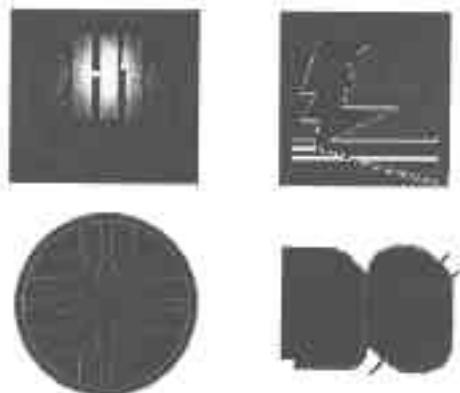


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diffractive results at HERA  
and TEVATRON

Barbara Clerbaux  
CERN

For the H1, ZEUS, CDF and D0  
Collaborations



XIVth Rencontres de Physique de la Vallee d'Aoste  
Feb 27 - Mar 04, 2000  
La Thuile, Aosta Valley (Italy)

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## Plan

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I. Introduction

II. Diffractive structure functions at HERA

III. Hadronic final state in diffractive DIS

IV. Hard diffraction at TEVATRON

V. Exclusive diffraction at HERA

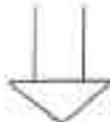
VI. Conclusions

8

## I. INTRODUCTION

[ DIFFRACTION IS FUNDAMENTAL!  
CONSTANT ENERGY BEHAVIOUR OF  $\sigma_{tot} \leftrightarrow s_{lab}$  ]

First studied in had.-had. collisions  
in '60  
→ Regge model, based on good concepts



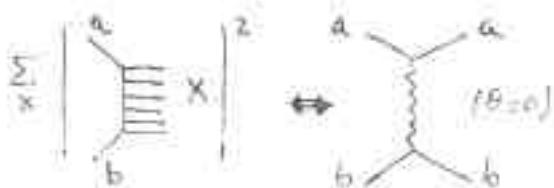
TODAY:

- What is the "microscopic" QCD picture of IP?
- how does QCD account for properties of IP?
  - challenge for QCD!

## INTRODUCTION (con'd)

Regge Model: based on:

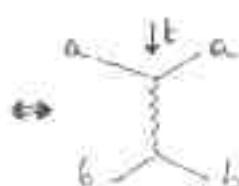
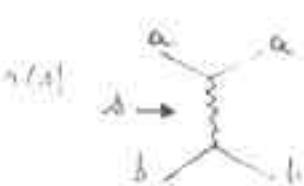
- DIFFERENTIAL FORMULA ( $\Sigma \chi$ )



- ANALYTICITY

DISCRETE

$\alpha'/\Lambda$



$$\rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_{\text{tot}}^{hh}(\Lambda) \sim \Lambda^{\kappa(\alpha)-1}}$$

$$\alpha(t) = \alpha(0) + \alpha' t$$

- Exchange of  $\alpha$  between

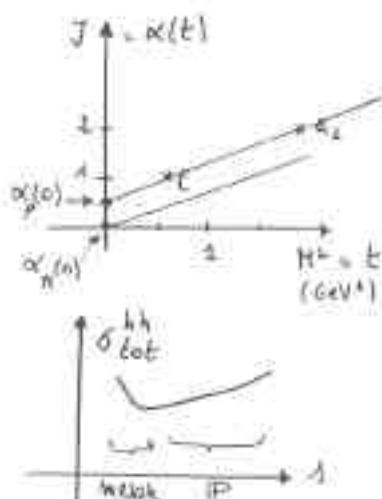
$\rightarrow$  Regge theory

- Length scale  $\Lambda$ : hard

$$\Lambda(0) \approx 1 \text{ fm}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \Lambda^{6.03}}$$

$\rightarrow$  "SOFT" EN. DEP.



