

# Multi Parton Interactions at HERA

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*On behalf of H1 and ZEUS Collaborations*

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# Outline

## Introduction

- Multi Parton Interaction

- Underlying event

- HERA physics

## Three and four jet states (ZEUS Collab.)

- Event selection

- Comparison with Monte Carlo

- Comparison fixed order pQCD theory

## Energy flow between jets (H1 Collab.)

- Energy flow between jets

## Transverse energy correlations (H1 Collab.)

- Transverse energy correlations

## Absorption in leading baryon production

- Absorption models for leading neutron production

- Leading neutron production at HERA

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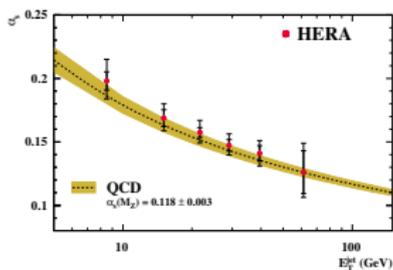
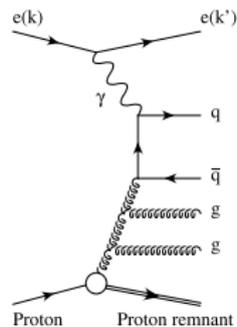
Absorption models for leading neutron production

Leading neutron production at HERA

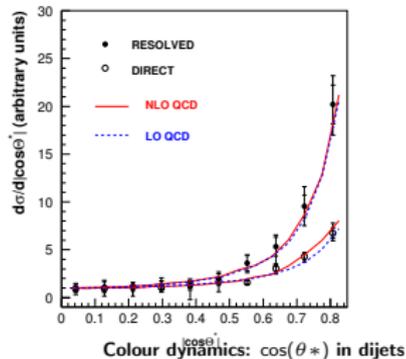
## Summary

## Hard scattering

- Usual hard process  $qq$  or  $\gamma q$
- Partons hadronize  $\rightarrow$  form jets
- Well described by pQCD
- Diverse aspects of pQCD studied experimental data, e.g.:



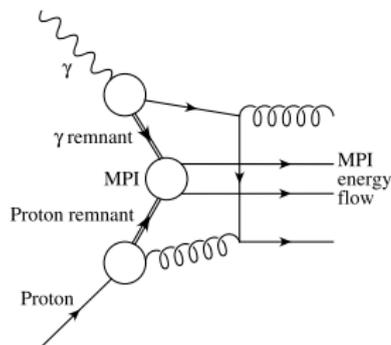
Precision measurement:  $\alpha_{\text{QCD}}$  from inclusive jets



# Multi Parton Interaction

from hard processes

- . If more than one initial parton interact?
- . Two hard interactions on the event
- . May lead to formation of multi-jets



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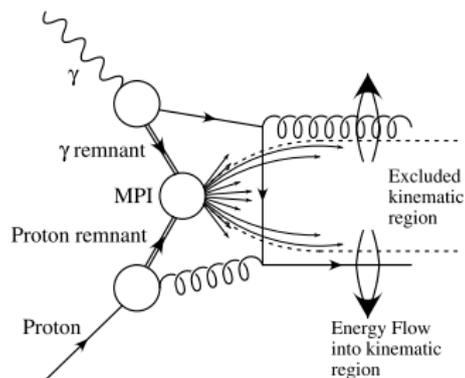
Leading neutron production at HERA

## Summary

## Underlying event

Soft interaction, but closely related to MPIs

- ▶ Do not form jets
  - ▶ on the contrary, it is “everything other than jets” on the event
  - ▶ Includes: initial and final state radiation
  - ▶ Soft interactions between partons spectators and beams remnants
- ▶ Energy flow between jets
  - ▶ Measure jet pedestal



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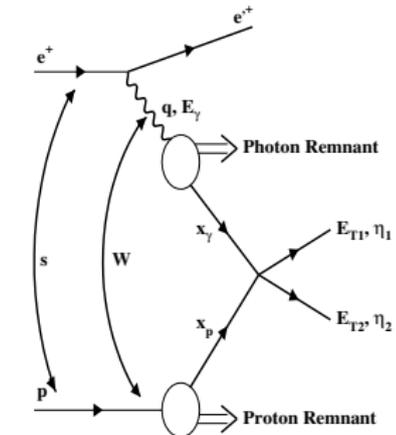
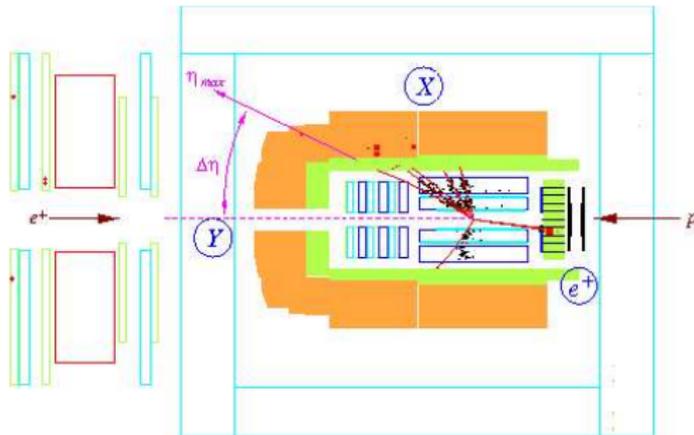
Leading neutron production at HERA

