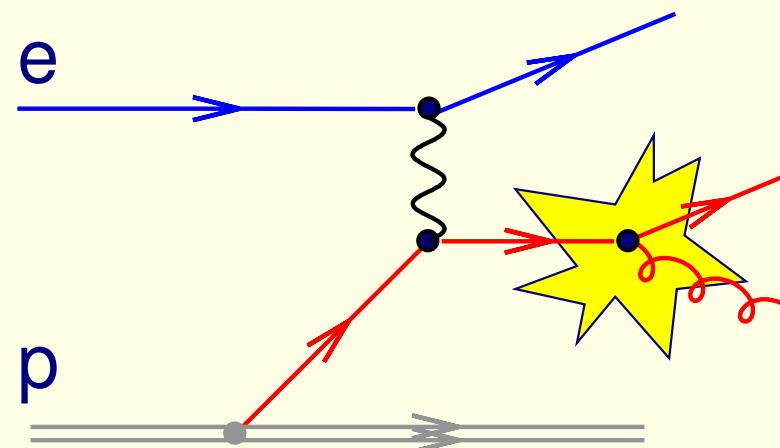


# Measurement of Event Shapes and Jet Shapes at HERA

Thomas Kluge, RWTH Aachen  
on behalf of the H1 and ZEUS collaborations

EPS 2003 — July, 17-23 2003, Aachen

- Subjet Multiplicities
- Jet Substructure
- Event Shapes



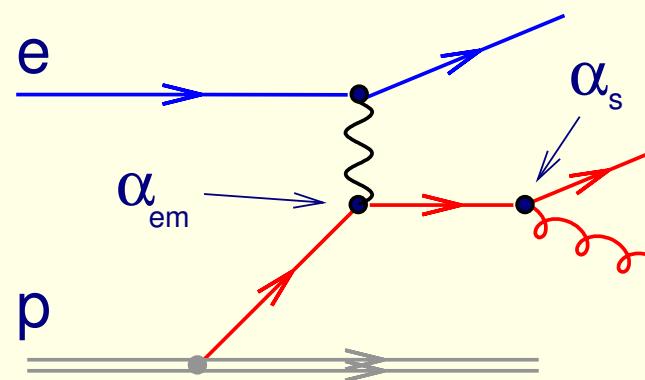
# Introduction

measure energy-momentum flow → study gluon radiation of QCD

shape variables are independent of total cross section

HERA: large  $E_T$  and  $Q$  range of 10..100 GeV for a single experiment

how far can one push QCD to the soft limit?



# Jet Shapes

apply  $k_T$  jet cluster algorithm, require min.  $E_T$

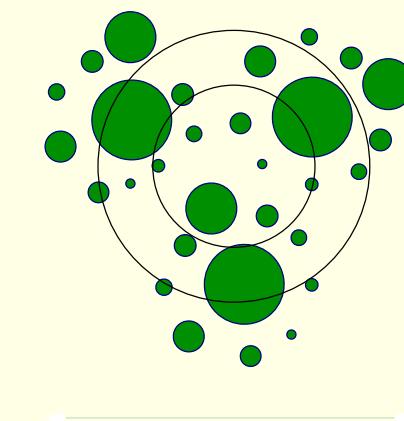
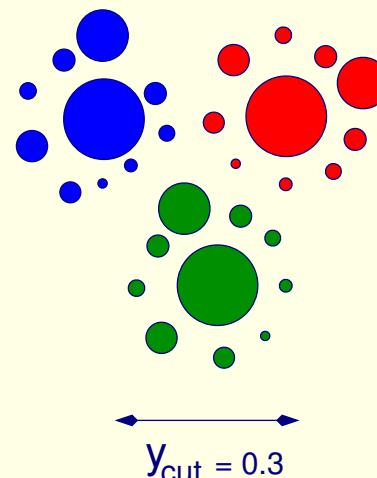
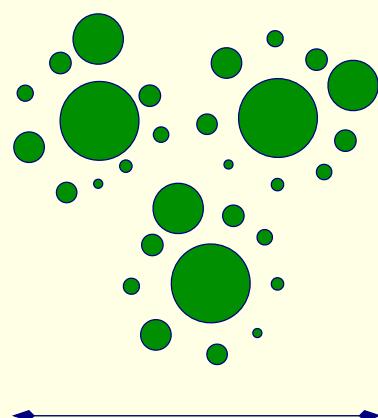
relevant scale  $E_T = 10..60$  GeV

high  $E_T \rightarrow$  fragmentation weak  $\rightarrow$  pQCD

study jet structure:

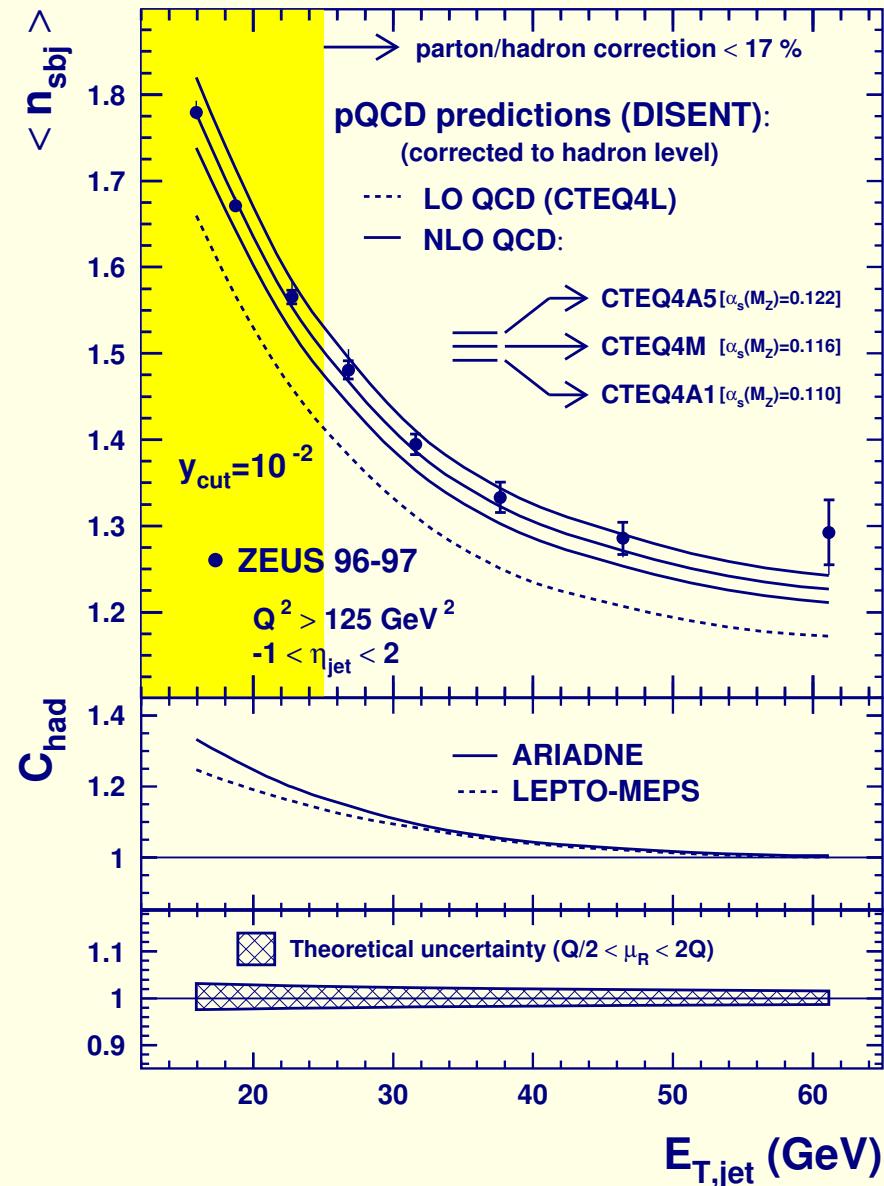
higher resolution  $y_{\text{cut}}$ : more subjets are resolved

$\psi$  measures the  $E_T$  within a cone of the jet



# Subjet Multiplicity

**ZEUS**



$38.6 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  NC DIS,  $Q^2 > 125 \text{ GeV}^2$

jets build in the lab frame

fixed value of  $y_{\text{cut}} = 10^{-2}$ :

the jets become narrower with increasing  $E_T$

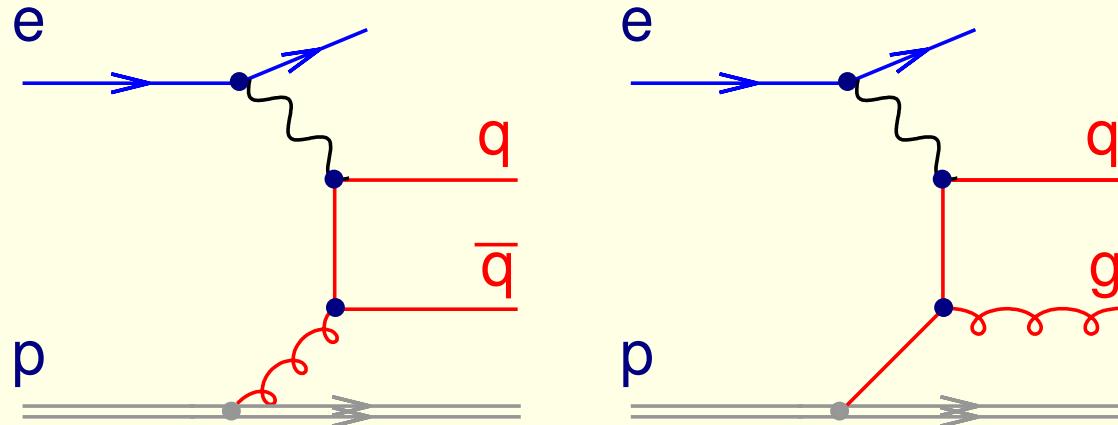
comparison with fixed-order QCD calculations  
with parton-to-hadron corrections applied

NLO calculations describe the data well →  
determination of  $\alpha_s$

$$0.1187 \pm 0.0017(\text{stat.})^{+0.0024}_{-0.0009}(\text{syst.})^{+0.0093}_{-0.0076}(\text{th.})$$

