

Heavy Flavour Production at HERA



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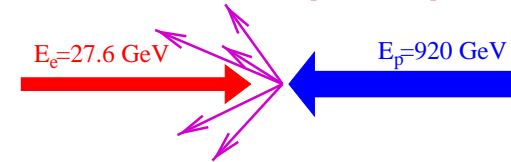
Introduction, Theoretical Framework

- Charm Tagging, Fragmentation
- Charm (+jets) in DIS
- Charm (+jets) in Photoproduction
- Beauty Tagging
- Beauty (+jets) in DIS and γp
- $D^* - \mu$ Correlations

Introduction - Basics

- Heavy flavour production dominated by **Boson Gluon Fusion (BGF)** in LO

$$\gamma g \rightarrow c\bar{c} \text{ or } b\bar{b}$$



ep Kinematics: $\sqrt{s} = 300, 320 \text{ GeV}$

Q^2 : 4-momentum transfer squared

x : Bjorken x

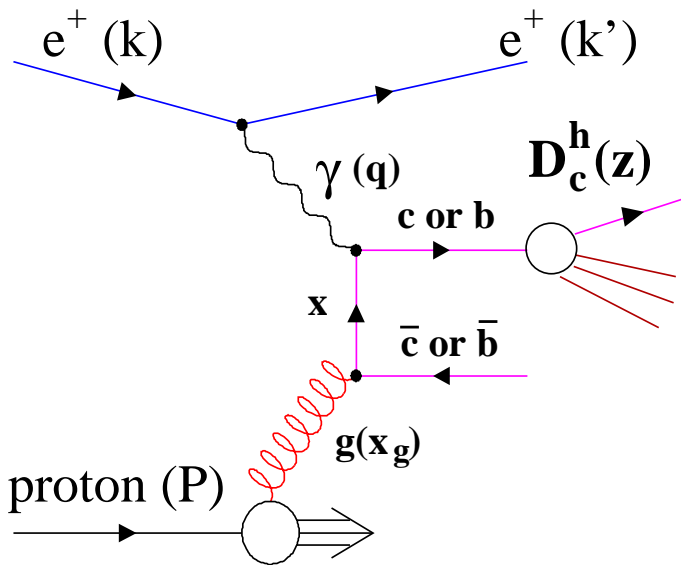
y : Inelasticity

W : Mass of the hadronic system

Two kinematic regimes:

$Q^2 \approx 0 \rightarrow$ Photoproduction

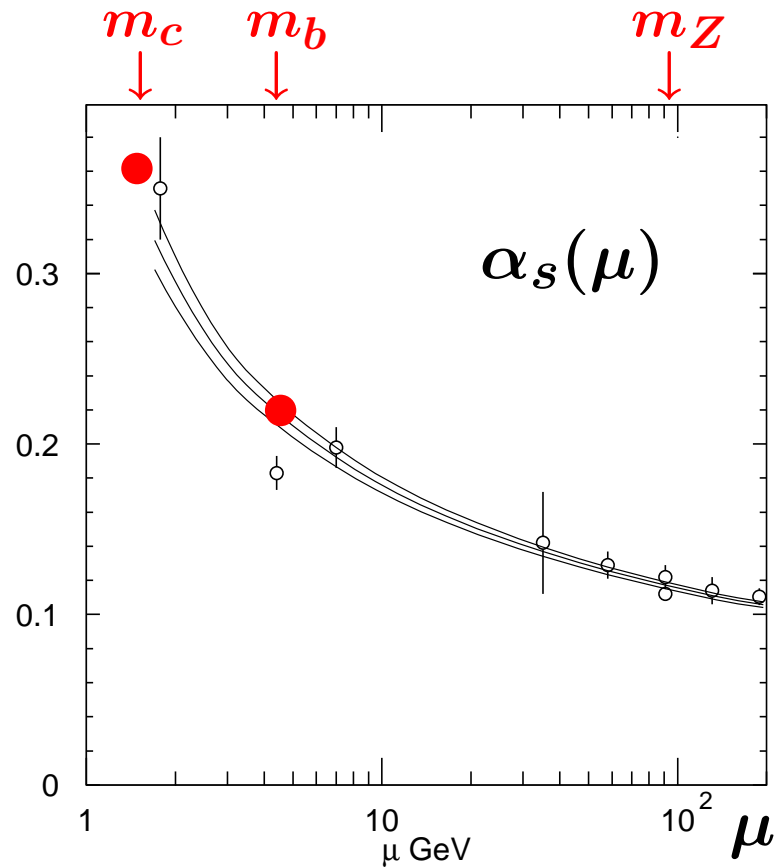
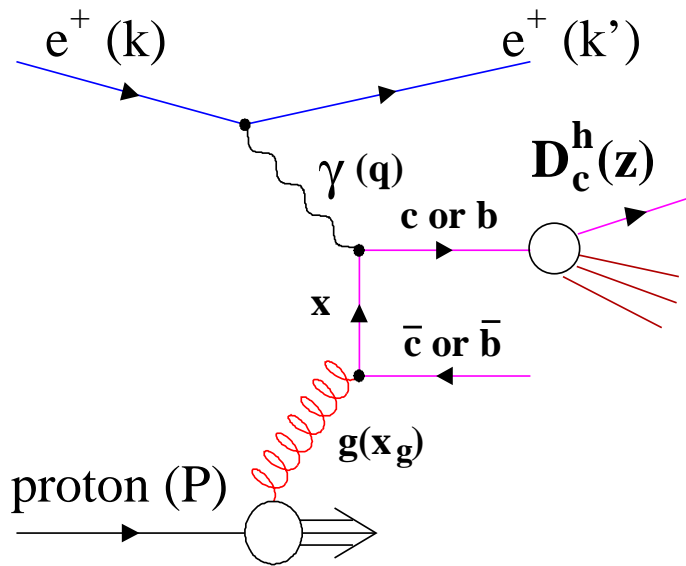
$Q^2 \gtrsim 2 \text{ GeV}^2 \rightarrow$ Electroproduction "DIS"



- Factorization:

Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}} \otimes$ photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

Introduction - Strong Interaction

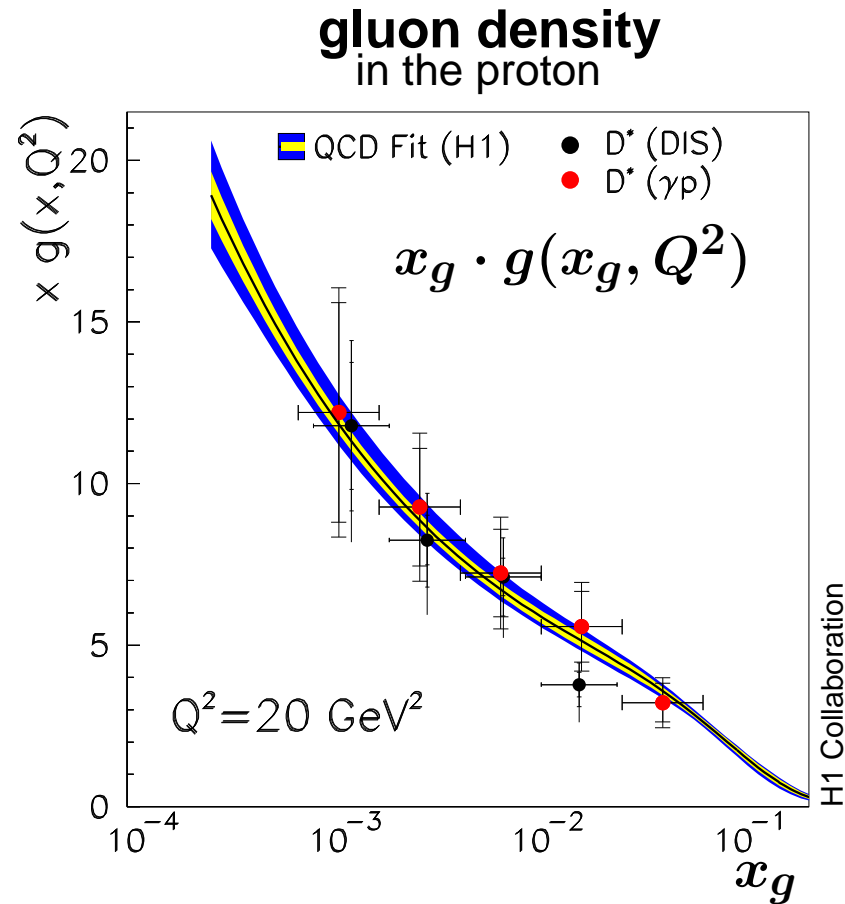
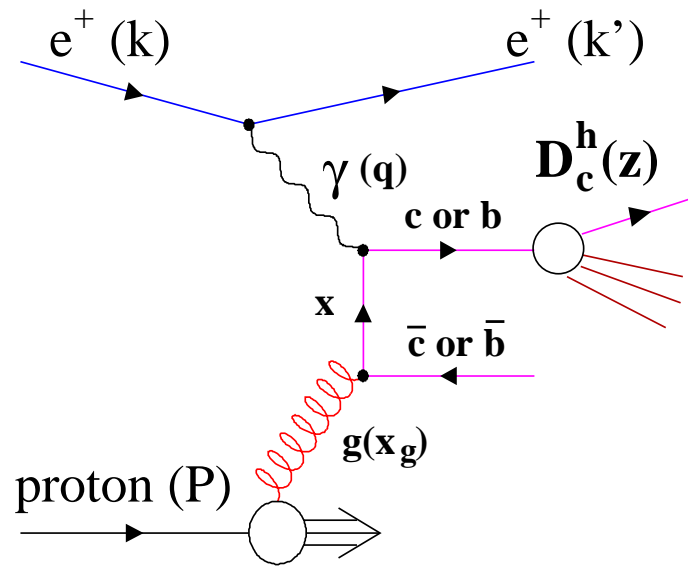


- Perturbative QCD applicable should work better for beauty than for charm

Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

- HEAVY FLAVOUR PRODUCTION AS A TEST OF HARD QCD

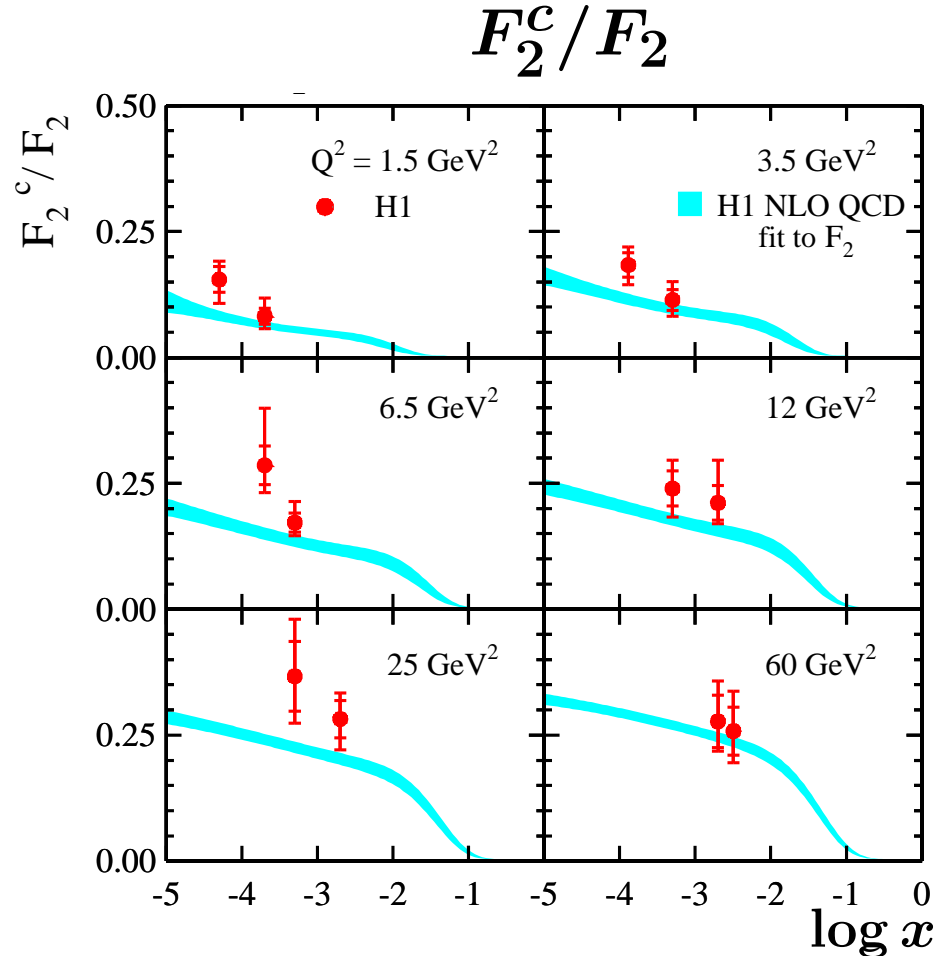
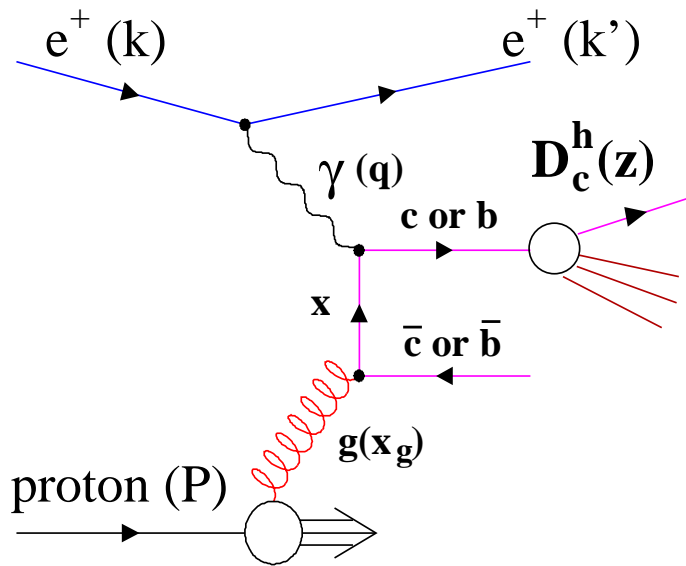
Introduction - Proton Structure



Proton structure \otimes $\sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

➡ Universality of the gluon density

Introduction - Proton Structure



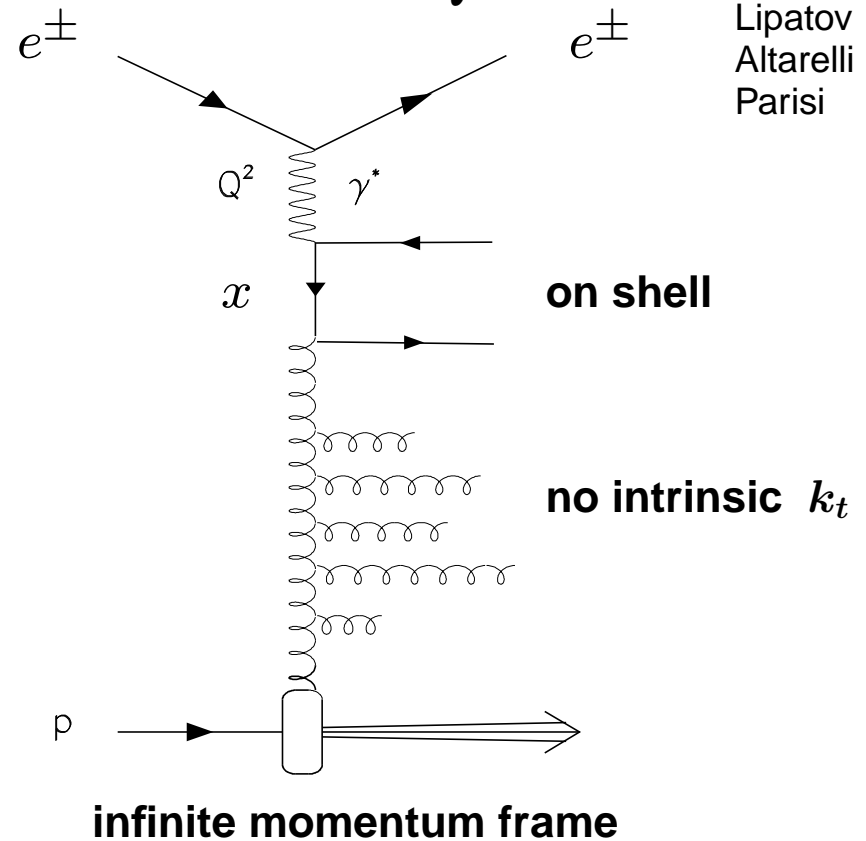
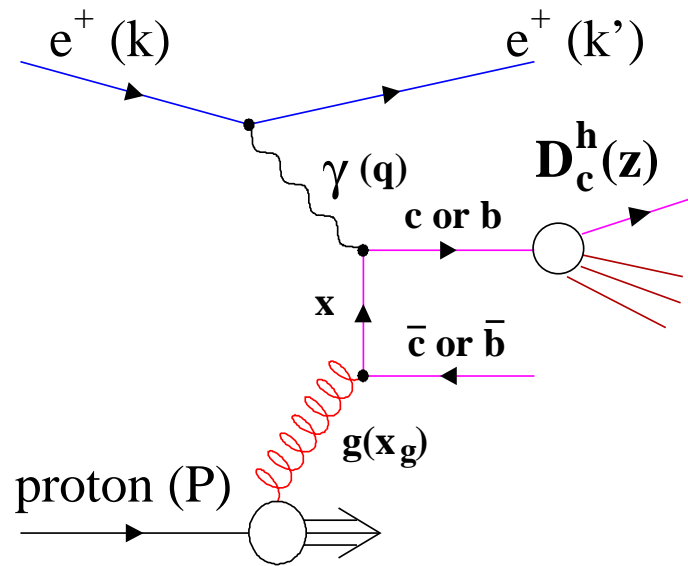
Proton structure \otimes $\sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

