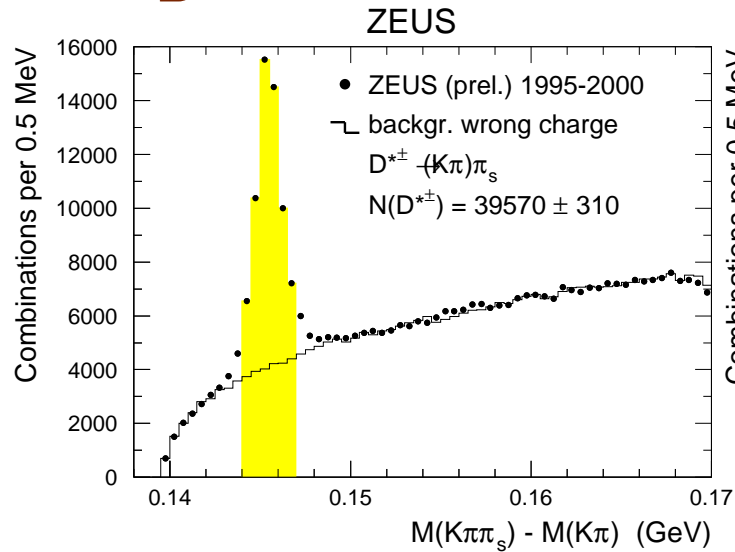
α : Angle in $D^{*\pm}$ rest frame between extra $\pi^\mp(K_s^0)$ and π_s ($D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^0 \pi_s$)

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons

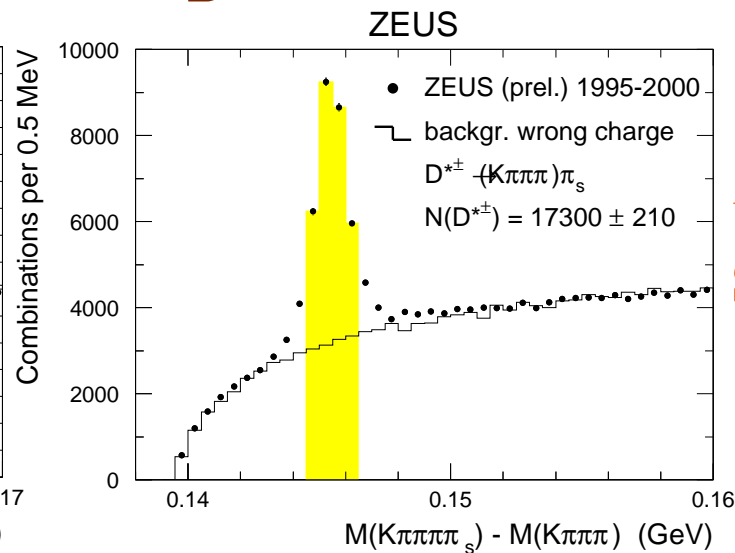
$\mathcal{L}_{int} : 126\text{pb}^{-1}$ 1995-2000 Full phase space; DIS + γp events

Use $D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$, $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$, $K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^- + cc$

$D^{*\pm}$

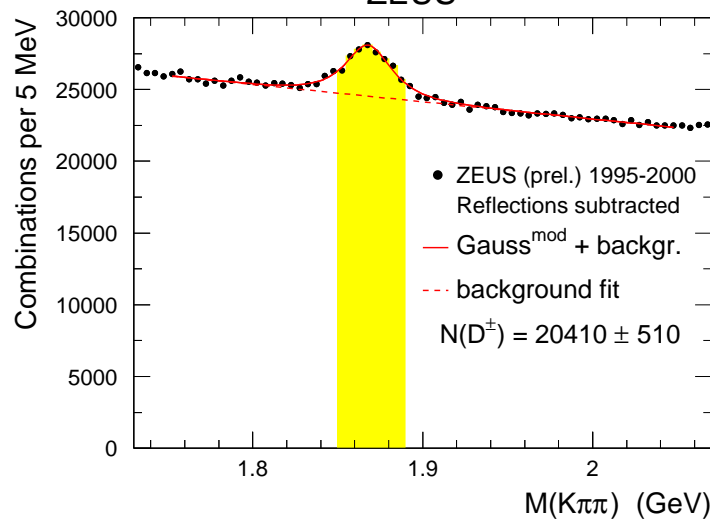


$D^{*\pm}$

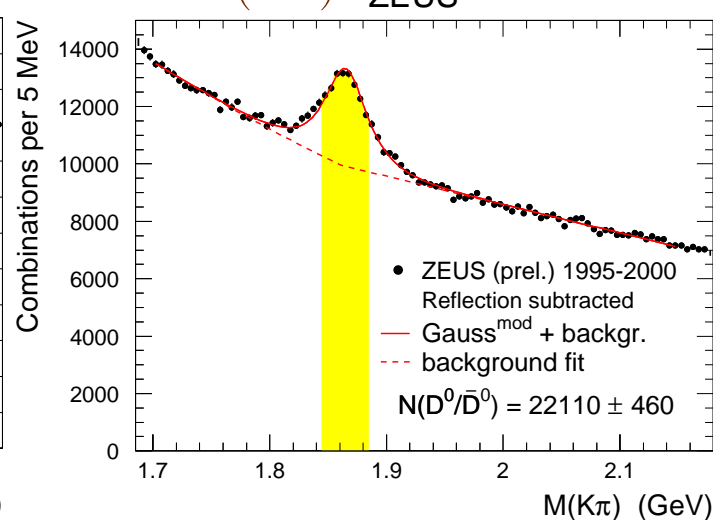


$N(D^{*\pm})$ from
Signal - Wrong Charge Bkgd

D^\pm



$D^0(\bar{D}^0)$



$N(D^0), N(D^\pm)$ from fit to

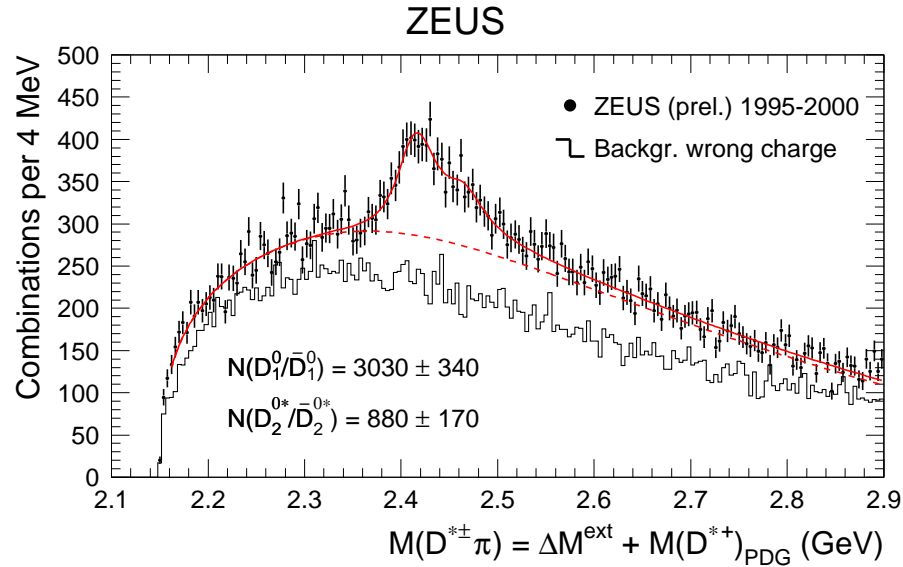
$Gauss^{mod} + \text{Bkgd}$

$Gauss^{mod} \sim \exp(-0.5x^{1+\frac{1}{(1+0.5x)}})$

D^0 not from $D^{*\pm}$ decays

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons

Combine charged $D^*(D)$ with π of opposite charge, π_e



$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi_s\pi_e) - M(K\pi\pi_s)$$

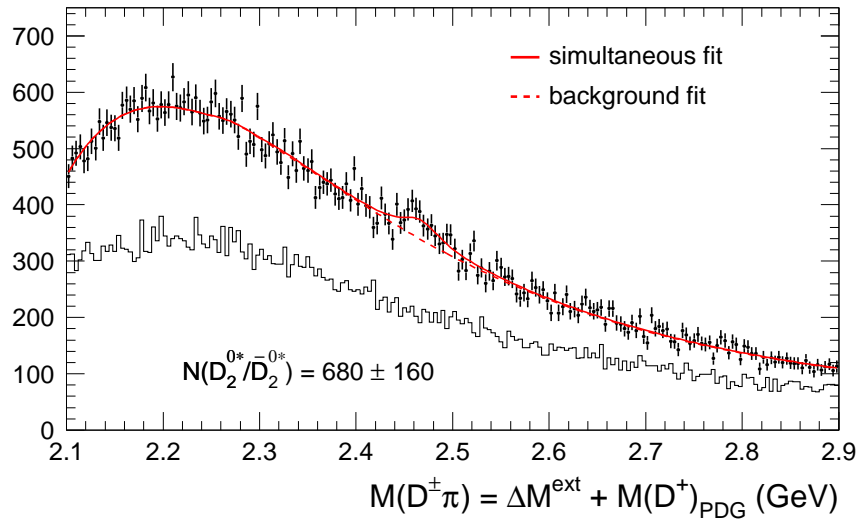
$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 1.35\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s\pi_e) - M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 2.80\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