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# HERA physics

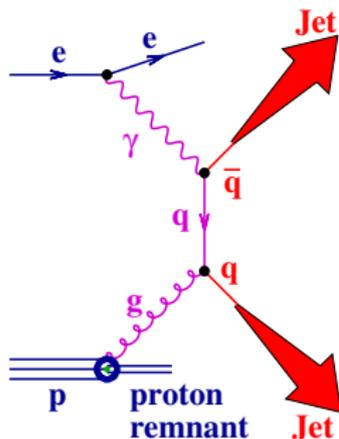
HERA collides  $e^\pm p$

- ▶  $e^\pm$  at 27.5 GeV,  $p$  at 920 GeV
- ▶  $W = \gamma p$  cms energy
- ▶  $\sqrt{s} = 320$  GeV ( $ep$  cms energy)       $Q^2 = -q^2$  (photon virtuality)
- ▶  $y = W^2/s =$  momentum fraction of  $e$  carried by  $\gamma$

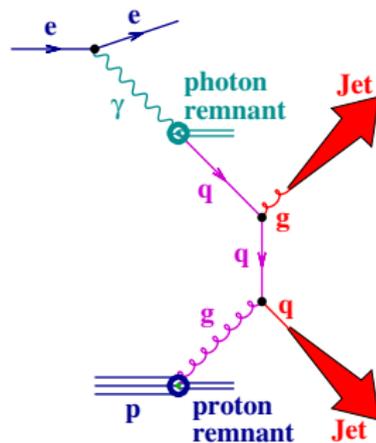


## Multi-Parton interactions at HERA

- ▶ MPIs: two colliding particles are source of partons
- ▶ in **resolved photoproduction**: “hadron-like” photon
- ▶  $x_\gamma$  fraction of photon momentum in hard scattering



$$x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} = \sum_i^n \frac{E_{T,i} \exp(-\eta_i)}{2yE_e}$$



Direct photon ( $x_\gamma \approx 1$ )

Resolved photon ( $x_\gamma < 1$ )

## Why is it important?

At the LHC:

- ▶ Larger  $\sqrt{s}$ , can see partons at very low  $x$
- ▶ Many interactions between spectators
- ▶ QCD must be completely under control to observe new phenomena
- ▶ HERA data good training ground for tuning models/MCs

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# Event selection (121 pb<sup>-1</sup> of data)

## Jets selection (LAB frame)

- ▶  $E_T^{jet_{1,2}} > 7 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶  $E_T^{jet_{3,4}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶  $|\eta^{jet}| < 2.4$
- ▶ selected with inclusive  $k_T$  algorithm & massless

## Kinematic region

- ▶  $0.2 < y < 0.85$
- ▶  $Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- ▶ Two mass regions studied:
  - semi-inclusive ( $M_{nj} \geq 25 \text{ GeV}$ )
  - high-mass ( $M_{nj} \geq 50 \text{ GeV}$ )

$$M_{nj} = \sqrt{(\sum_i^n p_i)^2}$$

$$x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} = \sum_i^n \frac{E_{T,i} \exp(-\eta_i)}{2yE_e}$$

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## Monte Carlo samples

- PYTHIA 6.2

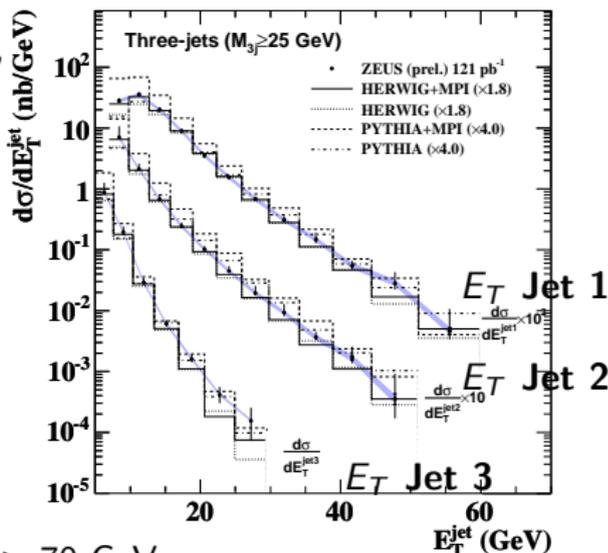
- ▶ without MPI
- ▶ with MPIs from simple model, tuned to collider data (JETWEB)

