Neutral and Charged Currents at High Q<sup>2</sup> in Collisions of Longitudinally Polarized Positrons with Protons at HERA II



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# **Deep Inelastic Scattering in HERA ~NC & CC**



#### Polarized lepton( HERA II ) in SM

#### **Neutral Current :**

- -- Z<sup>0</sup> couples differently to the left and right handed lepton.
- Effect of polarization in high Q<sup>2</sup> only.

#### **Charged Current :**

- -- W couples only to the left handed lepton.
- -- Effect of polarization largely in all Q<sup>2</sup> region.

# Luminosity and polarization in HERA II



03-04 polarized data : 6.6 pb <sup>-1</sup>

**Polarization : 33%+-2.0%** 

# **CC cross section expectation in SM**



In the Standard Model,

\* electron:  $\sigma_{cc}(p=P) = (1-P) \sigma_{cc}(p=0)$ 

\* positron: 
$$\sigma_{cc}(p=P) = (1+P) \sigma_{cc}(p=0)$$

-- Unpolarized lepton (HERA I)

CC cross section (e<sup>+</sup>, e<sup>-</sup>) were measured

- -- Polarized lepton (HERA II)
  - → test the Standard Model
- -- Cross section were measured @ P = 33%

### NC cross section expectation in SM

#### Simulation at Lumi.=250pb<sup>-1</sup>,P=+-70%



NC cross section in high Q<sup>2</sup> changed by polarization in SM largely.

- need large luminosity to see polarization effect.
- ► With about 7pb-1, do not see effect of polarization yet.

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## **Neutral Current event selection**

		Pc	osit	ron	find	ding
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- -- Positron energy (Ee >10 GeV)
- -- CAL-track matching
- Reconstruction method:
   Double angle method (θ<sub>e</sub>+ γ<sub>h</sub>)





💈 Zeus Run 48087 Event 38541				
E=181 GeV	E <sub>t</sub> =108 GeV	E-p <sub>z</sub> =54.5		
E <sub>r</sub> =0 GeV	p <sub>t</sub> =5 GeV	p <sub>x</sub> =-2.63 G		
phi=2.12	t <sub>f</sub> =0.0788 ns	t <sub>b</sub> =-1.74 ns		
E <sub>e</sub> =60.2 GeV	θ <sub>e</sub> =1.07	¢ <sub>e</sub> =1.54		
Q <sup>2</sup> <sub>e.DA</sub> =4812 GeV <sup>2</sup>		•		



# **Neutral Current events**

-- Observed about 15000 events in Q<sup>2</sup>>200 GeV<sup>2</sup>

(Lumi. = 6.7pb-1).

-- DATA has good agreement to MC (luminosity normalized).

-- Reconstruction of the hadron system is fine (  $P_{T,h},\gamma_h$  distribution).

→ let's see CC event



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## **Kinematic Variables of Charger Current**

Missing transverse momentum due to escaping neutrino

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The Jaquet Blondel method

(Hadron system only)

$$y_{JB} = \frac{E - P_Z}{2E_e}$$

$$Q_{JB}^2 = \frac{P_T^2}{1 - y_{JB}}$$

$$\gamma = a\cos\left(\frac{P_T^2 - (E - P_Z)^2}{P_T^2 + (E - P_Z)^2}\right)$$

$$P_T = \sqrt{\left(\sum_i P_{x,h}^i\right)^2 + \left(\sum_i P_{y,h}^i\right)^2}$$

### **CC** event selection



# **Charged Current variables**



Data :

Lumi = 6.6 pb<sup>-1</sup> , P = 33%

Kinematic region :

CC MC @ P= 33% reproduced Data well.

# **Charged Current cross section**

$$\sigma_{Born}^{CC}(pol. = P) = \frac{N_{DATA}}{N_{MC}} \cdot \sigma_{SM}^{CC}(pol. = 0)$$

$$\geq N_{DATA} : \text{Number of CC events measured}$$

$$\geq N_{MC} : \text{Number of CC events expected at } pol. = 0$$

$$\geq \sigma_{Born}^{CC}(pol. = 0) : \text{SM CC cross section at } pol. = 0$$
Systematic checks :
-- CAL energy scale
-- CC selection threshold Total ~2%
-- PDF uncertainty
-- Trigger uncertainty

Lumi.=6.6pb<sup>-1</sup>, pol.=33%, Q<sup>2</sup>>400GeV<sup>2</sup>,  $\sigma_{CC}^{Q^2>400GeV^2} = 38.1 \pm 2.9(stat.) \pm 0.8(sys.) \pm 2.0(lumi.) \pm 0.8(pol) pb$ 

# CC cross section vs. polarization 1



## CC cross section vs. polarization 2

ZEUS



# Summary

#### First measurement of CC cross section with polarized positron and proton scattering was presented.

#### The cross section at P=33% was

 $\sigma_{cc}^{Q^2 > 400 GeV^2} = 38.1 \pm 2.9(stat.) \pm 0.8(sys.) \pm 2.0(lumi.) \pm 0.8(pol) \, pb$ 

#### **Consistent with the SM prediction**