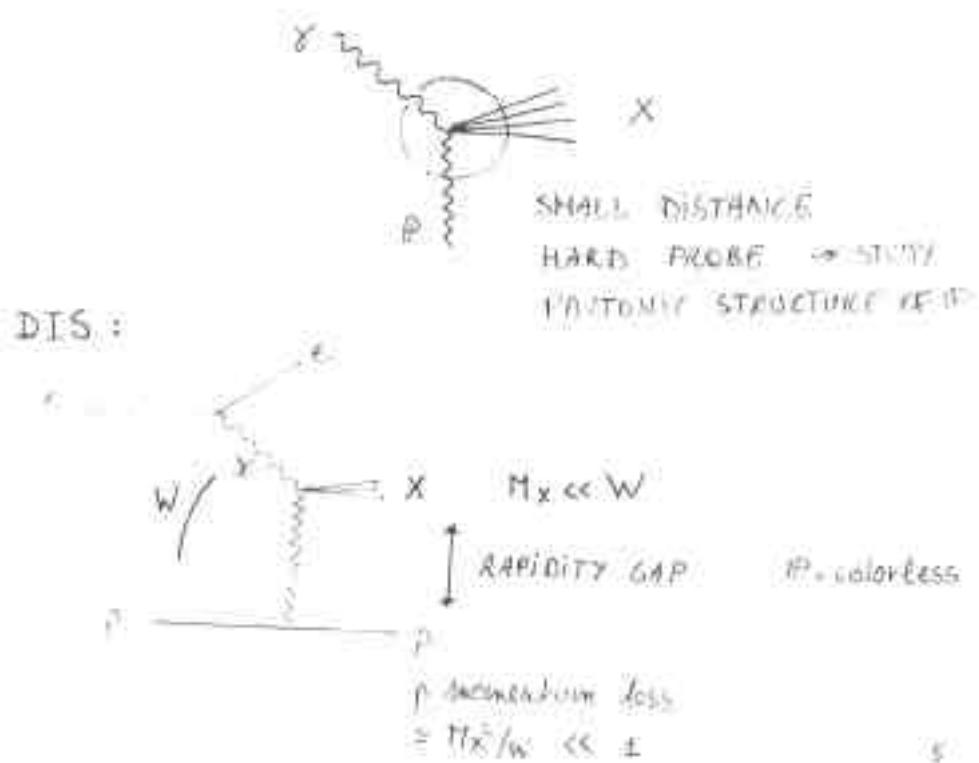
DIFFRACTION = IP EXCHANGE

IP = Q.N. OF VACUUM

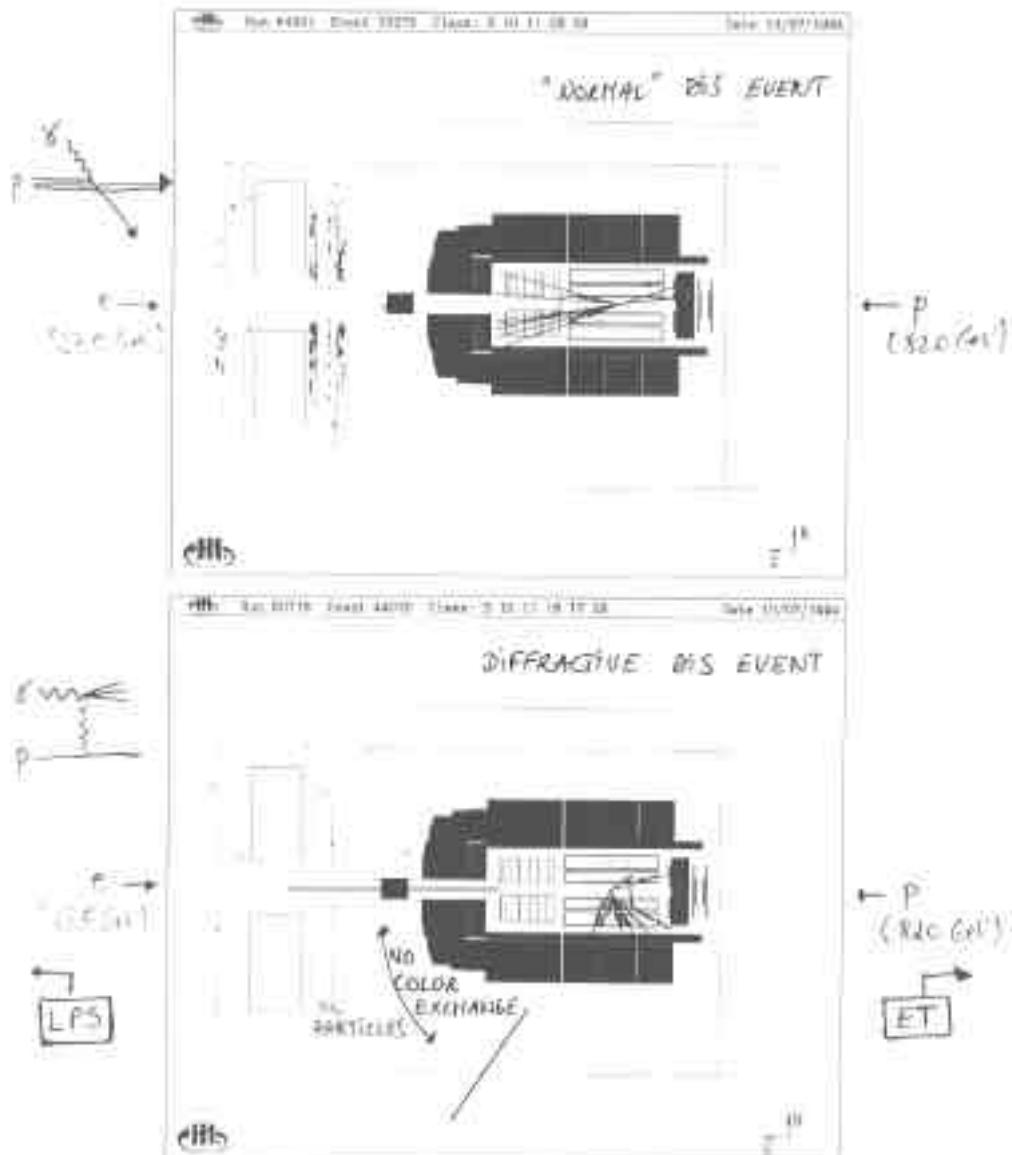
IP = GLUEBALLS?

-4-

→ How can we study IP in QCD?



III. 2.3.1. RADIATIVE QCD - ASYMMETRIC

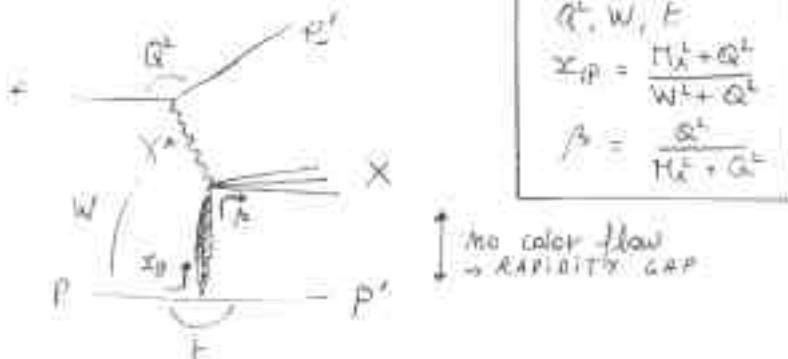


$\sim 5\%$  of  $\sigma_{tot}$ !  
constant  $Q^2, W$

(1.2)

## II. DIFFRACTIVE STRUCTURE FUNCTIONS AT HERA

- select diffractive events



- p → p is tagged in LPS
- asked for LRG ( $e'$  escapes in beam pipe)
- X → central detector
- $e'$  → central detector  $Q^2 > \text{few GeV}$
- tagged in ET      }     $Q^2 = 0$     (photoproduction)

$$\rightarrow \frac{d\sigma^{D+exp}}{d\beta dQ^2 d\chi_{IP}} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^4}{\beta Q^2} (x_1 y_1 + y_1^2) F_2^{D(2)}(\beta, Q^2, \chi_{IP})$$

diffractive structure function

### Diffractive structure functions at HERA (con'd)



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Collins factorization theorem:  
 (large  $Q^2$ , large pol.  $\gamma$ )

It is in the context of the factorization  
 the long distance physics at p' neglected  
 from the F\_2 function = QCD + ...

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \gamma \text{ wavy line} \\
 | \quad | \\
 p \quad p
 \end{array}
 = 
 \begin{array}{c}
 | \quad | \\
 p \quad p
 \end{array}
 \times
 \begin{array}{c}
 q' \\
 | \quad | \\
 p' \quad p
 \end{array}$$

$$F_2^{(D)}(x_\rho, \Lambda, Q^2) = \int_{x_\rho/p}^1 f_{p/p}(x_\rho) \times F_2^p(p, Q^2)$$

$\Downarrow$   
 $x_\rho = \frac{t}{\Lambda^2}$   
 rest Regge param.  
 for energy dep.