Plot contains sum of $K\pi$ and $K\pi\pi\pi$ $D^{*\pm}$ decays

Difficult to separate D_1^0 from D_2^{*0}



$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi\pi_e) - M(K\pi\pi)$$

$$p_t(D^{\pm}) > 2.80\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{\pm})| < 1.6$$

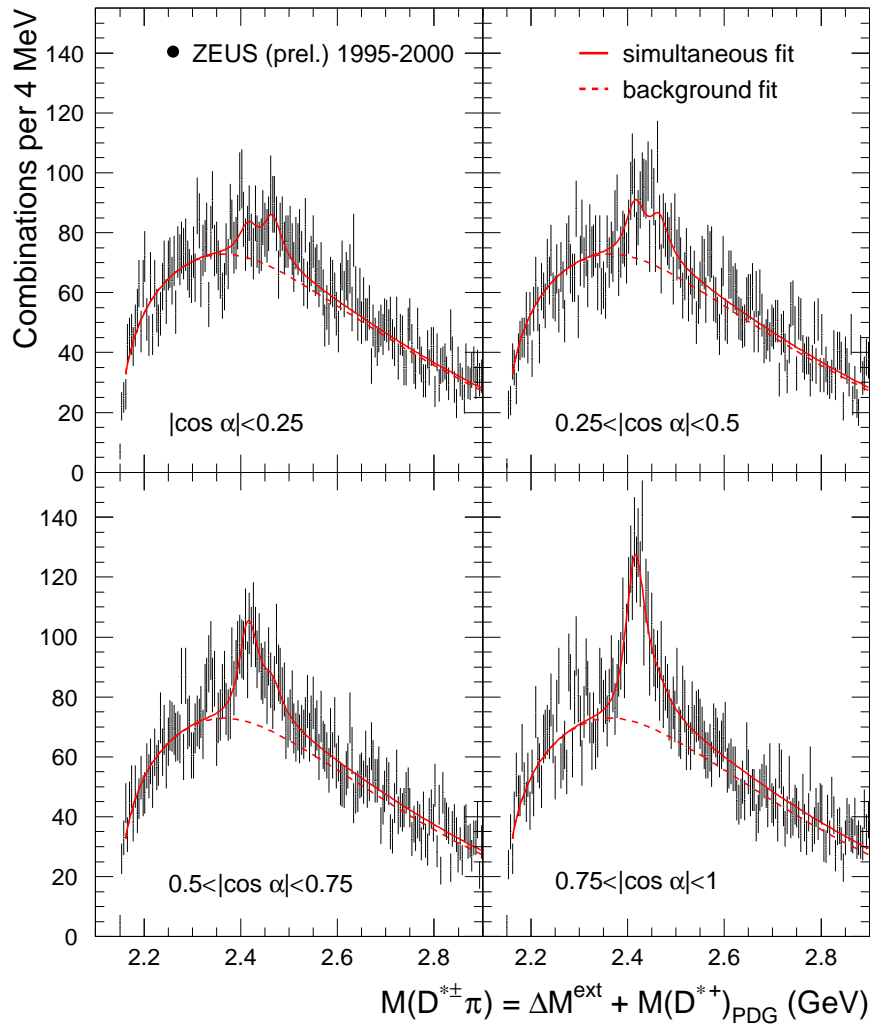
From Spin-Parity $D^{\pm}\pi^{\mp}$ only from D_2^{*0} decay

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons

Simultaneous fit to 4 helicity $M(D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp)$ histograms and $M(D^\pm\pi^\mp)$ histogram

χ^2 Fit to variable width relativistic Breit-Wigner function convoluted with experimental resolution + background function

ZEUS



In high $\cos(\alpha)$ bin almost all D_1^0

$$M(D_1^0) = 2419.8 \pm 2.0_{-1.0}^{+0.8} \text{ MeV (Prel.)}$$

$$M(D_2^{*0}) = 2468.4 \pm 3.6_{-1.3}^{+1.1} \text{ MeV (Prel.)}$$

$$\Gamma(D_1^0) = 51.6 \pm 7.0_{-4.1}^{+1.9} \text{ MeV (Prel.)}$$

$$\Gamma(D_2^{*0}) = 43 \text{ MeV (PDG)}$$

$$H(D_1^0) = 6.1 \pm 2.3_{-0.8}^{+2.0} \text{ (Prel.)}$$

$$H(D_2^{*0}) = -1 (J^P = 2^+ \text{ state})$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-}{D^+}\right)$$

Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space yields:

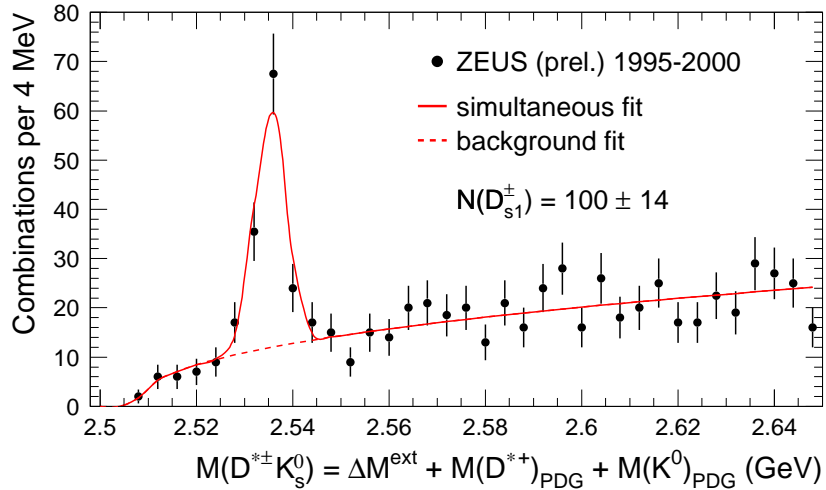
$$\frac{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-)}{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-)} = 2.7 \pm 0.8(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1(\text{ext.})\% \text{ (Prel.)}, 2.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ (PDG06)}$$

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Strange Mesons

Simultaneous fit of $M(D^{*\pm}K_s^0)$, $M(D^0K^\pm)$ and $\cos(\alpha)$ distributions

Gaussian ($Gauss^{mod}$ for $M(D^0K^\pm)$ + background unbinned likelihood fit

ZEUS



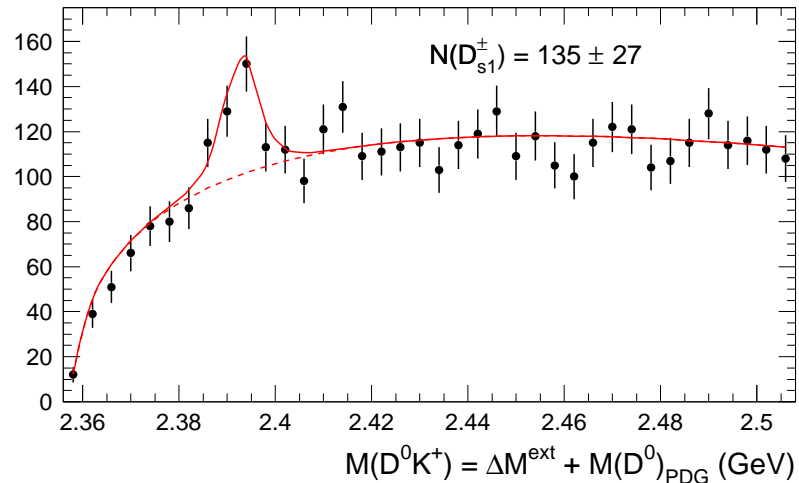
$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 1.35\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 2.80\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

Plot contains sum of $K\pi$ and $K\pi\pi\pi$ $D^{*\pm}$ decays



$$M(D_{s1}) = 2535.3_{-0.41}^{+0.44}(\text{stat.})_{-0.08}^{+0.09}(\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV} \quad (\text{Prel.})$$

$$H(D_{s1}) = -0.74_{-0.17}^{+0.23}(\text{stat.})_{-0.05}^{+0.06}(\text{syst.}) \quad (\text{Prel.})$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi K^\pm) - M(K\pi)$$

$$p_t(D^0) > 2.80\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta(D^0)| < 1.6$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0}{D^{*+}}\right), \quad R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+}{D^0}\right)$$

Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space yields:

$$\frac{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+)}{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0)} = 2.2 \pm 0.6(\text{stat.})_{-0.5}^{+0.4}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1(\text{ext.})\% \quad (\text{Prel.}), \quad 1.27 \pm 0.21 \quad (\text{PDG06})$$

ZEUS(Prelim.) Excited Charm Mesons

$f(c \rightarrow D_1^0)(\%)$ $f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0})(\%)$ $f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^\pm)(\%)$

ZEUS $3.5 \pm 0.4_{-0.6}^{+0.4} \pm 0.2$ $3.8 \pm 0.7_{-0.6}^{+0.6} \pm 0.2$ $1.1 \pm 0.2_{-0.1}^{+0.1} \pm 0.1$ (all Prel.)

