

8th International Workshop

on

Deep Inelastic Scattering



Liverpool, 25th - 30th April 2000



**Future High Q^2 Deep
Inelastic Scattering at
HERA**

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Contents

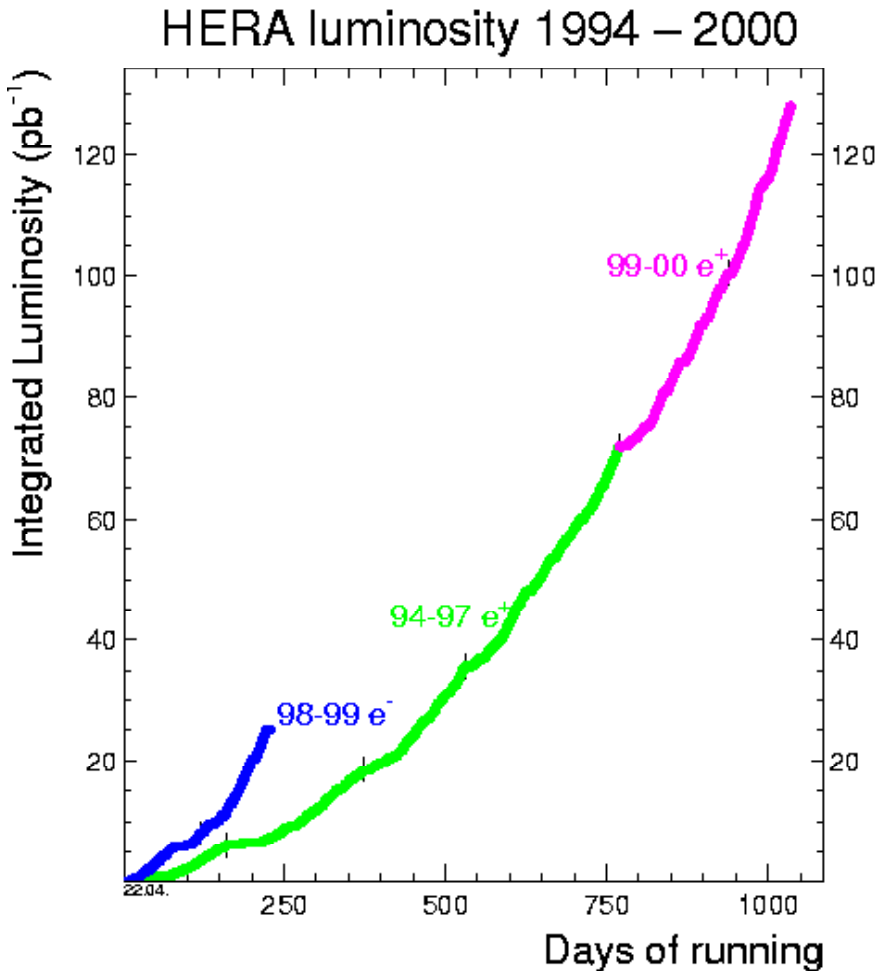
- **Introduction**
- **Status of D.I.S.**

Measurements at HERA

- **Charged Current D.I.S.**
- **Neutral Current D.I.S.**

- **Future Physics at HERA**
 - **High luminosity**
 - **Polarised lepton beams**

Introduction



	Luminosity (pb ⁻¹)	
	H1	ZEUS
e^+P (820)	37	48
e^-P (920)	18	16
e^+P (920)	> 40	> 40

To run with e^+P (920)
until September 2000

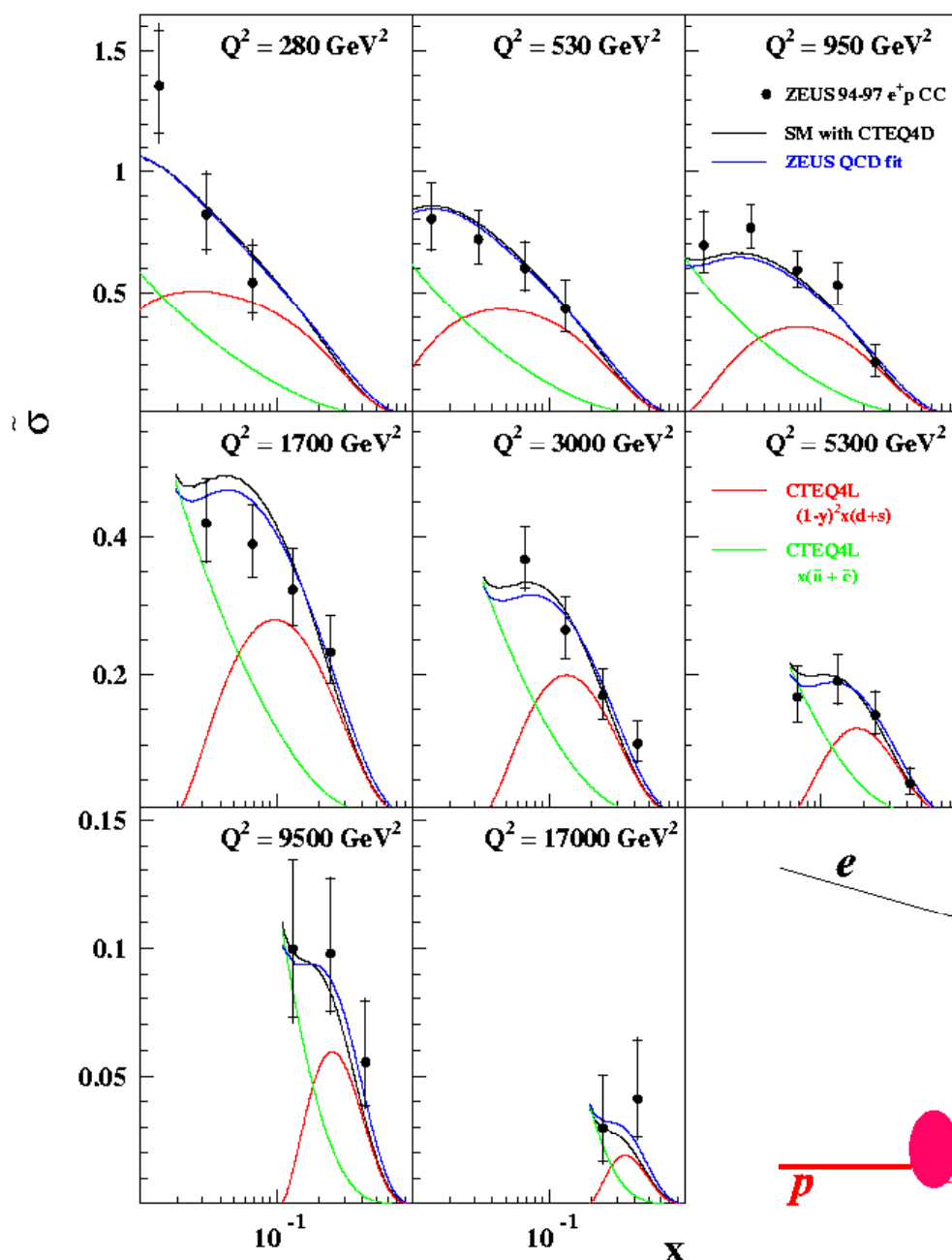
⇒ can expect
combined e^+P data set
approaching 150 pb⁻¹