➡ Large charm contribution to F_2

Introduction - Proton Structure

Parton Evolution à la DGLAP

Dokshitzer
Gribov
Lipatov
Altarelli
Parisi



Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

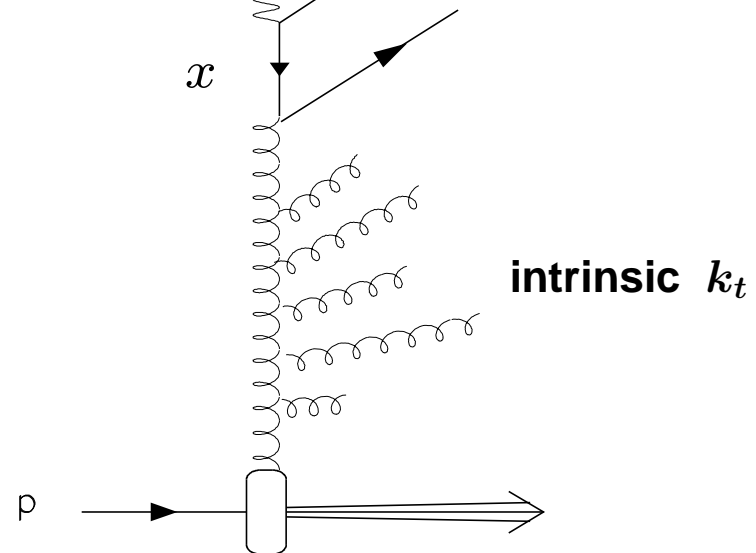
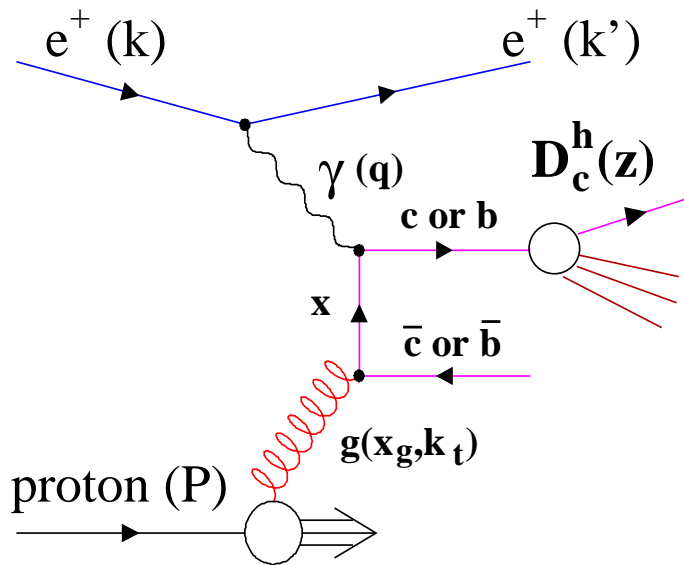
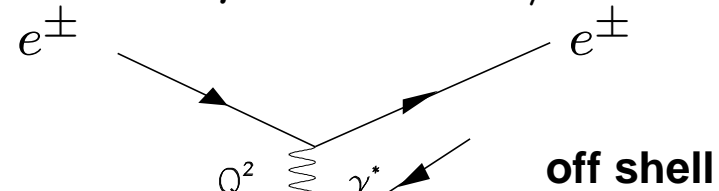
➡ Rigorously valid only at large x

Introduction - Proton Structure

Parton Evolution à la CCFM

Evolution in $\eta = -\ln \tan \Theta/2$

Catani
Cafaloni
Fiorani
Marchesini



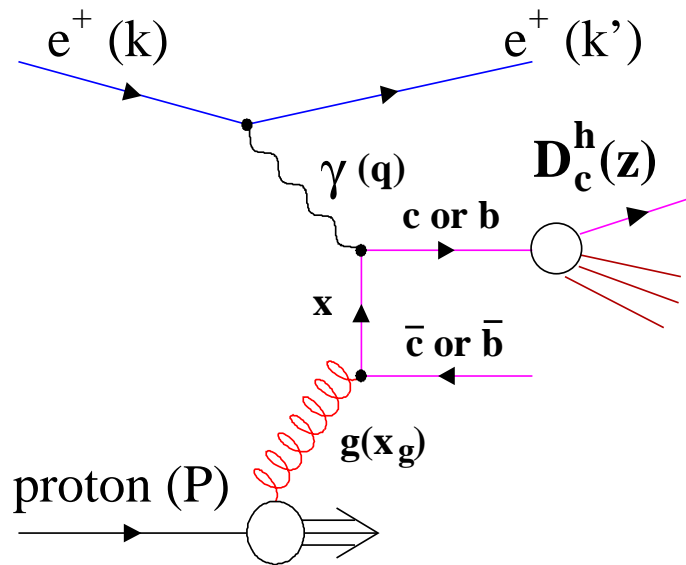
incorporates DGLAP at large x

Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

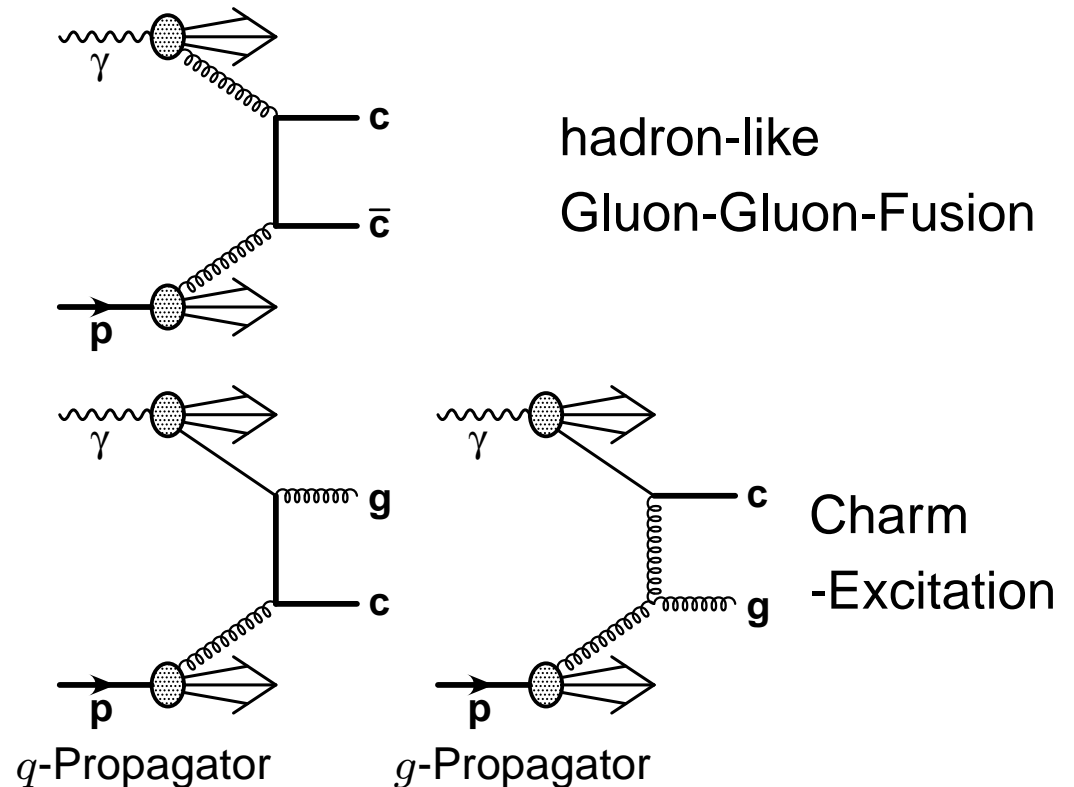
➡ Valid for all x , but incomplete

Introduction - Photon Structure

Direct Process (pointlike photon)



Resolved Photon

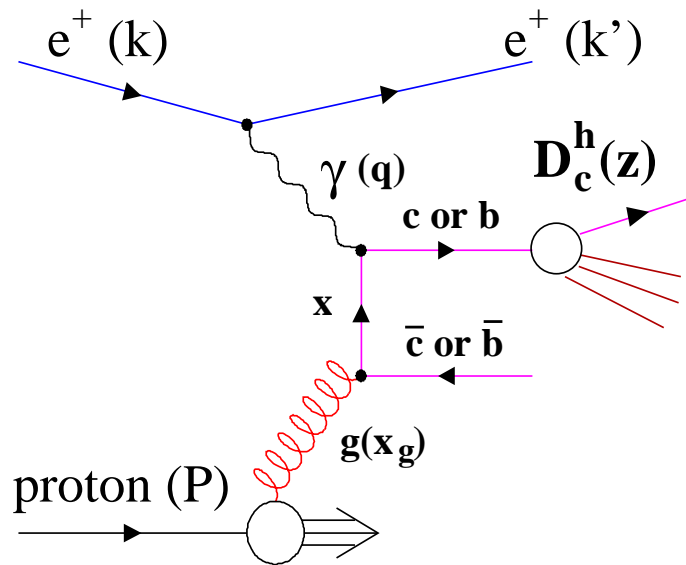


Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

- Large resolved component in γp (details later)

Introduction - Fragmentation

- non-perturbative effect in strong interactions
- described phenomenologically



Questions to Charm Fragmentation

- Fragmentation probabilities for different Hadrons with charm?
- Isospin conserved ?
- Ratio of vector (D^*) to pseudo-scalar (D) mesons?
- Strangeness suppression?
- Fragmentation function?

Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

Is fragmentation universal ?

$$\sigma_{\gamma p} \sim f^p \otimes \hat{\sigma} \otimes f^\gamma \otimes \mathcal{D}(z)$$

Calculations in the DGLAP scheme

pQCD calculations in NLO

fixed order, **massive scheme**:

HQ produced dynamically;

$$p_t \lesssim m_q$$

- **γp** : FMNR (Frixione et al.)
- **DIS**: HVQDIS (Harris & Smith)

Resummed calculations in NLL

all orders, **massless scheme**:

HQ in γ or p ; $p_t \gg m_q$

- Cacciari et al., Kniehl et al.,...

'Matched' scheme FONLL

fixed order + NLL scheme

incorporate mass effects up to NLO, avoid double counting

- Cacciari et al.

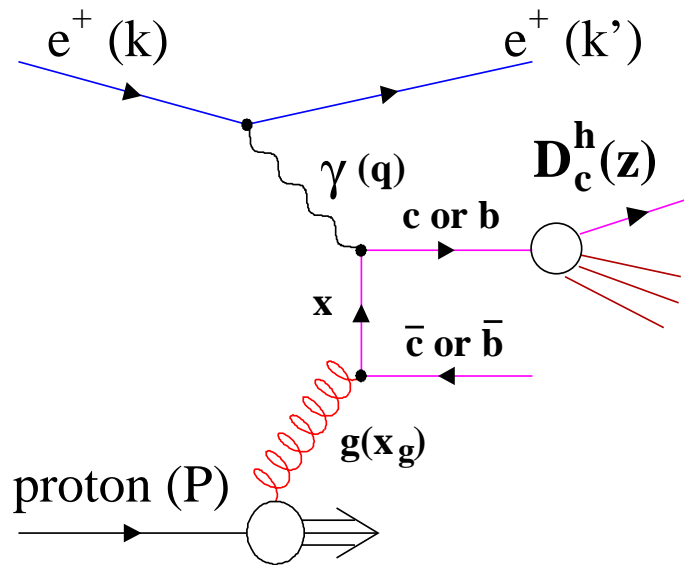
MC generators (ME + PS)

- **AROMA**:
direct only, LO DGLAP evolution
- **PYTHIA, RAPGAP, HERWIG**:
direct + resolved, LO DGLAP
- **CASCADE**:
direct only, CCFM evolution,
initial state: full calculation
final state: LO
 k_t dependent gluon density

Fragmentation:

non perturbative models

Introduction - A Challenge

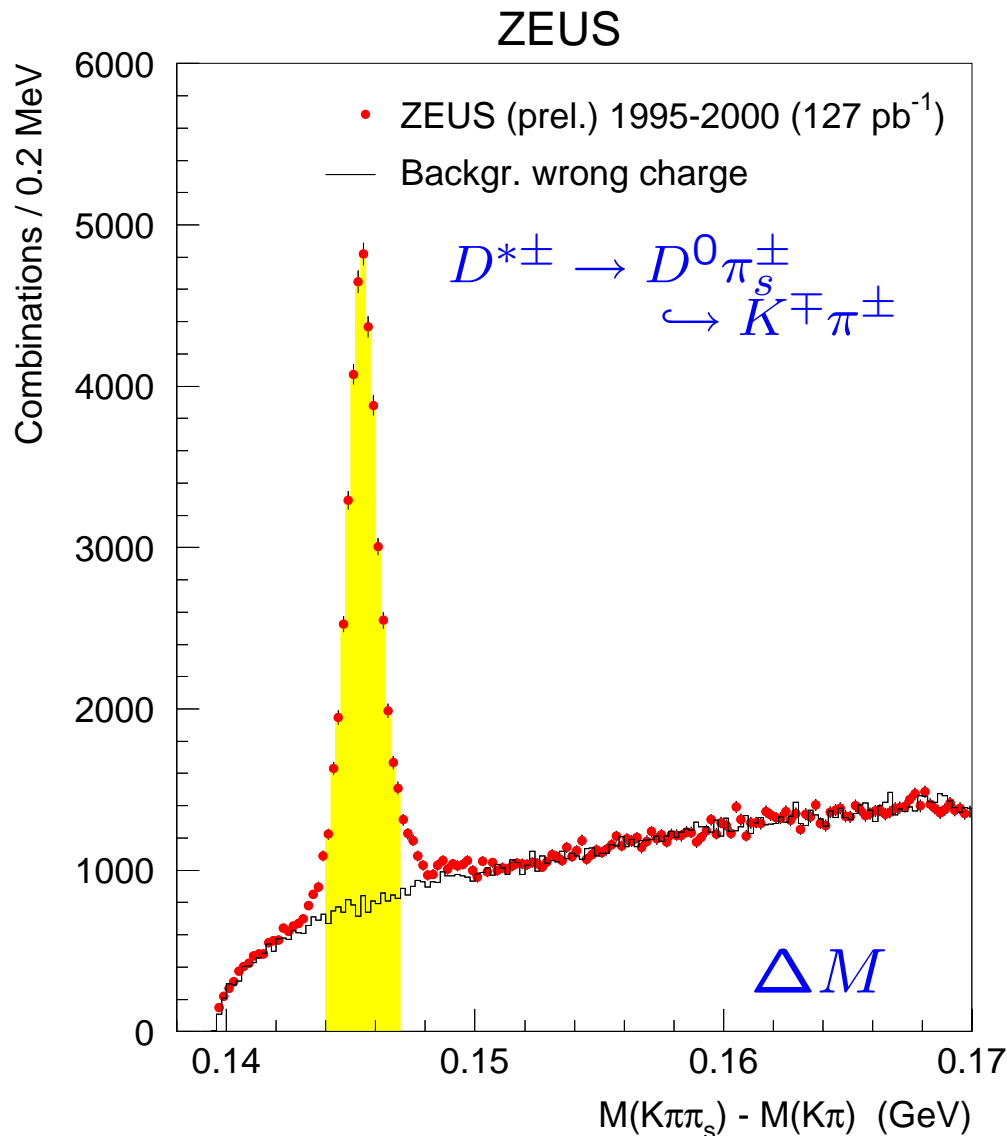


- Heavy flavour production at HERA is a multi-parameter problem
- Additional uncertainties due to
 - heavy quark masses m_c and m_b
 - renormalization and factorization scale
- **Charm production is a significant part of the ep cross section**
- Understanding of charm production is partly limiting the accuracy in other physic topics (e.g. F_2)

Proton structure \otimes $\sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes **photon structure** \otimes **fragmentation function**

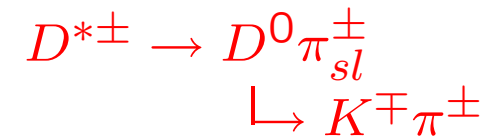
➔ Detailed study of heavy flavour production needed !