CLEO 1.8 ± 0.3 1.9 ± 0.3

OPAL 2.1 ± 0.8 5.92 ± 2.6 $1.6 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$

ALEPH $0.94 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.07$

CLEO measured smaller resonance widths, **OPAL** used PDG values

CLEO and **OPAL** used non relativistic Breit Wigner functions in their fits

Helicity Parameter, H (D_{s1}^\pm)

ZEUS $-0.74_{-0.17}^{+0.23}(stat.)_{-0.05}^{+0.06}(syst.)$ (Prel.)

CLEO $-0.23_{-0.32}^{+0.40}$

Belle(prelim.) -0.70 ± 0.03

$H = 0 \Rightarrow J^P = 1^+$ (if pure S wave), $H = -1 \Rightarrow J^P = 1^-$ or 2^+

Possible (S,D) wave mixing of $D_{s1}^\pm(2536)$ with $D_{s1}^\pm(2460)$ if both are $J^P = 1^+$

Summary

- **H1:** $\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\Theta^+ X) \times BR(\Theta^+ \rightarrow K^0 p) < 30 - 90 \text{ pb}$
- **H1,ZEUS:** $\frac{N(\Xi^{--})}{N(\Xi^0(1530))} < 12 - 45\%, 10 - 50\% \quad 95\% \text{ CL}$
- **H1,ZEUS:** $\frac{N(\Xi^0)}{N(\Xi^0(1530))} < 10 - 50\%, 10 - 50\% \quad 95\% \text{ CL}$
- **ZEUS:** $R(\bar{d}/d) \neq R(\bar{p}/p)^2$ in central region of ep DIS
- **ZEUS:** $A = (N(\Lambda) - N(\bar{\Lambda})) / (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda}))$ consistent with 0
- **ZEUS:** $R = (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda})) / N(K_s^0)$ Data \neq MC at high Q^2 , low x_{Bj}
- **ZEUS:** $T = N(K_s^0) / N_{charged}$ Favors $\lambda_s = 0.22$ over 0.30
- **ZEUS:** Measured $f(c \rightarrow D_1^0), f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0}), f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^\pm)$
- **ZEUS:** Helicity Parameter doesn't favor a pure $J^P = 1^+$, S wave, $D_{s1}^\pm(2536)$ state
May be mixed with a $J^P = 1^+$ $D_{sj}^\pm(2460)$ state
- **Above Topics to be Continued in HERA II analysis**

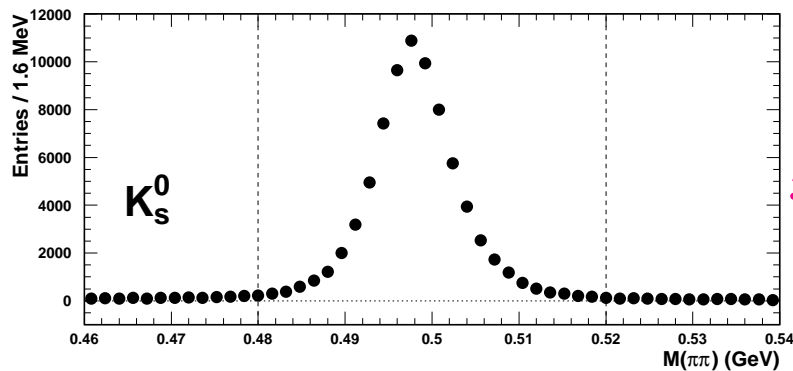
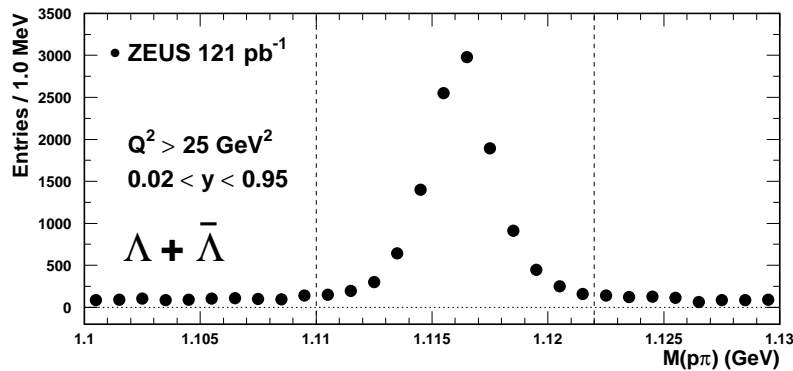
Backup: ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

$\mathcal{L}_{int}(ZEUS) : 121\text{pb}^{-1}$ 1996-2000, $5 < Q^2 < 25 \text{ GeV}^2, 0.02 < y < 0.95$

$Q^2 > 25 \text{ GeV}^2, 0.02 < y < 0.95$

$Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2, 0.20 < y < 0.85$

ZEUS



$0.6 < p_t(K_S^0, \Lambda, \bar{\Lambda}) < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta(K_S^0, \Lambda, \bar{\Lambda})| < 1.2$

For $Q^2 < 1$ require:

≥ 2 jets with $E_T^{jet} > 5 \text{ GeV}, |\eta^{jet}| < 2.4$

$$x_\gamma^{OBS} = \frac{\Sigma E_T^{jet} e^{-\eta^{jet}}}{2y_{JB} E_e^{beam}} \quad (\Sigma \text{ over 2 highest } E_T^{jet})$$

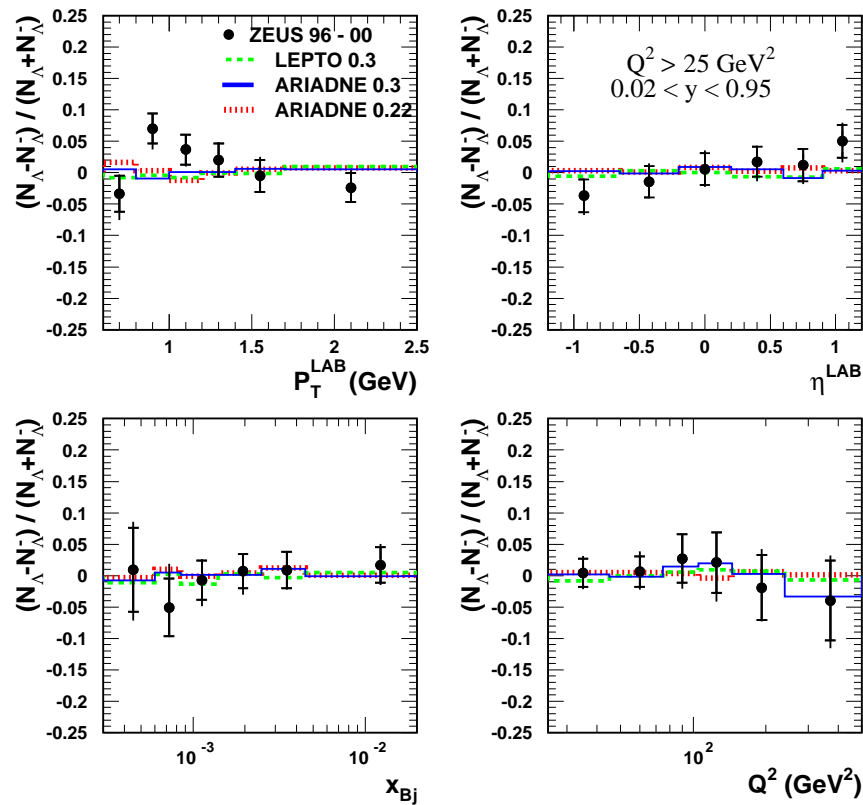
Two Samples: $x_\gamma^{OBS} > 0.75$ (direct-enriched)

$x_\gamma^{OBS} < 0.75$ (resolved-enriched)

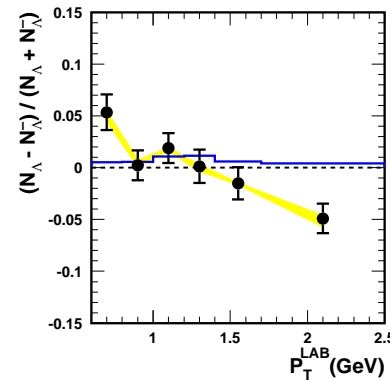
Backup: ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Baryon-Antibaryon Asymmetry: $A = (N(\Lambda) - N(\bar{\Lambda})) / (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda}))$