Charged Current DIS

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{\text{CC}}^{e^+P} = \left\{ \frac{G_\mu^2}{2\pi x} \left[\frac{M_W^2}{Q^2 + M_W^2} \right]^2 \right\}^{-1} \frac{d^2 \sigma_{\text{CC}}^{e^+P}}{dx dQ^2}$$

$$\approx x(\bar{u} + \bar{c} + (1-y)^2(d+s))$$

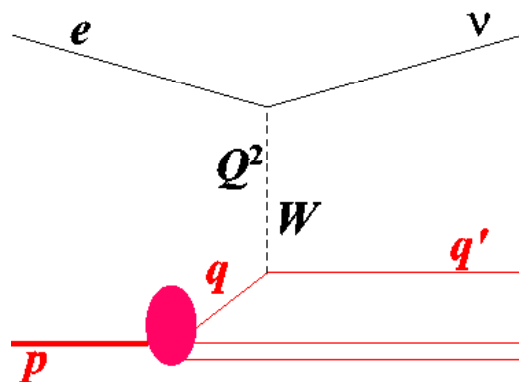
ZEUS CC 1994-97



**Sensitive to
specific
PDFs:**

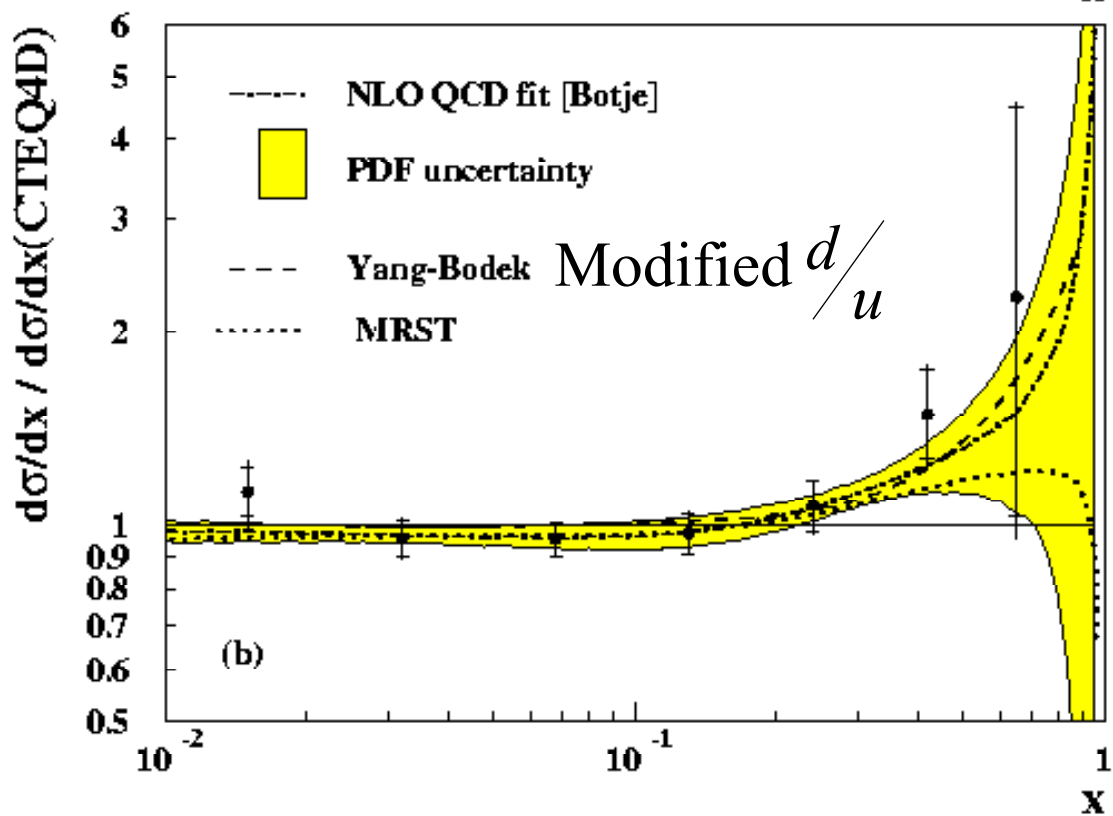
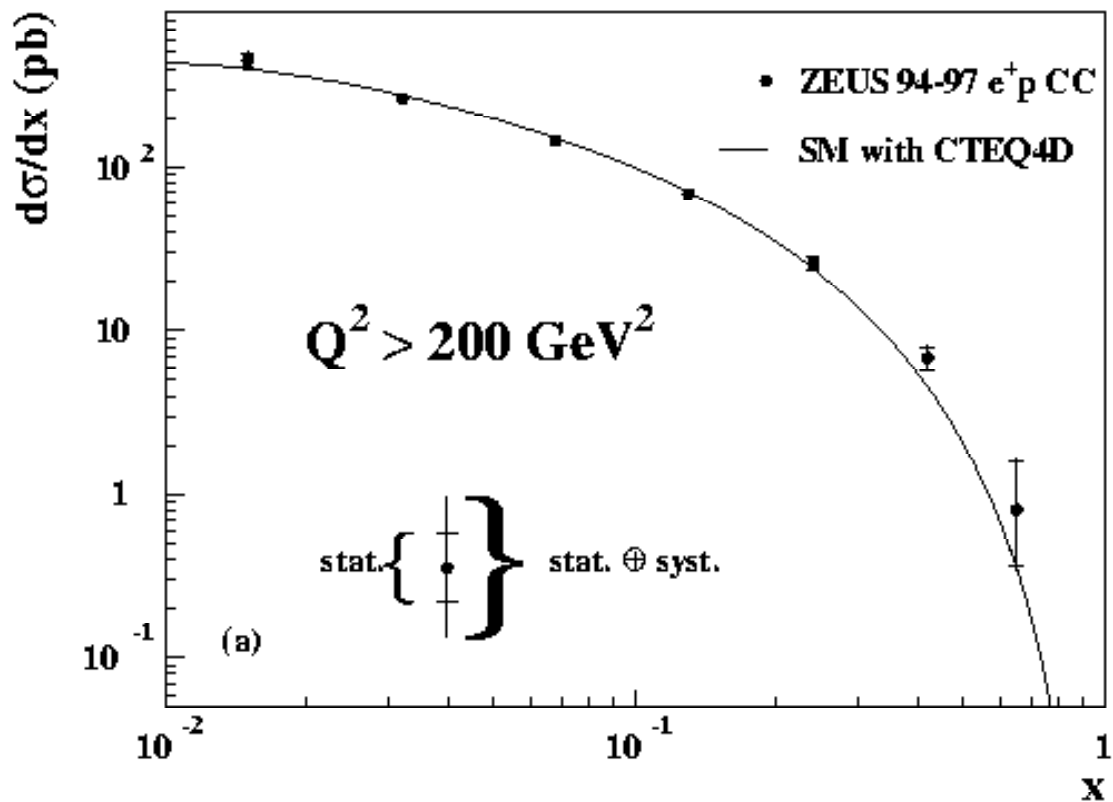
High x : d

