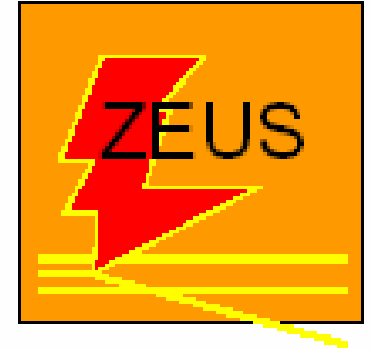


Polarized Cross-Sections at HERA

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**On behalf of
the H1 and ZEUS collaborations**



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- Introduction : Polarization at HERA-II
- CC and NC cross-sections
- Summary

Deep Inelastic Scattering at HERA

DIS is a straightforward tool to probe p structure

I. High- Q^2 DIS

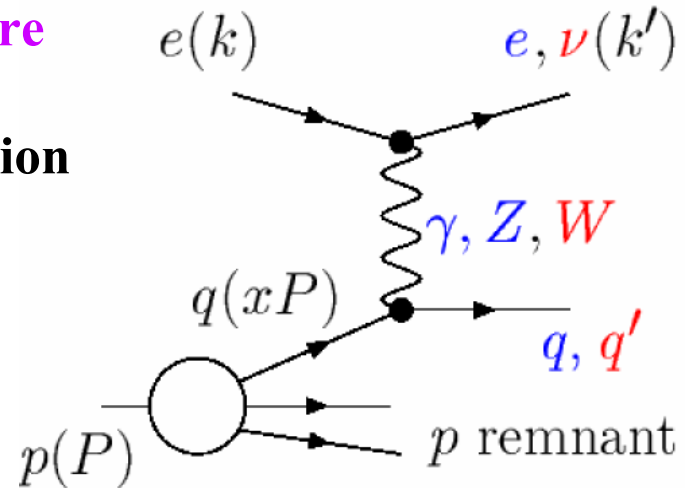
→ Probe proton with small spatial resolution

$$Q^2 = -(k - k')^2 \quad \lambda \sim 1/\sqrt{Q^2}$$

$$Q_{MAX}^2 = s \quad \text{HERA, the first ep collider}$$

$$E_e = 27.6 \text{ GeV}, E_p = 920 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{s} \sim 319 \text{ GeV}, Q_{MAX}^2 \sim 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2, \lambda_{MAX} \sim 1/1000 r_{proton}$$



In the Standard Model (SM): ep DIS = incoherent sum of eq scatterings

II. High- Q^2 DIS

→ Probe EW dynamics between eq (both via NC and CC!)

$$\sigma(ep) \propto \sum_{EW \otimes QCD} \sigma(eq) \otimes (pdf)$$

DIS Cross-Sections (unpolarized)

Experiment measures : Cross-sections \leftrightarrow Structure Functions (SFs)

● NC : $\frac{d^2 \sigma^{NC}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} \times \{Y_+ F_2^{NC} \mp Y_- xF_3^{NC} - y^2 F_L^{NC}\}$

※ For γ^* probe, two SFs are needed (\leftarrow two status of γ^*)

※ $x F_3$: Sign changes in e^+/e^-

Measured in terms of:

➤ Mom.frac. of q

➤ Spatial resolution

$x = Q^2 / 2pq$: Mom. Fraction of the struck quark

$y = pq / pk$: Inelasticity

● CC : $\frac{d^2 \sigma^{CC}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi} \left(\frac{M_W^2}{M_W^2 + Q^2} \right)^2 \times \{Y_+ F_2^{CC} \mp Y_- xF_3^{CC} - y^2 F_L^{CC}\}$

Theory interprets : SFs \leftrightarrow Couplings, Parton Distribution Functions (PDFs)

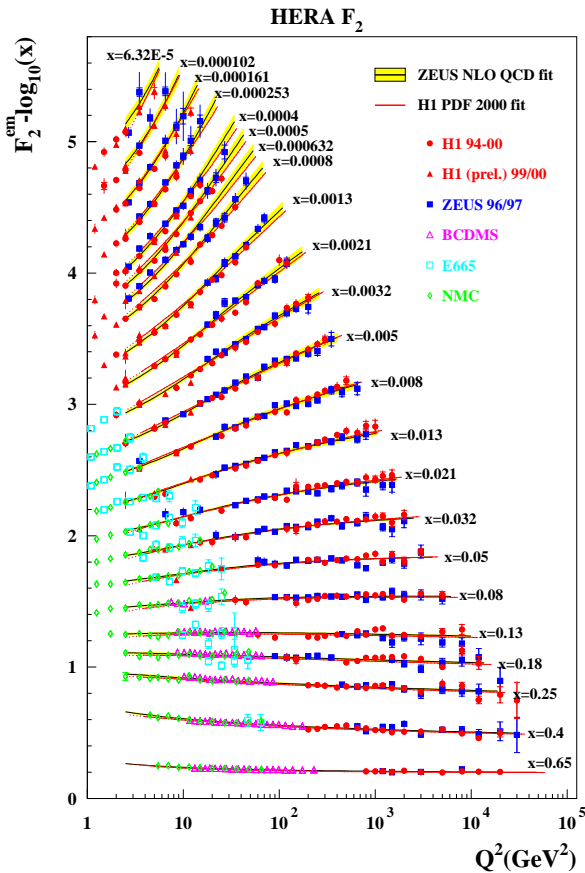
● PDFs include long-range effects. In spite, pQCD can predict how they “evolve” with $Q^2 \rightarrow$ DGLAP evolution equation

※ Q^2 dependence of $F_2 \rightarrow$ “Scaling Violation”

HERA-I : SFs

HERA-I : 94-00 both H1/ZEUS collected $\sim 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of e^+p , $\sim 15 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of e^-p