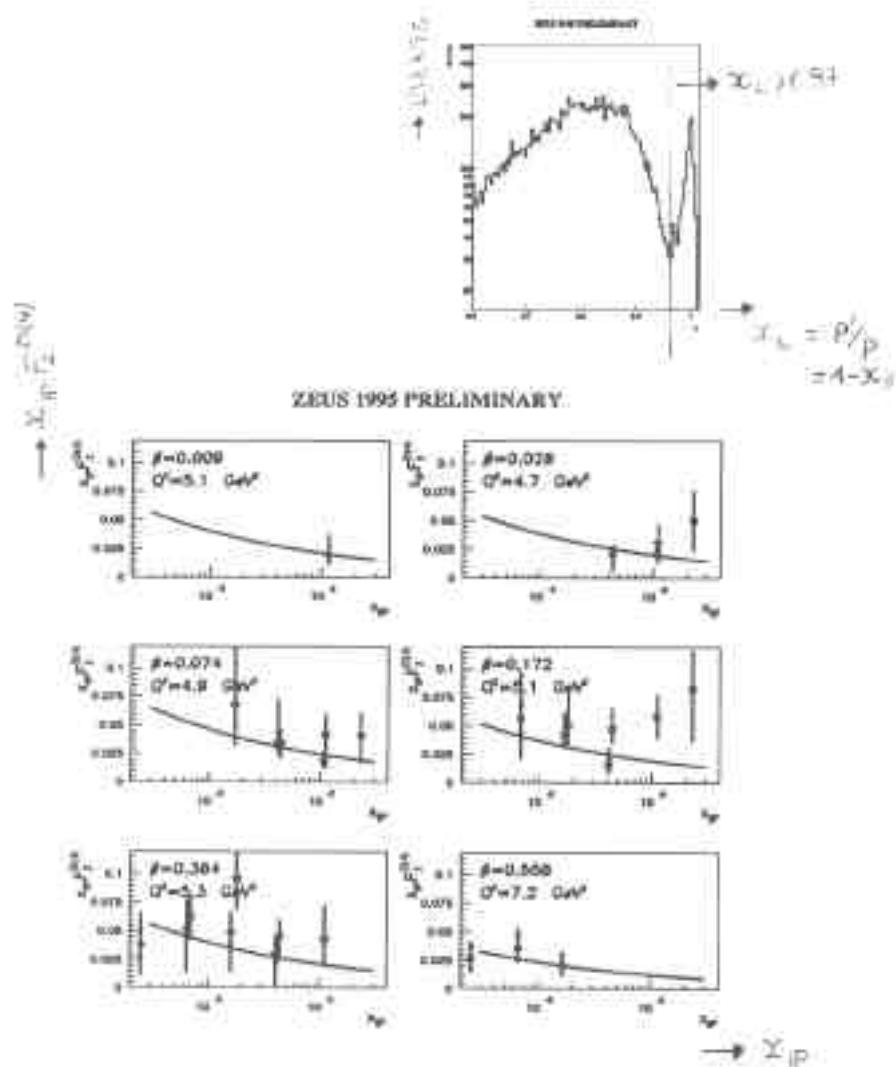
$$\int_{x_\rho/p}^1 f_{p/p}(x_\rho) \sim \int dt \left(\frac{1}{x_\rho}\right)^2 \exp(-t) = 1$$

$\downarrow$   
 p' structure  
 function  
 $\rightarrow$  QCD  
 fit

$\rightarrow$  extract  $x_\rho (= 1)$  and  
 compare had. had.  $x_\rho(0) = 1.08$

Diffractive structure functions at HERA (con'd)

Tagged proton measurement



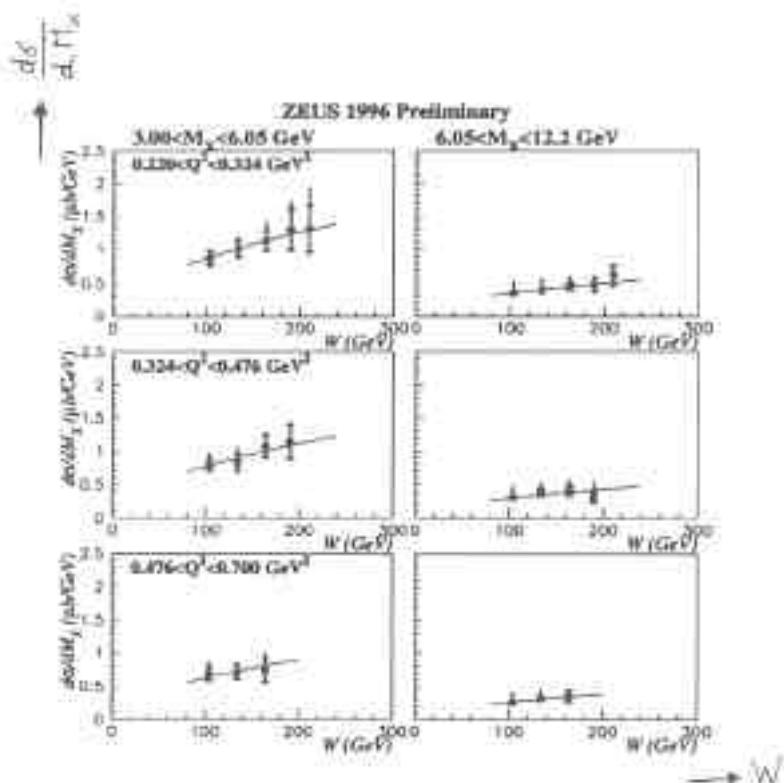
11

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Diffractive structure functions at HERA (con'd)