Low x : \bar{u}

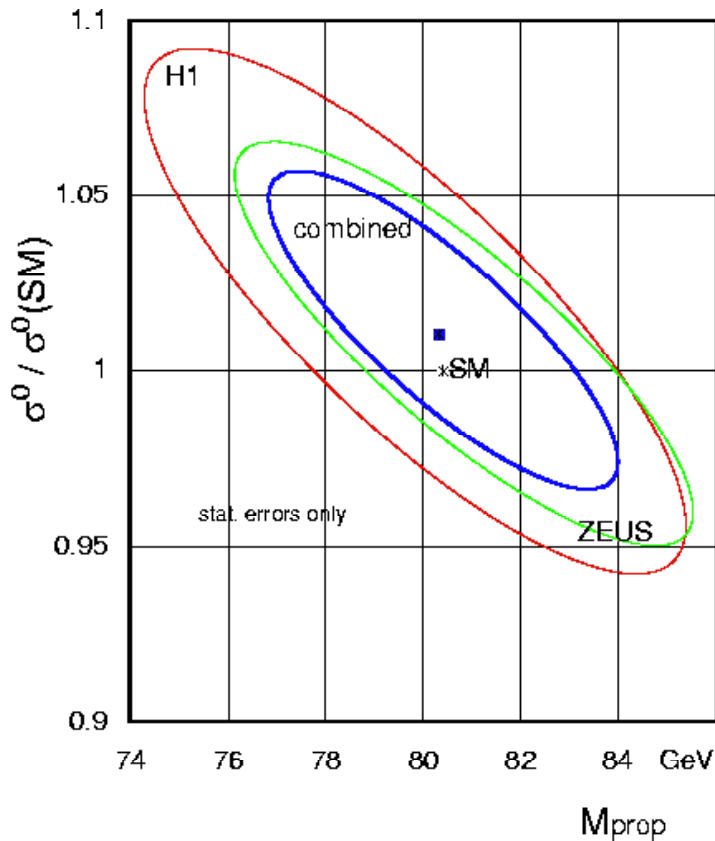


Charged Current DIS

ZEUS CC 1994-97



Charged Current DIS



$$\sigma^0 = \sigma^{\text{CC}}(Q^2 = 0)$$

Fit shape of $\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2}$ for M_W

H1: $M_W = 80.9 \pm 3.3 \pm 1.7 \pm 3.7$ GeV

Z: $M_W = 81.4 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.0 \pm 3.3$ GeV