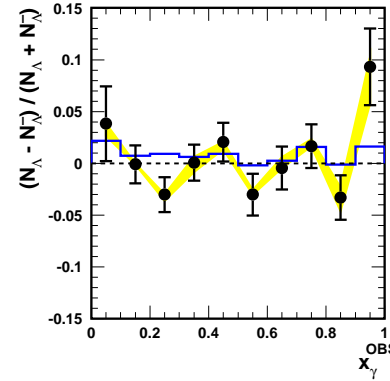
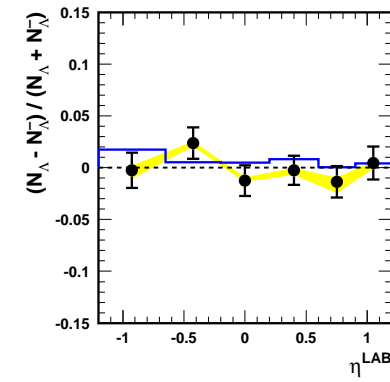
$Q^2 > 25 \text{ GeV}^2$ ZEUS



$Q^2 < 1^2$



ZEUS



● ZEUS 121 pb^{-1}
 ■ Jet energy scale uncertainty
 — PYTHIA
 Photoproduction

$Q^2 > 25 \text{ GeV}^2: A = 0.3 \pm 1.3_{-0.8}^{+0.5}\%$ $Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2: A = -0.07 \pm 0.6_{-1.0}^{+1.0}\%$

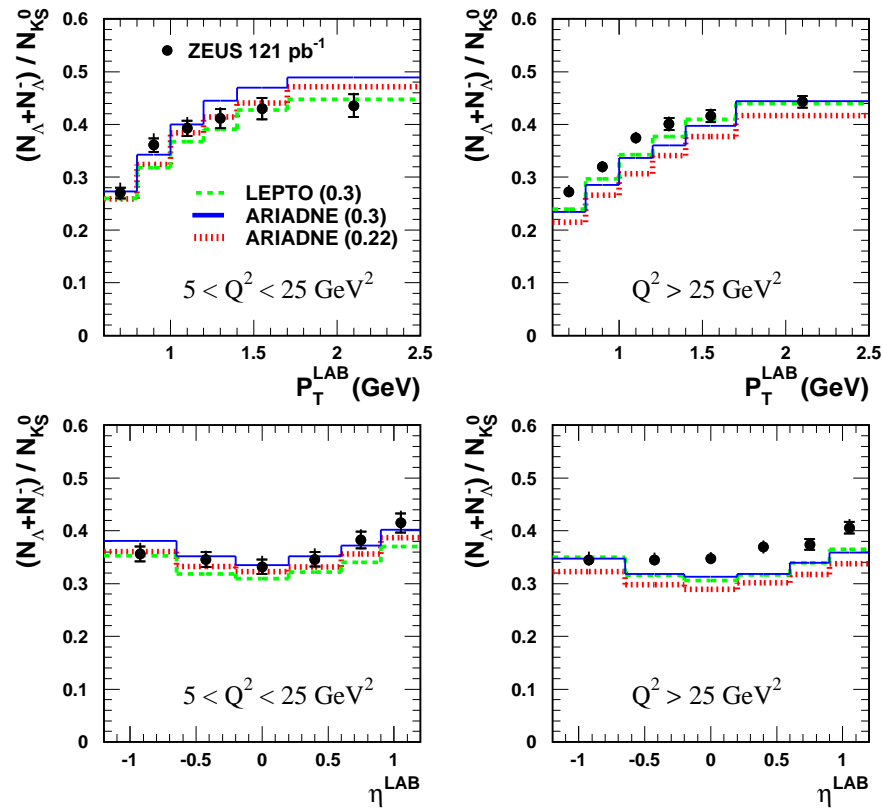
$5 < Q^2 < 25 \text{ GeV}^2: A = 1.2 \pm 1.6_{-2.1}^{+0.7}\%$

Consistent with No Asymmetry

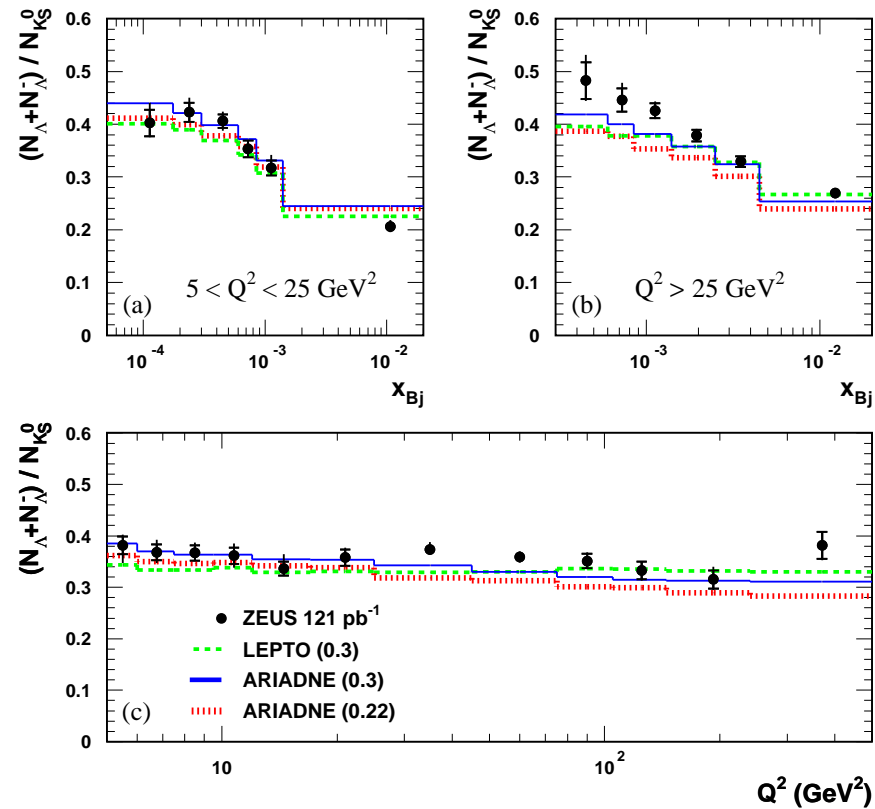
Backup: ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Baryon-to-Meson Ratio: $R = (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda})) / N(K_s^0)$

ZEUS



ZEUS



DIS(γp): R increases with p_t

R decreases with x_{Bj}

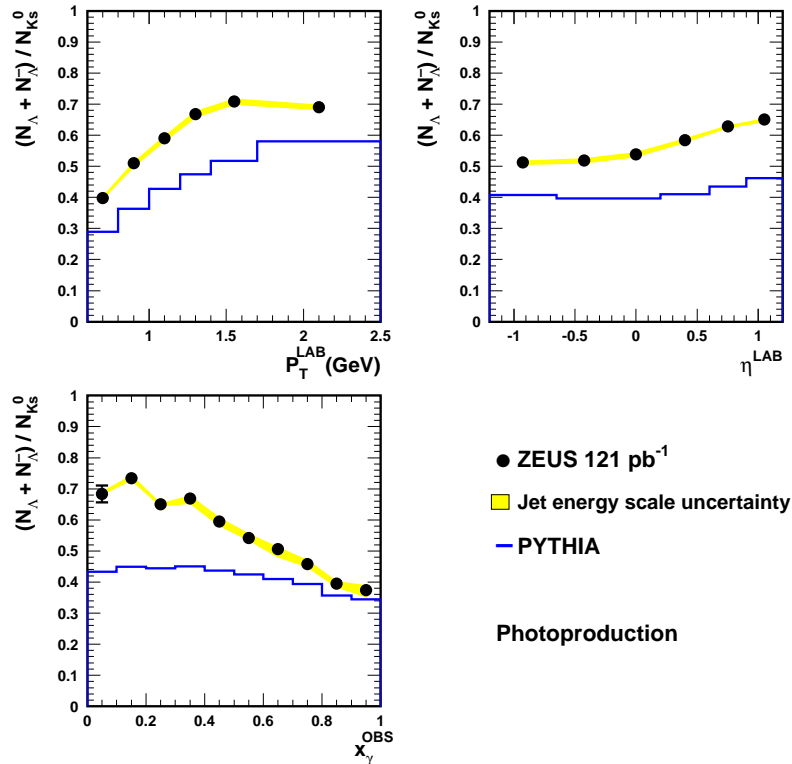
DIS(γp): R increases in forward η region $R \sim$ constant in Q^2

DIS: Data and Monte Carlo disagree for high Q^2 at low x_{Bj}

Backup: ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Baryon-to-Meson Ratio: $R = (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda})) / N(K_s^0)$