# Jet Shapes

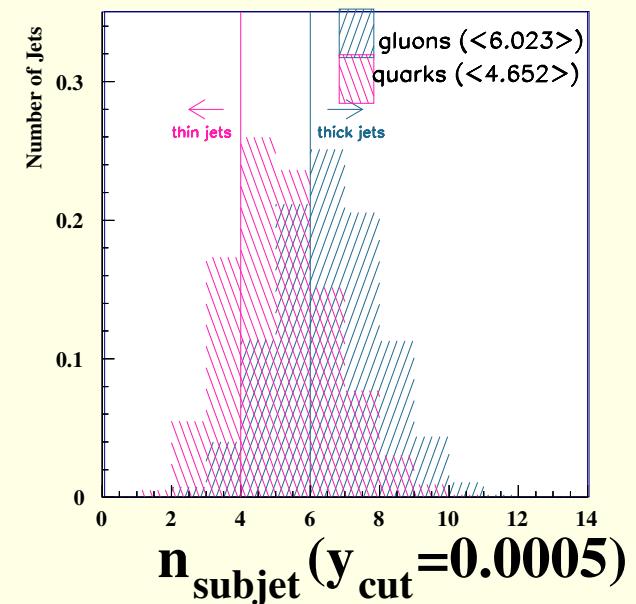
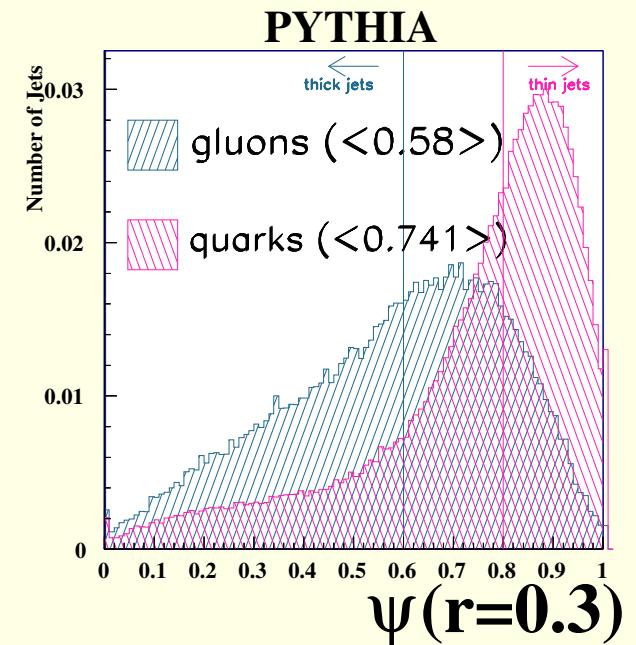
jets can stem from quarks or gluons



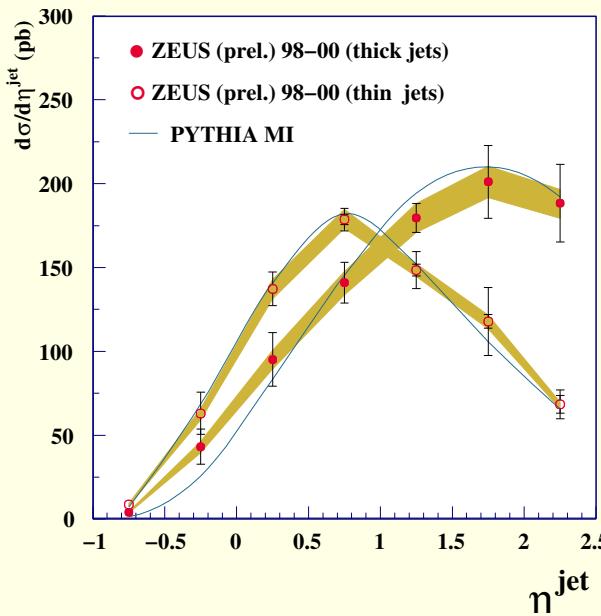
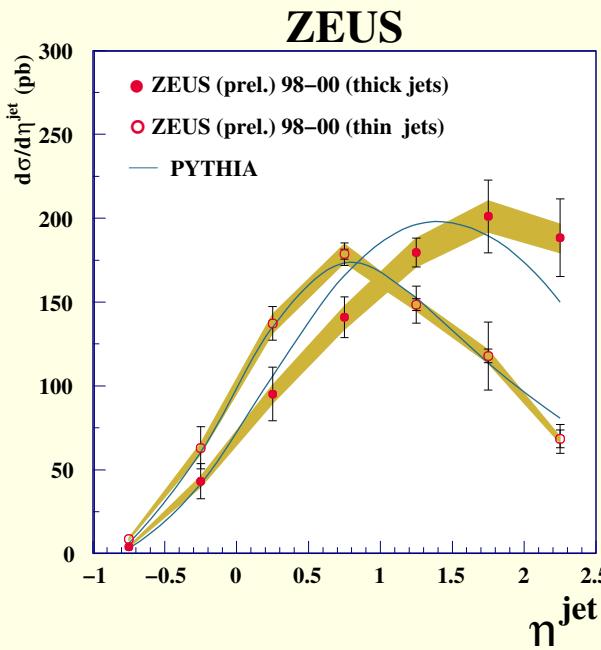
Selection with  $\psi$  and  $n_{\text{subj}}$