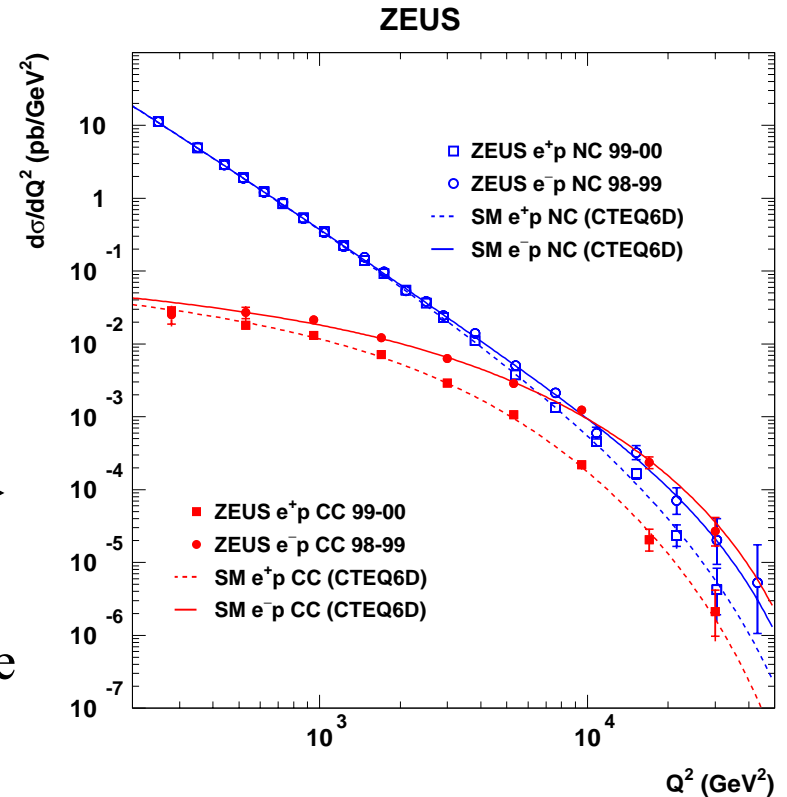
Inclusive SF measurements at mid Q^2



pQCD does excellent jobs !!

pQCD is fine
 \rightarrow Began to join the game of EW

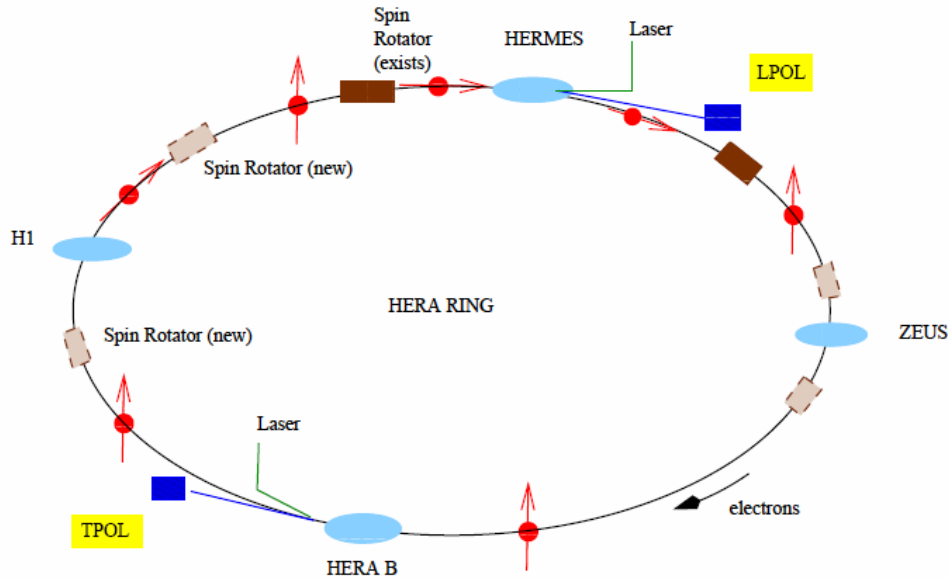
EW unification at high Q^2



(\rightarrow See talk by S.Schmitt, QCD-hard session)

HERA I → II

Longitudinal polarization of lepton beam : → Direct EW sensitivity

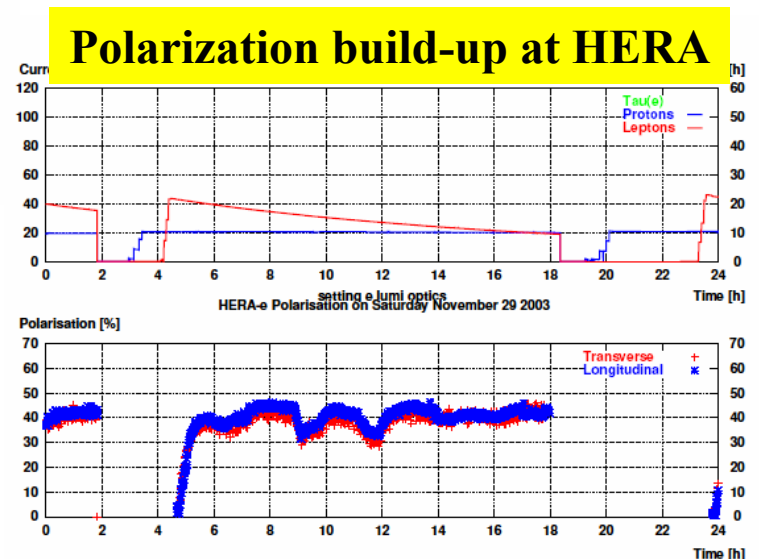


- Sokolov-Ternov effect
→ Lepton beam has transverse polarization
- +
- Spin rotator before/after the H1/ZEUS/HERMES detectors.