ZEUS



γp : R increases with p_t R increases in forward η region

γp : Data and Monte Carlo disagree, especially for resolved γp

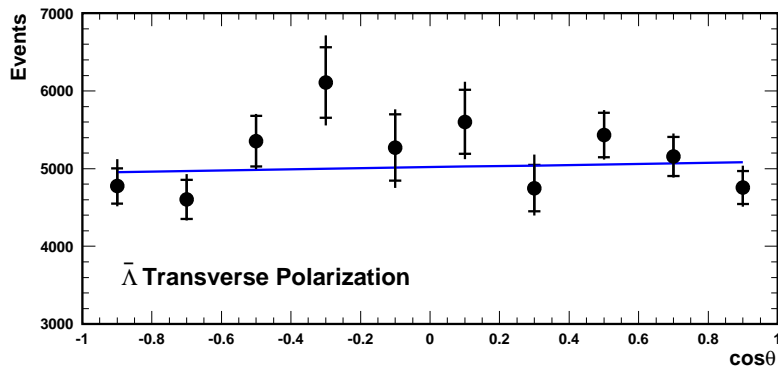
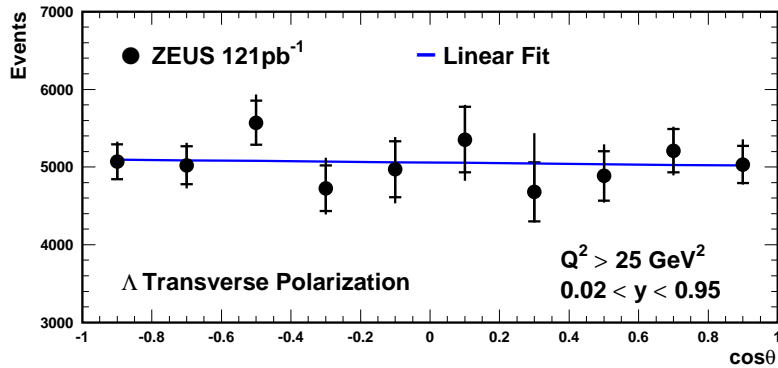
γp : R in direct-enhanced region similar to e^+e^- production

Backup: ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Transverse Polarization (P):
$$\frac{1}{N} \frac{dN}{d\cos\theta} = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \alpha P^\Lambda \cos\theta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(1 - \alpha P^{\bar{\Lambda}} \cos\theta)$$

ZEUS



Decay Asymmetry Parameter $\alpha = 0.642 \pm 0.013$

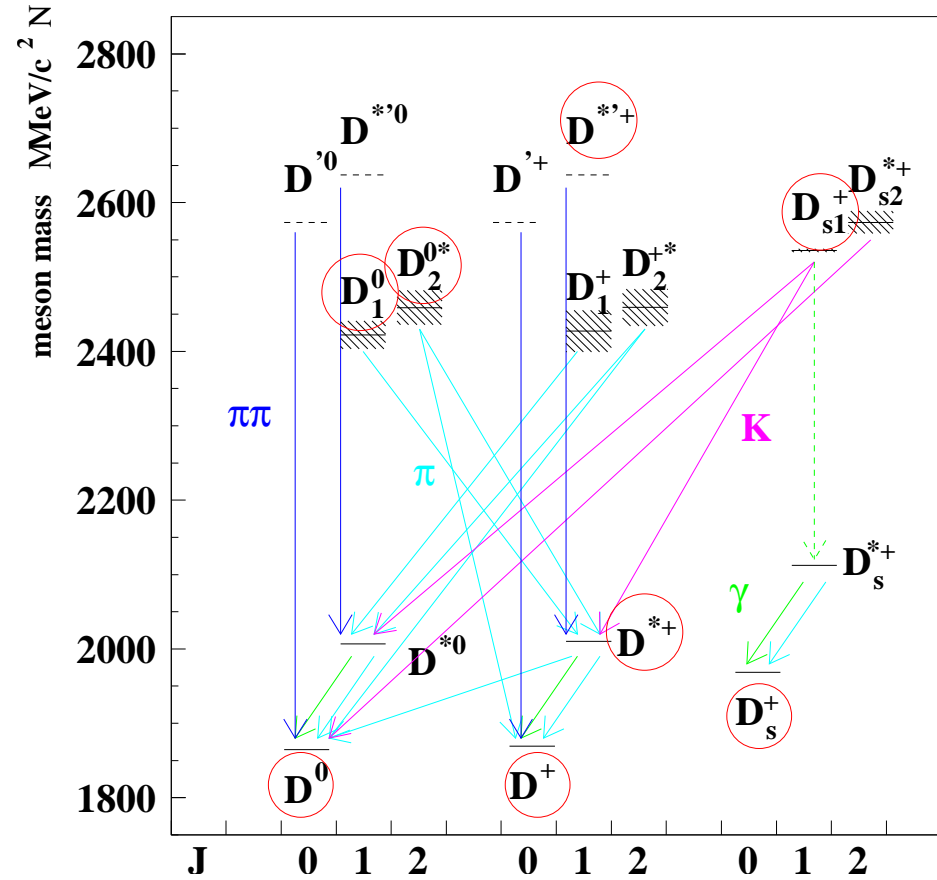
θ : Angle between p (\bar{p}) in Λ rest frame and $k_e^{beam} \times k_\Lambda$

Polarization(%)

	High Q^2 DIS	Low Q^2 DIS	γp
Λ	$-1.3 \pm 4.3^{+4.0}_{-0.8}$	$-4.0 \pm 5.3^{+4.7}_{-4.0}$	-2.4 ± 2.2
$\bar{\Lambda}$	$-2.2 \pm 4.2^{+2.3}_{-1.3}$	$-8.5 \pm 5.5^{+4.7}_{-2.1}$	-5.8 ± 2.2

Consistent With No Transverse Polarization

Backup: ZEUS Excited Charm Mesons



$D^0, D^\pm, D^{*0}, D^{*\pm}, D_s$ copiously produced

Look at $D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*\pm} \pi^\mp, D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^\pm \pi^\mp$

$$D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*\pm} K_s^0, D^{*0} K^\pm$$

Extract charm fragmentation functions:

$$f(c \rightarrow D_1^0), f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0}), f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^\pm)$$

From production ratios:

$$R\left(\frac{D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-}{D^+}\right)$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+} K^0}{D^{*+}}\right), R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} K^+}{D^0}\right)$$

Using ZEUS measured values of:

$$f(c \rightarrow D^{*\pm}), f(c \rightarrow D^\pm), f(c \rightarrow D^0)$$

Heavy Quark Effective Theory(HQET): Helicity parameter, H

$$\frac{dN}{d\cos\theta} \sim 1 + H \cos^2\alpha, H = 3(-1) \quad \text{for } J^P = 1^+(2^+) \quad \text{from } j = 3/2 \quad \text{doublet}$$

α : Angle in $D^{*\pm}$ rest frame between extra $\pi^\mp(K_s^0)$ and π_s ($D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^0 \pi_s$)

Backup: ZEUS Excited Charm Mesons

Simultaneous to fit 4 helicity $M(D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp)$ histograms and $M(D^\pm\pi^\mp)$ histogram

χ^2 Fit to variable width relativistic Breit-Wigner function

convoluted with experimental resolution + background function

Feed downs $D_{ZEUS}^0, D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*\pm}\pi^\mp \rightarrow D^\pm\pi^\mp$ + neutrals, wide $D_1^0(2430), D_0^0(2400)$ included

In high $\cos(\alpha)$ bin almost all D_1^0

$$M(D_1^0) = 2419.8 \pm 2.0_{-1.0}^{+0.8} \text{ MeV}, M(D_2^{*0}) = 2468.4 \pm 3.6_{-1.3}^{+1.1}$$

$$\Gamma(D_1^0) = 51.6 \pm 7.0_{-4.1}^{+1.9} \text{ MeV}, \Gamma(D_2^{*0}) = 43 \text{ MeV (PDG)}$$

$$H(D_1^0) = 6.1 \pm 2.3_{-0.8}^{+2.0}, H(D_2^{*0}) = -1 (J^P = 2^+ \text{ state})$$

Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space

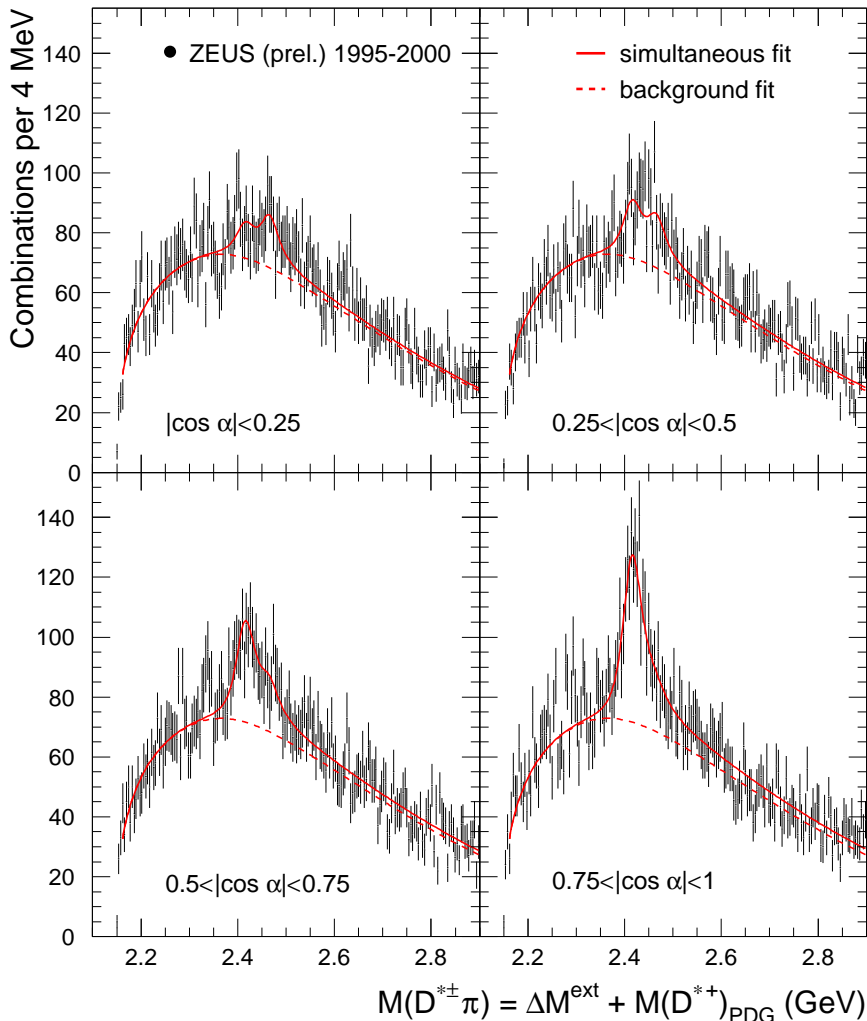
$$R\left(\frac{D_1^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right) = 11.7 \pm 1.3(\text{stat.})_{-1.4}^{+0.9}(\text{syst.})_{-0.3}^{+0.4}(\text{ext.})\%$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-}{D^{*+}}\right) = 3.4 \pm 0.6(\text{stat.})_{-0.5}^{+0.4}(\text{syst.})_{-0.2}^{+0.2}(\text{ext.})\%$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-}{D^+}\right) = 8.6 \pm 2.1(\text{stat.})_{-1.4}^{+1.2}(\text{syst.})_{-0.3}^{+0.3}(\text{ext.})\%$$

Branching Ratio, B , $(2.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ (PDG06)})$

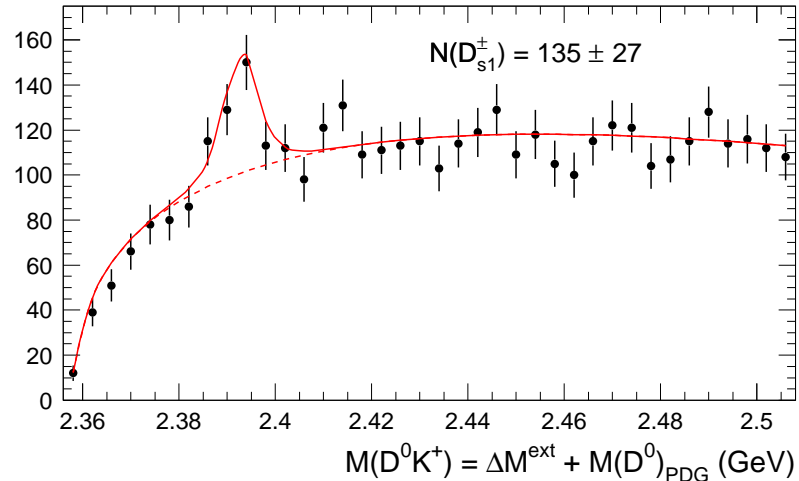
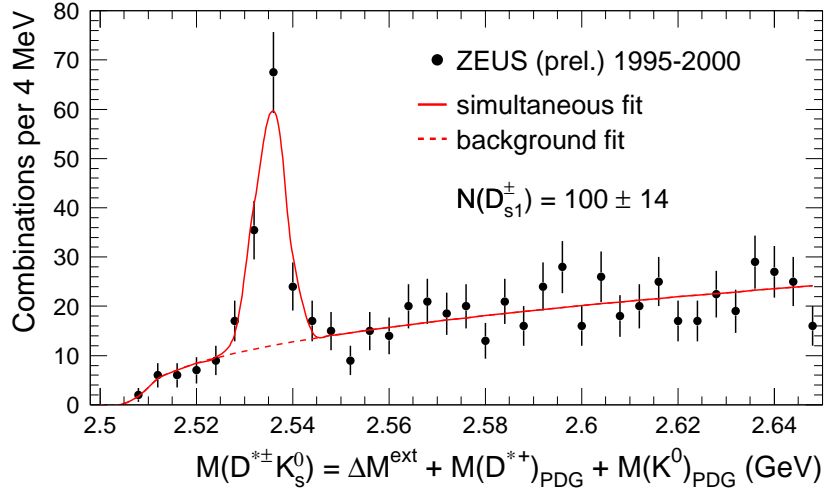
$$\frac{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^+\pi^-)}{B(D_2^{*0} \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^-)} = 2.7 \pm 0.8(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1(\text{ext.})\%$$



Backup: ZEUS Excited Charm Strange Mesons

Simultaneous fit of $M(D^{*\pm}K_s^0)$, $M(D^0K^\pm)$ and $\cos(\alpha)$ distributions

Gaussian (G_{ZEUS}^{mod} for $M(D^0K^\pm)$ + background unbinned likelihood fit



$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi_s), p_t(D^{*\pm})$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 1.35\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 2.80\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

Plot contains sum of $K\pi$ and $K\pi\pi\pi$ $D^{*\pm}$ decays

$$M(D_{s1}) = 2535.3_{-0.41}^{+0.44}(\text{stat.})_{-0.8}^{+0.09}(\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$H(D_{s1}) = -0.74_{-0.17}^{+0.23}(\text{stat.})_{-0.5}^{+0.06}(\text{syst.})$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi K^\pm) - M(K\pi)$$

$$p_t(D^0) > 2.80\text{GeV}/c, |\eta(D^0)| < 1.6$$

Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space

$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+}K^0}{D^{*+}}\right) = 1.7 \pm 0.33(\text{stat.})_{-0.1}^{+0.1}(\text{syst.})_{-0.1}^{+0.1}(\text{ext.})\%$$

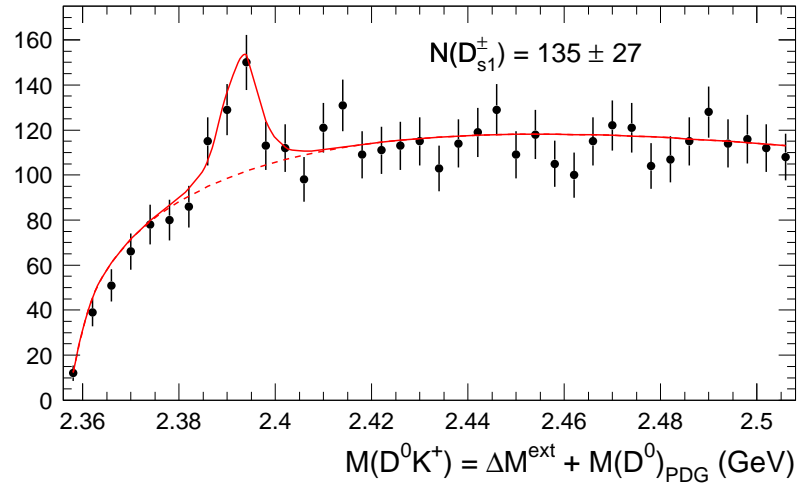
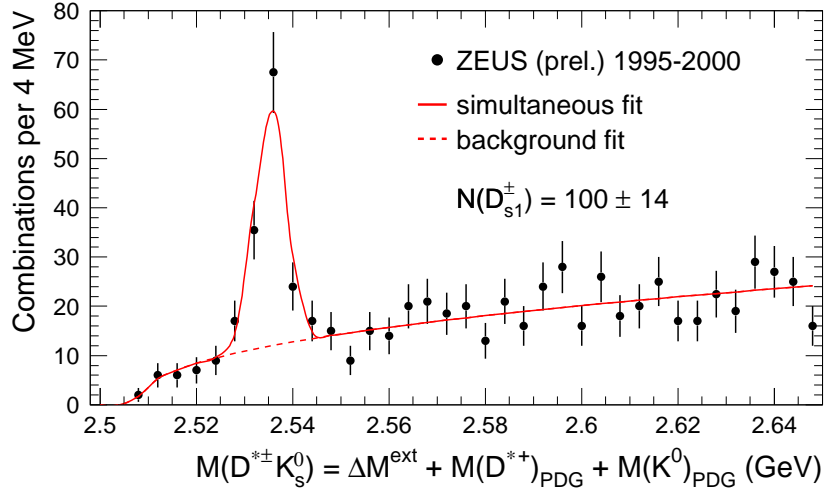
$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0}K^+}{D^0}\right) = 1.9 \pm 0.4(\text{stat.})_{-0.2}^{+0.1}(\text{syst.})_{-0.1}^{+0.2}(\text{ext.})\%$$

$$\frac{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*0}K^+)}{B(D_{s1}^+ \rightarrow D^{*+}K^0)} = 2.2 \pm 0.6(\text{stat.})_{-0.5}^{+0.4}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1(\text{ext.})\%, \quad 1.27 \pm 0.21 \text{ (PDG06)}$$