CHARM Tagging Methods



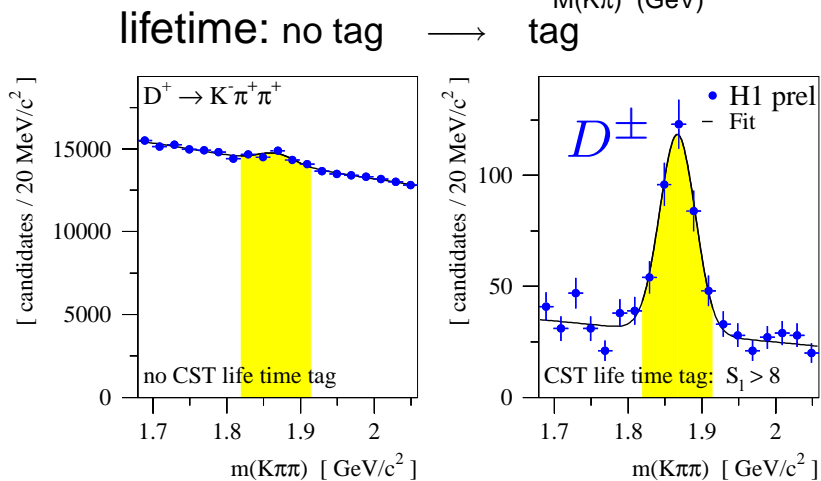
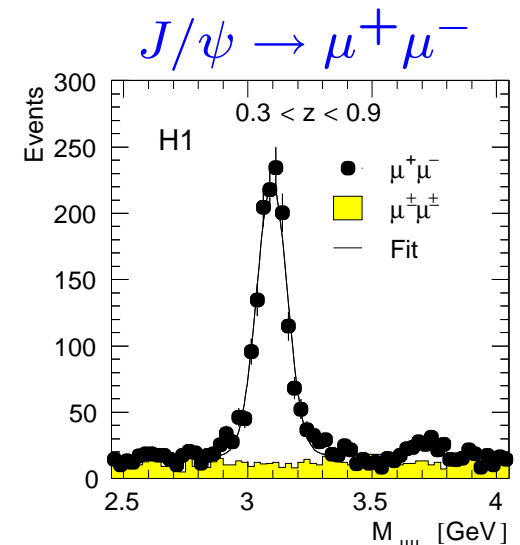
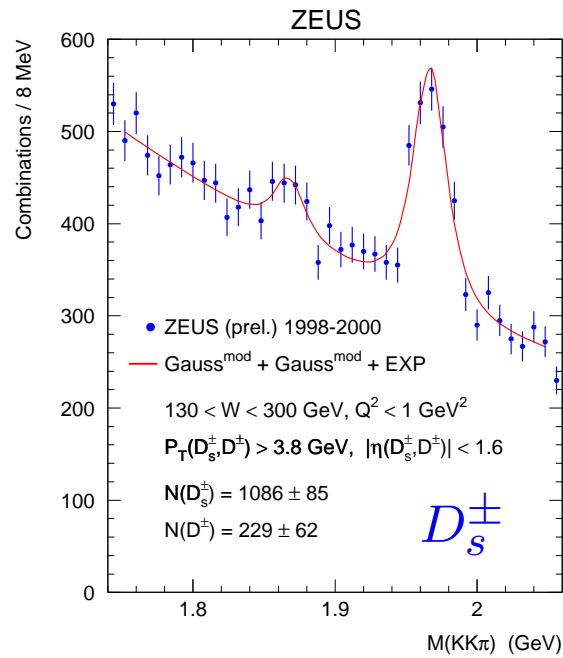
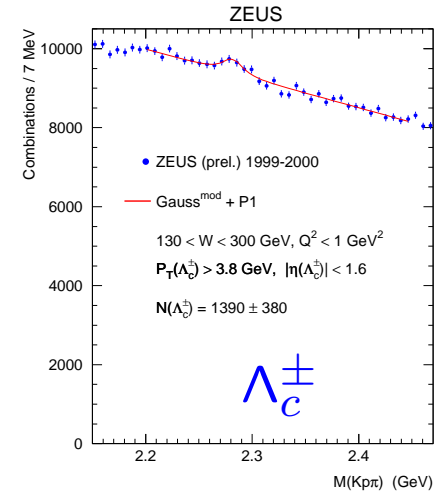
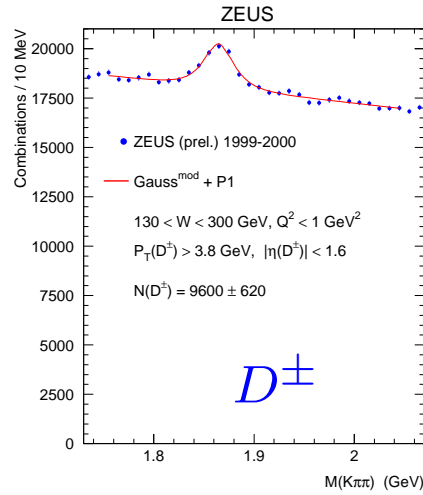
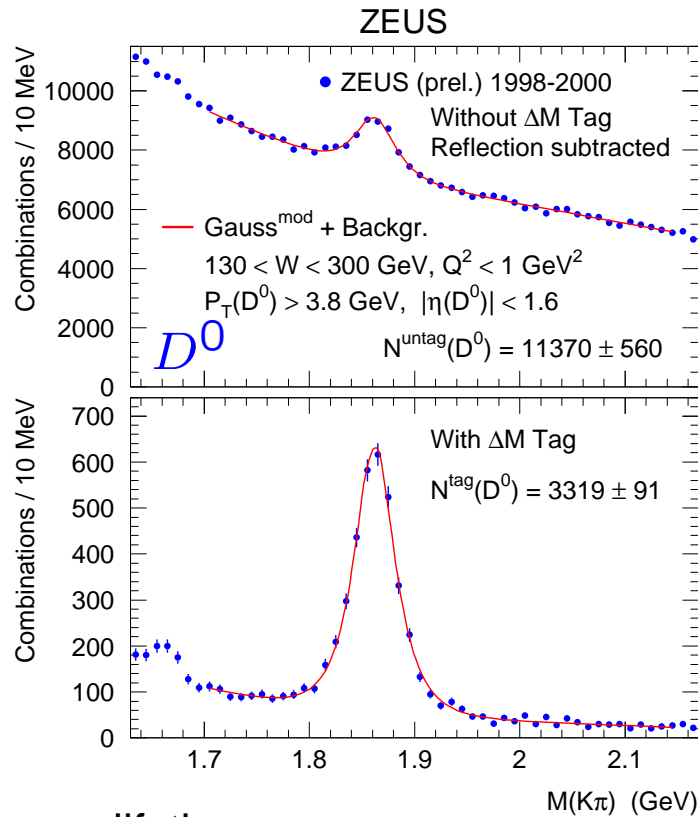
Tagging via reconstruction of hadrons with charm

Gold plated channel:



- 2-body decays
- $m_{D^{*\pm}} - m_{D^0} = 145.4 \text{ MeV}$
close to m_π
- ⇒ small background
- BUT: tagging rate: ≈ 0.006**
- try to reconstruct other decay modes and other hadrons with charm

CHARM Tagging Methods



Charm Fragmentation Parameters

ZEUS: reconstruct all charm ground states, D^\pm , D^0 , D_s^\pm , Λ_c^\pm and $D^{*\pm}$ ~ 66 or 79 pb^{-1}

Determine from data:

ZEUS prel. (γp) $P_T(D, \Lambda_c) > 3.8 \text{ GeV}, \eta(D, \Lambda_c) < 1.6$	Combined e^+e^- data	H1 prel. (DIS)
$f(c \rightarrow D^+) = 0.249 \pm 0.014_{-0.008}^{+0.004}$	0.232 ± 0.010	$0.202 \pm 0.020_{-0.033}^{+0.045} \text{ }_{-0.021}^{+0.029}$
$f(c \rightarrow D^0) = 0.557 \pm 0.019_{-0.013}^{+0.005}$	0.549 ± 0.023	$0.658 \pm 0.054_{-0.148}^{+0.115} \text{ }_{-0.048}^{+0.086}$
$f(c \rightarrow D_s^+) = 0.107 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	0.101 ± 0.009	$0.156 \pm 0.043_{-0.035}^{+0.036} \text{ }_{-0.046}^{+0.050}$
$f(c \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+) = 0.076 \pm 0.020_{-0.001}^{+0.017}$	0.076 ± 0.007	
$f(c \rightarrow D^{*+}) = 0.223 \pm 0.009_{-0.005}^{+0.003}$	0.235 ± 0.007	$0.263 \pm 0.019_{-0.042}^{+0.056} \text{ }_{-0.022}^{+0.031}$

charm fragmentation fractions are universal

→ HERA errors competitive!

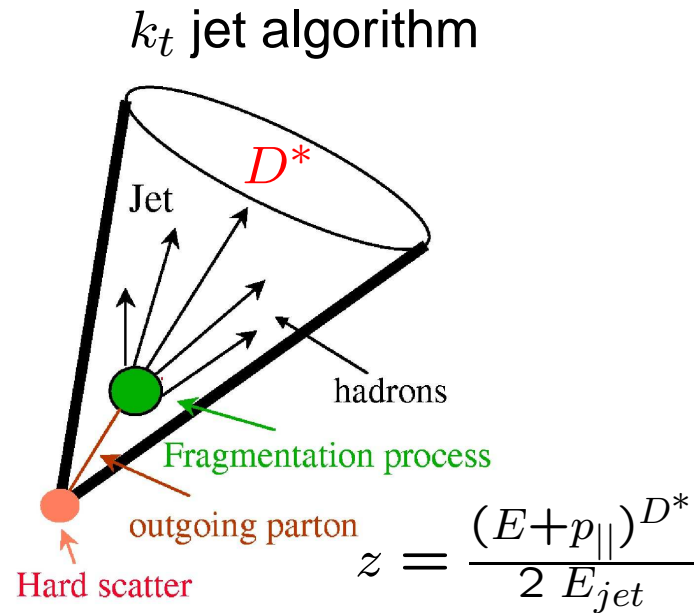
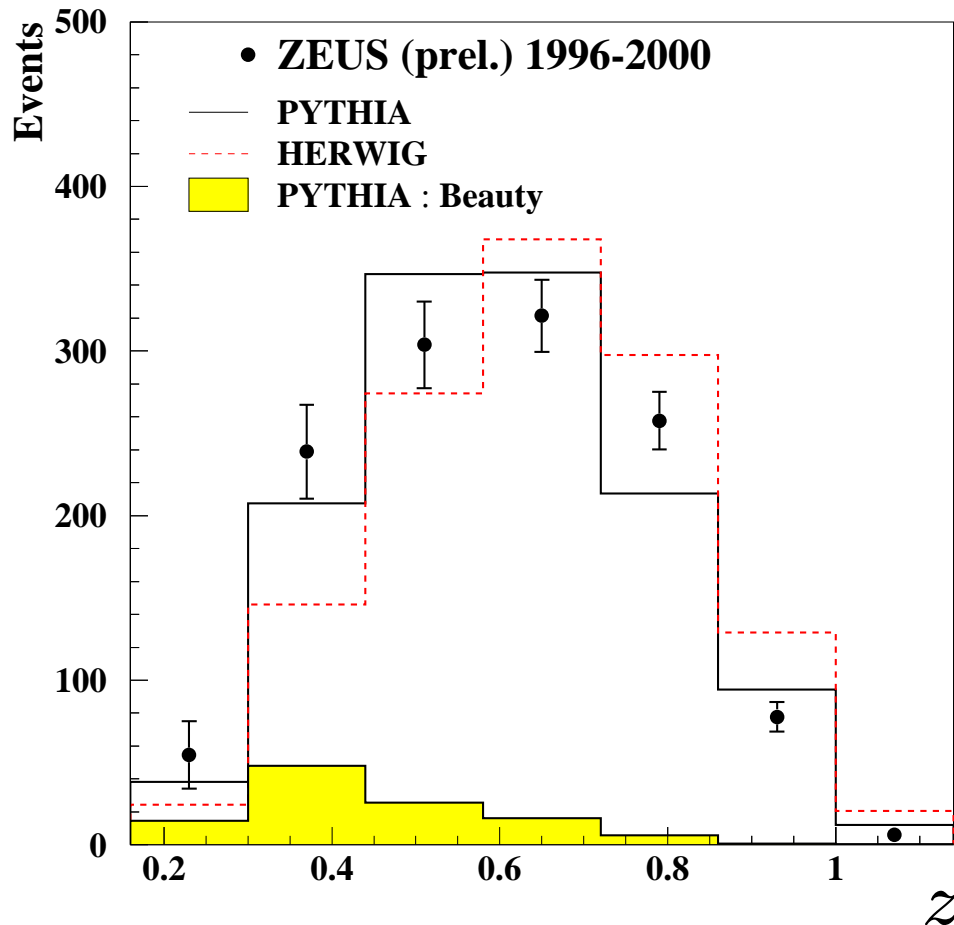
$R_{u/d}$, γ_s , $V/(P + V)$ also determined and in good agreement with w.a.

Measurement of the Fragmentation Function into $D^{*\pm}$

$$Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2; 130 < W_{\gamma p} < 280 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T^{D^*} > 2 \text{ GeV}; |\eta^{D^*}| < 1.5$$

Requirements: $D^{*\pm}$ belongs to a jet with $E_T^{jet} > 9 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta^{jet}| < 2.4$