Luminosity Upgrade :

← High- Q^2 requires large luminosity

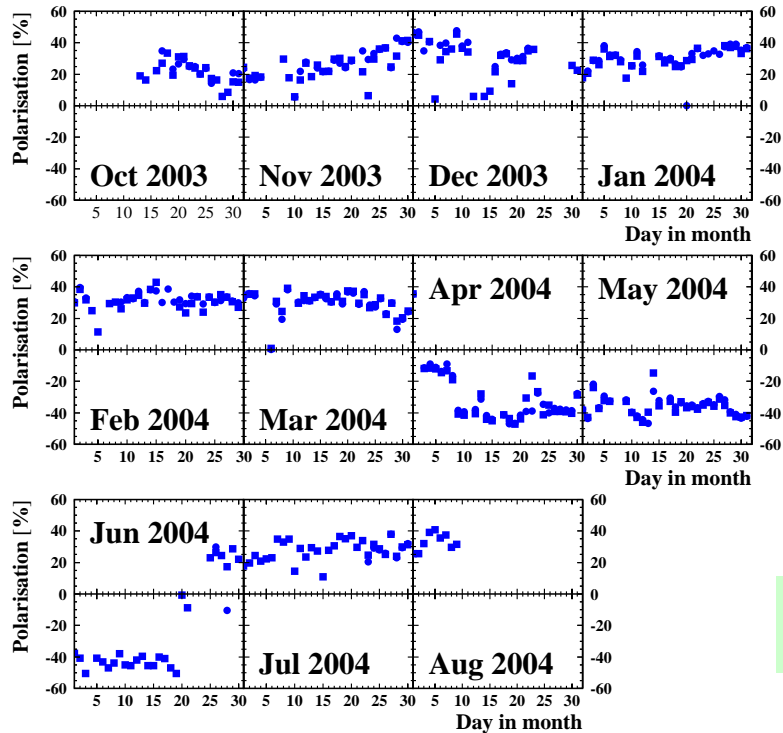
- Final focusing magnets in the detector



HERA-II Running

Longitudinal Polarization

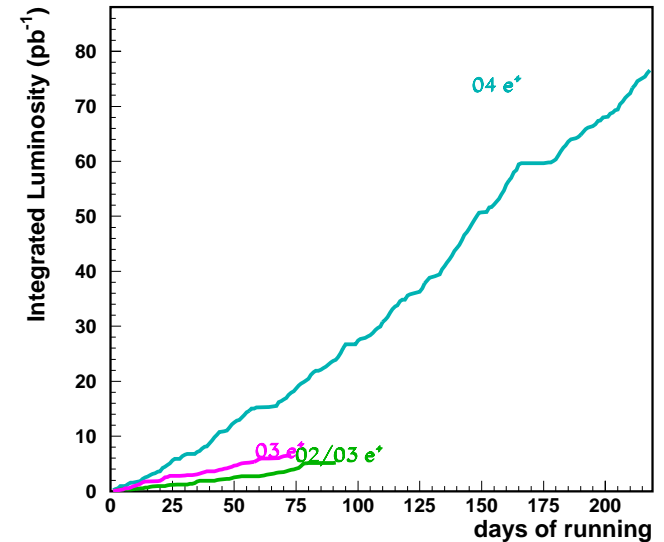
Average HERA polarisation



What presented in this talk are:
 → The first results of polarized DIS with both helicities at HERA scale !

Luminosity

HERA delivered



→ HERA-II has begun!

Operation 2003-04 : $e^+ p$

- H1 : 15.3 pb⁻¹ at P=+33.0 %
 21.7 pb⁻¹ at P=-40.2 %
- ZEUS : 14.1 pb⁻¹ at P=+31.8 %
 16.4 pb⁻¹ at P=-40.2%

Polarized Physics at HERA

CC = Pure Weak

- Cross-section linearly depends on Polarization
- Direct sensitivity to right-handed charged-current interaction

$$\sigma^{\pm}_{CC} = (1 \pm P) \sigma_{CC} (P = 0)$$

NC = Interference γ^*/Z (+ Z^*Z term)

- Polarization dependence of cross-section is not so dramatic as in CC
- Sensitivity to the quark coupling constants to Z through the polarization effects
(With e^+/e^- , pol/unpol. vector/axial-vector couplings can be disentangled.)

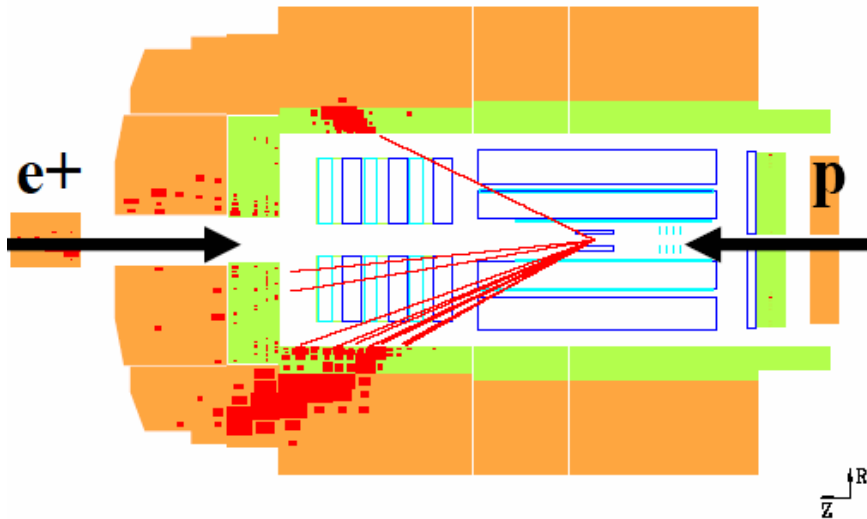
$$\sigma^{\pm}_{NC} = Y_+[F_2^{0,\pm} + P F_2^{P,\pm}] + Y_-[xF_3^{0,\pm} + P xF_3^{P,\pm}]$$

$$F_2^{P,\pm} = \sum x(q + \bar{q})[\mp 2aQ_q v_q \kappa_Z \pm 2va(v_q^2 + a_q^2)\kappa_Z^2]$$