Backup: ZEUS Excited Charm Strange Mesons

Simultaneous fit of $M(D^{*\pm}K_s^0)$, $M(D^0K^\pm)$ and $\cos(\alpha)$ distributions

Gaussian (G_{ZEUS}^{mod} for $M(D^0K^\pm)$ + background unbinned likelihood fit



$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi_s), p_t(D^{*\pm})$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 1.35\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K\pi\pi\pi\pi_s)$$

$$p_t(D^{*\pm}) > 2.80\text{GeV}, |\eta(D^{*\pm})| < 1.6$$

Plot contains sum of $K\pi$ and $K\pi\pi\pi$ $D^{*\pm}$ decays

$$M(D_{s1}) = 2535.3_{-0.41}^{+0.44}(\text{stat.})_{-0.8}^{+0.09}(\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$H(D_{s1}) = -0.74_{-0.17}^{+0.23}(\text{stat.})_{-0.5}^{+0.06}(\text{syst.})$$

$$\Delta M^{ext} = M(K\pi K^\pm) - M(K\pi)$$

$$p_t(D^0) > 2.80\text{GeV}/c, |\eta(D^0)| < 1.6$$

Extrapolated to full kinematic phase space

$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*\pm}K_s^0}{D^{*\pm}}\right) = 1.7 \pm 0.33(\text{stat.})_{-0.1}^{+0.1}(\text{syst.})_{-0.1}^{+0.1}(\text{ext.})\%$$

$$R\left(\frac{D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*0}K^\pm}{D^0}\right) = 1.9 \pm 0.4(\text{stat.})_{-0.2}^{+0.1}(\text{syst.})_{-0.1}^{+0.2}(\text{ext.})\%$$

$$\frac{B(D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*0}K^\pm)}{B(D_{s1}^\pm \rightarrow D^{*\pm}K_s^0)} = 2.2 \pm 0.6(\text{stat.})_{-0.5}^{+0.4}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.1(\text{ext.})\%, \quad 1.27 \pm 0.21 \text{ (PDG06)}$$

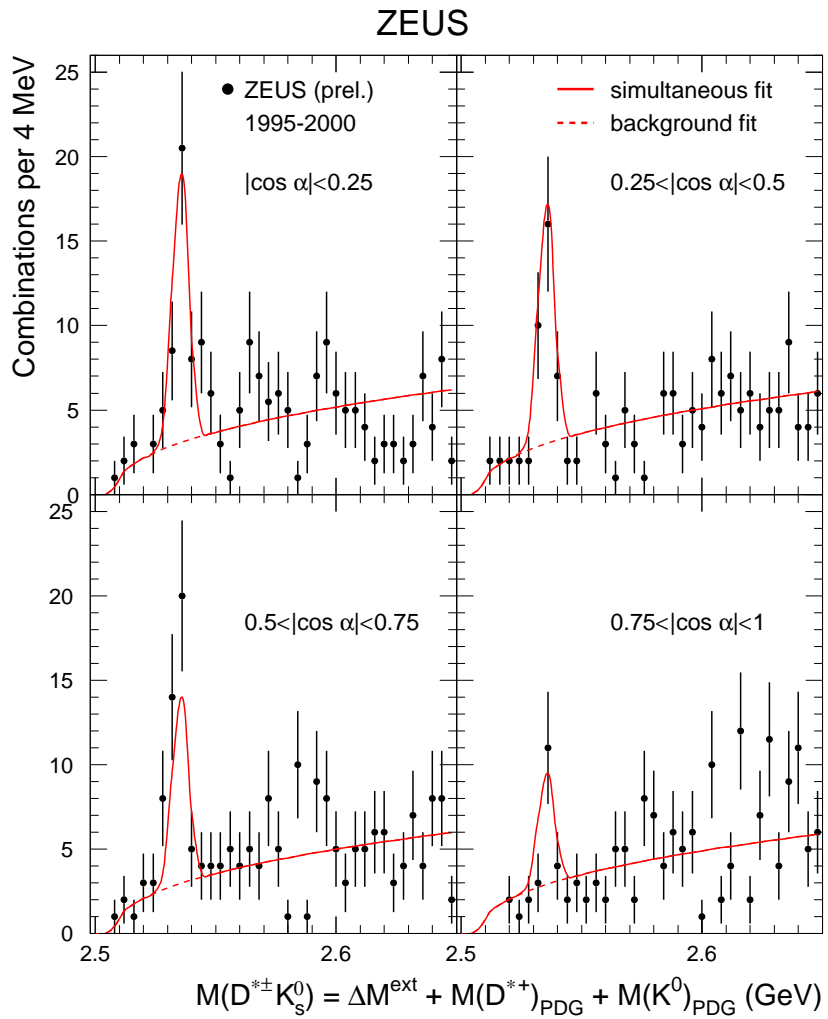
Backup: Summary

- **H1:** $\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\Theta^+ X)$ x $BR(\Theta^+ \rightarrow K^0 p) < 30 - 90$ pb
- **H1,ZEUS:** $\frac{N(\Xi^{--})}{N(\Xi^0(1530))} < 12 - 45\%, 10 - 50\%$ 95% CL
- **H1,ZEUS:** $\frac{N(\Xi^0)}{N(\Xi^0(1530))} < 10 - 50\%, 10 - 50\%$ 95% CL
- $R(\bar{d}/\bar{p})$ in **ZEUS DIS,H1** in γp agree
- **ZEUS:** $R(\bar{d}/d) \neq R(\bar{p}/p)^2$ in central region of ep DIS
- **ZEUS:** $A = (N(\Lambda) - N(\bar{\Lambda})) / (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda}))$ consistent with 0
- **ZEUS:** $R = (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda})) / N(K_s^0)$ Data,MC \neq high Q^2 , low x_{Bj}
- **ZEUS(γp),R:** MC \neq Data for resolved, as e^+e^- in direct enriched
- **ZEUS:DIS:** Favors $\lambda_s = 0.22$ over 0.30, γp : $\lambda_s = 0.30$ doesn't fit data
- **ZEUS:** $\Lambda, \bar{\Lambda}$ consistent with no transverse polarization
- **ZEUS:** Measured $f(c \rightarrow D_1^0), f(c \rightarrow D_2^{*0}), f(c \rightarrow D_{s1}^\pm)$
- **ZEUS:** Helicity Parameter doesn't favor $J^P = 1^+ D_{s1}^\pm(2536)$ state

Backup: Charm Pentaquark

	H1 prel.	ZEUS	ZEUS, $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
corrected rate	$1.59 \pm 0.33_{-0.45}^{+0.33}\%$	$< 0.37\%$ (95% C.L.)	$< 0.51\%$ (95% C.L.)

Backup: ZEUS Excited Charm Strange Mesons



Backup: References

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Measurement of K_s^0 , $\Lambda, \bar{\Lambda}$ Production at HERA

European Physical Journal C 51 (2007) 1-23

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Measurement of (anti)deuteron and (anti)proton production in DIS at HERA

DESY-07-070 (May 2007), accepted by Nuclear Physics B

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Evidence for a narrow baryonic state decaying to $K_s^0 \bar{p}$ in deep inelastic scattering at HERA

Physics Letters B 591 (2004) 7-22

ZEUS Collaboration; S. Chekanov et al.