“thick” jets :=  $\psi < 0.6$ ,  $n_{\text{subj}} \geq 6$   
 $\rightarrow$  purity of gluons 67% (MC)

“thin” jets :=  $\psi > 0.8$ ,  $n_{\text{subj}} \leq 4$   
 $\rightarrow$  purity of quarks 98% (MC)



# Differential Jet Cross Sections

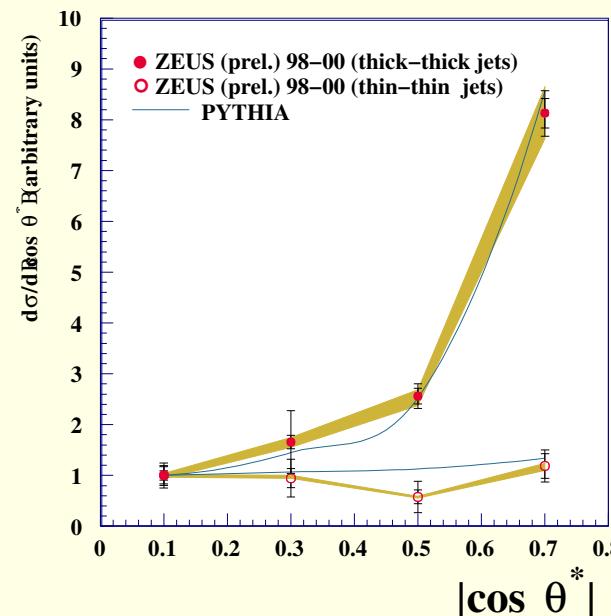


$82.2 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  photoproduction, ( $Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ )

gluon jets are more forward than quark jets

improved description by PYTHIA with multiparton interactions(MI) at high  $\eta_{jet}^{jet}$

results are consistent with expectations  
for quark/gluon jets



# Event Shapes

study whole hadronic final state without proton remnant

Breit frame to separate proton remnant

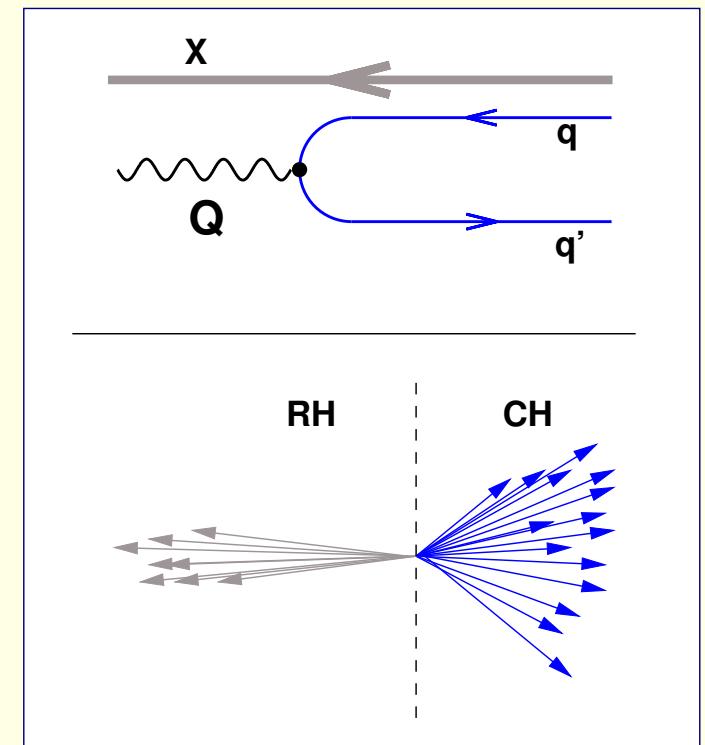
Current hemisphere (CH):  
similar to  $1/2 e^+e^-$  event

Observables defined in the CH:  
thrust  $\tau$ ,  $\tau_c$ , jet broadening  $B$ ,  $C$ -parameter and jet mass  $\rho_0$

$\eta_{\text{breit}} < 3$ :  
out-of-event-plane momentum  $K_{\text{out}}$  and azimuthal correlation  $\chi$

use  $k_t$  jet algorithm (no  $E_T$  cut!):  
jet rates  $y_2$ ,  $y_3$  and  $y_4$