Errors: Stat.; Sys.; PDF

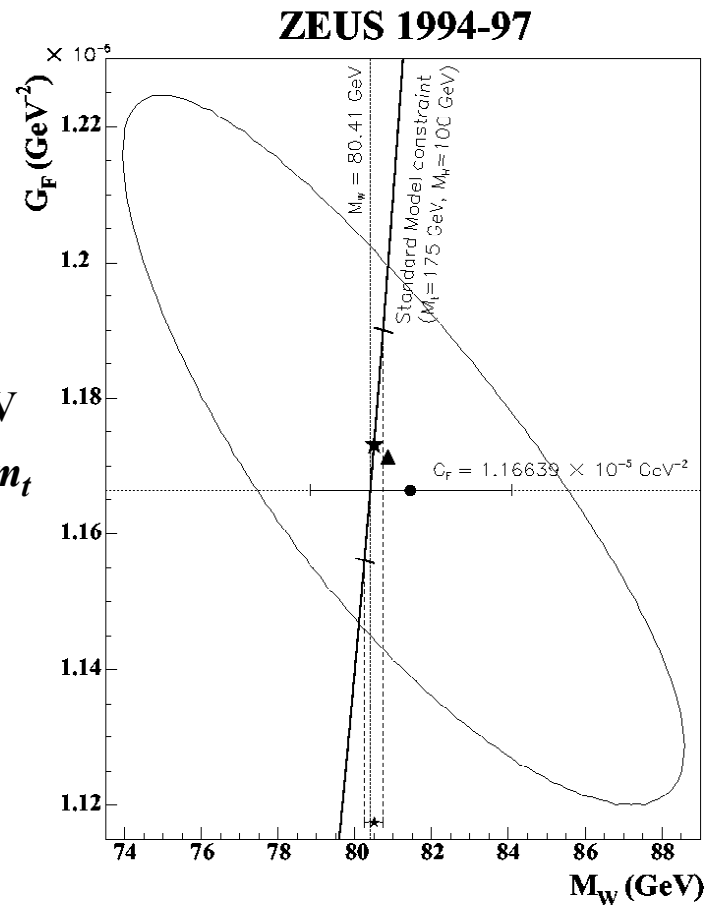
Standard Model constraint:

$$G_\mu = f(M_W; M_H, M_Z, m_t)$$

Z: $M_W = 80.50^{+0.24}_{-0.25} \text{ } ^{+0.13}_{-0.16} \text{ } ^{+0.30}_{-0.31} \text{ } ^{+0.03}_{-0.06}$ GeV

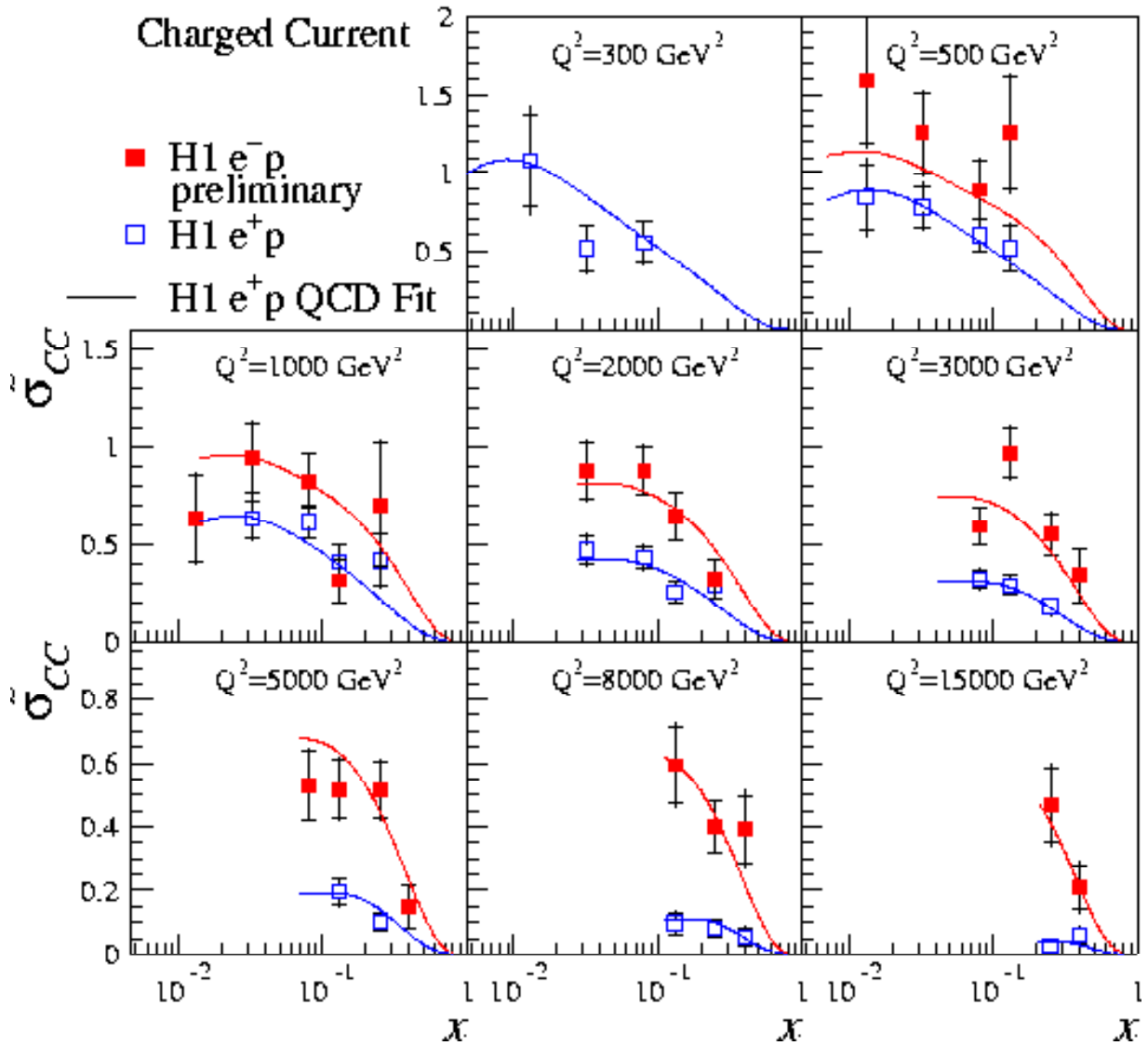
Errors: Stat.; Sys.; PDF; $\Delta M_H, \Delta M_Z, \Delta m_t$

Consistency check rather than a measurement of M_W



$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^{e^-P} = x(u + c + (1-y)^2(\bar{d} + \bar{s}))$$