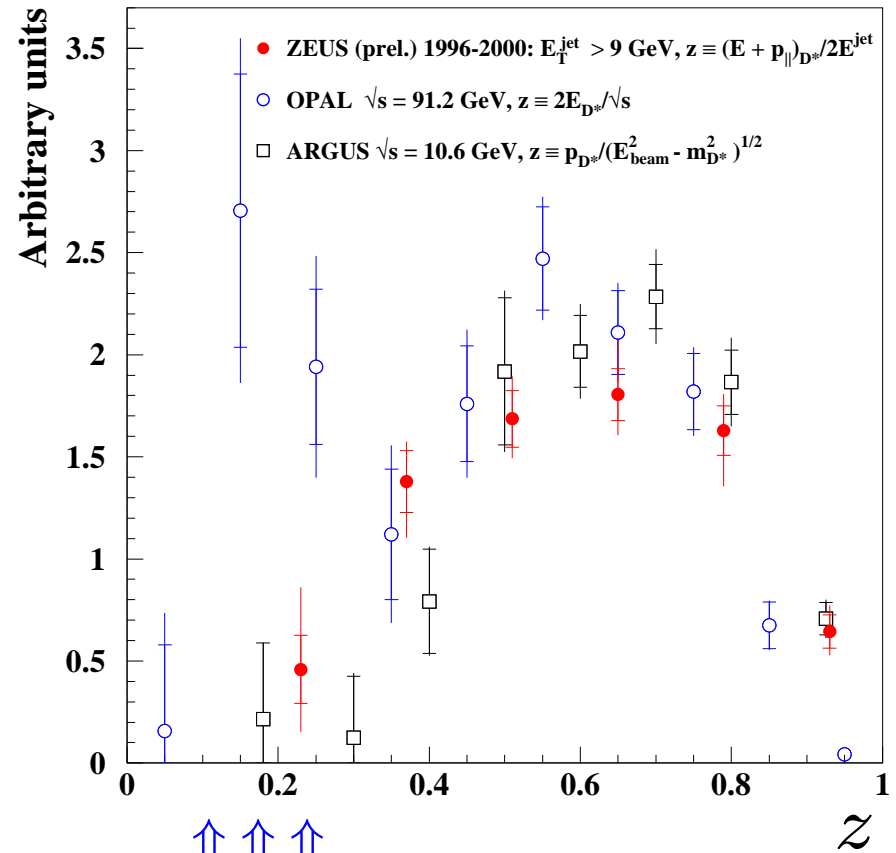
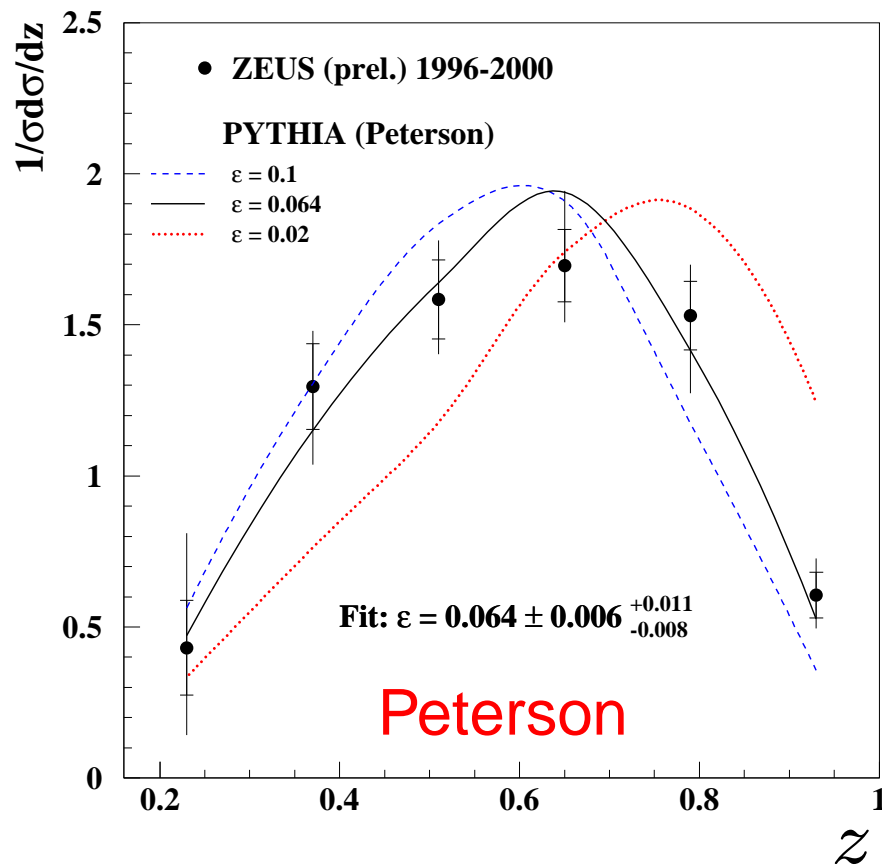
ZEUS $\mathcal{L}_{int} = 120 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



PYTHIA (sym. Lund+Bowler) agrees with data

HERWIG (Cluster model) is too hard

Results on Fragmentation Function



$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$
 no $g \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ visible in ARGUS and ZEUS data

$$f(z) \propto \frac{1}{z(1-1/z-\epsilon/(1-z))^2}$$

$$\epsilon = 0.064 \pm 0.006^{+0.011}_{-0.008} \text{ (ZEUS prel.)}$$

$$\epsilon = 0.05 \text{ (PYTHIA default)}$$

$$\epsilon = 0.053 \text{ (LL fit to ARGUS data Nason, Oleari)}$$

different definitions of z !
 qualitative agreement

Fragmentation function universal?

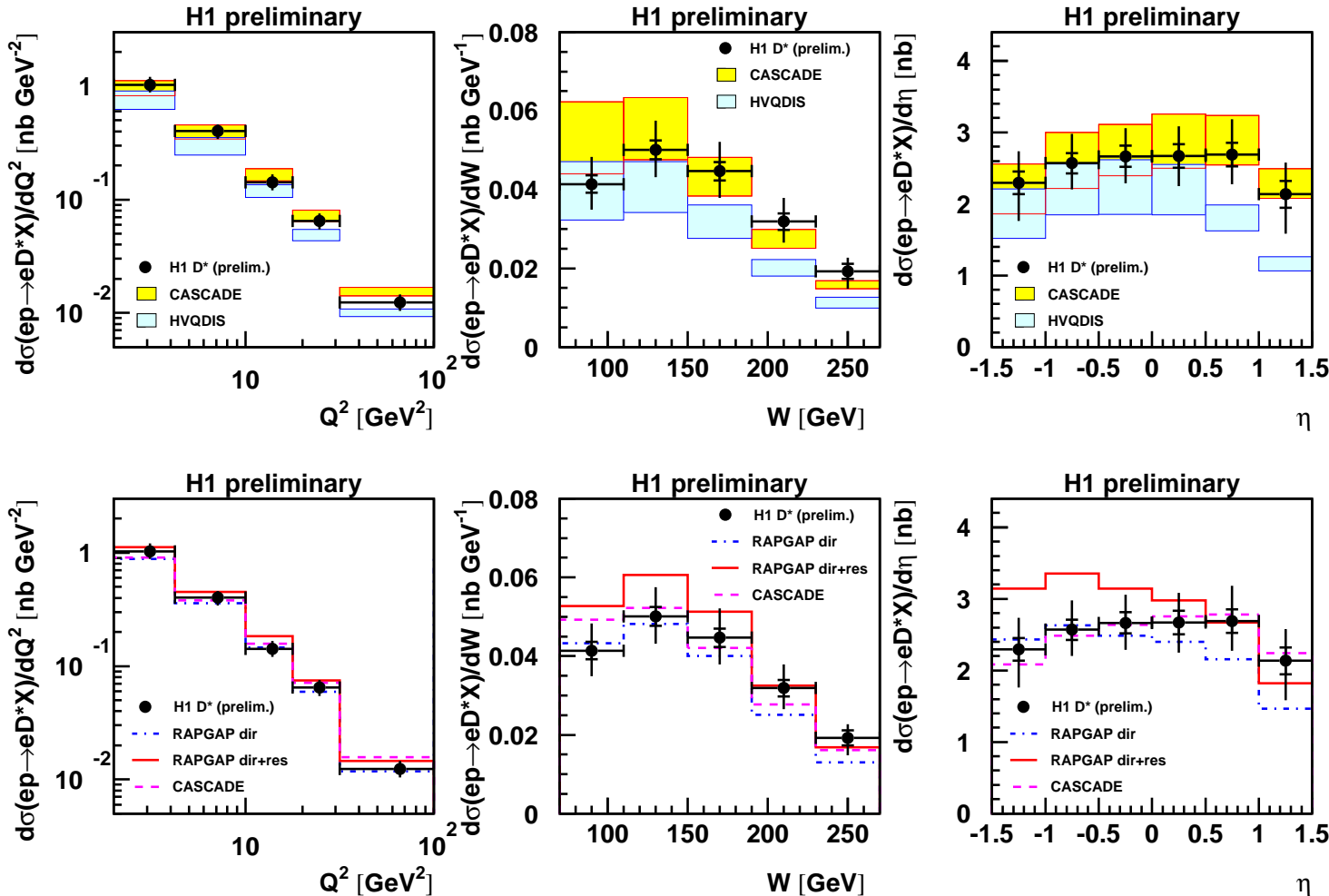
D^* in DIS

H1: Inclusive $D^{*\pm}$ Cross Section

1999,2000 47 pb⁻¹

$$Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2; 0.05 < y < 0.7$$

$$p_T^{D^*} > 1.5 \text{ GeV}; |\eta^{D^*}| < 1.5$$



- NLO QCD low
 - CASCADE (CCFM) better
- confirms 96+97 results

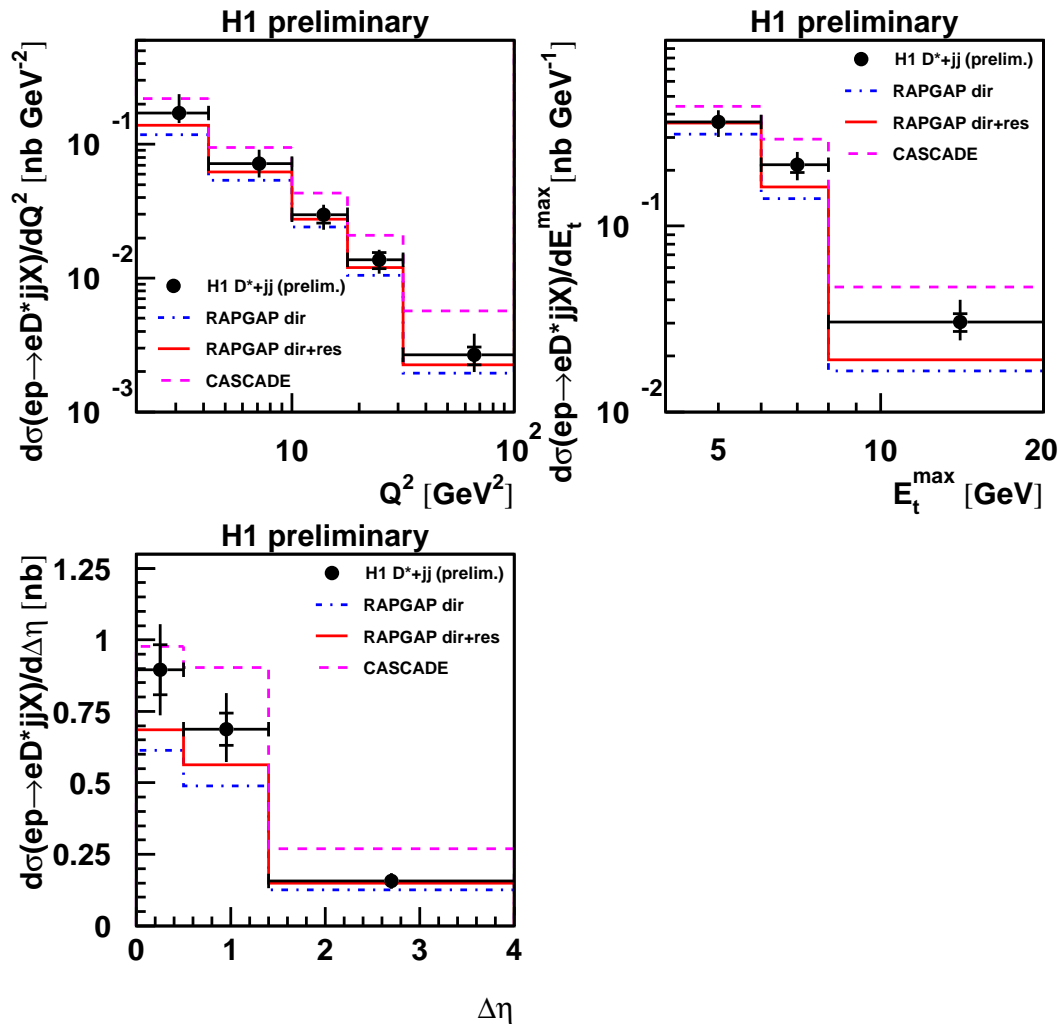
- RAPGAP (LO+PS) high
- Shape of η distribution well described by CASCADE only

Jet Cross Section with D^* in DIS

H1: D^* and 2 jets (inclusive k_t algorithm in Breit frame)

1999,2000 47 pb⁻¹

$$E_T^{jet} > 4, 3 \text{ GeV}; \quad -1 < \eta_{lab}^{jet1,2} < 2$$



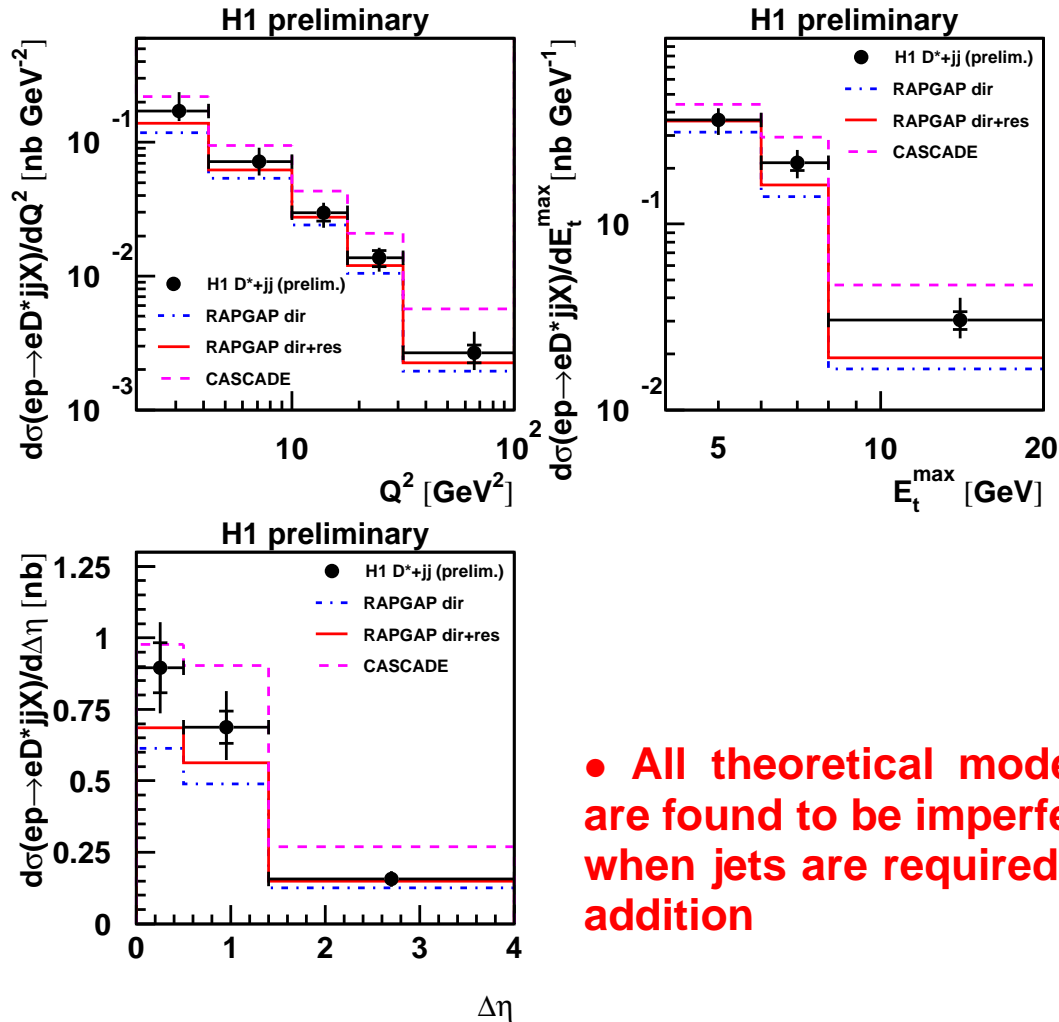
- CASCADE (CCFM) too high
- RAPGAP (LO+PS) too low

Jet Cross Section with D^* in DIS

H1: D^* and 2 jets (inclusive k_t algorithm in Breit frame)