- HERWIG 6.5

- ▶ without MPI
- ▶ with MPIs from JIMMY 4.0 (eikonal model), tuned to ZEUS multi-jet data

- normalization

- ▶ DATA/(MC no MPIs) at  $M_{nj} > 70$  GeV



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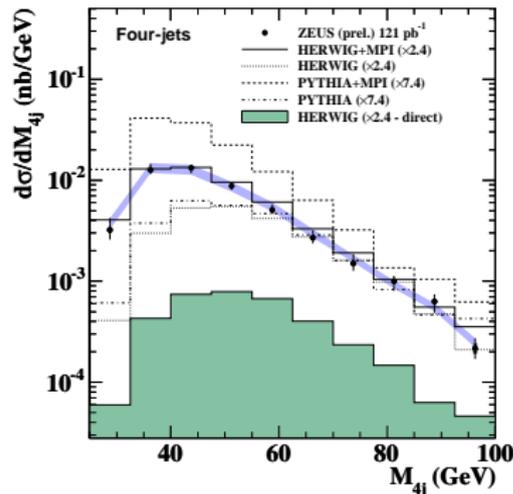
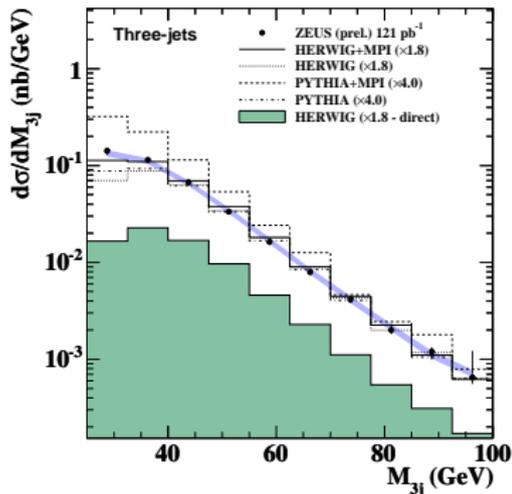
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## Comparison with Monte Carlo

### Three and four-jets $M_{nj}$ distribution

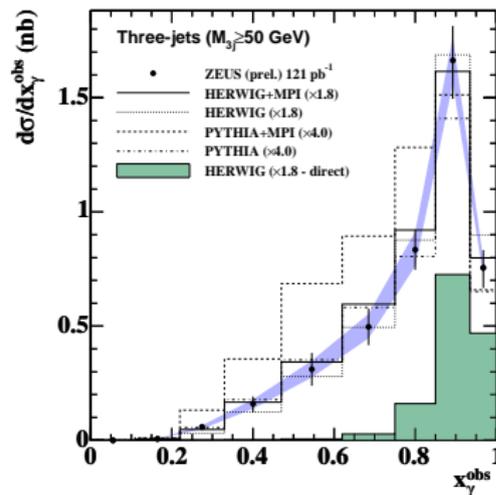
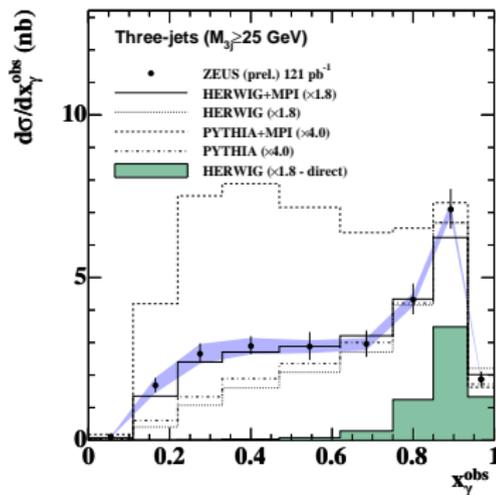
- PYTHIA MPI: excessive contribution but tuned to hadron collider data
- HERWIG MPI: good description tuned for HERA data
- No MPI for  $M_{3j} > 50$  and  $M_{4j} > 70$  GeV (where MC is normalized)