Search for a narrow charmed baryonic state decaying to $D^{*+} \bar{p}$ in ep collisions at HERA

European Physical Journal C 38 (2004) 29-41

H1 Collab., A. Aktas et al., hep-ex/0704.3594, To be submitted to Phys. Lett. B ,04/07

Search for Baryonic Resonances Decaying to $\Xi\pi$ in Deep-Inelastic Scattering at HERA

H1 Collab., A. Aktas et al., Phys. Lett. B 639 (2006) 202

Search for a Narrow Baryonic Resonance Decaying to $K_s^0 p$ or $K_s^0 \bar{p}$ in Deep Inelastic Scattering at HERA

H1 Collab., A. Aktas et al., Eur. Phys. J. C36 (2004) 413-423

Measurement of Anti-Deuteron Production and a Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles at HERA

H1 Collab., C. Adloff et al., Z. Phys. C76 (1997) 213

Photoproduction of K^0 and Λ at HERA and a Comparison with Deep Inelastic Scattering

Backup: References

CLEO Coll., P. Avery et al., Phys. Lett. B 331, 236 (1994)

OPAL Coll., K. Ackerstaff et al., Z. Phys. C 76, 425 (1997)

ALEPH Coll., A. Heister et al., Phys. Lett. B 526, 34 (2002)

CLEO Coll., J.P. Alexander et al., Phys. Lett. B 303, 337 (1993)

BELLE Coll., K. Abe et al., (hep-ex/0507030)

Backup: Charm Pentaquark

	H1 prel.	ZEUS	ZEUS, $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
corrected rate	$1.59 \pm 0.33_{-0.45}^{+0.33} \%$	$< 0.37\% \text{ (95\% C.L.)}$	$< 0.51\% \text{ (95\% C.L.)}$

$$M(D_1^0) = 2419.8 \pm 2.0_{-1.0}^{+0.8} \text{ MeV} \quad 2422.3 \pm 1.3 \quad \text{(PDG)}$$

$$M(D_2^{*0}) = 2468.4 \pm 3.6_{-1.3}^{+1.1} \text{ MeV} \quad 2461.1 \pm 2.1 \quad \text{(PDG)}$$

$$\Gamma(D_1^0) = 51.6 \pm 7.0_{-4.1}^{+1.9} \text{ MeV} \quad 20.4 \pm 2.1 \quad \text{(PDG)}$$

$$H(D_1^0) = 6.1 \pm 2.3_{-0.8}^{+2.0} \quad 3(J^P = 1^+ \text{ state})$$

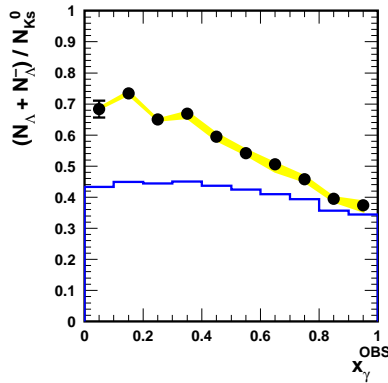
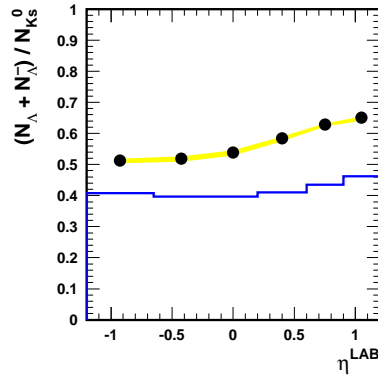
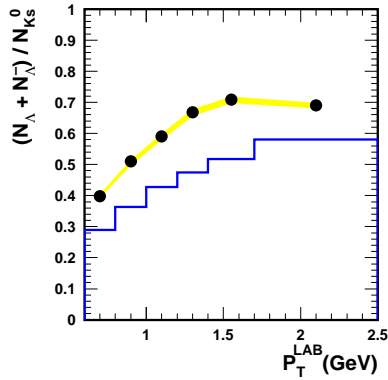
$$M(D_{s1}) = 2535.3_{-0.41}^{+0.44} (\text{stat.})_{-0.8}^{+0.09} (\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV} \quad 2535.2 \pm 0.29 \quad \text{(PDG)}$$

ZEUS Neutral Strange Particle Production

Baryon-to-Meson Ratio γp : $R = (N(\Lambda) + N(\bar{\Lambda})) / N(K_S^0)$

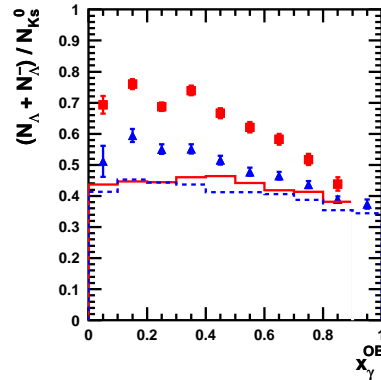
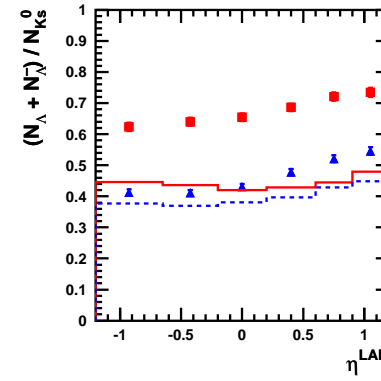
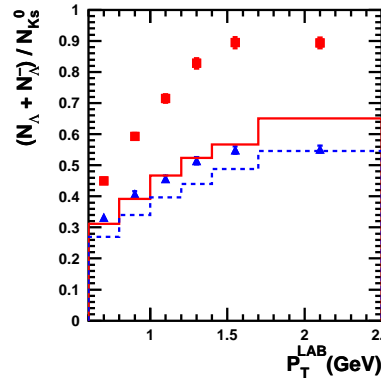
$Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2, \geq 2$ jets with $E_T^{jet} > 5 \text{ GeV}, |\eta^{jet}| < 2.4$

ZEUS



● ZEUS 121 pb⁻¹
 ■ Jet energy scale uncertainty
 — PYTHIA
Photoproduction

ZEUS



■ ▲ ZEUS 121 pb⁻¹
 — — PYTHIA
 ■ E_T^{Jet}/E_T^{Total} < 0.3
 ▲ E_T^{Jet}/E_T^{Total} > 0.3
Photoproduction

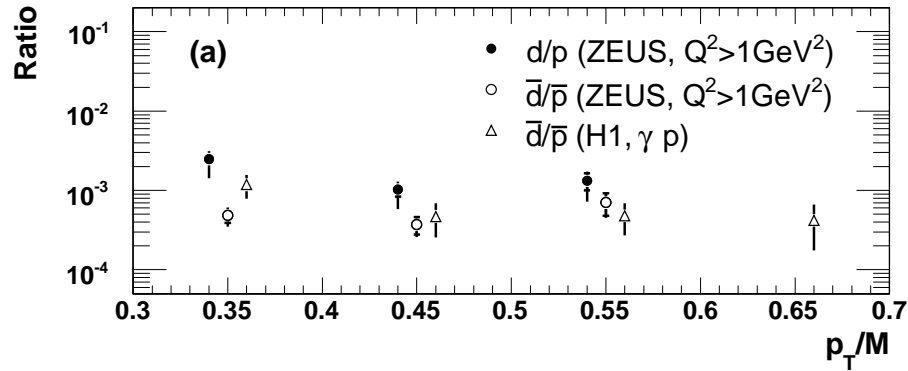
$$x_\gamma^{OBS} = \frac{\sum E_T^{jet} e^{-\eta^{jet}}}{2y_{JB} E_e^{beam}} \left(\sum \text{over 2 highest } E_T^{jet} \right), \quad R \text{ larger for fireball enriched}$$

R larger for resolved (small x_γ^{OBS}), R also larger in heavy ion collisions

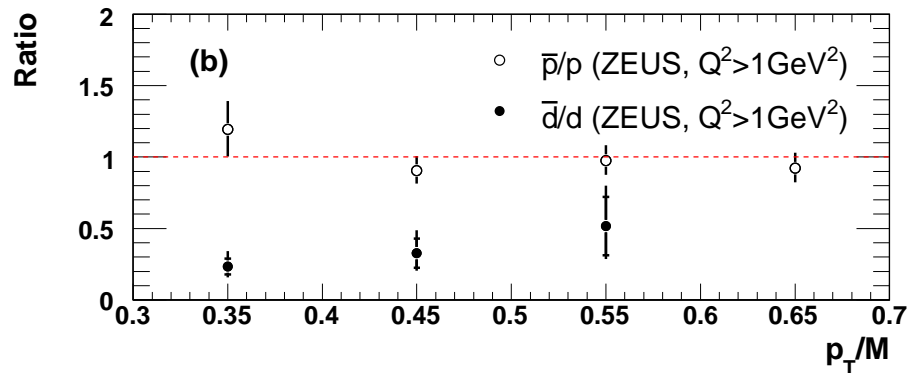
Relatively more gluons produced in fireball and heavy ion collisions

Anti(Deuteron) Production in DIS

ZEUS



$R(\bar{d}/\bar{p})$ in ZEUS DIS, H1 in γp agree



$R(\bar{p}/p) \simeq 1$ q,g jet hadronisation

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{tot}} \frac{E_d d^3 \sigma_d}{dp_d^3} = B_2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_{tot}} \frac{E_p d^3 \sigma_p}{dp_p^3} \right)^2 \Rightarrow R(\bar{d}/d) = R(\bar{p}/p)^2$$

Ratio not satisfied in central region of ep DIS

Ratio \simeq satisfied at RHIC and pA fixed target expts.