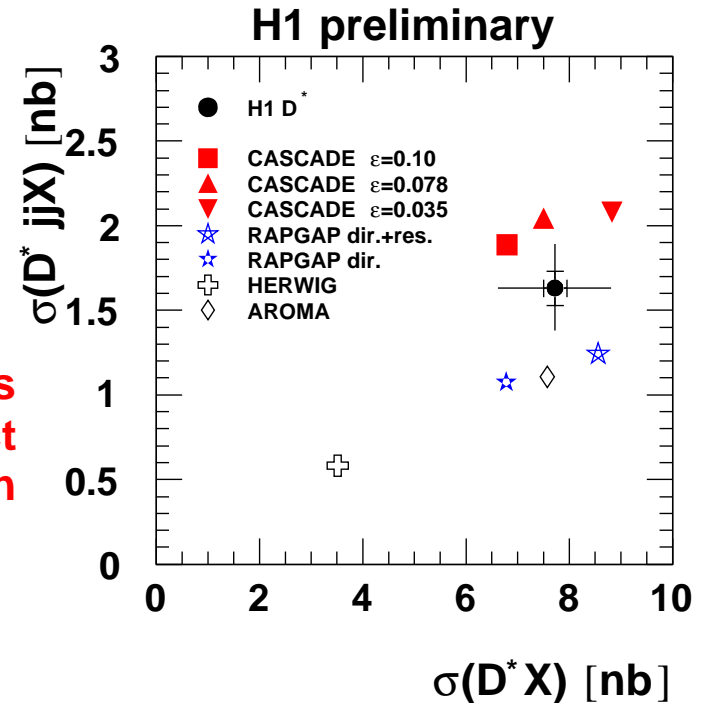
1999,2000 47 pb⁻¹

$$E_T^{jet} > 4, 3 \text{ GeV}; \quad -1 < \eta_{lab}^{jet1,2} < 2$$



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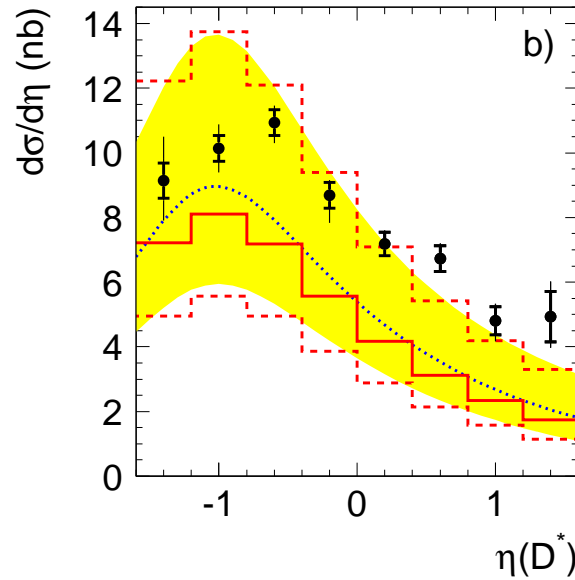
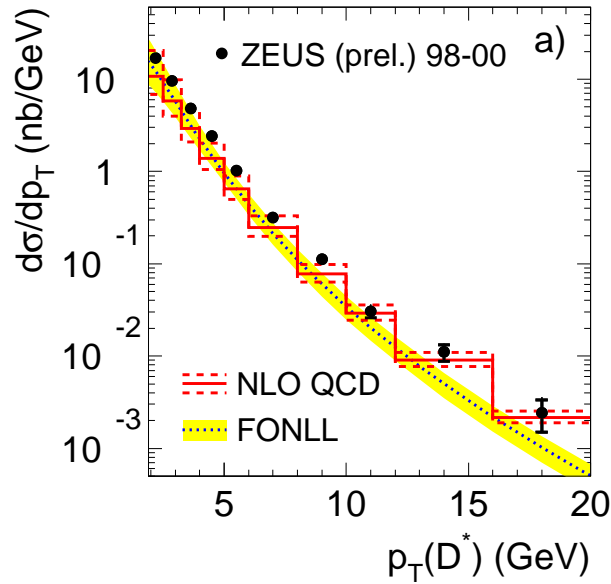
Summary plot: Jet cross section versus inclusive



- All theoretical models are found to be imperfect when jets are required in addition

D^* Photoproduction

ZEUS



No electron tag

79 pb^{-1}

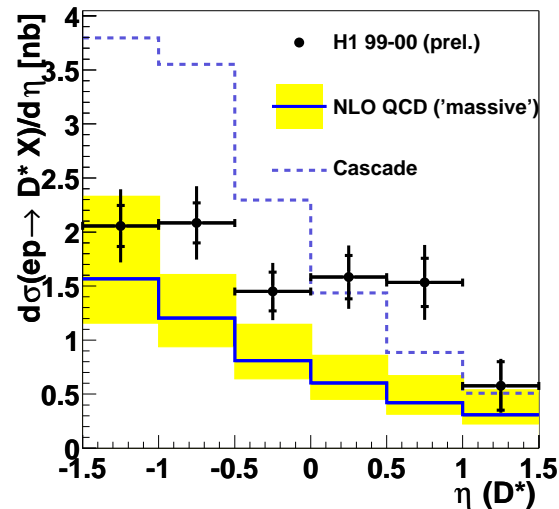
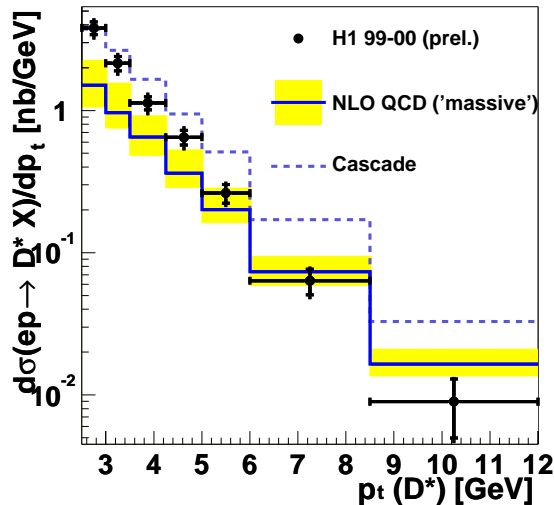
$Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$; $130 < W_{\gamma p} < 280 \text{ GeV}$

$p_T^{D^*} > 1.9 \text{ GeV}$; $|\eta^{D^*}| < 1.6$

Large theoretical uncertainties due to scale, mass and fragmentation uncertainties

- NLO below data (low p_T , $\eta > 0$)
- FONLL not better even below NLO at high p_T
- CASCADE too hard

H1



Electron tag:

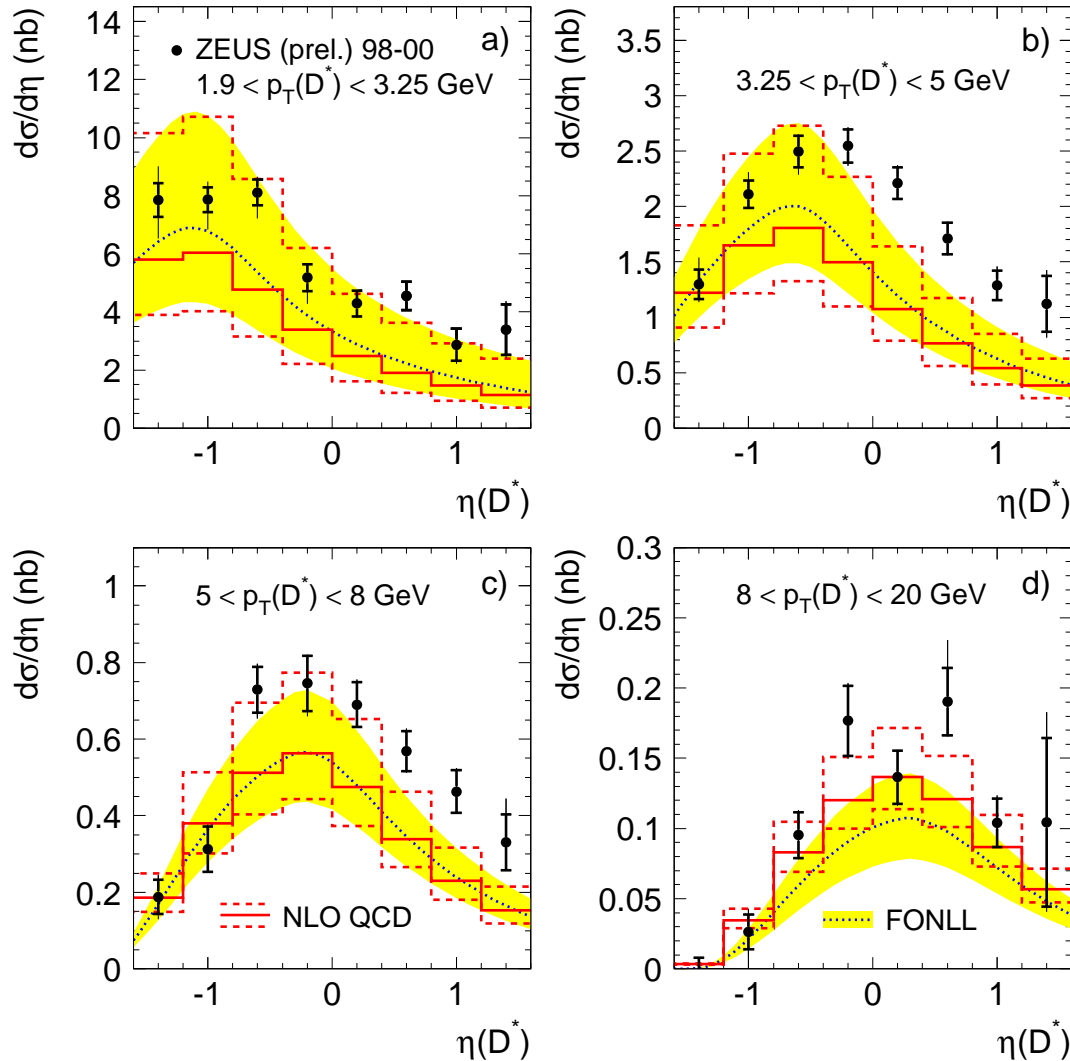
49 pb^{-1}

$Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$; $171 < W_{\gamma p} < 256 \text{ GeV}$

$p_T^{D^*} > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$; $|\eta^{D^*}| < 1.5$

D^* Photoproduction double differential distributions

ZEUS



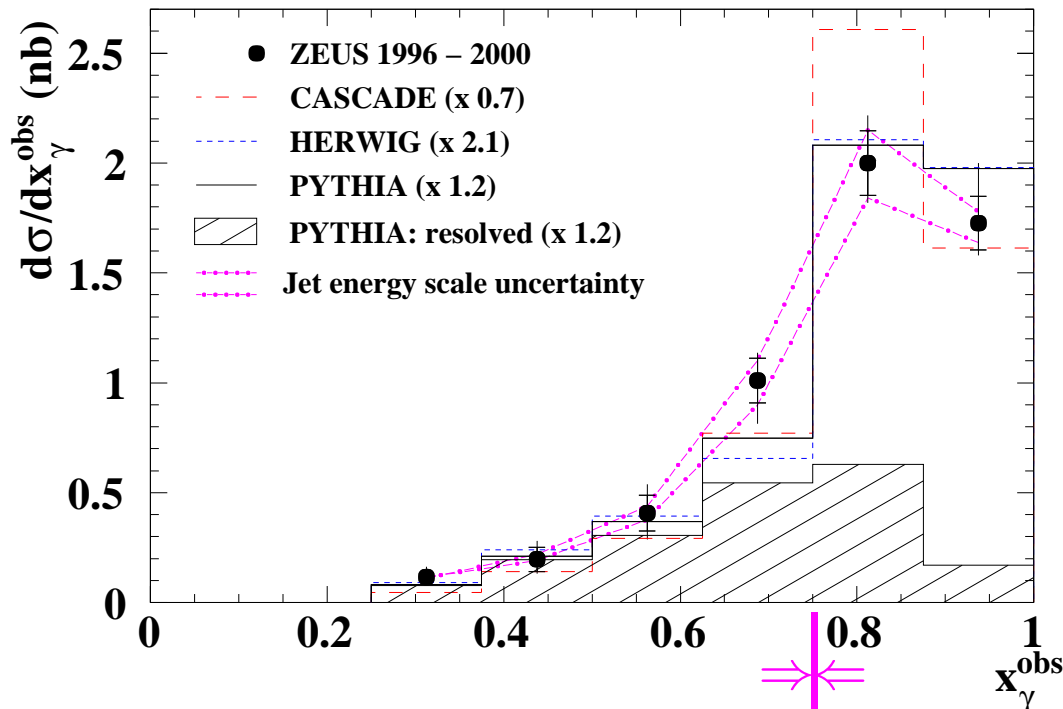
η distribution in $p_T^{D^*}$ bins

- NLO below data at medium $p_T^{D^*}$ and high η
- FONLL close to data only at low $p_T^{D^*}$

D^* + Two-Jet-Events

ZEUS: $\gamma p \rightarrow D^{*\pm} + jj + X$

$\sim 120 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



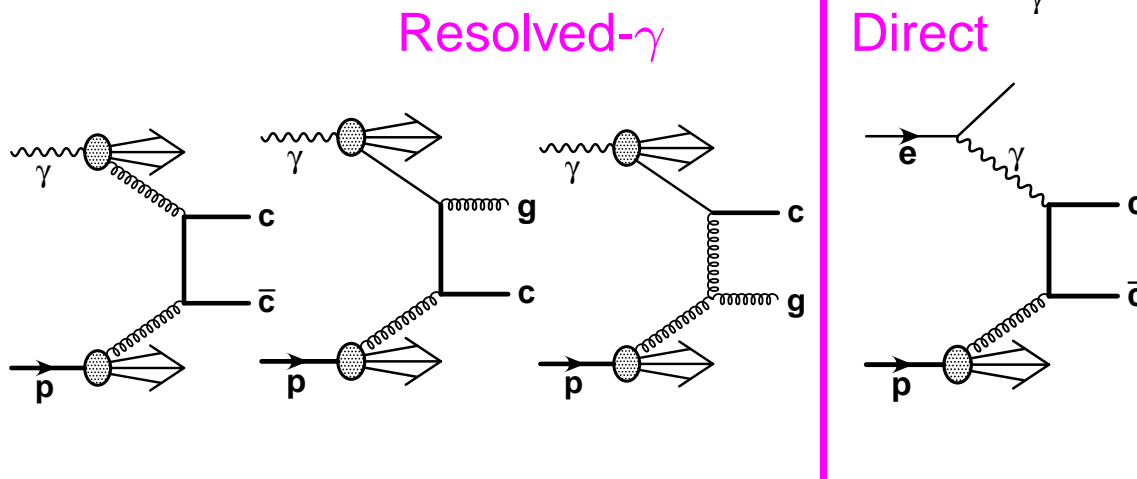
$p_T^{D^*} > 3 \text{ GeV}$

2 jets: $E_T^{jet} > 5 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta^{jet}| < 2.4$;

$M_{jj} > 18 \text{ GeV}$

Momentum fraction of photon in jets:

$$x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} = \frac{\sum_{j_1, j_2} (E_T^j e^{-\eta^j})}{2yE_e}$$

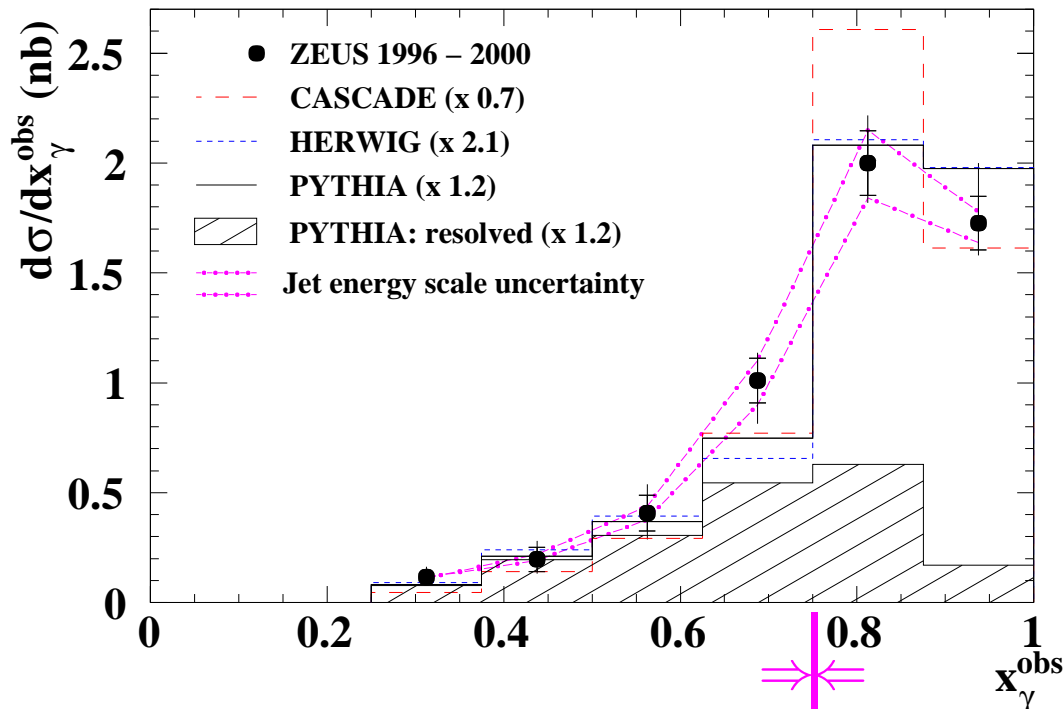


- Significant contribution from resolved ($\sim 40\%$)