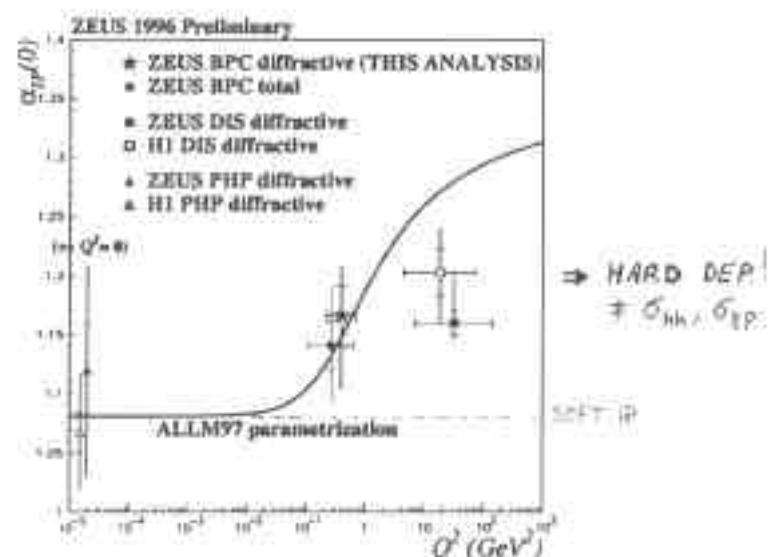
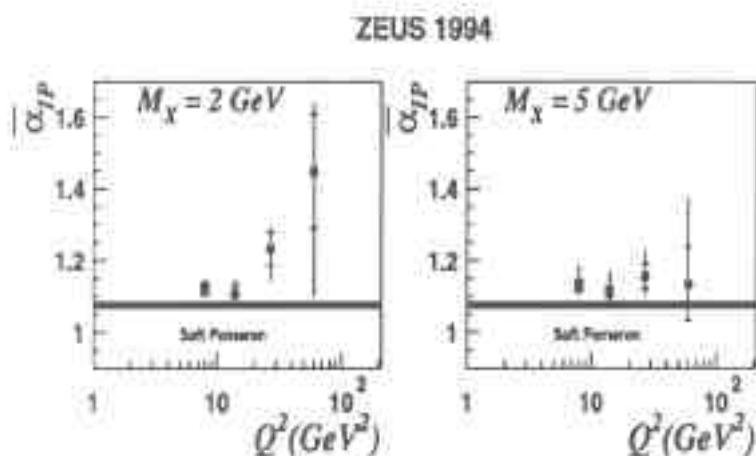
Low  $Q^2$  measurement

$0.24 < \tau^2 < 0.40 \text{ GeV}^2$



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 1275x2100; 8bit; 159.0KB

### Pomeron intercept

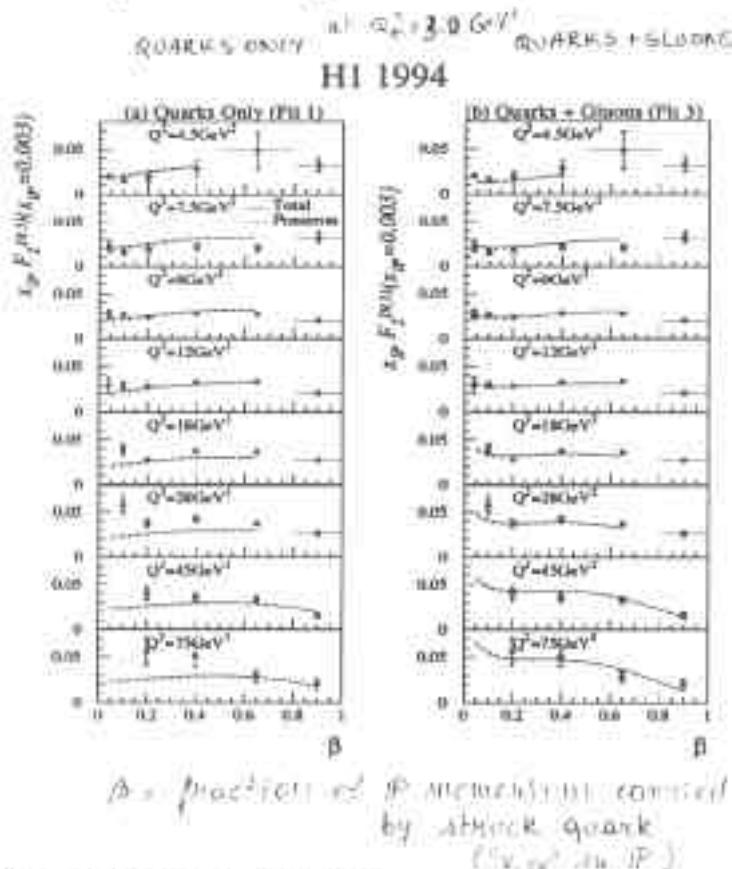


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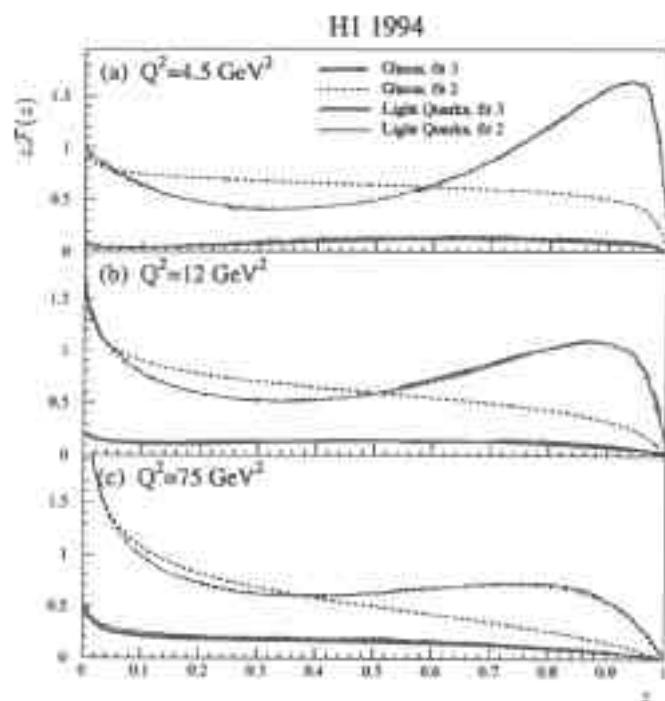
## fit QCD

Factorization theorem:

Pomeron flux in the  $p \otimes$  hard interaction  
 $\rightarrow$  PDF's of pomeron obey DGLAP evolution



extract quark and gluon densities in the pomeron



→ gluons dominate  
→ input to compute final state in diffraction

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### III. Hadronic final state in diffractive DIS

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#### Introduction

Go to  $\gamma - p$  centre of mass system  
and measure particle production

Select diffractive events by LRG or LPS

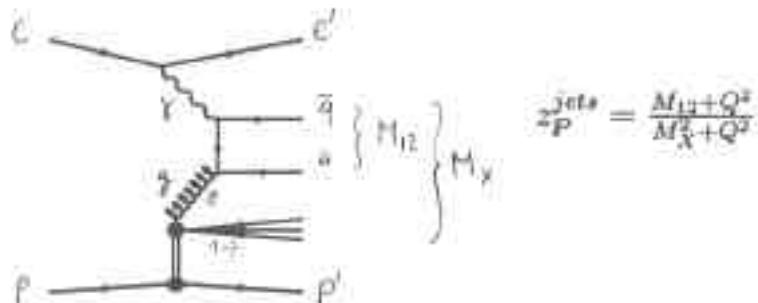
on the track on understanding pomeron in DIS:

jets  
( charm )  
( particle spectra  $\langle n_{\text{jet}}(p_T), j_1(p_T), j_2(p_T), \dots \rangle$  )