relevant scale  $Q = 10..100 \text{ GeV}$



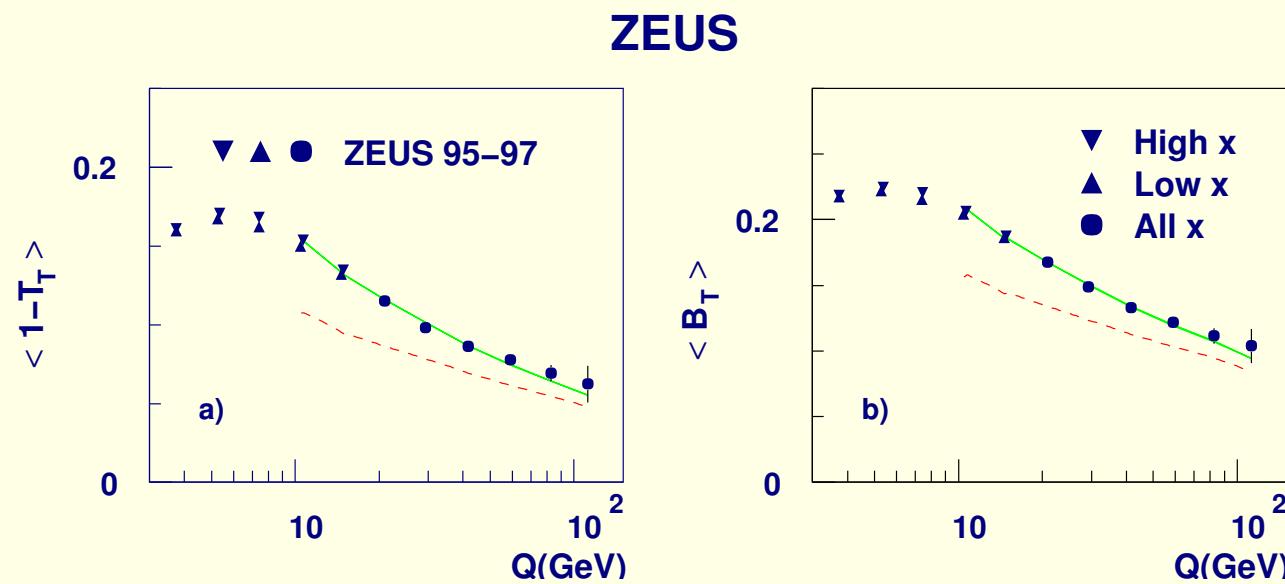
# Event Shapes

mean value:

$$\begin{aligned}\langle F \rangle &= \langle F \rangle_{\text{pQCD}} + a_F \mathcal{P} \\ \langle F \rangle_{\text{pQCD}} &= c_{1,F} \alpha_s(Q) + c_{2,F} \alpha_s^2(Q)\end{aligned}$$

distribution:

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \frac{d\sigma(F)}{dF} = \frac{1}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \frac{d\sigma^{\text{pQCD}}(F - a_F \mathcal{P})}{dF}$$



power correction:

$$\mathcal{P} = \frac{16}{3\pi} \mathcal{M}' \frac{\mu_I}{Q} [\bar{\alpha}_0(\mu_I) - \alpha_s(Q) -$$

$$\frac{\beta_0}{2\pi} \left( \ln \frac{Q}{\mu_I} + \frac{K}{\beta_0} + 1 \right) \alpha_s^2(Q)]$$

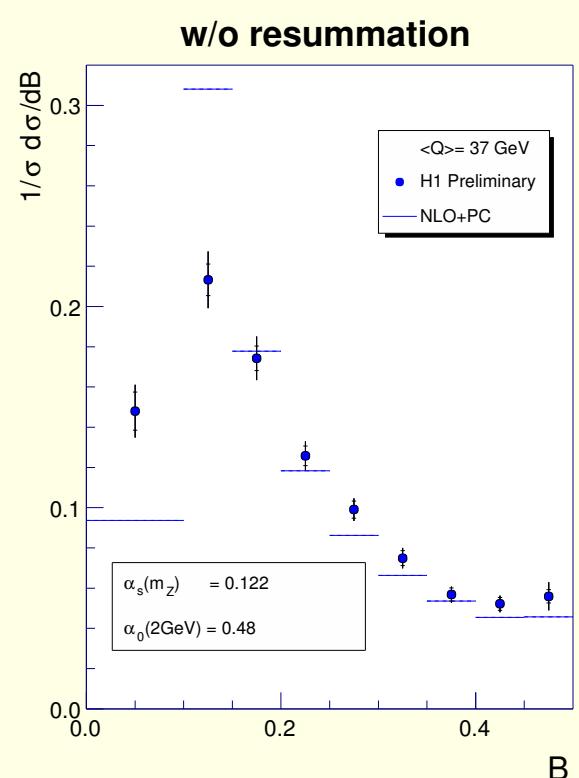
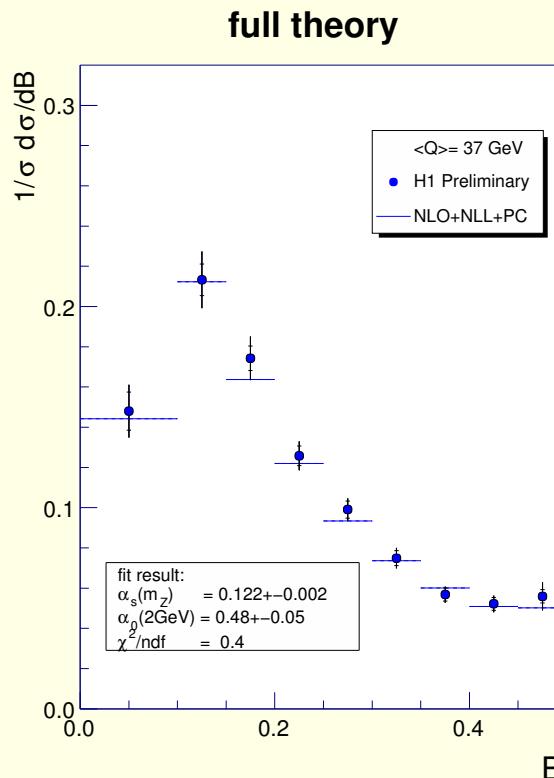
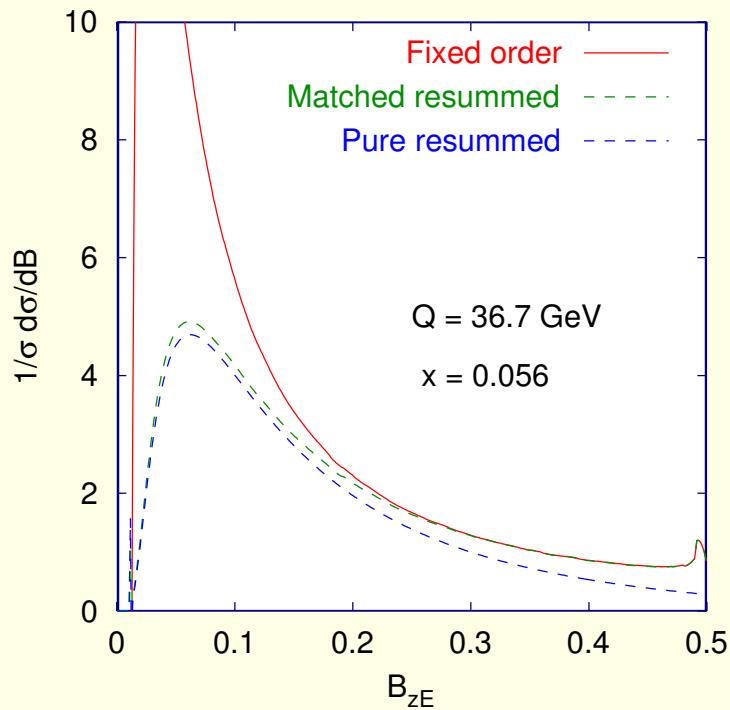
power corrections take care of hadronization  
→ shift of distributions