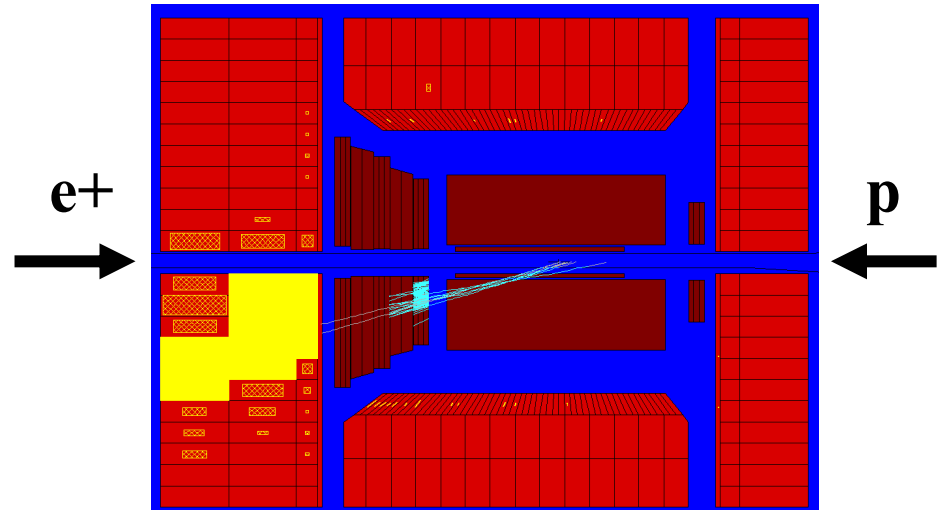
$$xF_3^{P,\pm} = \sum x(q - \bar{q})[2vQ_q a_q \kappa_Z - 2(v^2 + a^2)v_q a_q \kappa_Z^2]$$

DIS Events

NC Event



CC Event



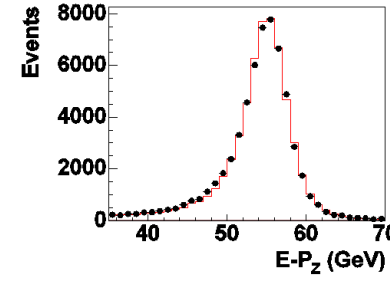
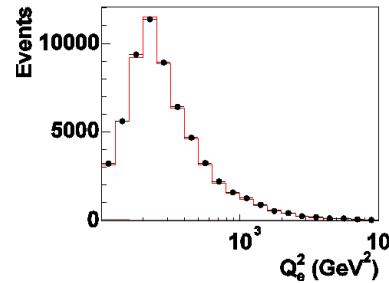
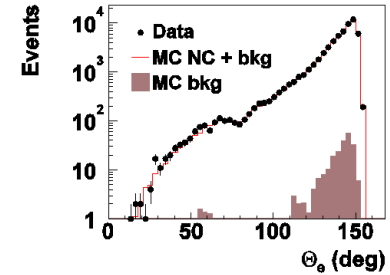
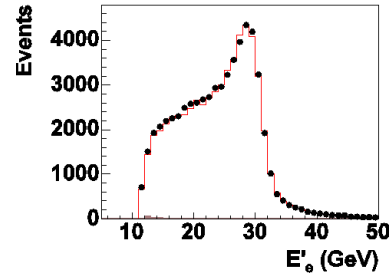
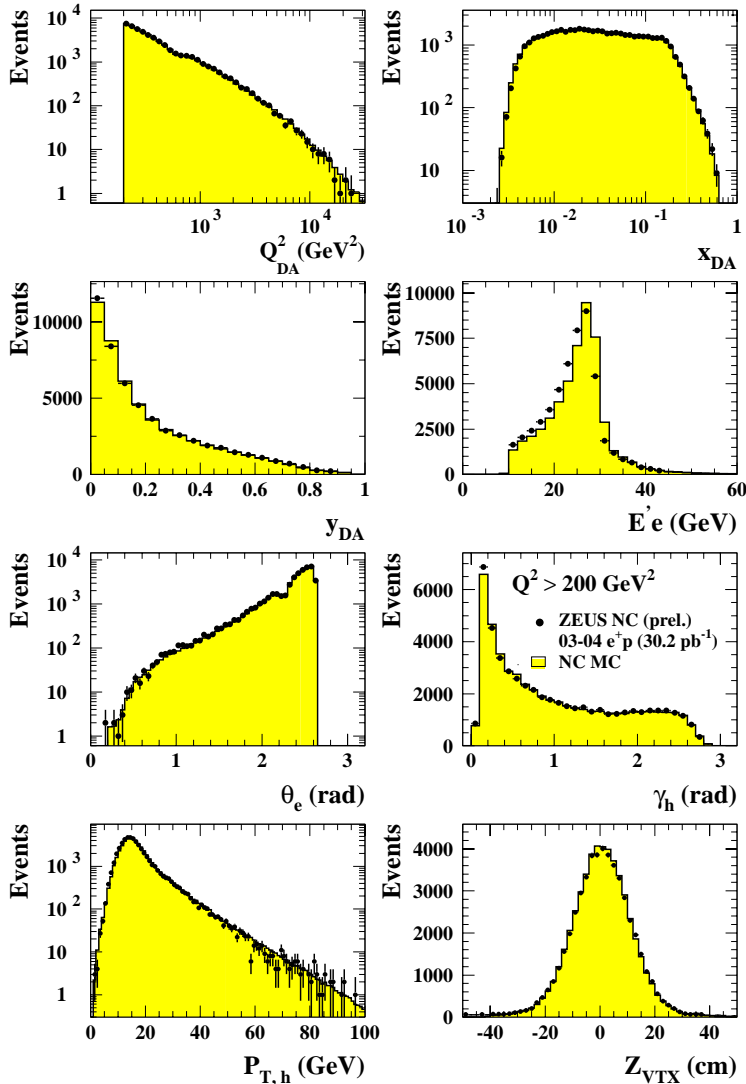
- Selection: presence of high p_T scattered electron
- Kinematics well reconstructed using either electrons or hadrons (or both)

- Selection: presence of large missing transverse energy: $P_{t,miss}$
- Kinematics reconstructed using hadrons (only possible)

NC Events : Detector Controls

H1 Preliminary

ZEUS



● Electron energy (E_e), scattering angle (θ_e), angle of hadron system (γ_h), vertex position (Zvtx) etc. are well-reproduced.