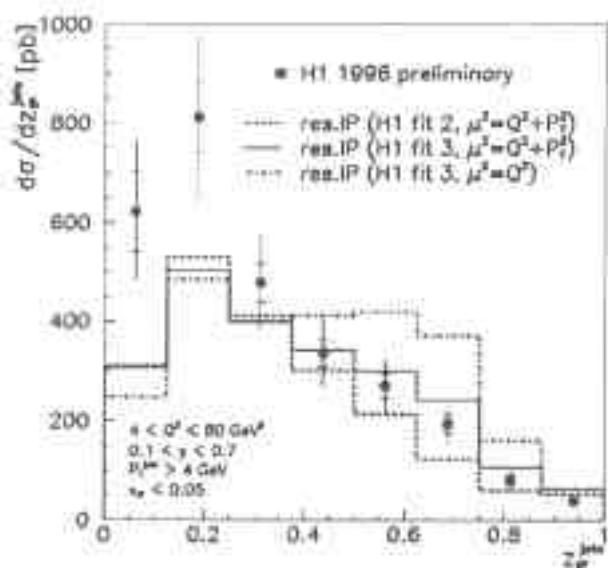
→ compare the results with:

1. Pomeron structure function approach
- ( 2. pQCD approach (models) )

## Di-jets production



Direct probe of the gluon in the (resolved) pomeron



$M_{12} \neq M_X$ : large signal at low  $z_P$

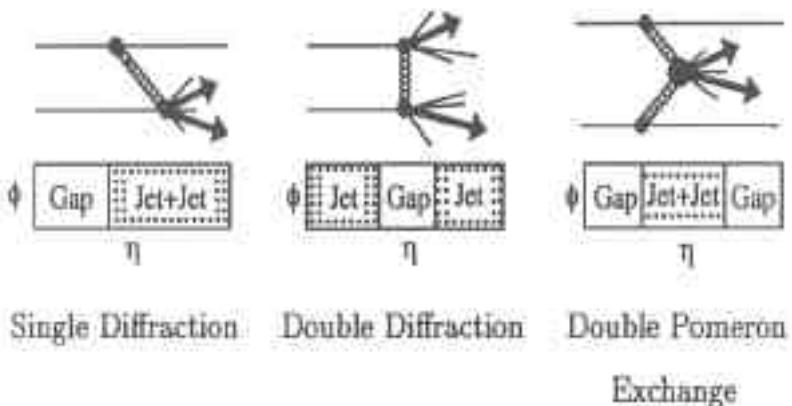
Good agreement with pred. based on  $F_2^D$  measurements

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## IV. Hard diffraction at TEVATRON

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### Introduction



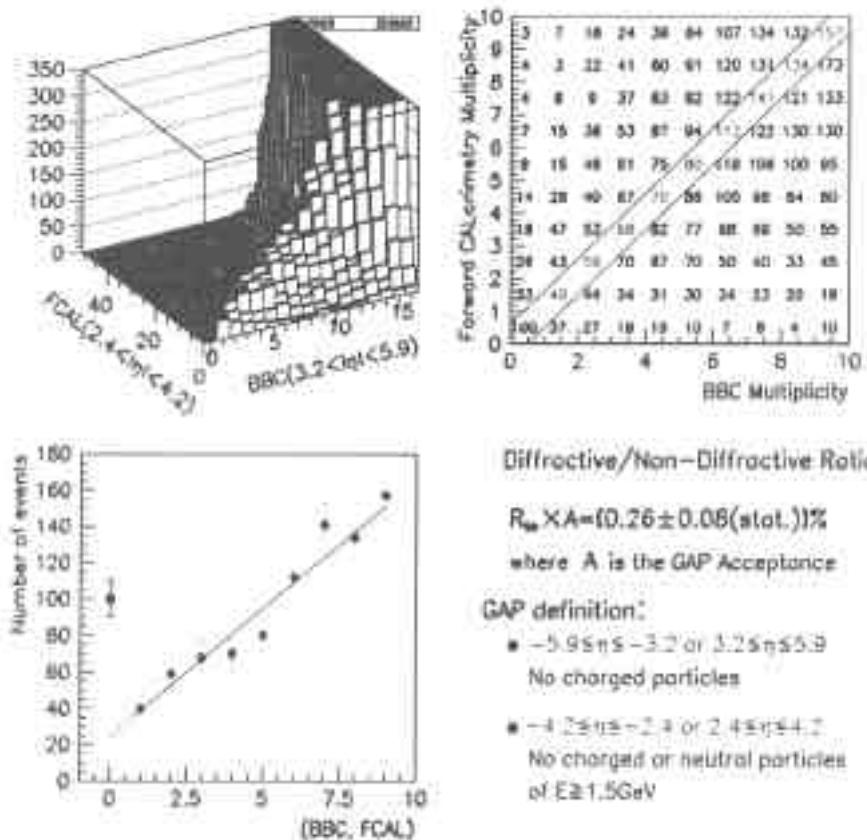
Hard scales:

High  $p_t$  jets  
W  
b  
 $J/\psi$

7

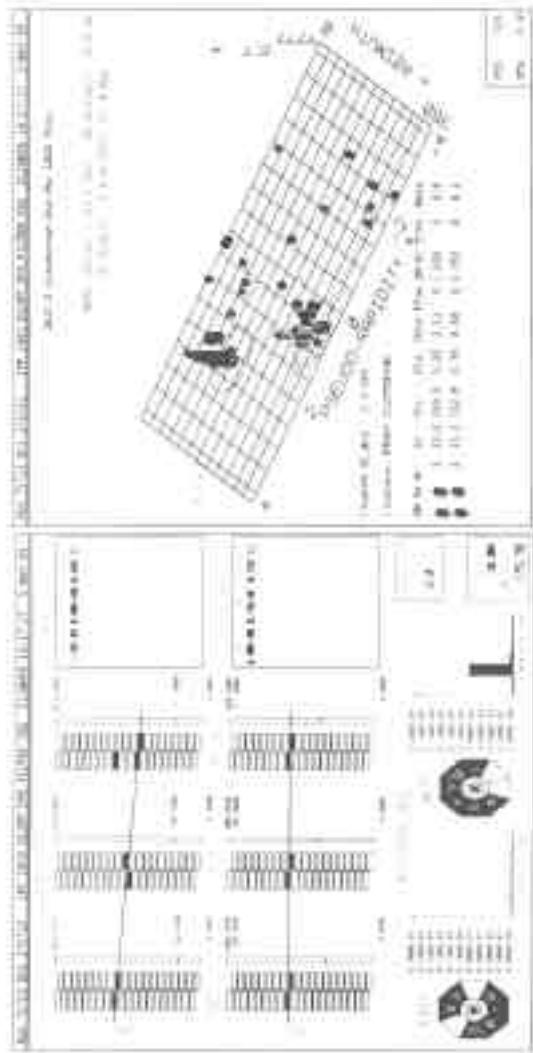
## Hard diffraction at TEVATRON

Single Diffraction  
Diffractive Heavy Quark Production  
CDF Preliminary



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1275x2100; 8bit; 263.4KB

### Candidate of Double Pomeron Exchange Dijet



- Jet 1       $E_T = 19.0 \text{ GeV}, \eta = 2.2$       Proton Side       $N_{BHC}(2.4 < \eta < 4.2) = 0$   
Jet 2       $E_T = 18.1 \text{ GeV}, \eta = 0.79$        $N_{FCAL}(2.4 < \eta < 4.2) = 0$   
Ptot       $\xi = 0.070, |t| = 0.0097 \text{ GeV}^2$

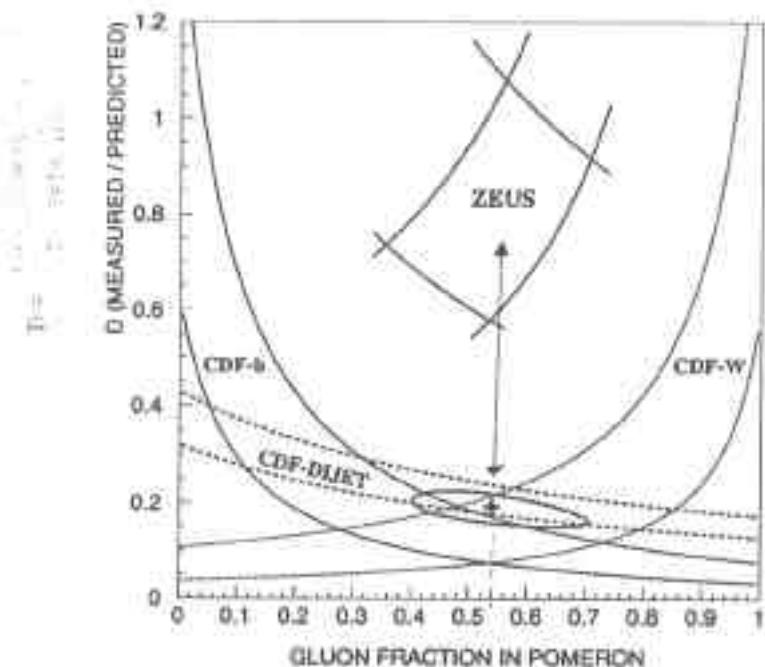
18

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## Hard diffraction at TEVATRON

### Gluon fraction in pomeron

$\Delta$ , di-jets, b-pred.  $\rightarrow$   $\pm$  sensitivity to  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$   
low photons in  $T^2$



$\Delta$ , di-jets, b-pred.  $\rightarrow$   $\pm$  sensitivity to  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

$D \neq 1$

DIS  $\rightarrow$  TEVATRON: factorization breaking  $\approx 4$

(when taking  $F_2^D$  from HERA in MC)

- **SIMILAR SENSITIVITY**: odd jets, inter. selection  
 + 2nd jet moment in vertex  $H_{\text{2J}} < 0.15$   $\Rightarrow$   $\Delta \approx 0.1$
- **LOW  $T^2$  IN MC**  $\Rightarrow$  **LOW  $T^2$  AT THERM**

40

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## Hard diffraction at TEVATRON

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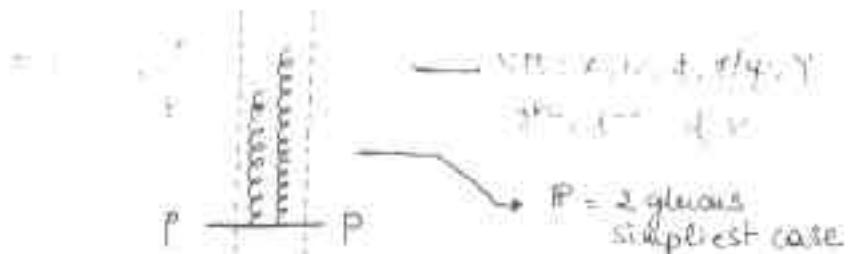
- Single diffraction rates:  
jets, W, b,  $J/\psi$   
 $\sim 10^{-2}$
  - Double pomeron exchange rates:  
 $\sim 10^{-4}$
  - Rapidity gap between jets:  
 $R(600/1800) > 1 !$   
 $R(600/1800) = 2.7 \pm 0.4$  D0  
 $R(600/1800) = 2.4 \pm 0.9$  CDF
- Survival probability:
- underlying int. destroying gap
  - multiple pomeron exchange

..

## V. Exclusive diffraction at HERA

### Introduction

in photon next frame



$\leftarrow l_1 \rightarrow \gg l_2 \ll \rightarrow l_3 \rightarrow$  FACTORIZATION  
(COLLINS)

$$\delta\sigma = \Psi_{\gamma q\bar{q}} + H_{(q\bar{q})-p} + \Psi_{q\bar{q}}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha_s^2(Q^2)}{Q^2} \cdot \frac{f_{q\bar{q}}(x, Q^2)}{f_{q\bar{q}}(x)} \cdot f_{q\bar{q}}(x, Q^2)$$