2 free parameters:  $\alpha_s$  and  $\bar{\alpha}_0$

data fitted well by pQCD and power correction

common  $\bar{\alpha}_0$  for means and distributions?

# Resummed Event Shapes Distributions



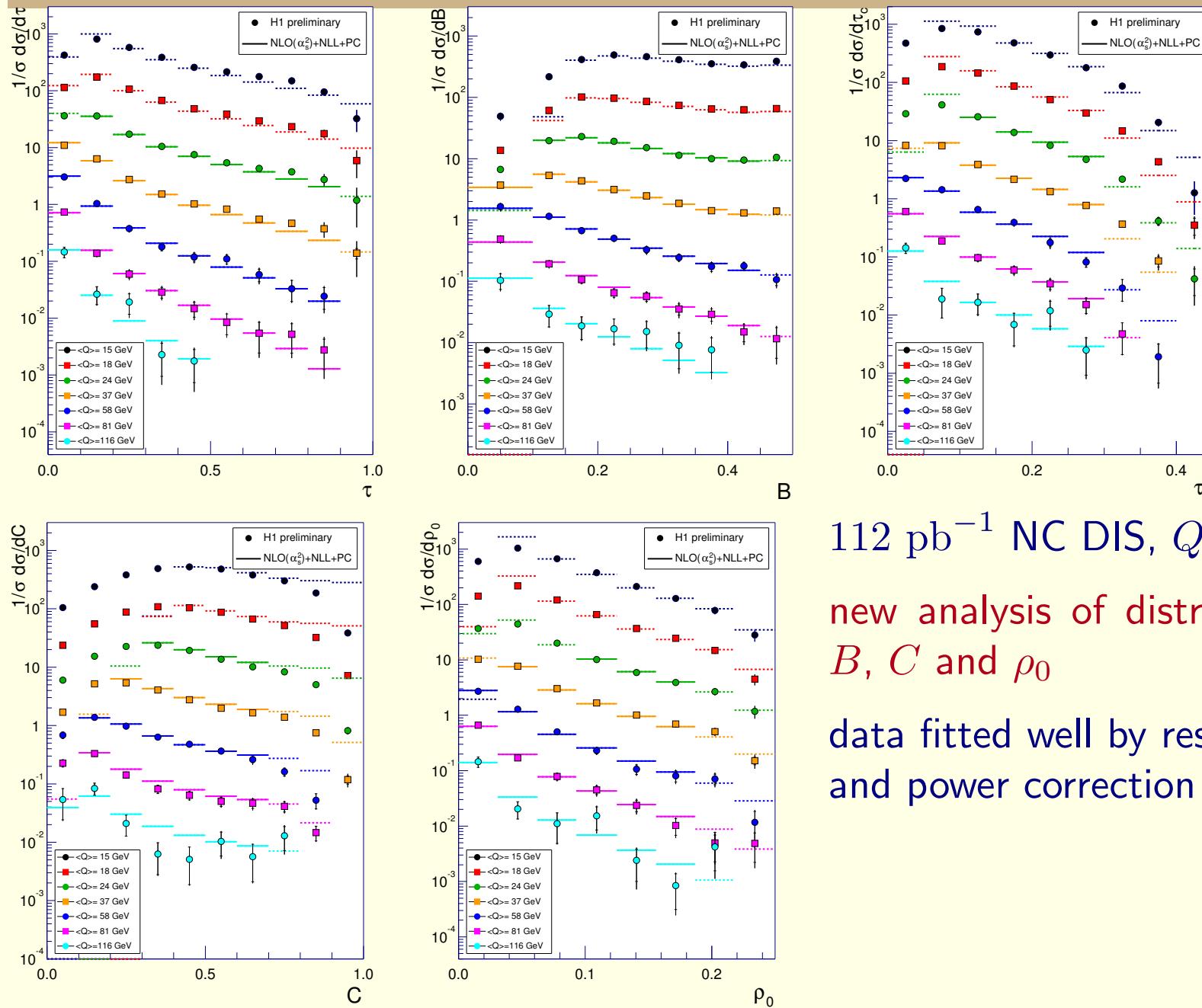
M. Dasgupta G.P. Salam