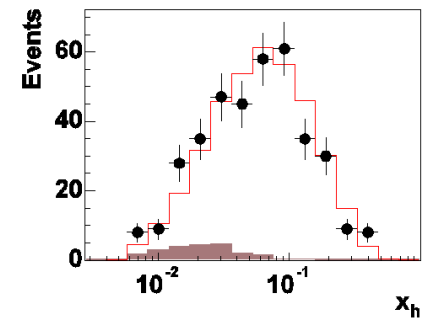
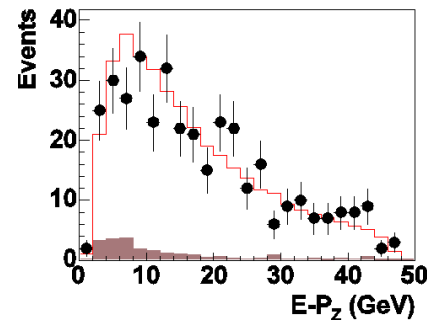
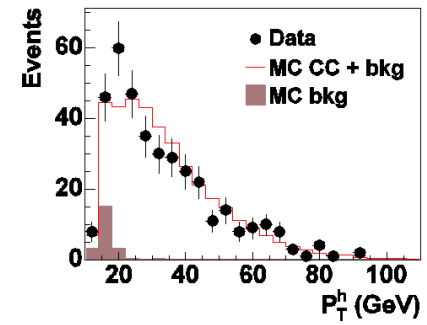
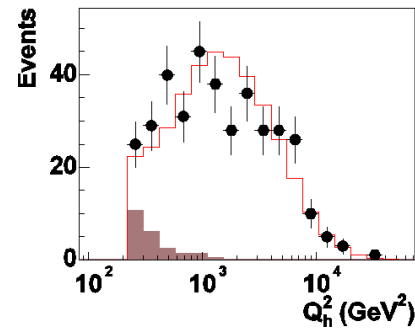
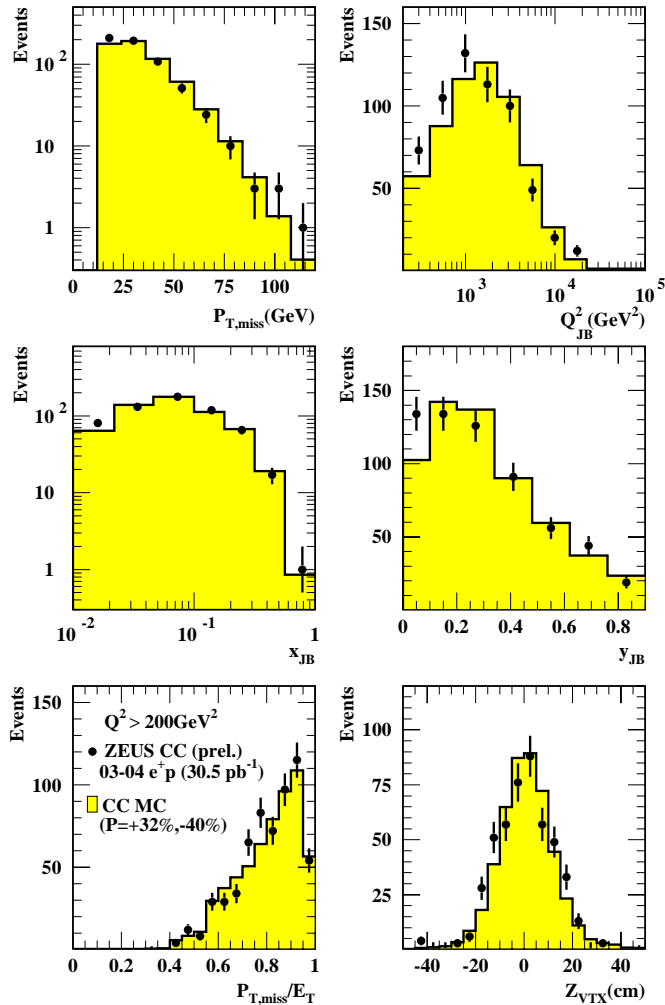
→ H1/ZEUS detectors are well performing and well understood.

● CC : Hadronic energy measurement is crucial. Well understood and checked with NC real data!