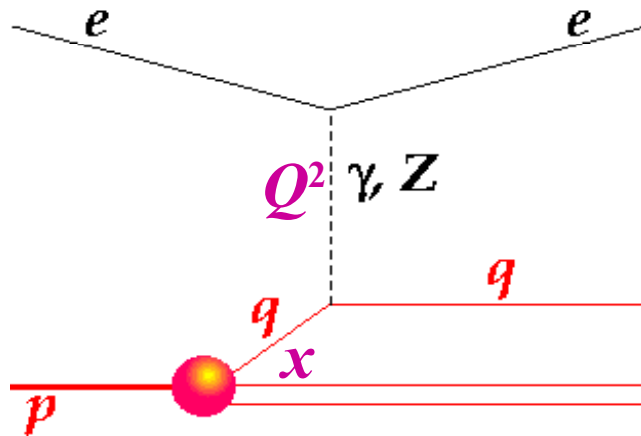
$$\tilde{\sigma}_{CC}^{e^+P} = x(\bar{u} + \bar{c} + (1-y)^2(d + s))$$



$$\sigma_{CC}^{e^-P} > \sigma_{CC}^{e^+P} : xu \text{ versus } (1-y)^2 xd$$

- Towards a measurement of d/u using proton as target

Neutral Current DIS

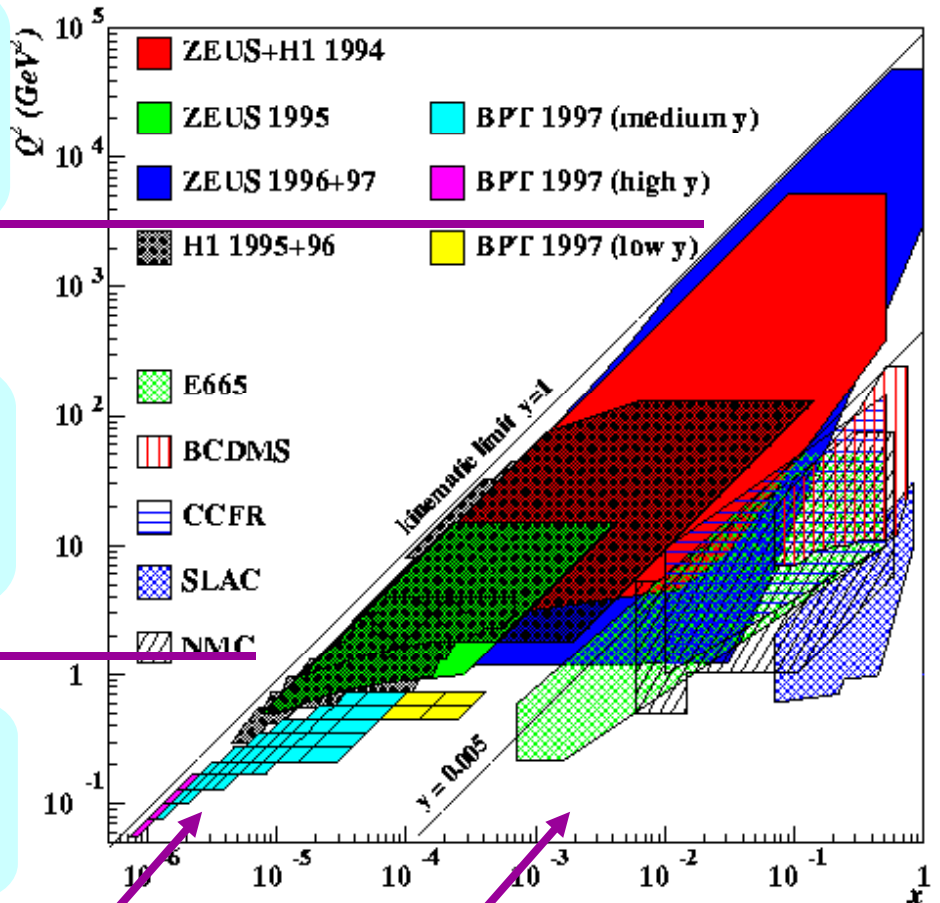


ZEUS 1997 Preliminary

**Electroweak
& Searches**

**Precision
tests of QCD**

**Transition to
photoprod**



**Sensitivity
to F_L**

**Overlap with
fixed target**

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma_{\text{NC}}^{e^\pm P}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{Q^4 x} \left[Y_+ F_2^{\text{NC}} \mp Y_- x F_3^{\text{NC}} - y^2 F_L^{\text{NC}} \right]$$

$$Y_\pm = \left(1 \pm (1-y)^2 \right) \quad y = \frac{Q^2}{xs} = \sin^2 \frac{\theta^*}{2}$$