# Comparison with Monte Carlo

## Three-jets $x_\gamma$ distribution

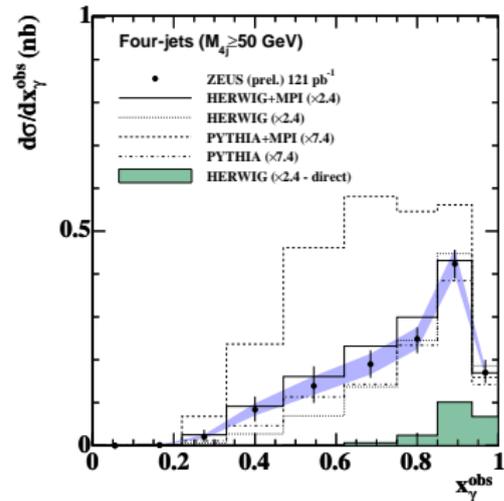
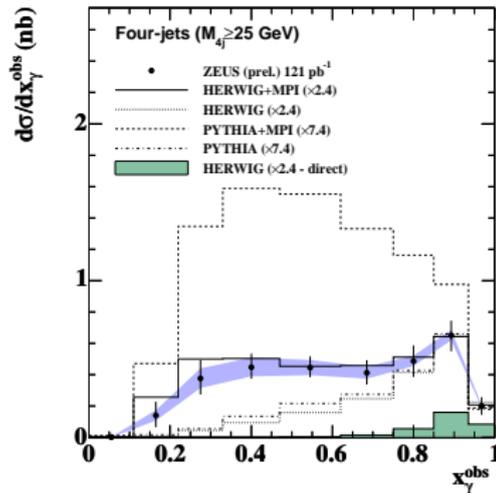
- MC no MPIs: missing component at low  $x_\gamma$ , low mass
- PYTHIA MPI: excessive contribution
- HERWIG MPI: good description



# Comparison with Monte Carlo

## Four-jets $x_\gamma$ distribution

- MC no MPIs: larger missing component at low  $x_\gamma$
- MPIs needed also at higher mass

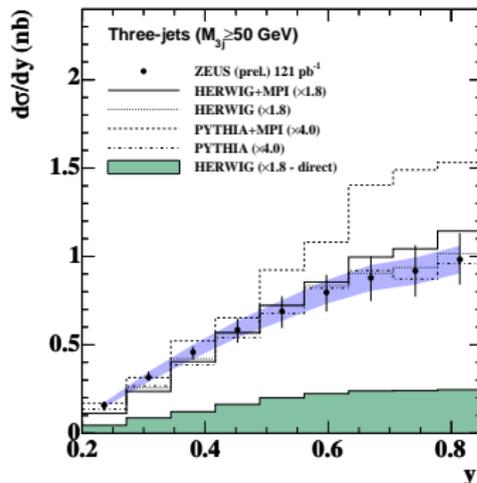
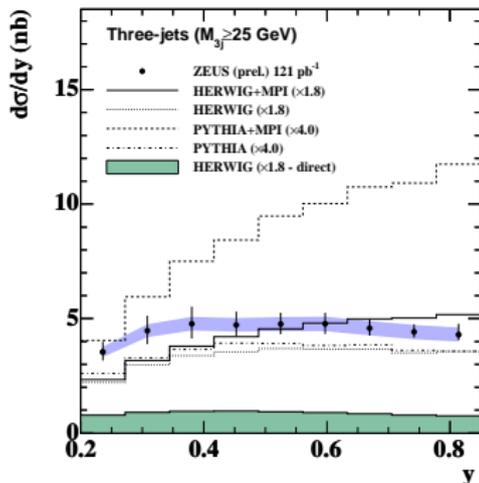


# Comparison with Monte Carlo

Three-jets  $y$  distribution (Similar results for 4-jets case)

>>>>>> **Here MPI models FAIL!!!** <<<<<<<

- $W = \sqrt{sy}$  ( $\gamma p$  cms energy)
- Shapes slightly better described by MC without MPIs
- Good ground to tune/test MPI models



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# Fixed order pQCD calculation

- ▶ **Theory does NOT include MPIs**
- ▶ Only calculations up to  $O(\alpha_s^2)$  are available in literature
- ▶ Lowest order for 3-jet process, not comparable to 4-jets
- ▶  $E_T^{jet_1}$  used for renormalization and factorization scales  
(and varied by  $\times 2$ ,  $1/2$  to evaluate theoretical uncertainty)
- ▶ to compare with data theory convoluted with:
  - hadronisation corrections ( $C_{HAD} = \frac{\sigma_{hadrons}}{\sigma_{partons}}$ )
  - MPI corrections ( $C_{MPI} = \frac{\sigma_{MPI}}{\sigma_{NO\ MPI}}$ )