TEST MODELS

$$\delta \sim \frac{\alpha_s^2(Q^2)}{Q^2} |x g(x, Q^2)|^2$$

- STRONG ENERGY DEPENDENCE
- HARD BEHAVIOUR
- ≠ had.-had. SOFT ENERGY DEPENDENCE

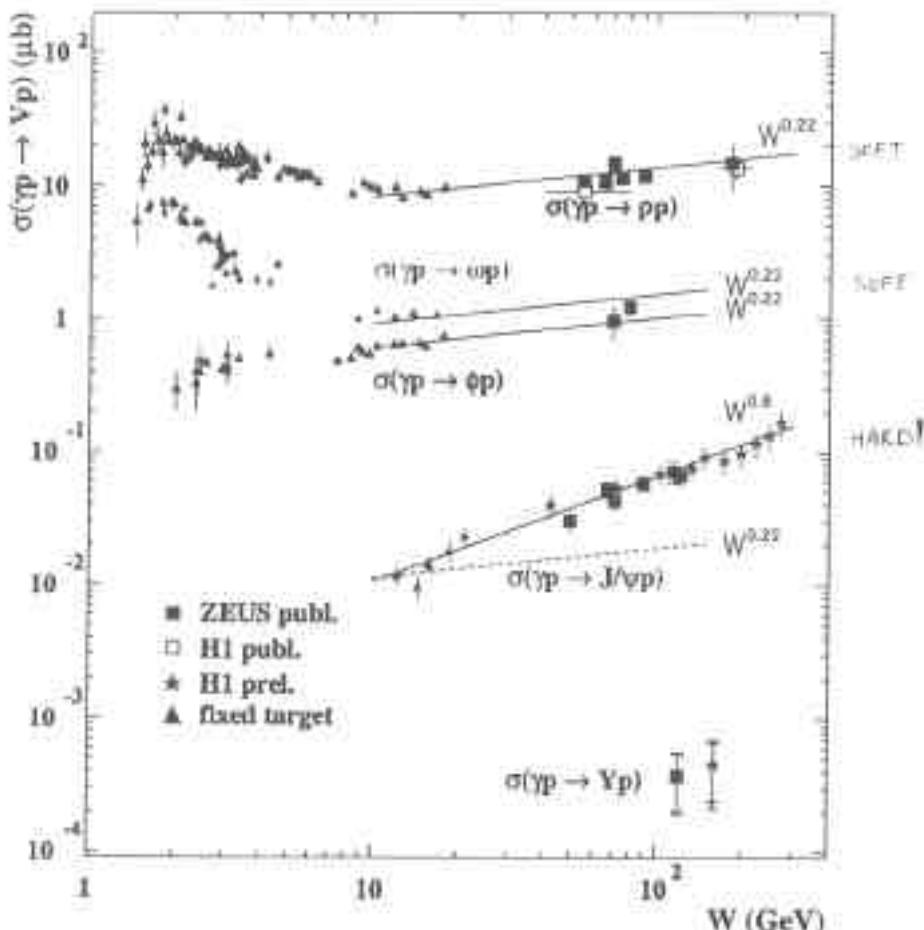
- VH PRODUCTION - CLEAN WAY STUDY IP
- TEST MODELS (pQCD)
- NOVEL WAY TO PROBE PARTON IDENTITIES

Exclusive diffraction at HERA (con'd)

**Energy dependence**

*Est. dep. of  $\sigma_{tot}^{hh}$ ,  $\sigma^{df}$  → soft gluon line*

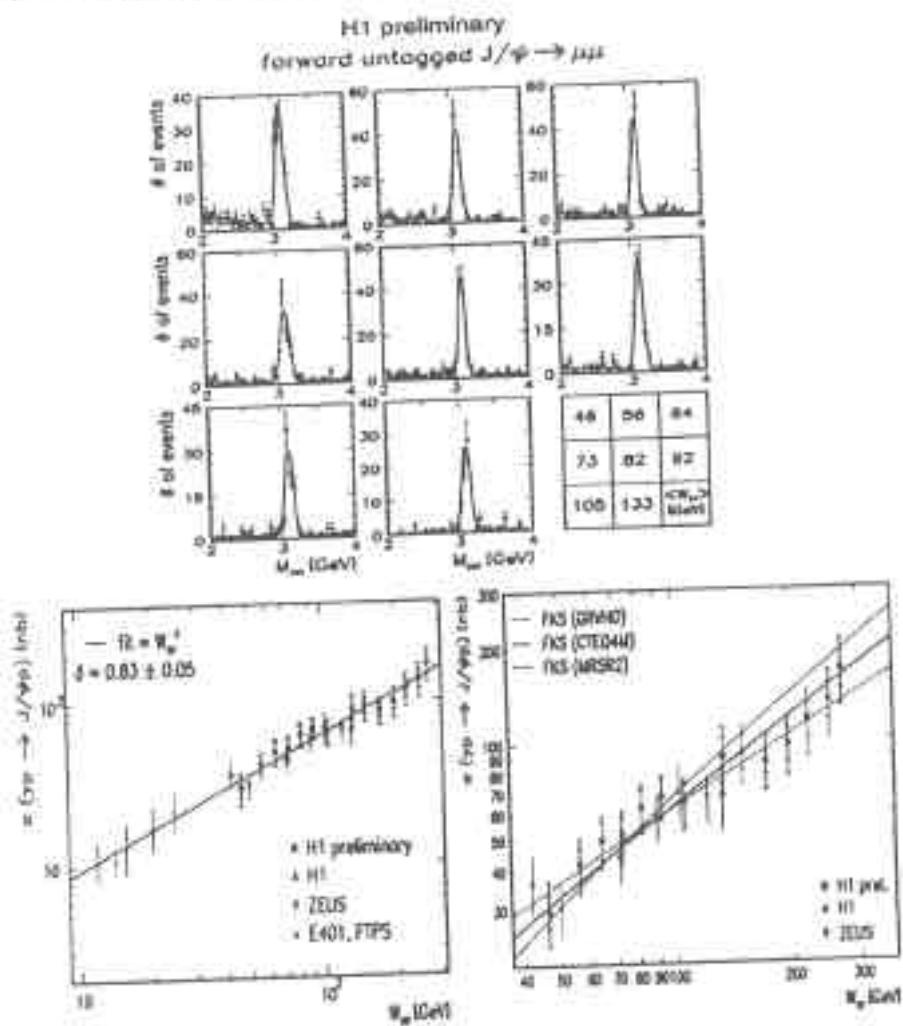
HERA: VM Photo Production ( $\delta^2 = 0.1$ )



⇒ *mass of c quark provides  
a hard scale in interaction*

Exclusive diffraction at HERA (con'd)