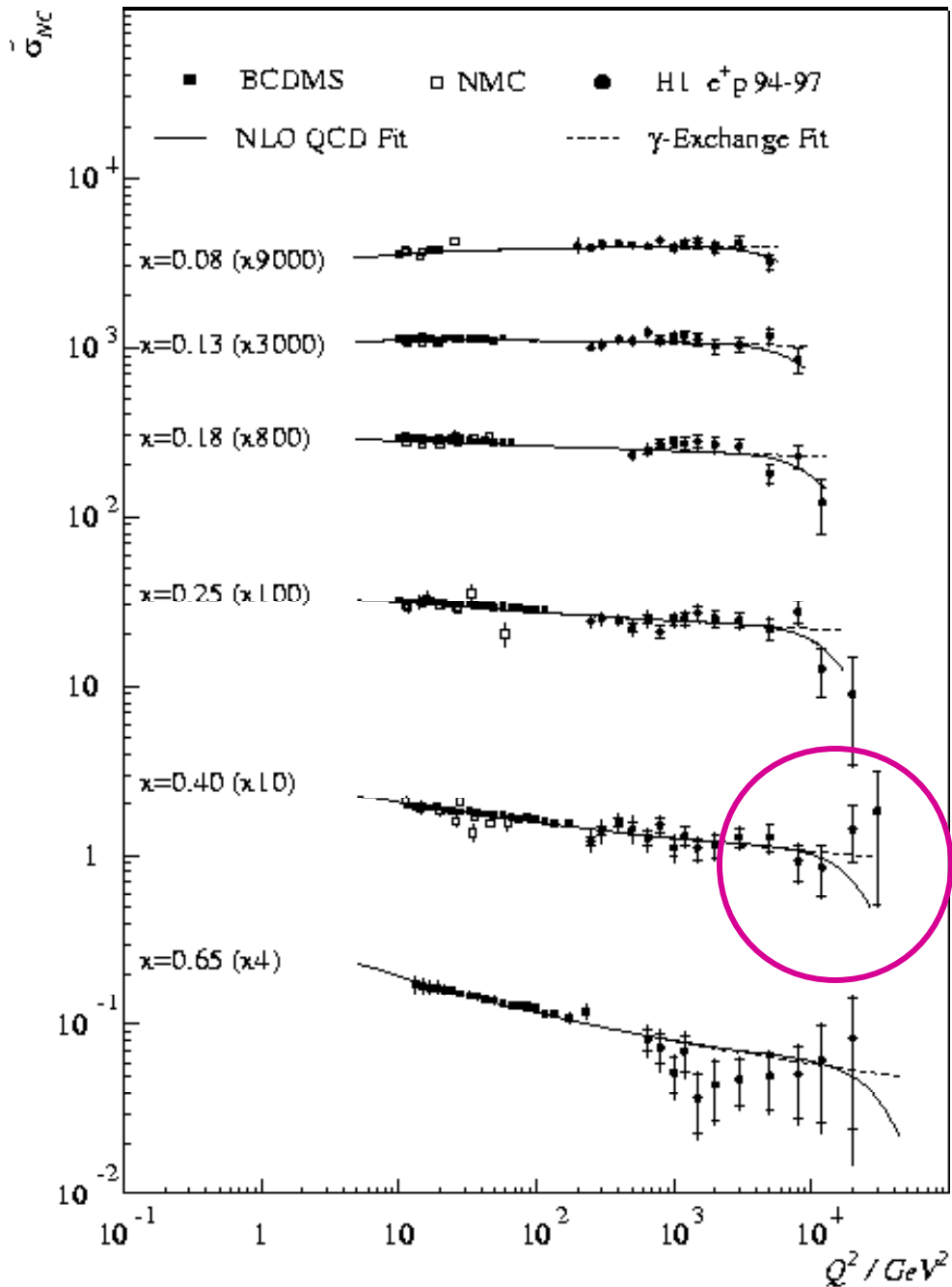
$$F_2^{\text{NC}} = x \sum_q A_q (q + \bar{q}) \quad F_3^{\text{NC}} = x \sum_q B_q (q - \bar{q})$$

$$F_L^{\text{NC}} = \frac{\alpha_S}{\pi} \left\{ \left[\beta_1 \otimes F_2^{\text{NC}} \right] + \left[\beta_2 \otimes xG \right] \right\}$$

$$\frac{dF_2^{\text{NC}}}{d \ln Q^2} = \frac{\alpha_S}{2\pi} \left\{ \left[P_{qq} \otimes F_2^{\text{NC}} \right] + \left[P_{qG} \otimes xG \right] \right\}$$

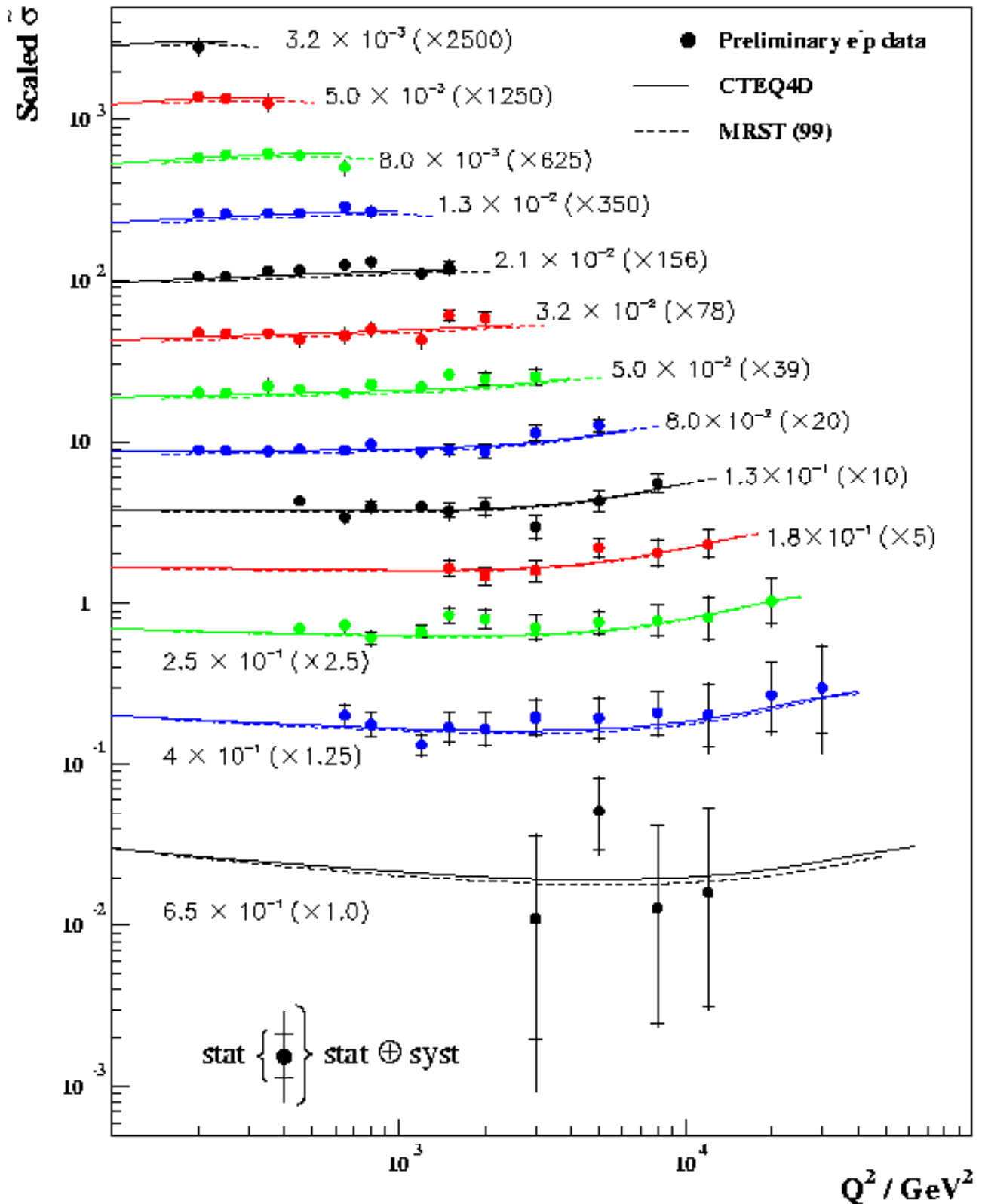
- $\underline{F_2}$:
 - QCD fits yield partons
 - Scaling violations: NLO QCD, Gluon
- $\underline{F_L}$:
 - NLO QCD, gluon
- $\underline{x F_3}$:
 - Valence partons