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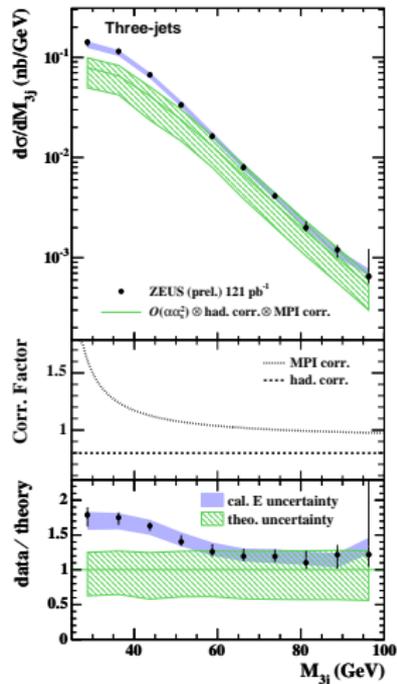
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## Comparison with theory

- Good agreement at high mass
- Possible sources of discrepancy
  - incorrect hadronization
  - incorrect MPIs modelling
- hadr. corrections: *flat*
  - unlikely to be the cause
- MPIs underestimated (??)

**Higher order calculation may help**



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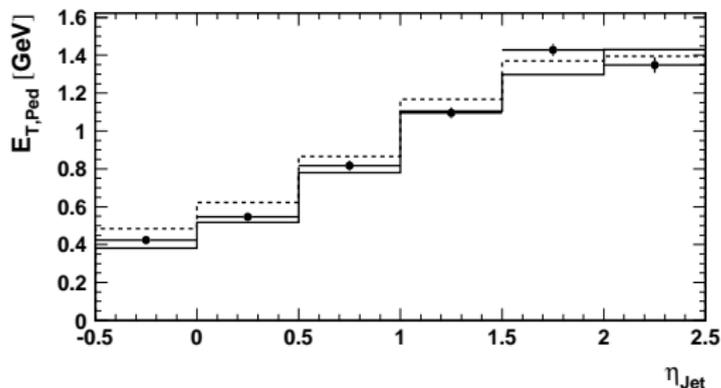
# Energy flow between jets

Dijet sample (cone algorithm)

- ▶  $E_T^{jet_{1,2}} > 4 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶  $M_{1,2} > 12 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶  $-0.5 < \eta < 2.5$

Energy flow

- ▶ sum outside jets cone  $R=1$
- ▶  $-1 < \eta - \eta_{jet} < 1$
- ▶  $-\pi < \phi - \phi_{jet} < \pi$



• H1 Collaboration

MC: PYTHIA with MPI

PHOJET with MPI

$$E_{T,ped} = \frac{1}{A} \sum E_T$$

# Energy flow between jets

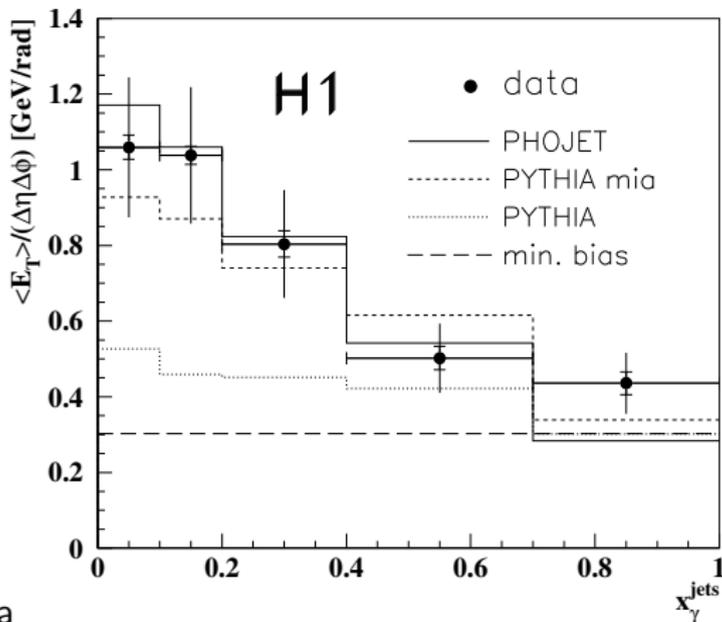
Another dijet sample

- ▶  $E_T^{jet_{1,2}} > 7 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶  $-1 \leq \eta^{jet_{1,2}} \leq 2.5$

**Minimum bias (data):**  
 “almost there” for direct  $\gamma$

**Add ISR on  $\gamma$  side**  
 ( $g$  emission): not enough

**Add MPIs:**  
 good description of the data



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# Transverse energy correlations