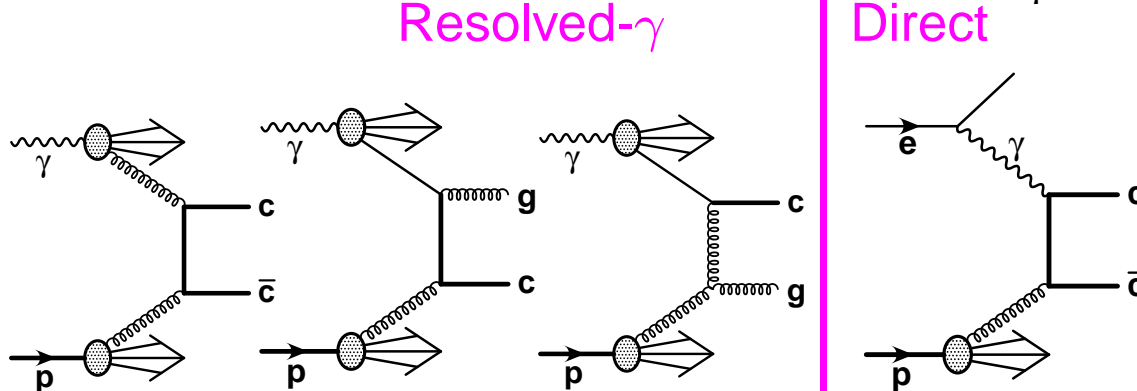
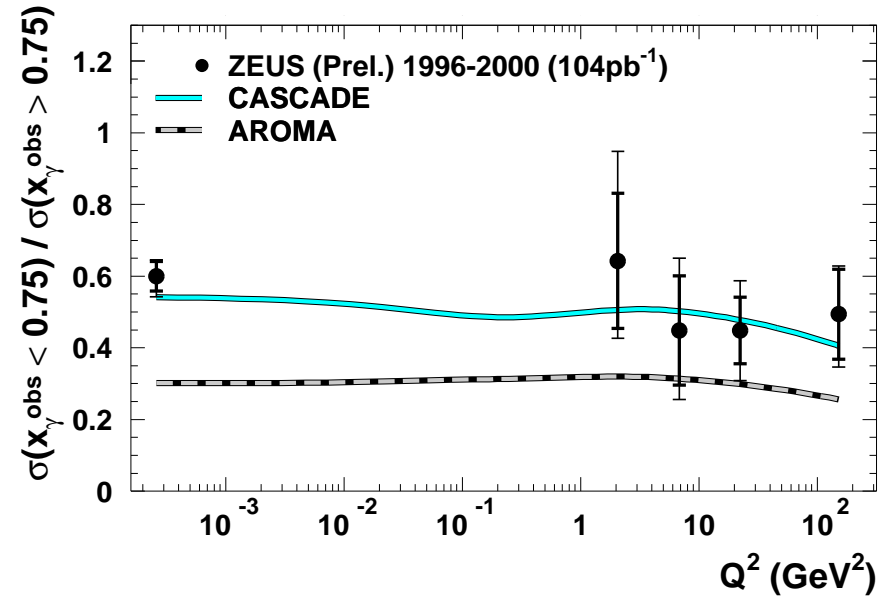
- MCs: good description of shape
- CASCADE different at high x_γ^{obs}
- NLO below data at low x_γ^{obs} (not shown)

D^* + Two-Jet-Events

ZEUS: $\gamma p \rightarrow D^{*\pm} + jj + X$

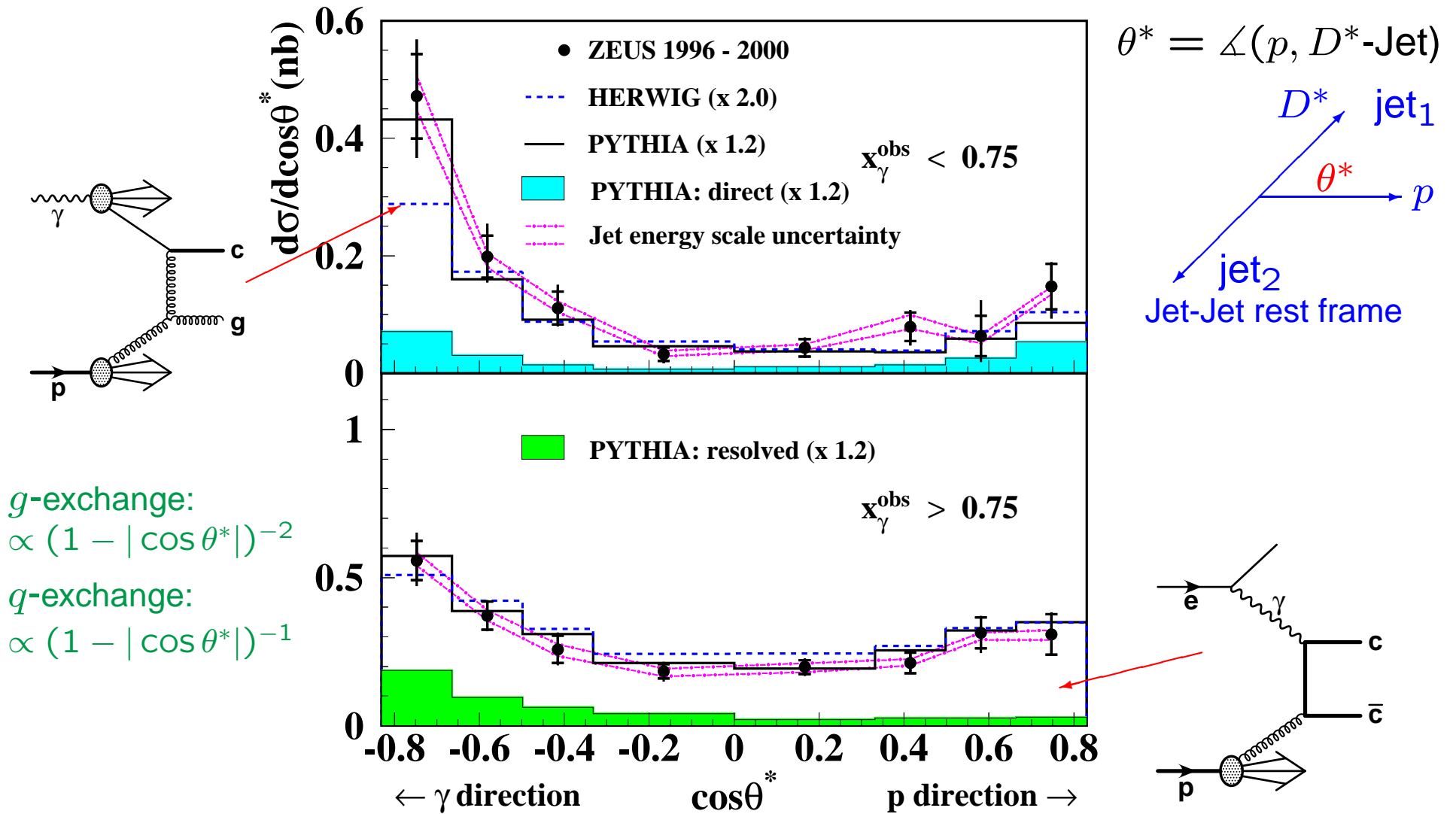


ZEUS



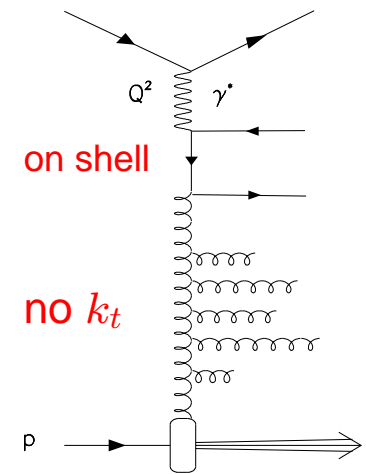
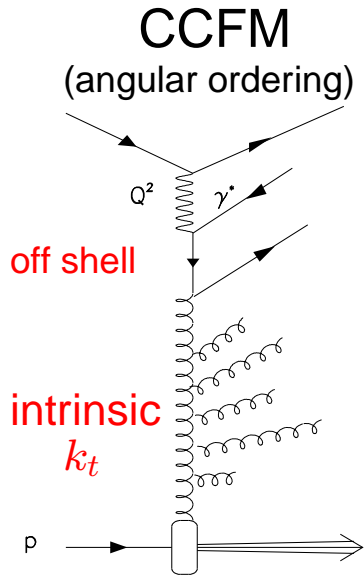
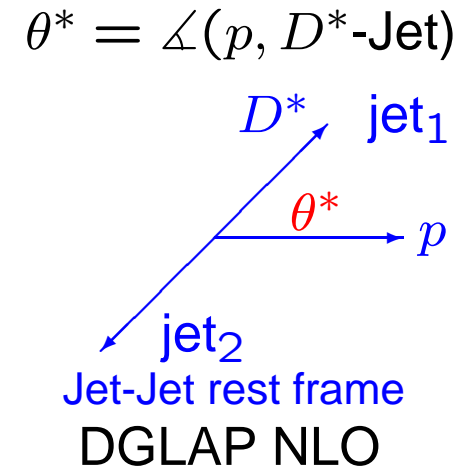
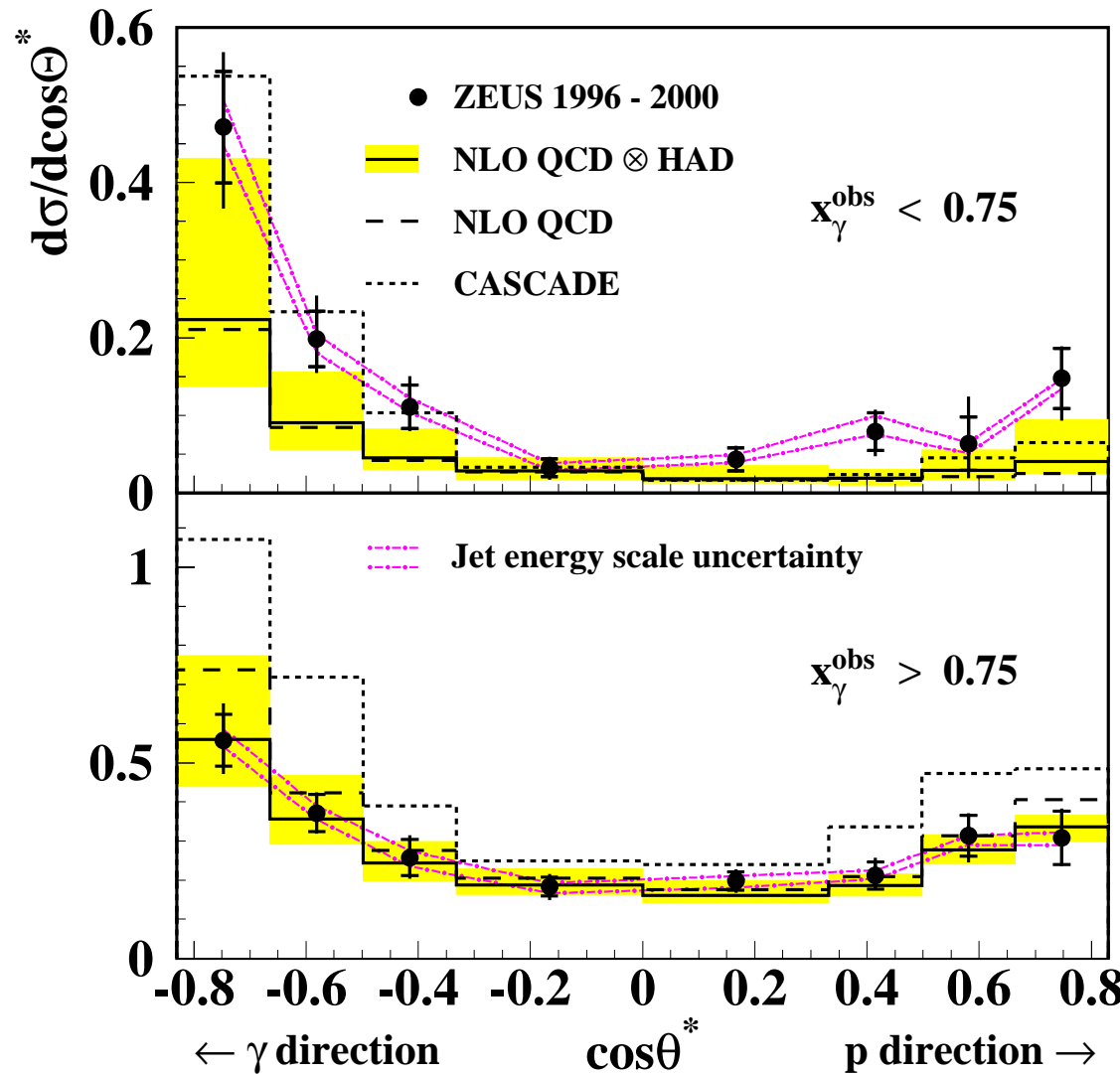
- Significant contribution from resolved ($\sim 40\%$) independent of Q^2
- MCs: good description of shape
- CASCADE different at high x_γ^{obs}
- NLO below data at low x_γ^{obs} (not shown)

Charm: Di-jet Angular Distributions (LO Picture)



- LO Picture:**
- Strong rise in $d\sigma/d\cos\theta^*$ towards γ direction for $x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} < 0.75$
 - Clear evidence for charm from the photon

Charm: Di-jet Angular Distributions (Evolution Scheme)



QCD

Schemes:

- NLO DGLAP ok for $x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} > 0.75$, but too low for $x_\gamma^{\text{obs}} < 0.75$
- CCFM (Cascade) ok in shape, but too high in cross section

Charm Production - Summary

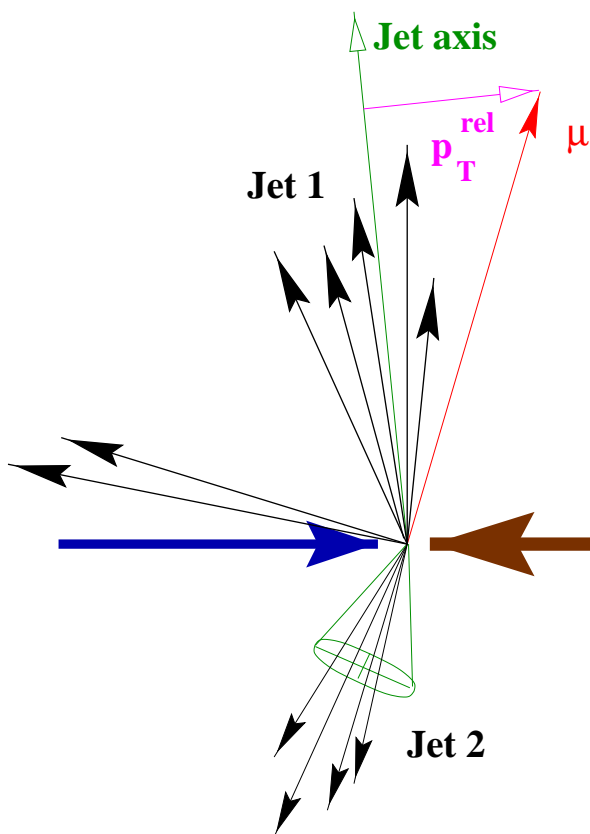
- Fragmentation Probabilities and Fragmentation Function measured agrees with results from other experiments (with some reservations)
 - ✚ Charm fragmentation universal in high energy physics?
 - Inclusive D^* production in DIS
CASCADE: good agreement with data, other models fail
 - D^* plus jets in DIS
Problems of all models in describing $\sigma(D^{*\pm} + jj)$ vs. $\sigma(D^{*\pm})$
 - Inclusive D^* in photoproduction
Problems of NLO QCD and CCFM to describe the data
 - D^* plus jets in photoproduction
Sign of a large charm component in the photon in the LO+PS picture
Sign of the off-shellness of partons in QCD calculations?
- ✚ **A good step forward, but still far from understanding charm production**

Beauty Tagging Methods

$\sigma_{b\bar{b}}/\sigma_{c\bar{c}} \approx 0.005$ in γp , $\approx 0.02 - 0.05$ in DIS