Focus on highest possible Q^2 to look for Z exchange and to search for NEW physics



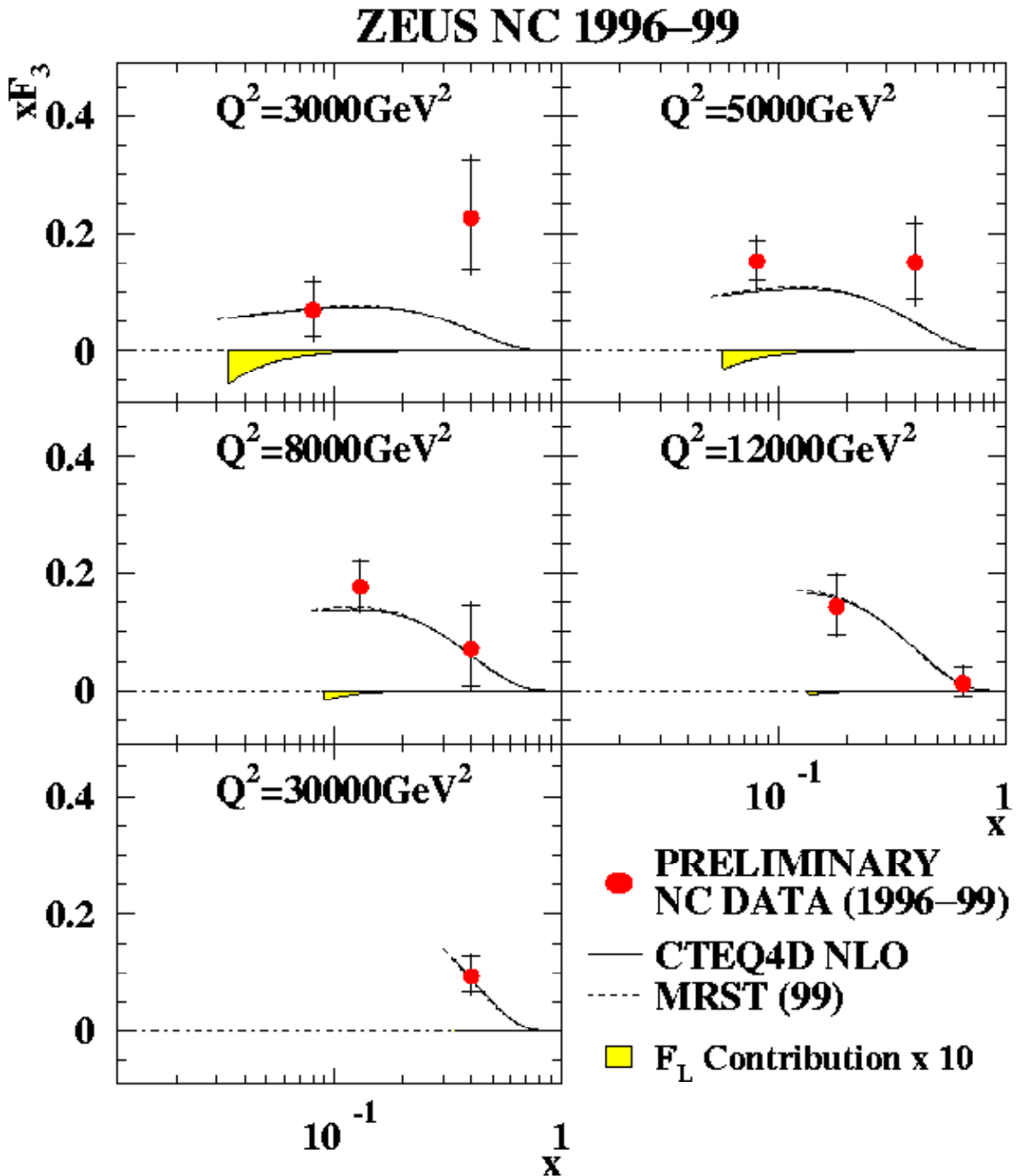
- High Precision at low to medium Q^2, x
- First measurements at high Q^2, x

ZEUS NC 1998-99



- **First measurements of charge dependence of NC DIS at high Q^2, x**

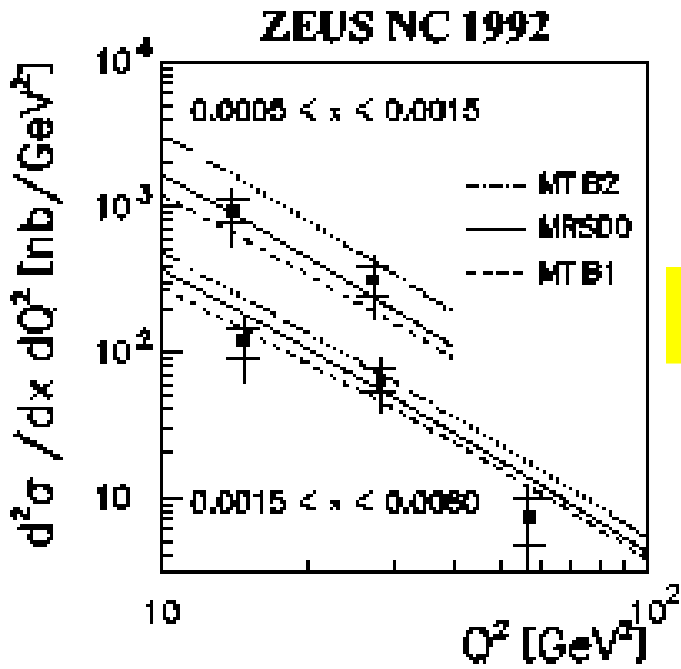
Observation of parity violation in NC DIS γ - Z interference



First direct look at the valence quarks!