CC Events

H1 Preliminary

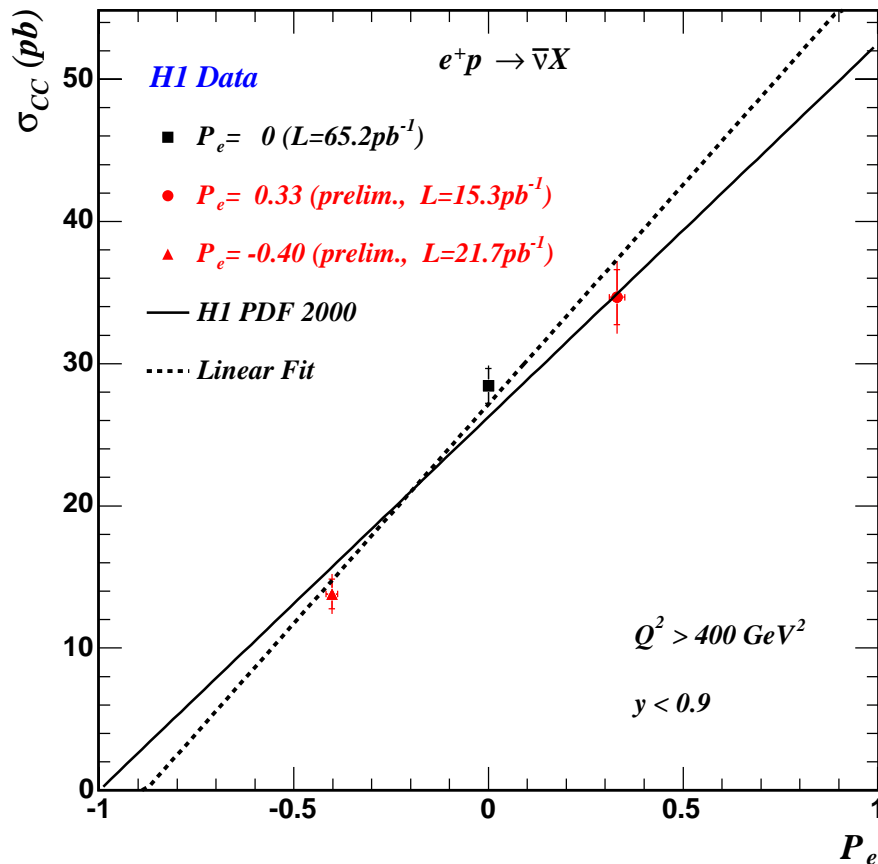
ZEUS



● Missing transverse energy (P_T , miss) and longitudinal hadronic energy ($E-P_Z$) etc. are well described.

→ Ready to unfold data to get cross-sections!

CC Total Cross-Section [H1]



$Q^2 > 400 GeV^2, y < 0.9$

$$P = +33 \pm 2\%$$

$$\sigma = 34.67 \pm 1.9(stat.) \pm 1.7(syst.) pb$$

$$P = -40.2 \pm 1.5\%$$

$$\sigma = 13.80 \pm 1.0(stat.) \pm 1.0(syst.) pb$$

Lumi error included

Remind: CC is pure weak

$$\rightarrow \sigma_{CC}(P) = (1+P) \sigma_{CC}(P=0)$$

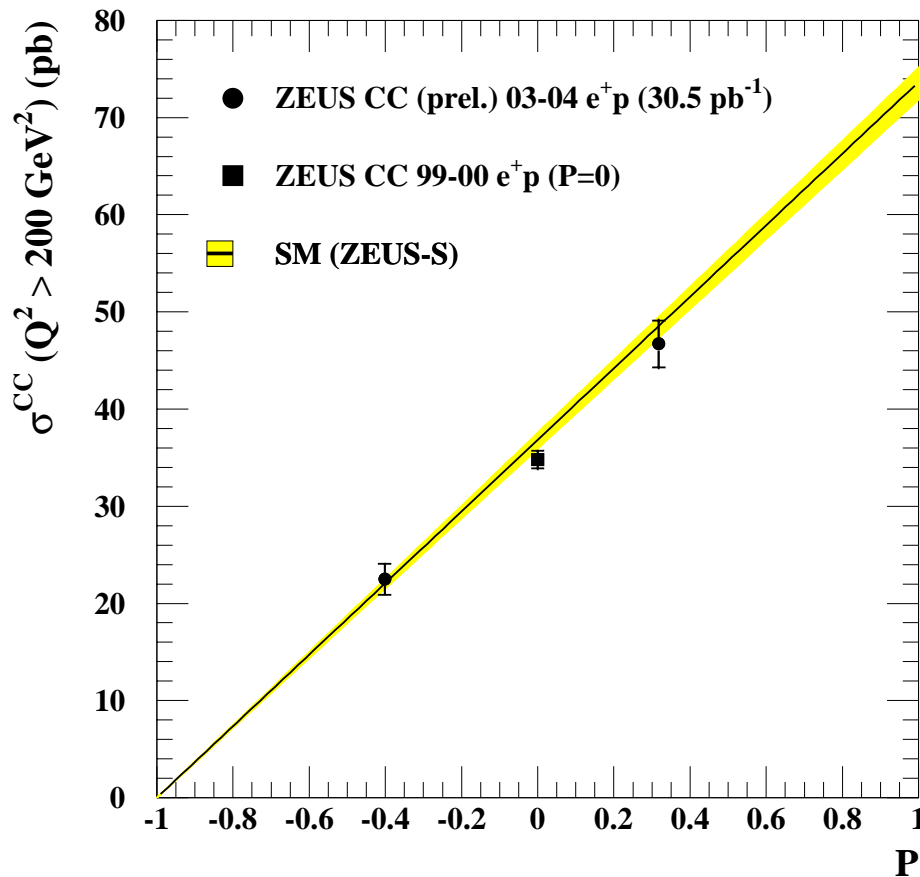
A linear fit (w.r.t. P) gave:

$$\sigma_{CC}(P = -1) = -3.7 \pm 2.4(stat.) \pm 2.7(syst.) pb$$

● Consistent with the SM prediction of: $\sigma_{CC}(RH)=0$

CC Total Cross-Section [ZEUS]

ZEUS



$Q^2 > 200 \text{ GeV}^2$

$$P = +31.8 \pm 0.9\% \quad (L = 14.1 \text{ pb}^{-1})$$

$$\sigma = 46.7 \pm 2.4(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.0(\text{syst.})$$

$$\pm 2.3(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

3.4 σ above the unpol. prediction

$$P = -40.2 \pm 1.1\% \quad (L = 16.4 \text{ pb}^{-1})$$

$$\sigma = 22.5 \pm 1.6(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.5(\text{syst.})$$