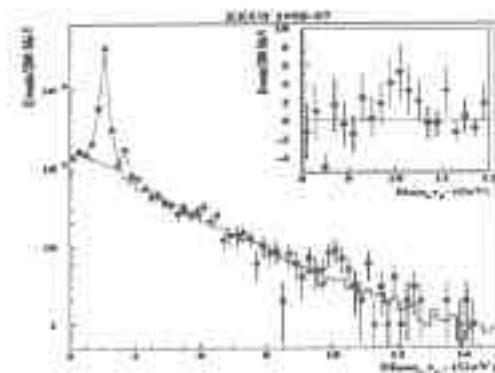
•  $J/\psi$  photoproduction



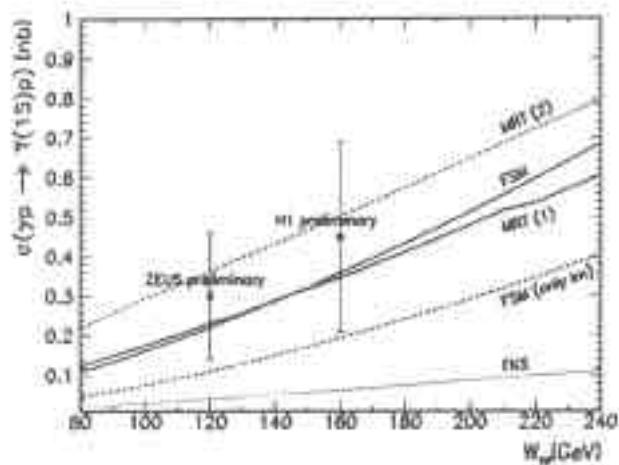
→ rise of  $\sigma$  with energy can be described by pQCD:

$$\sigma(W) \propto |xg(x, Q^2)|^2$$

→ sensitivity to param. of  $xg(x, Q^2)$

$\Upsilon$  photoproduction

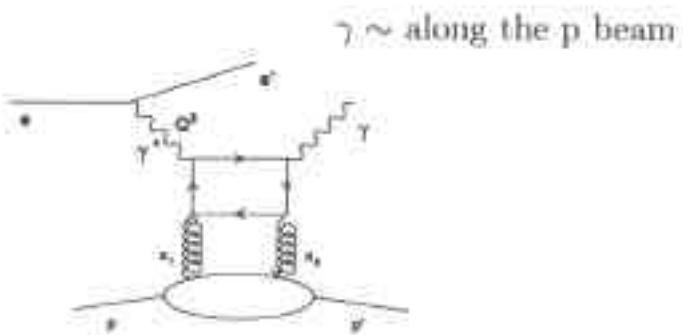
$\Upsilon(1S), \Upsilon(2S), \Upsilon(3S)$  states: not separated  
background: Bethe-Heitler  $\mu$  pair production ( $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ )



FKS: same hypothesis as for the  $J/\psi$   
MRT,FSM: modification  $\rightarrow$  real part of the amplitude  
 $\rightarrow$  skewed parton distribution

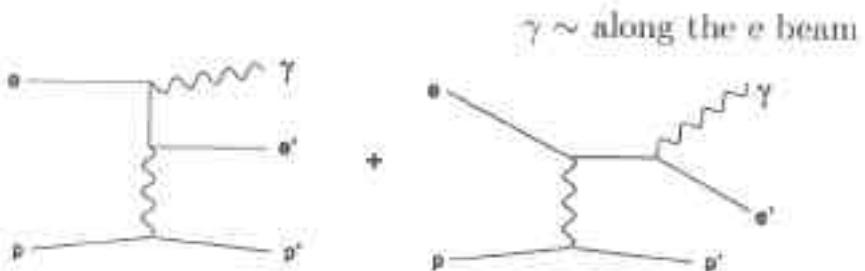
## Deep Virtual Compton Scattering

- Signal:



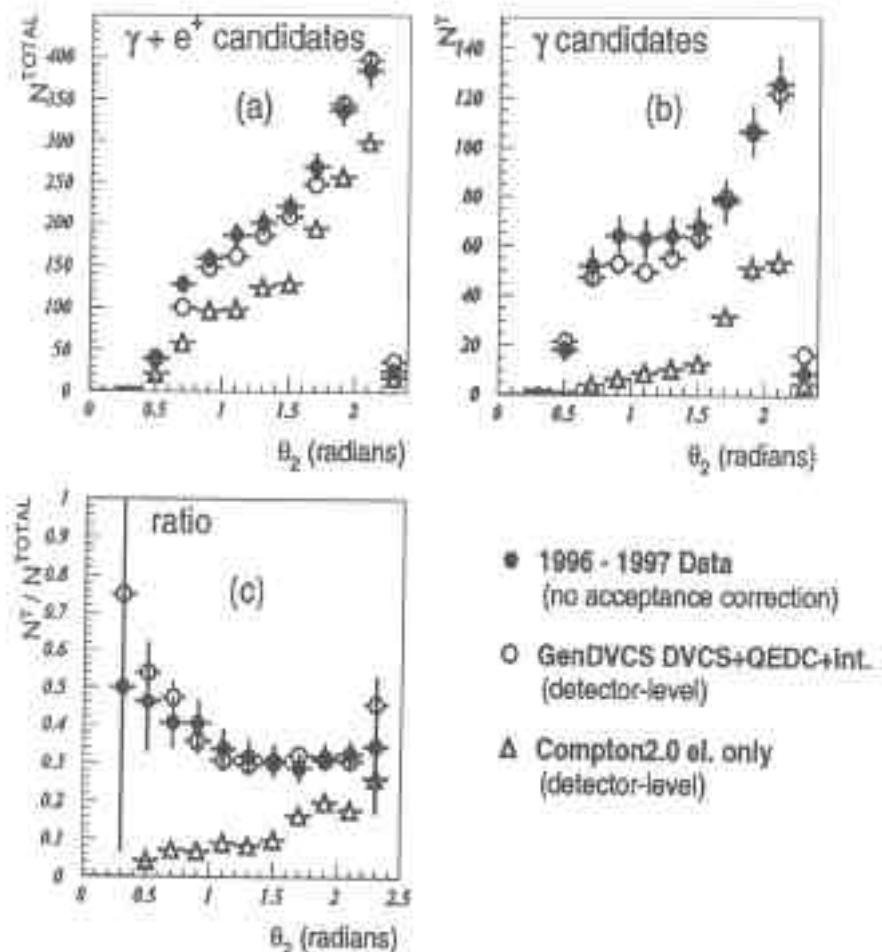
Completely calculable  $\rightarrow$  Gold-plated process  
 $x_1 \neq x_2 \rightarrow$  "skewed" PDF's

- Bethe-Heitler background:



signal and background: different  $\theta$  distribution

ZEUS 1996/97 Preliminary



→ Clear signal for DVCS

## VI. Conclusions

- DIFFRACTION at HERA !  
TEVATRON !  
... LHC

- clearer diffractive structure functions
- harder definition of  $\theta \rightarrow$  mostly gluons
- more difficult final state
- more DISFRONT = gap survival probability
- easier to predict - direct link with saturation

- very nice interplay between

experiments	-	theoretical
soft	-	hard
bulk of data	-	rare process

AT HERA:

- Results based - 94, 95, 96 data
- New data to be analysed - 97, 98, 99, 00 ...

TEVATRON

- RUN II

OK