High- $E_T$  sample (results unchanged when a jet is required)

$$\Omega(\eta^*) = \frac{1}{N_{ev}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{ev}} \frac{(\langle E_{T,\eta^*=0} \rangle - (E_{T,\eta^*=0,i}))(\langle E_{T,\eta^*} \rangle - (E_{T,\eta^*,i}))}{(E_T^2)_i}$$

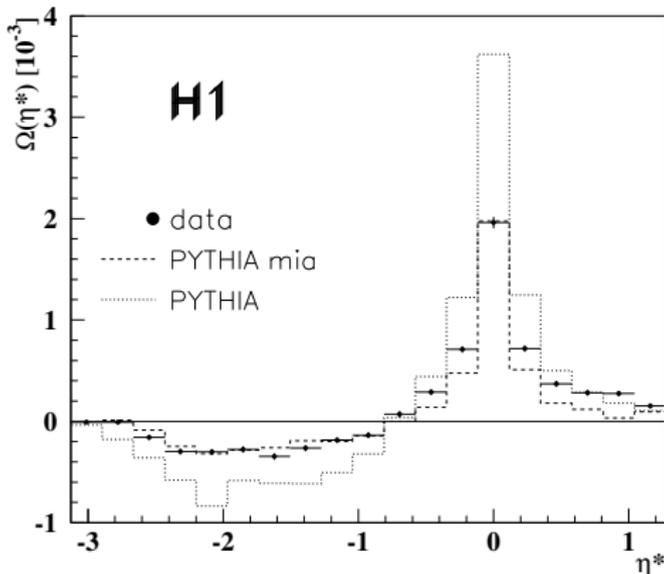
- $E_T > 20$  GeV
- $-0.8 \leq \eta \leq 3.3$  (lab frame)
- $\eta^* \rightarrow \gamma p$  cms
- $\Omega$  in small  $\eta^*$  bins

## PYTHIA without MPIs:

- too much correlation close to reference bin
- too much anti-correlation on the photon side

## PYTHIA with MPIs:

- correlations well described



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# Absorption in leading baryon production

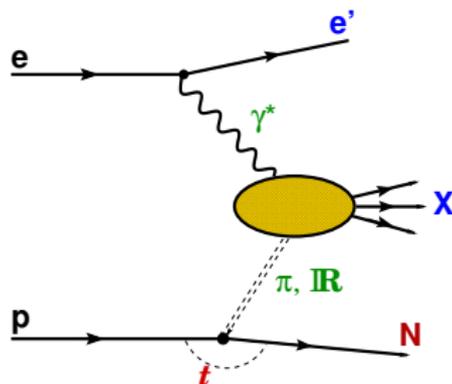
- ▶ Leaving pQCD regime  
→ Approach from soft physics
- ▶ Leading baryons (leading neutrons/leading protons)
  - ▶ contain characteristics of both soft and hard interactions
  - ▶ data is best described by Regge theory (essentially soft)
  - ▶ excellent ground to study the interplay between hard-soft physics

# Leading neutron production at HERA

The process:

One-Pion-Exchange Model:

- ▶  $p \rightarrow \pi n$
- ▶  $\frac{d\sigma_{ep \rightarrow e'nX}}{dx_L dt} = f_{\pi/p}(x_L, t) \sigma^{e\pi}((1-x_L)s)$
- ▶  $x_L = \frac{E_n}{E_p}$

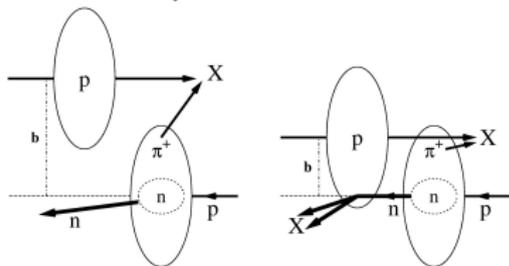


Parameters from low energy hadron collisions (soft physics)

# How does it relate multi-parton interactions?

Absorption: secondary interactions

d'Alesio and Pirner, EPJ A7 (2000) 109  
**(resembles MPI implementation in JIMMY)**



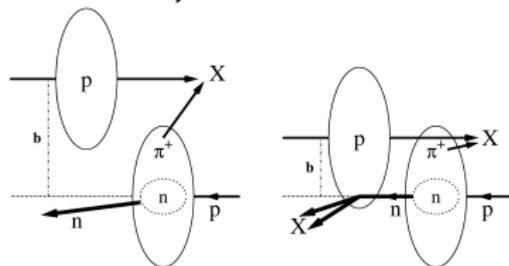
Nikolaev, Speth and Zakharov, hep-ph/9708290