resum terms  $(\alpha_s \log^2 1/F)^n$  to all orders, log- $R$  matching to fixed order

important at low values → QPM limit

larger interval described

# Event Shapes Distributions

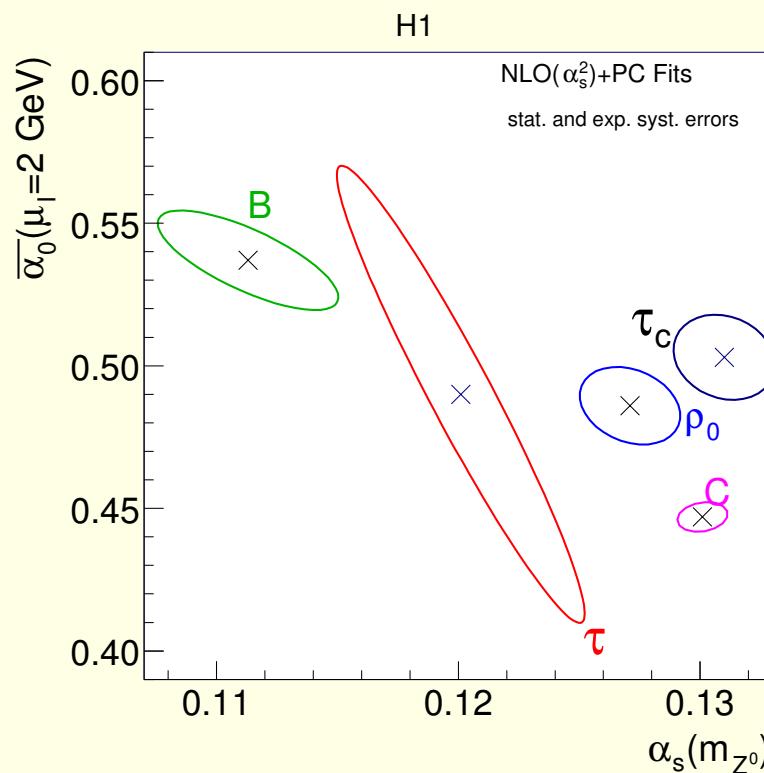
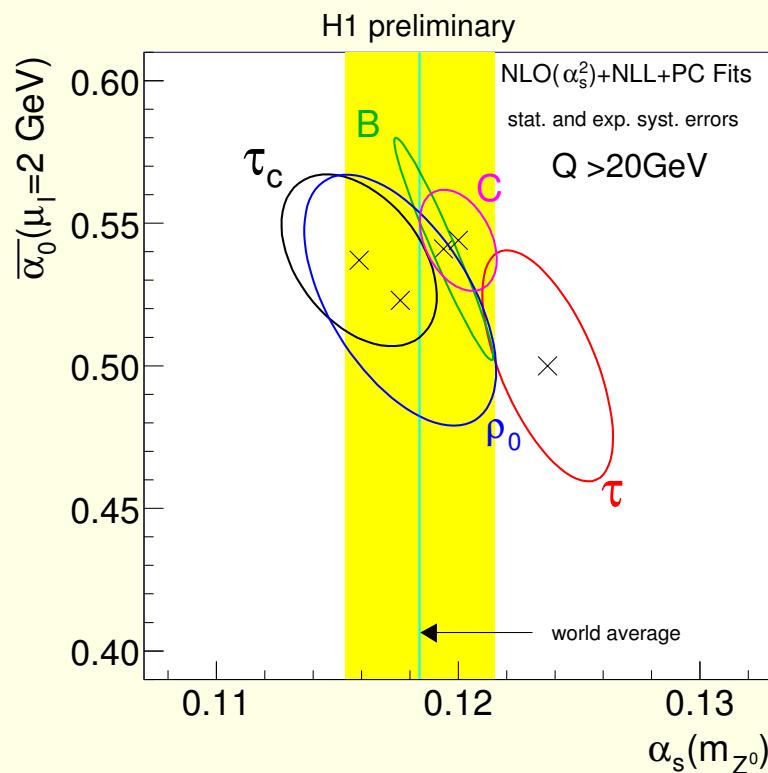