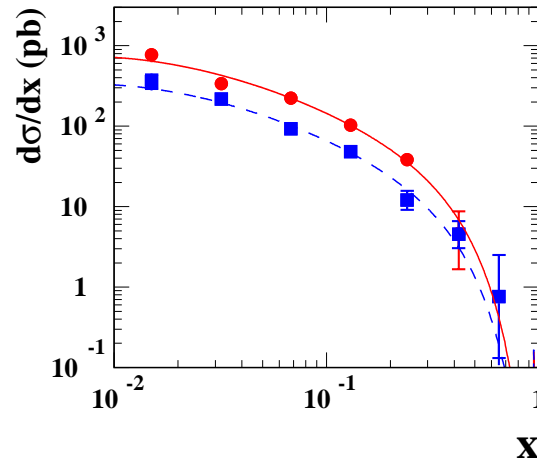
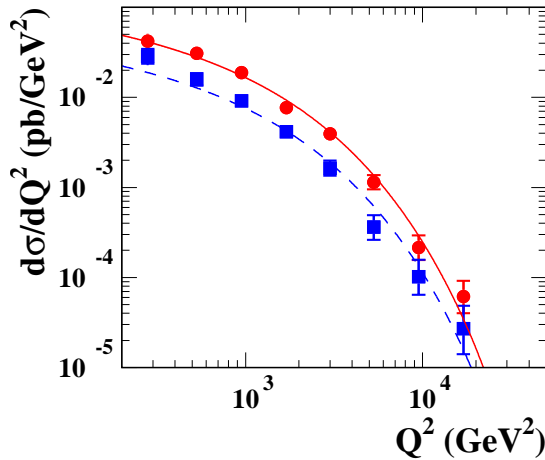
$$\pm 1.1(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

6.1 σ below the unpol. prediction

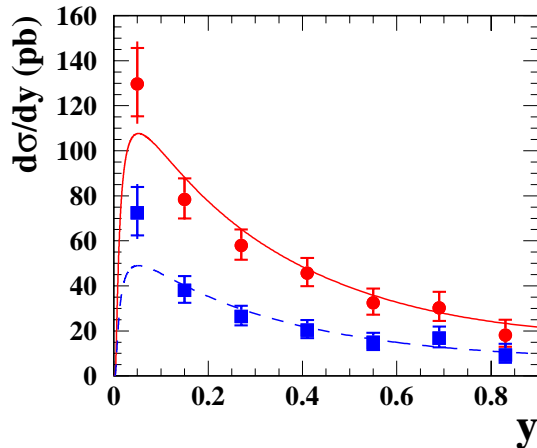
- Consistent with the SM prediction (pdf=ZEUS-S)
- No apparent observation of $\sigma_{\text{CC}}(\text{RH})$.

CC Single Differential Cross-Sections [ZEUS]

ZEUS



- $d\sigma / dQ^2$
- $d\sigma / dx$
- $d\sigma / dy$



- ZEUS CC (prel.)
03-04 e^+p (14.1pb^{-1})
- ZEUS CC (prel.)
04 e^+p (16.4pb^{-1})
- SM (ZEUS-S) $P = +32\%$
- - SM (ZEUS-S) $P = -40\%$

Remind: CC is pure weak
 $\rightarrow \sigma_{CC}(P) = (1+P) \sigma_{CC}(P=0)$

- Polarization effects observed in overall, i.e. no phase space bias.
 \rightarrow Agrees with the SM prediction of : overall normalization change by $(1+P)$ factor.

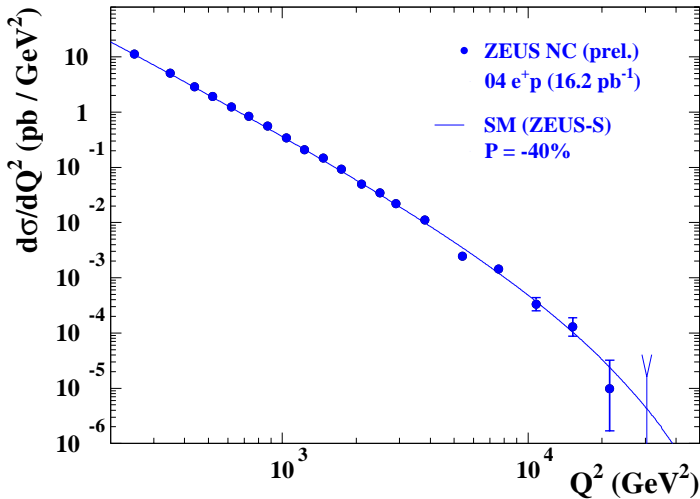
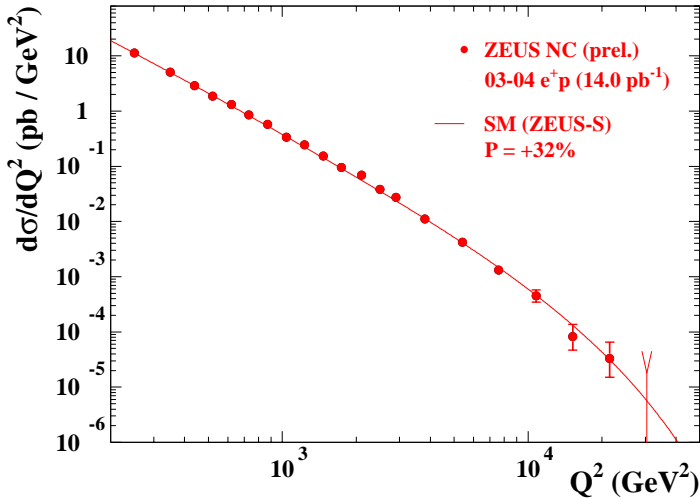
$Q^2 > 200 \text{ GeV}^2$