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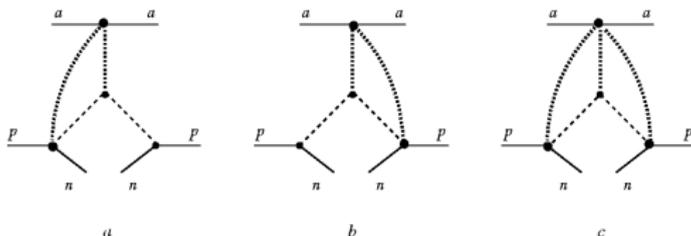
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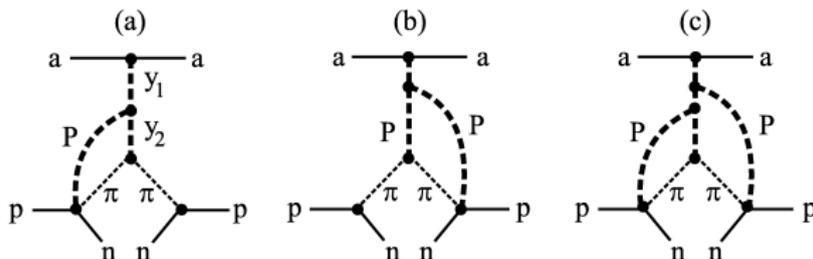


Nikolaev, Speth and Zakharov, hep-ph/9708290



# Absorption

Kaidalov, Khoze, Martin, Ryskin, hep-ph/062215

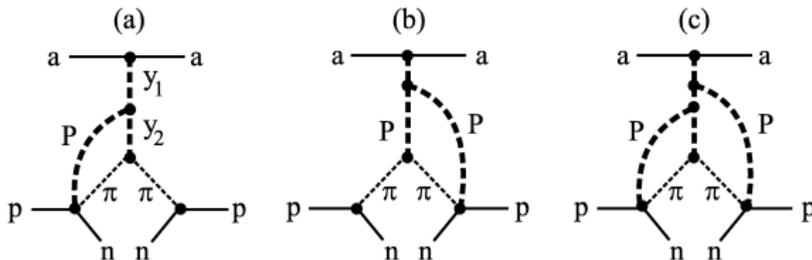


- absorption from additional pomeron exchange
- (a)-(c) contribute to the dominant process

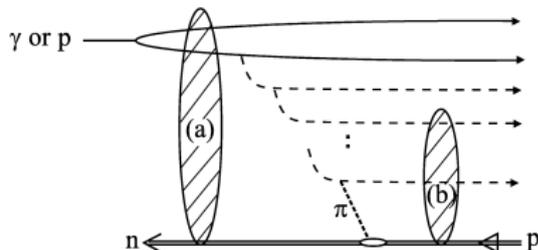
Similar case, different approach

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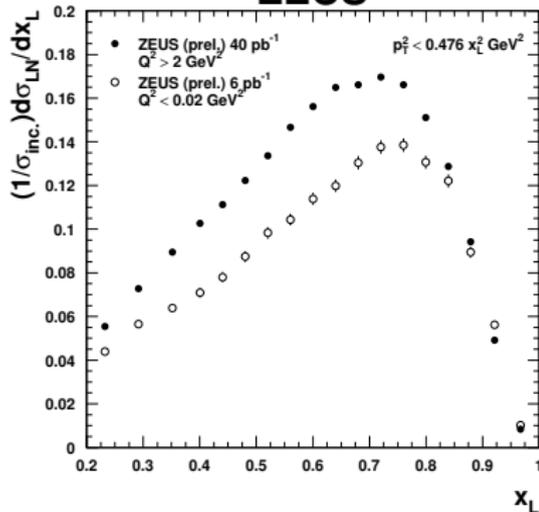
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# Leading neutrons

Photoproduction and DIS samples,  $0.2 < x_L < 1$ ,  $\theta_n < 0.75$  mrad

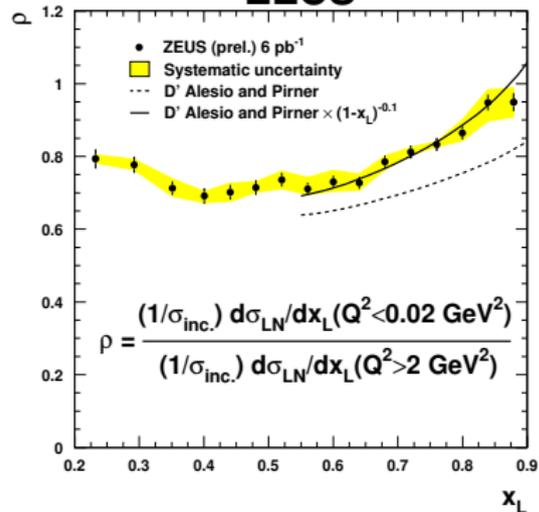
**Fewer neutrons seen in photoproduction**