Rate small but theory should be more reliable

Semileptonic B decays in 2-jet events



- Large B -Mass:

p_T of μ relative to the jet

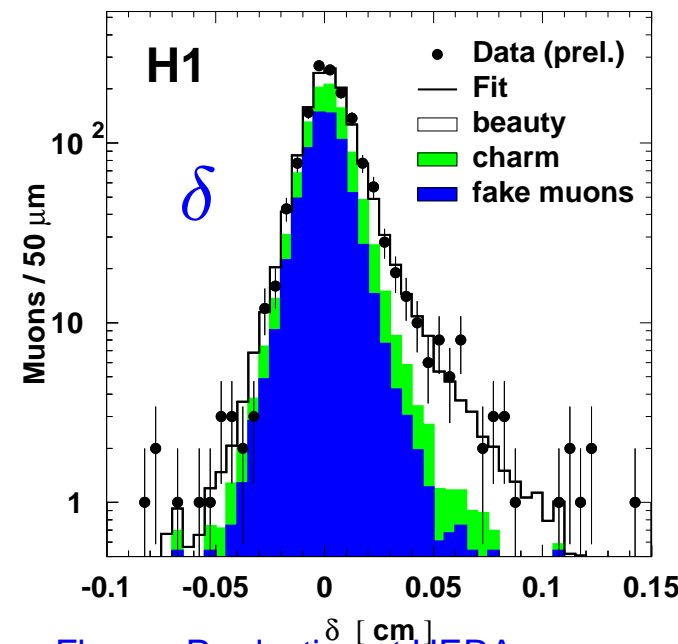
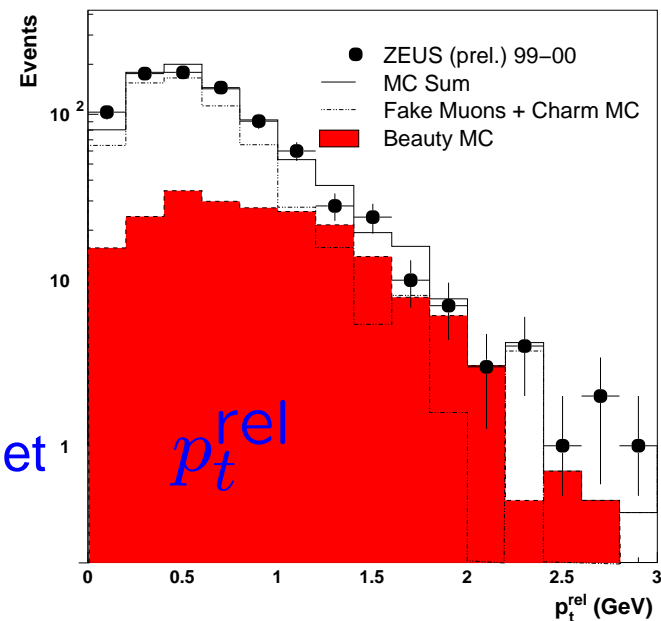
$$f_b \sim (25 \pm 5)\%$$

- Long B -Lifetime:

μ Impact Parameter

$$f_b \sim (26 \pm 5)\%$$

ZEUS



B in γp : 1996–2000 Results

ZEUS: p_T^{rel} Method

2 jets, $E_T^{jet1(2)} > 7$ (6) GeV; $|\eta^{jet}| < 2.5$

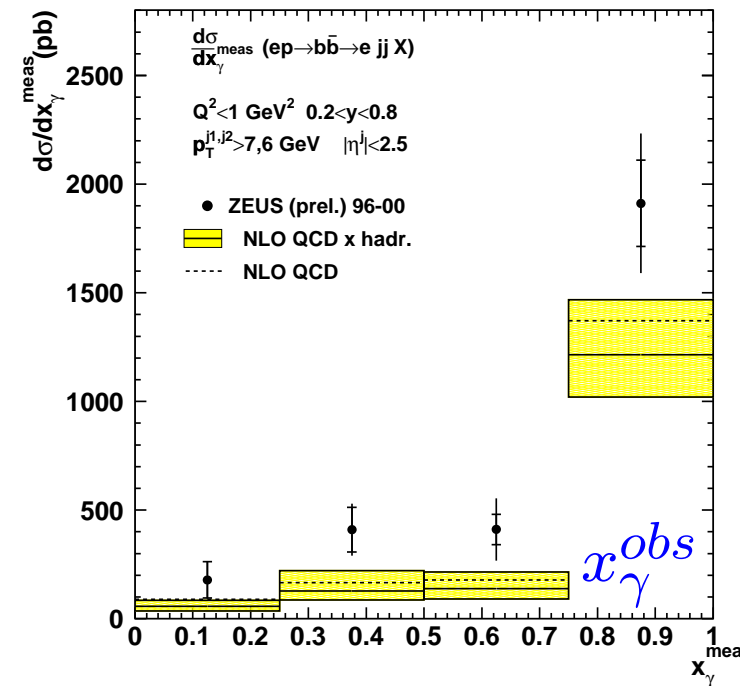
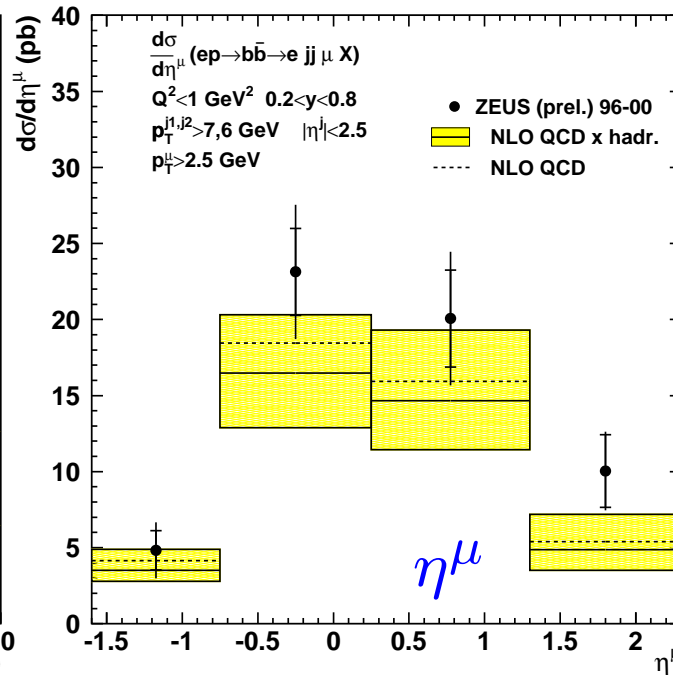
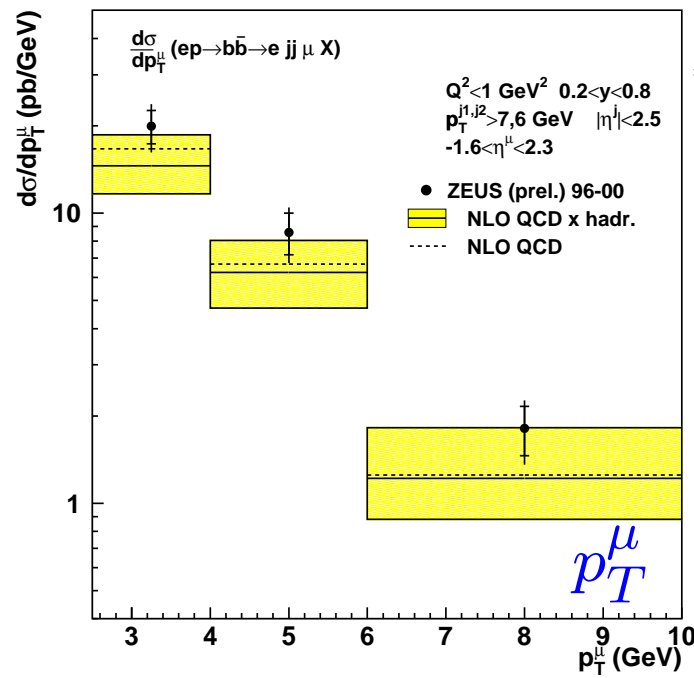
98 pb⁻¹

$p_T^\mu > 2.5$ GeV; $-1 < \eta^\mu < 2.3$

$Q^2 < 1$ GeV²; $0.2 < y < 0.8$

$ep \rightarrow b\bar{b} \rightarrow e j j \mu X$

$ep \rightarrow b\bar{b} \rightarrow e j j X$



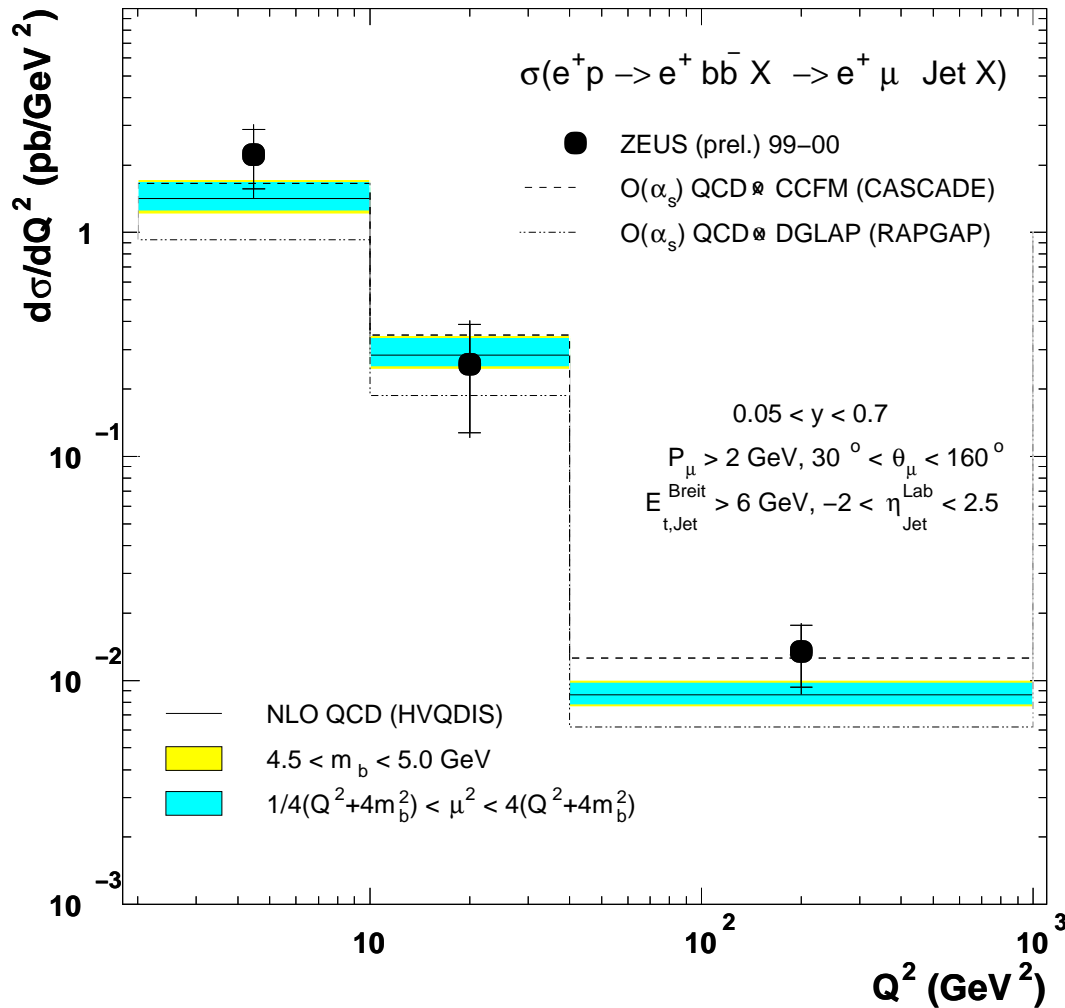
Comparison to NLO QCD: p_T^μ and η^μ in visible region, **ok within errors**

For x_γ extrapolate muon phase space (PYTHIA),

Factor 2 disagreement

Beauty in DIS

ZEUS: $ep \rightarrow b\bar{b} \rightarrow ej\mu X$



$Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2, 0.05 < y < 0.7 \sim 60 \text{ pb}$
 1 muon, $p_T^\mu > 2 \text{ GeV}$

1 jet: $E_T^{\text{Breit}} > 6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\sigma^{\text{vis}} = (38.7 \pm 7.7_{-5.0}^{+6.1}) \text{ pb}$$

- QCD NLO (DGLAP) ok within errors

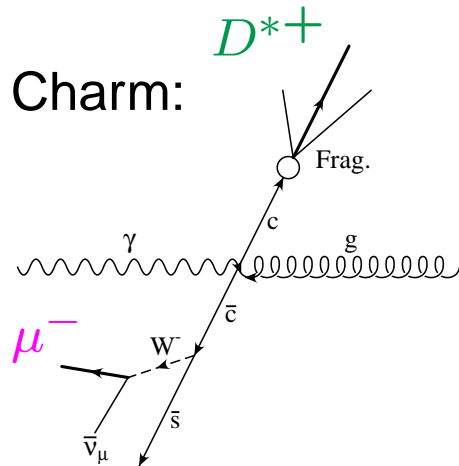
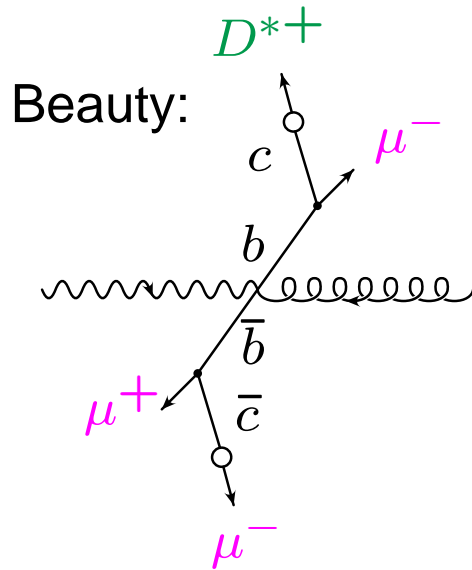
$$\text{NLO (Harris et al): } \sigma^{\text{vis}} = (28_{-3.5}^{+5.3}) \text{ pb}$$

- CASCADE (CCFM) good agreement

$$\sigma^{\text{vis}} \approx 35 \text{ pb}$$

- RAPGAP (DGLAP, LO+PS) too low

Heavy-Flavour Double-Tag: $D^* \mu$ – Correlations



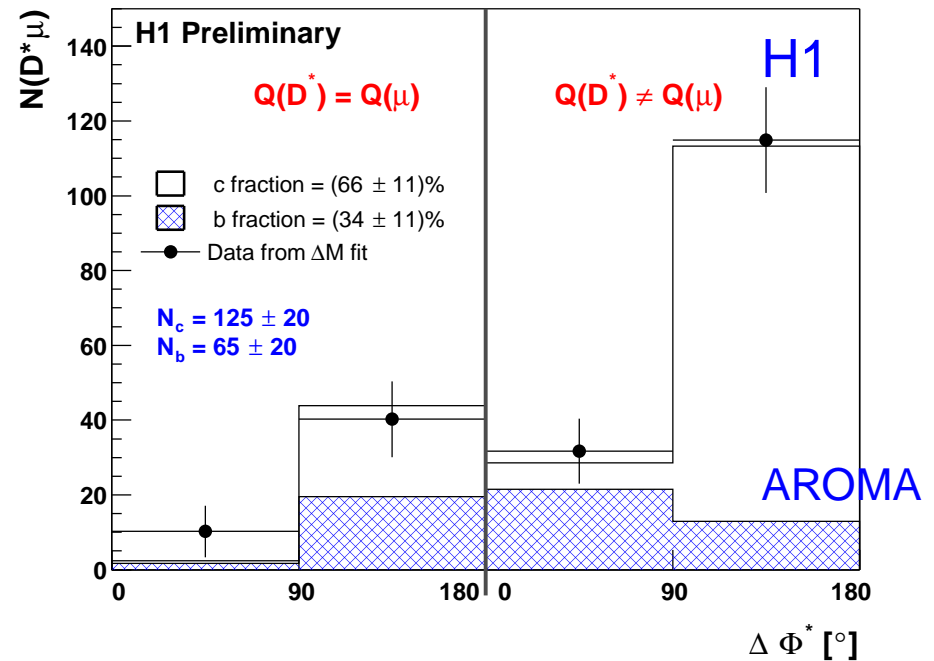
c - b separation using charge and angular correlations