NC $d\sigma/dQ^2$ [ZEUS]

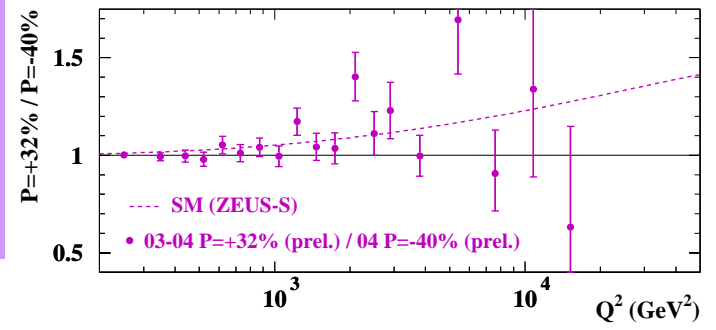
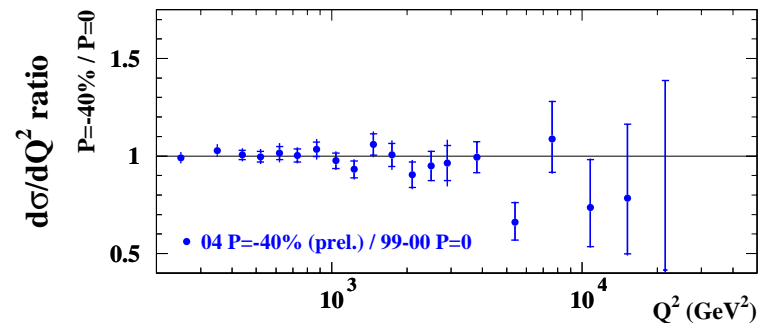
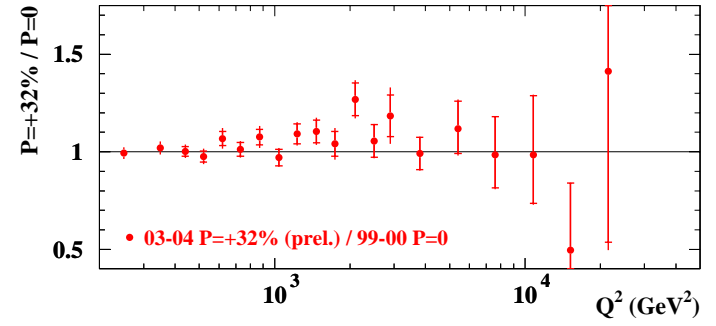
$d\sigma/dQ^2$ ratio

ZEUS

ZEUS



$\chi^2 = 1.69$
(w/ Pol.)
 $\chi^2 = 2.29$
(w/o Pol.)
at $Q^2 > 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$

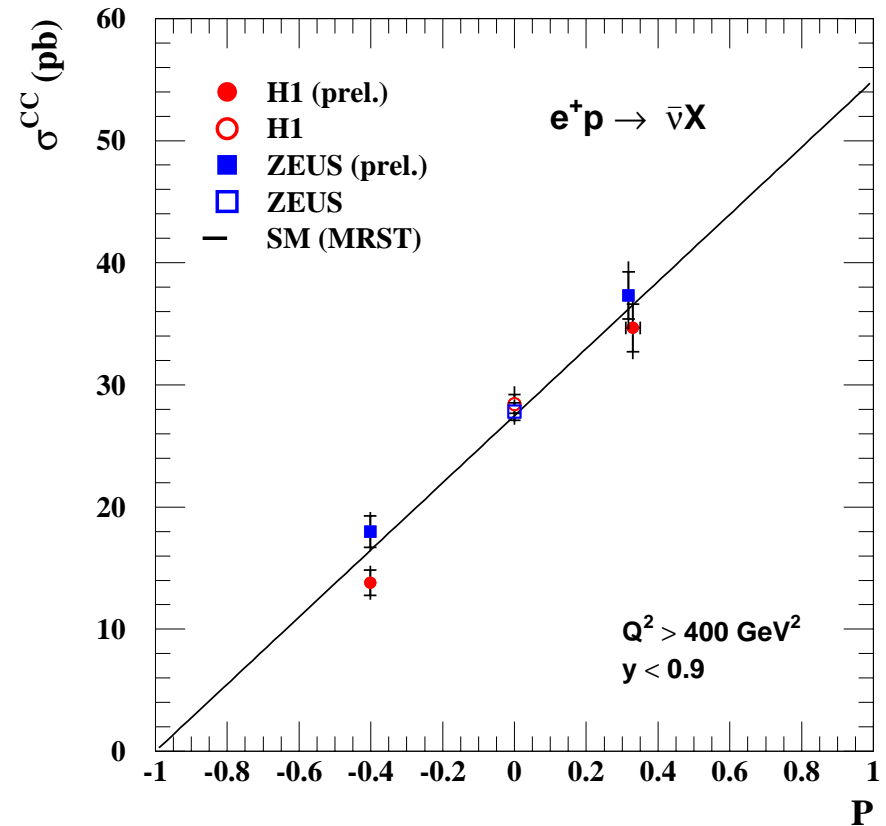


- Consistent with the SM prediction including the Polarization effect.
(And data slightly favor it than the prediction for unpol. beam.)

Summary

- HERA-II has begun and achieved now a stable and regular operation!
- The first physics results using longitudinally polarized e^+ beam were presented.
- CC, pure Weak, cross-sections were consistent with the SM prediction, i.e.
 - Consistent with the $\sigma_{CC}(RH)=0$
- NC, interference between EM and Weak, cross-sections were consistent with the SM prediction with polarization effect included.

HERA II



Outlook

- HERA will provide e^- from October (shutdown mid.August – September)
 - Much more on EW from HERA will come !