**ZEUS**



**Model: d'Alesio and Pirner**

**ZEUS**

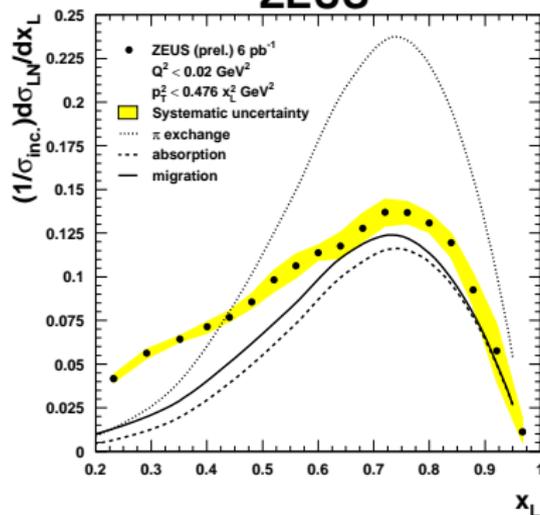


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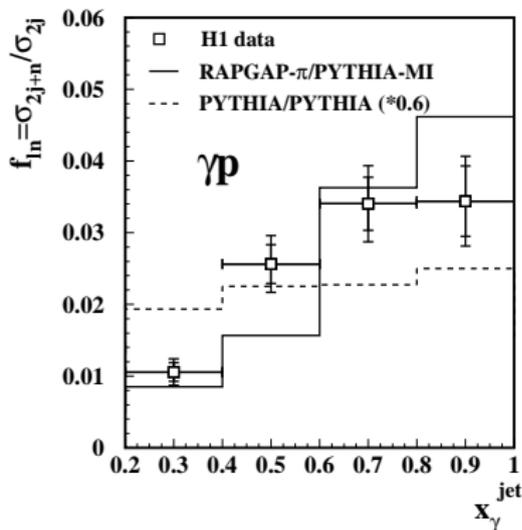
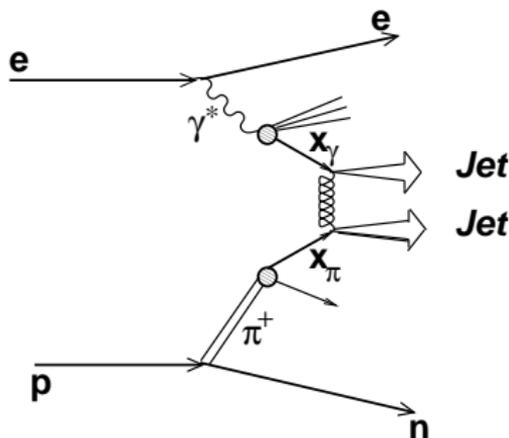
Model: Kaidalov, Khoze, Martin, Ryskin  
**ZEUS**



data in agreement with absorption hypothesis

## Leading Neutrons - ratios dijets+n/inclusive dijets

Dijet photoproduction sample,  $0.488 < x_L < 1$ ,  $\theta_n < 0.75$  mrad



- ▶ Neutron production suppressed in resolved-photon enriched region
- ▶ Shape well described by RAPGAP ( $\pi$ -exchange MC) and PYTHIA-MPI

# Summary

## Results from Multi-Jets (3 and 4 jets photoproduction)

- ▶ First measurement of 4-jets in  $\gamma p$  at HERA is presented
- ▶ pQCD alone (LO matrix elements + parton shower) not able to describe the data (3 and 4 jets)
  - ▶ Additional component missing at low  $M_{nj}$  and low  $x_\gamma^{\text{OBS}}$
- ▶ Data much better described by MC+tuned MPIs
  - ▶ HOWEVER, introduction of MPI in MCs spoils good description of the  $y$  distribution
  - ▶  $d\sigma/dy$  is a good quantity for tuning/testing MPI models
  - ▶ MPI may be not the only missing component
- ▶ Data is ahead of theory
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- ▶ First measurement of 4-jets in  $\gamma p$  at HERA is presented
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## Conclusion

- ▶ MPIs and underlying event must be understood and quantified for they are expected to play an important role on LHC
- ▶ We looked at Multi Parton Interactions from the very hard (multi-jets) to the quasi-soft (leading baryon) regime processes at HERA
- ▶ HERA provides good quality data to help understanding the problem