H1: $\gamma p \rightarrow D^{*\pm} + \mu + X$

$\sim 90 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

$p_T^\mu > 1. \text{ GeV}, |\eta^\mu| < 1.74, 0.05 < y < 0.75$

$p_T^{D^*} > 1.5 \text{ GeV}, |\eta^\mu| < 1.5$



combined $D^* (\Delta M) + D^* \mu$ correlation analysis

$\sigma(ep \rightarrow D^* \mu X)$

charm : $[720 \pm 115(stat.) \pm 245(syst.)] \text{ pb}$

→ **factor 1.8** above AROMA

beauty: $[380 \pm 120(stat.) \pm 130(syst.)] \text{ pb}$

→ **factor 3.6** above AROMA

$D^* \mu$ – Correlations

ZEUS: $\gamma p \rightarrow D^{*\pm} + \mu + X$

$\sim 114 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

$$p_T^{D^*} > 1.9 \text{ GeV}, -1.5 < \eta^{D^*} < 1.75, 0.05 < y < 0.85$$

$$p_T^\mu > 1.4 \text{ GeV}, -1.3 < \eta^\mu < 1.5$$

$$\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta \eta^2 + \Delta \phi^2}$$

$\Delta R < 2$

$\Delta R > 2$

↓ PYTHIA MC ↓

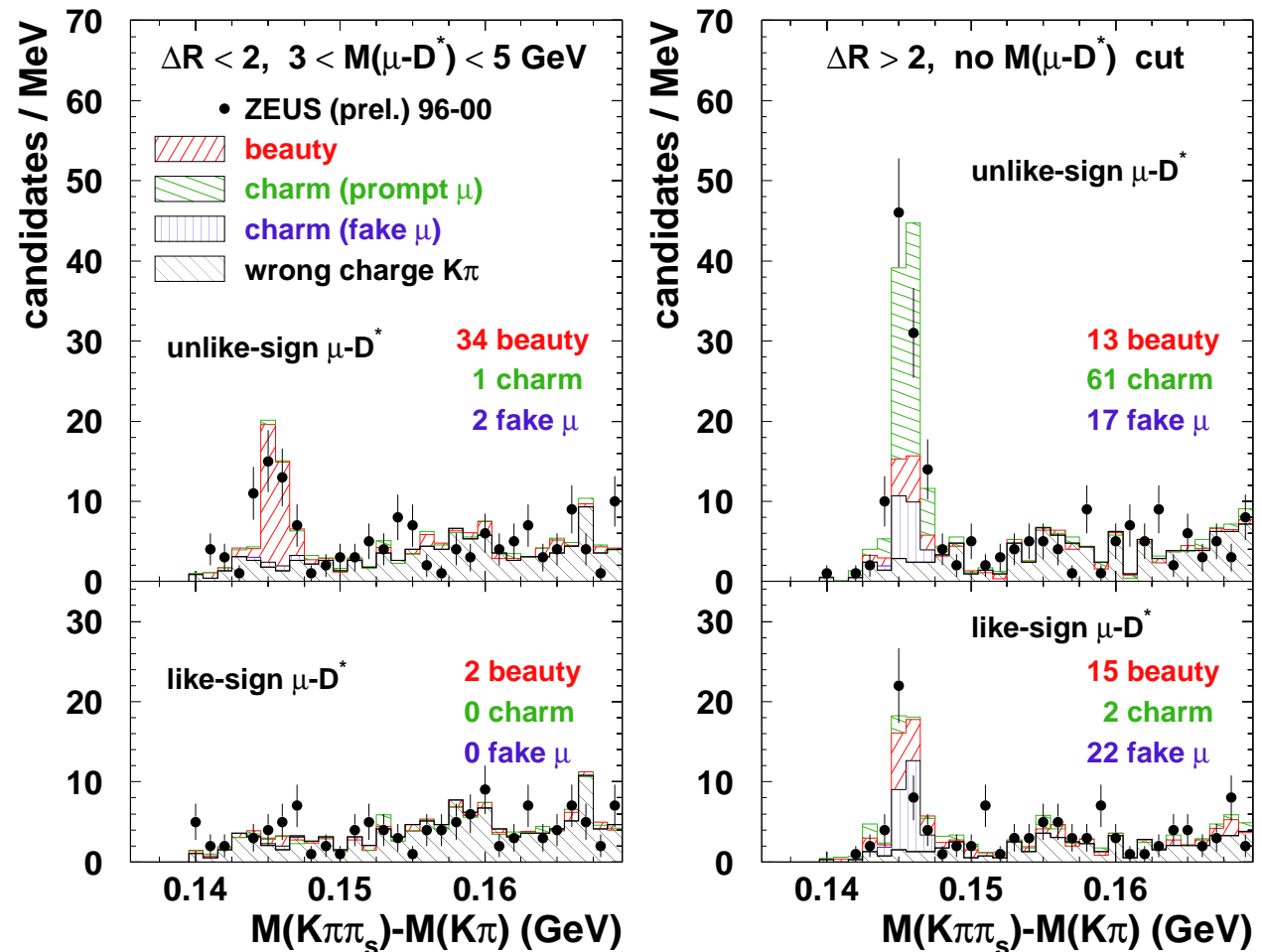
γp cross section

(for $\hat{y}^b < 1, Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$)

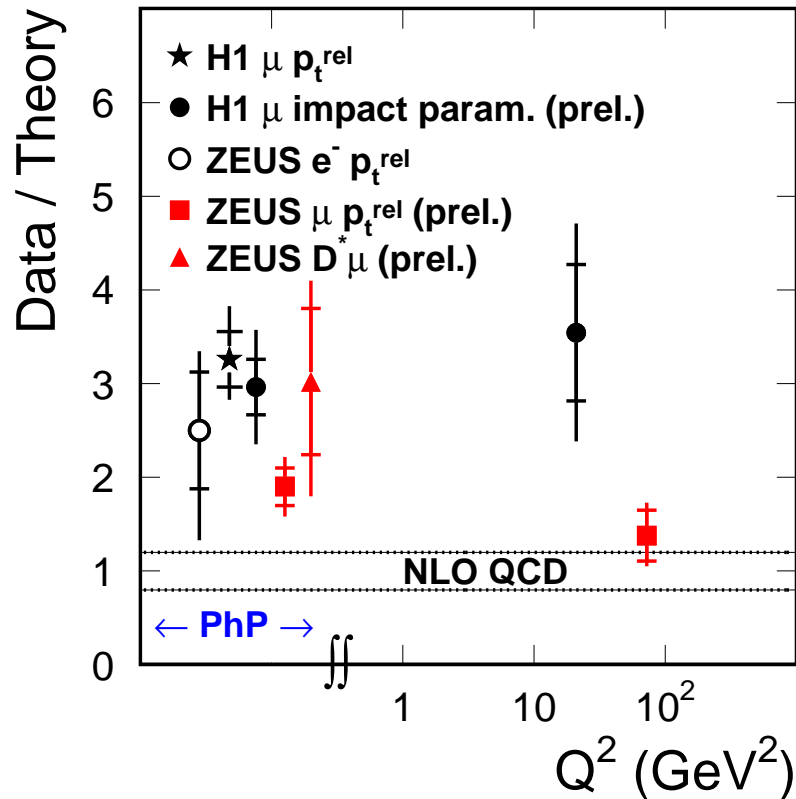
$$\sigma(ep \rightarrow b\bar{b}X) =$$

$$(15.1 \pm 3.9^{+3.8}_{-4.7}) \text{ nb}$$

$$\text{NLO QCD: } \left[5.0^{+1.7}_{-1.1} \right] \text{ nb}$$



Beauty Production Summary



Present results show:

Data/QCD ~ 2 for $b\bar{b}$ production

Independent of method (p_T^{rel} , δ , $D^* \mu$)
and independent of experiment (H1 or ZEUS)

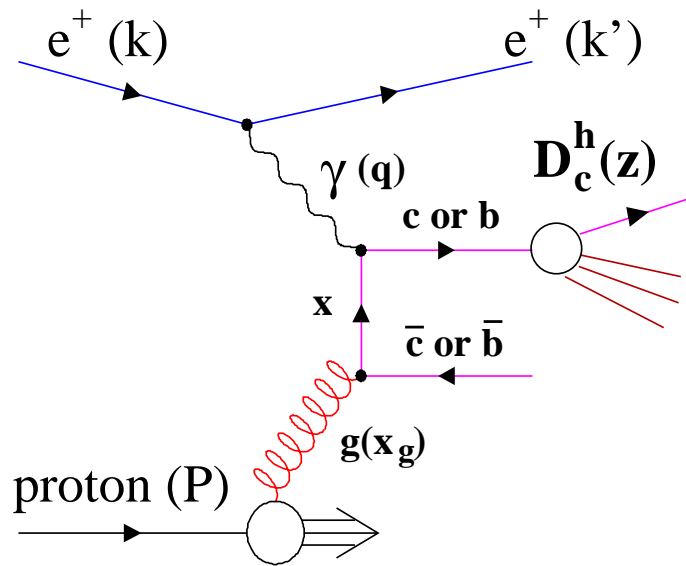
Differential analyses have given new insights:

Excess is not localised in a specific corner of phase space, e.g. in p_T , η or x_γ^{obs}

Reminder: Beauty production is considered to be more safe in terms of theory

➡ A good step forward, but still far from understanding beauty production

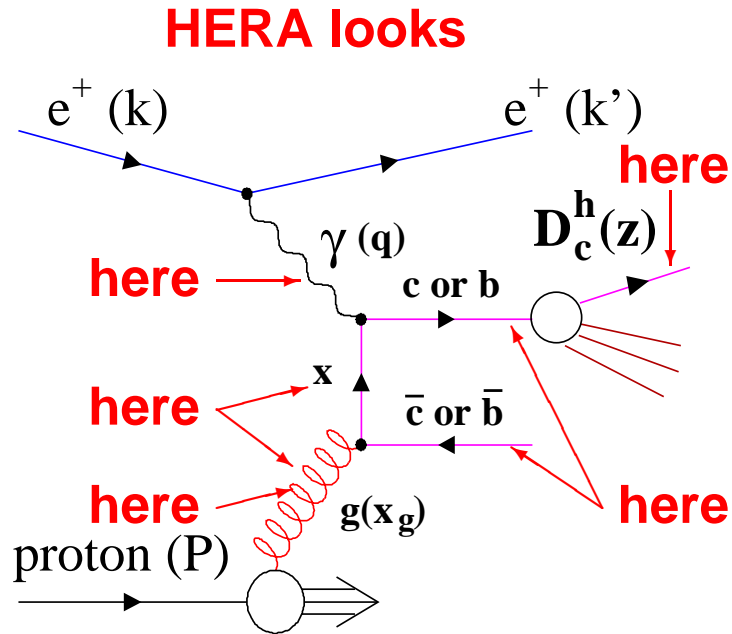
Summary



Proton structure $\otimes \sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function

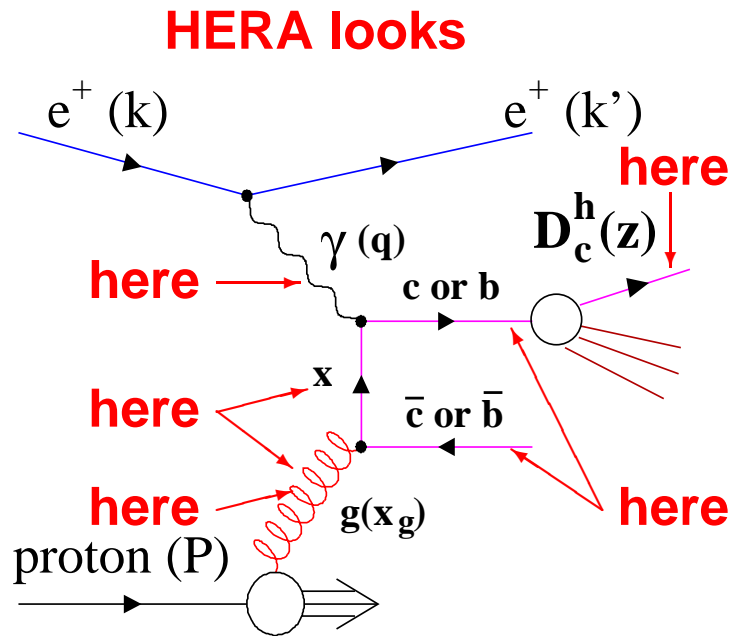
Summary

- High statistics charm and beauty production data are used for detailed studies on the production mechanism



Proton structure \otimes $\sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function
 Results: \uparrow here \uparrow here \uparrow here \uparrow here

Summary



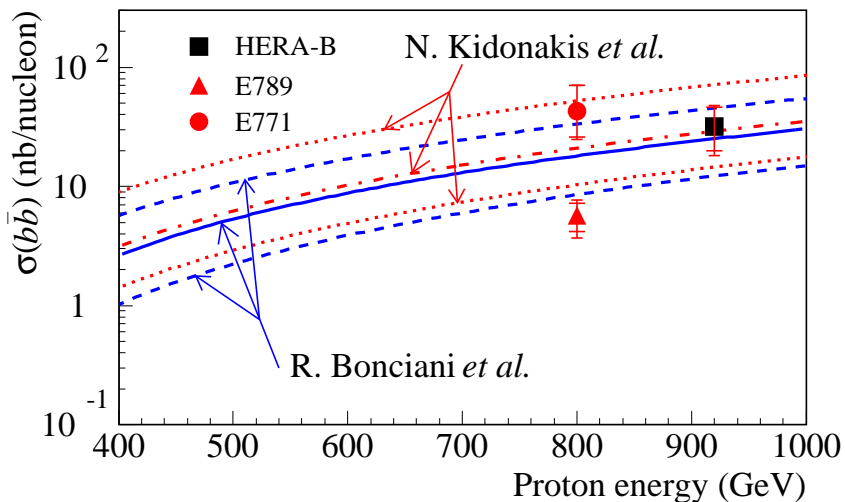
- High statistics charm and beauty production data are used for detailed studies on the production mechanism
- The question of the heavy quark masses has not been addressed yet experimentally
- More to come from final HERA-I data and even more insight from HERA-II
- None of the models describes all aspects
- None of the QCD calculations describes all aspects
- Precision of data much better than theoretical uncertainties

Proton structure \otimes $\sigma_{\gamma g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$ \otimes photon structure \otimes fragmentation function
 Results: \uparrow here \uparrow here \uparrow here \uparrow here

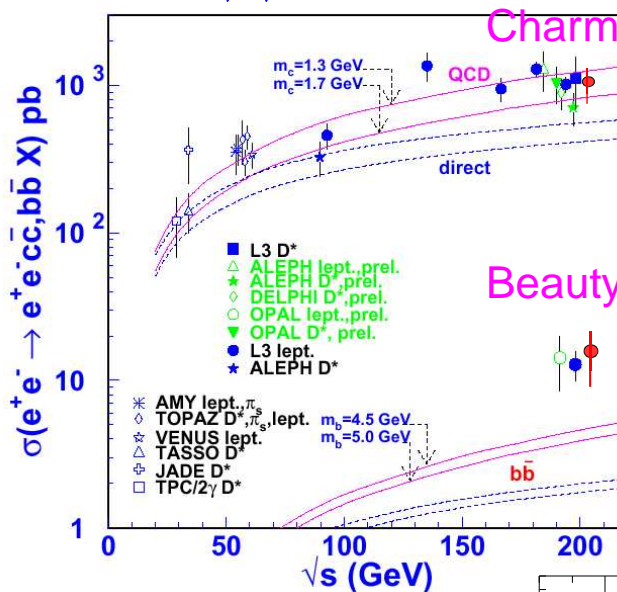
➡ More theoretical effort needed !

Overview: Beauty-Production: The World

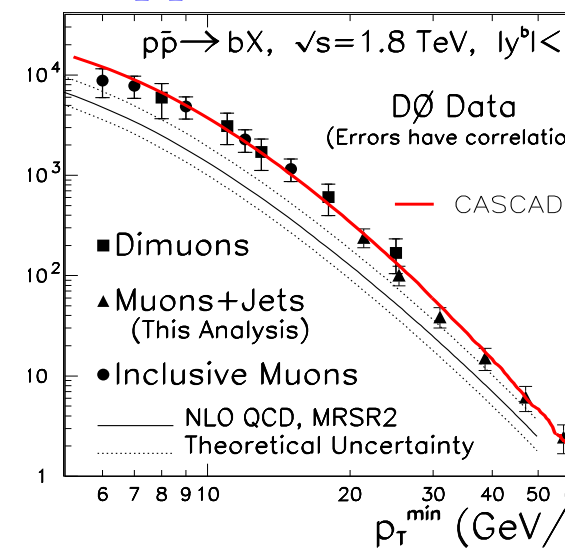
HERA-B



$\gamma\gamma$ LEP



$p\bar{p}$ Tevatron



- HERA-B at lower cms energy:
Data agree with theory (spread large)
- LEP: NLO also too low for beauty
- $p\bar{p}$: FONLL closer to data than (older) NLO
- $p\bar{p}$: CASCADE just as good

