CHARM AND BEAUTY PRODUCTION AT HERA

Outline

- Introduction
- Charm Production
- Beauty Production
- Summary and Outlook

some selected results on charm and beauty production at HERA, mostly from the full HERA I dataset (~100/pb)





HEAVY QUARK PRODUCTION AT HERA



- □ two kinematical regions
 - photon almost on mass shell
 photoproduction (γp)
 - □ photon highly virtual

deep inelastic scattering (DIS)

- same production mechanism but real photons can behave as hadrons
- study pQCD dynamics in heavy quark production
- learn more about structure of proton and photon



QCD CALCULATIONS

$\Box \quad LO + PS \text{ programs}$

- □ AROMA
 - □ direct only, DGLAP evolution
- □ HERWIG, PYTHIA
 - □ direct and resolved, DGLAP
- □ CASCADE
 - □ direct only, CCFM–like evolution
- □ fixed (NLO) order (FO) calculations ("massive")
 - **G** FMNR, HVQDIS
 - □ HQ mostly via BGF (quark masses taken into account)
 - \Box valid for Q, $p_t \sim m_Q$
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- resummed (RS) calculations ("massless")
 - □ Cacciari et al., Kniehl et al.
 - □ HQ part of parton densities (massless quarks)
 - □ resums contributions of large logarithms $(Q/m_0, p_t/m_0)$
 - $\Box \quad \text{valid for } Q, p_t \gg m_0$
- □ matched calculations (FONLL)
 - □ Frixione, Nason
 - □ merges FO and RS calculations



CHARM TAGGING



... an example: D* cross sections in photoproduction

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0.17

DIFFERENTIAL CROSS $\mathscr{L} \sim 40 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



- theoretical uncertainties very large (mainly renormalization scale)
- predictions marginally consistent with data: fragmentation, NNLO?

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comparison with FONLL

- □ dotted curve: central prediction
- solid curve: all uncertainties added linearly
- dashed curve: without factorization scale uncertainty



CHARM TAGGING ... REVISITED

- vertex tagging (H1 silicon vertex detector, ZEUS micro vertex detector at HERA II)
- study production of various charm hadrons in DIS (D*+, D^+, D^0, D_S^+
 - independent cross section measurements
 - fragmentation fractions



π

π

D⁺ PRODUCTION (DIS)



- □ visible cross section (H1 Prelim.) $\sigma(ep \rightarrow eDX) = (2.16 \pm 0.19^{+0.46})nb_{-0.36}$
- □ in good agreement with LO + PS prediction ((2.45 ± 0.30) nb)
- shapes well reproduced by LO + PS
 Monte Carlo (AROMA)
- □ similar results for other charm states



FRAGMENTATION RATIOS

vector to pseudoscalar ratio (expect about 0.75 from counting spin states) $P_{V} = (0.693 \pm 0.045 (stat) \pm 0.004 (syst) \pm 0.009 (theo))$ H1 preliminary $P_{V} = (0.546 \pm 0.045 (stat) \pm 0.028 (syst))$ Zeus preliminary u to d ratio (expect about 1 from isospin invariance) $R_{uld} = (1.26 \pm 0.061 (stat) \pm 0.033 (syst) \pm 0.008 (theo))$ H1 preliminary strangeness suppression factor (expect about 0.3 from strange quark mass) H1 preliminary $\gamma_{s} = (0.36 \pm 0.10(stat) \pm 0.01(syst) \pm 0.08(theo))$ $\gamma_{s} = (0.27 \pm 0.05)$ Zeus published

consistent with measurements in e⁺e[−], ...
⇒ consistent with charm fragmentation universality



PHOTON STRUCTURE

- charm production used to study photon structure: D* tagged di-jet events
- fraction of photon momentum entering in charm production

$$x_{\gamma}^{obs} = \frac{\sum (E_{t}e^{-\eta})}{2yE_{e}}$$

 LO generators (PYTHIA, HERWIG) with charm excitation (perturbative part of parton densities) describe shape of data well