$112 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  NC DIS,  $Q^2 > 196 \text{ GeV}^2$

new analysis of distributions  $\tau$ ,  $\tau_c$ ,  
 $B$ ,  $C$  and  $\rho_0$

data fitted well by resummed pQCD  
and power correction

# Event Shapes

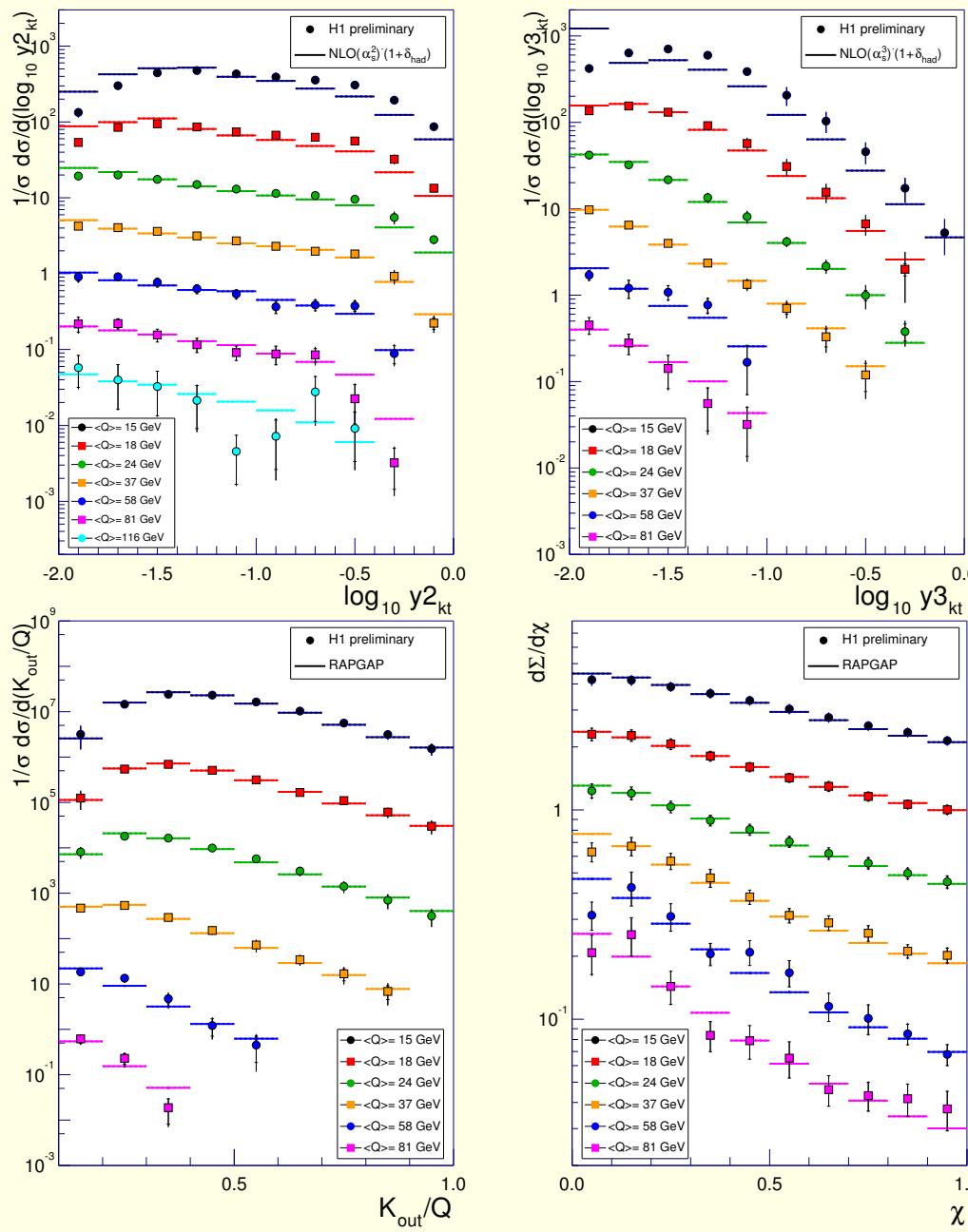


results are consistent with  $\bar{\alpha}_0 = 0.5$ , within 10%

distributions give more consistent values for  $\alpha_s$ , also with world average

theoretical uncertainty  $\approx 5 - 10\%$

# Event Shapes Distributions



measurements of jet rates  $y_2$  and  $y_3$   
plus 3-jet event shapes  $K_{\text{out}}$  and  $\chi$   
are performed

theory calculation for this  
observables:  
generalized resummation program  
near completion, A. Banfi et al.

## Summary

jet and event shapes offer a rich field for testing QCD  
the scale dependence of  $\alpha_s$  is studied over a large range of  $Q$  resp.  $E_T$   
a determination of  $\alpha_s$  in an alternative way with subjet multiplicities  
quark and gluon enriched jet samples show consistent behaviour  
the universality of power corrections for event shape variables has been shown for mean values and distributions