... further insight by investigating di-jet angular distributions



DI - JET ANGULAR DISTRIBUTIONS



DI - JET ANGULAR DISTRIBUTIONS

- identify charm jet by matching jets with a D*
 - D* jet mostly found in photon direction
 - □ contribution of resolved to $x_{\gamma} > 0.75$ explains asymmetric distribution in $\cos\theta^*$
 - \Rightarrow evidence for charm content of photon
 - ... comparison with NLO shortly



photon direction

proton direction



DOUBLE TAGS

 tag both charm (beauty) quarks to completely reconstruct the hadronic final state, e.g.

 $D^{*\pm} l^{\mp}, D^{*+} D^{*-}, l^+l^-, l^- = e, \mu$

- □ measurement of the gluon density
- sensitive to higher orders and nonperturbative effects
- \Box example: $D^{*\pm} \mu^{\mp}$ analysis
 - exploit charge and angular correlations to separate charm and beauty
 - measurements of total cross sections compatible with previous results
 - □ measure differential distributions ...





DOUBLE TAGS (DIS AND γP)



0.05

 M(D^{*}µ) [GeV/c²]

large potential for HERA II

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 $\Delta \Phi$ [°]

CHARM CONCLUSIONS

□ charm production at HERA

- **p**QCD calculations in NLO about consistent with data, but
 - parameters in the calculations have to be stretched within their uncertainties
 - □ theoretical uncertainties rather large
 - experimental uncertainties typically smaller but still large
- □ some puzzling details need to be understood
 - □ better agreement using NNLO calculations, ...
- □ a consistent picture of the (gluonic) structure of the proton and the photon emerges

... what about the next heavier quark ?



BEAUTY PRODUCTION

- beauty cross sections expected to be smaller than charm cross sections by a factor of 200 (larger mass, smaller charge)
- □ theoretical predictions expected to be more reliable (due to larger mass)
- □ beauty tagging exploits the large mass and the long lifetime of b hadrons
 - □ muons or electrons from semi–leptonic decays associated with jets
 - □ signal extracted by fitting distributions of sensitive variables
 - transverse momentum of leptons with respect to the jet axis (high b mass) p_{t,rel}
 - \Box track impact parameter of leptons (long b lifetime) δ





 \Box new measurement using D* μ double tags

 $\sigma^{b}(e \, p \to e \, D \, \mu \, X) = (380 \pm 120 \pm 130) \, pb$

- □ about factor 4 larger than LO + PS prediction
- measurements above NLO QCD predictions
 - \Box both in γp , DIS
 - \Box also observed in pp, e⁺e⁻ ($\gamma\gamma$) scattering
 - □ NNLO, .. ?
- **new and more precise measurements soon**



... can a more differential study shed more light on this effect ?



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- LO + PS Monte Carlo describes the data rather well
 - indication that b excitation component maybe needed (as in charm production)
- experimental uncertainties still very large

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 p_T^{μ} (GeV)



- □ measurements above NLO, shape about okay
- \Box two channels (e, μ) and two methods (mass, lifetime)
- \Box two kinematical regimes (DIS and γp)
- □ interesting !
 - new theoretical developments are promising (NLO, FONLL, fragmentation, CCFM-like evolution, ...)
 - □ high precision measurements will help to clarify

... more to come soon !

CONCLUSIONS AND OUTLOOK

- □ HERA I has made (and will still make) substantial contributions to
 - □ understand the production of charm and beauty
 - improve our knowledge about the structure of the proton and the photon
- □ Uncertainties of theoretical predictions are still very large
 - □ more precise calculations are very desirable (NNLO, ...)
- HERA II with its considerable (about factor 10) increase in luminosity and the improved H1 and ZEUS detectors will allow even deeper insight into these important topics of QCD
- a lot of interesting heavy flavour phyiscs from HERA in the near future