- **First measurement of $x F_3$ on *PROTON* at high Q^2, x**

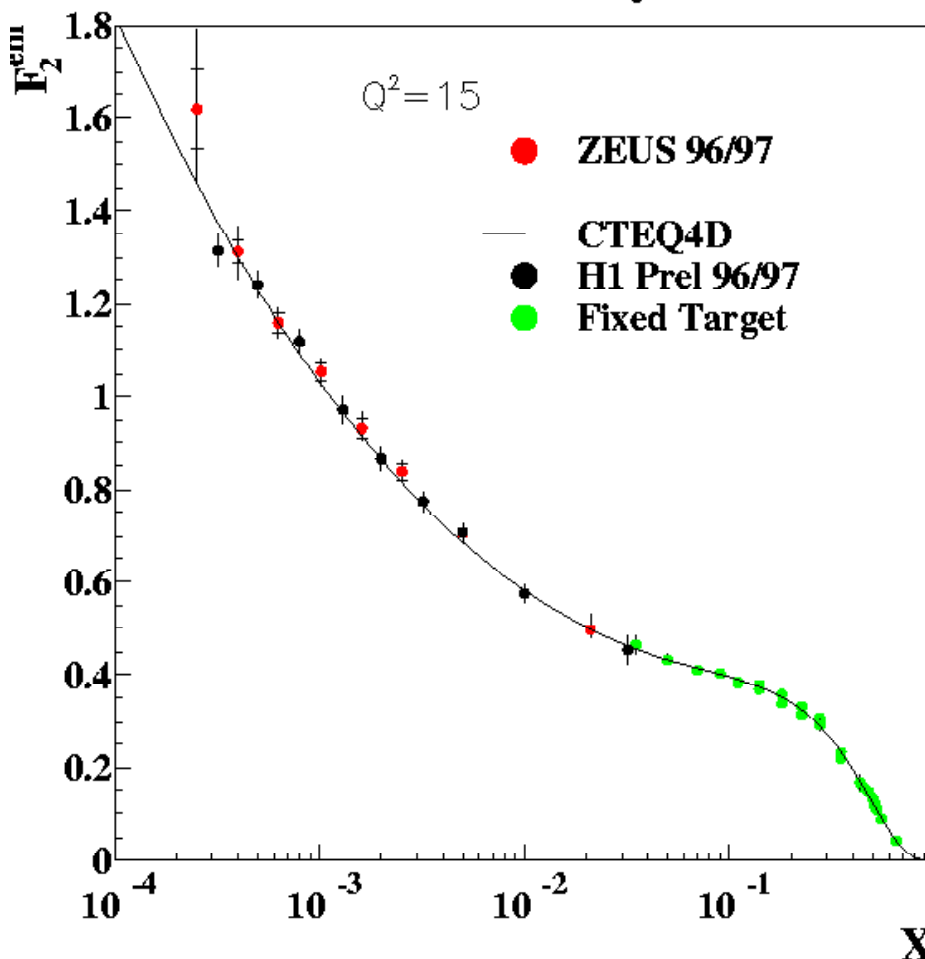
Neutral Current DIS



1992

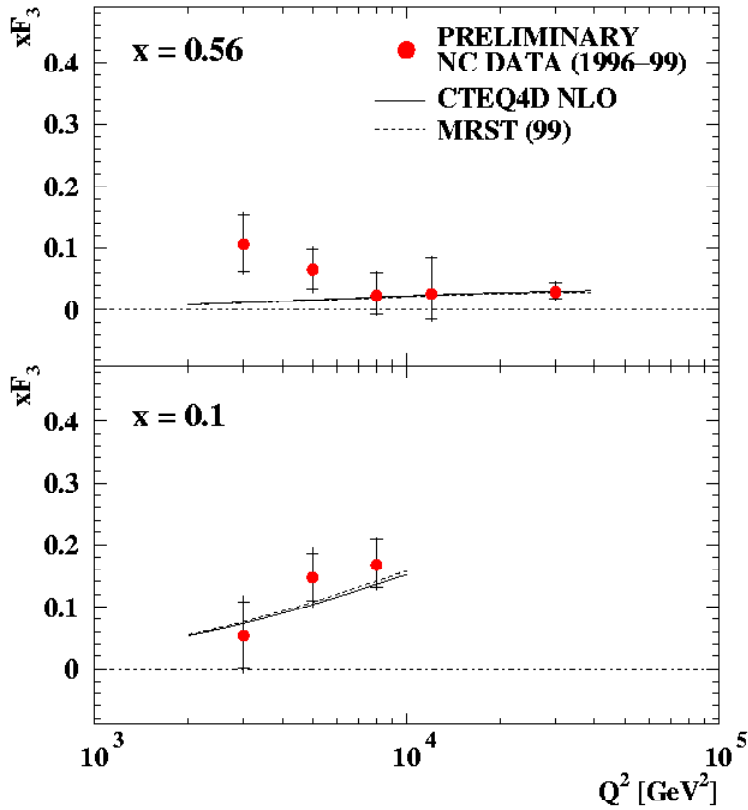
2000

ZEUS Preliminary 1996-97



Neutral Current DIS

ZEUS NC 1996–99

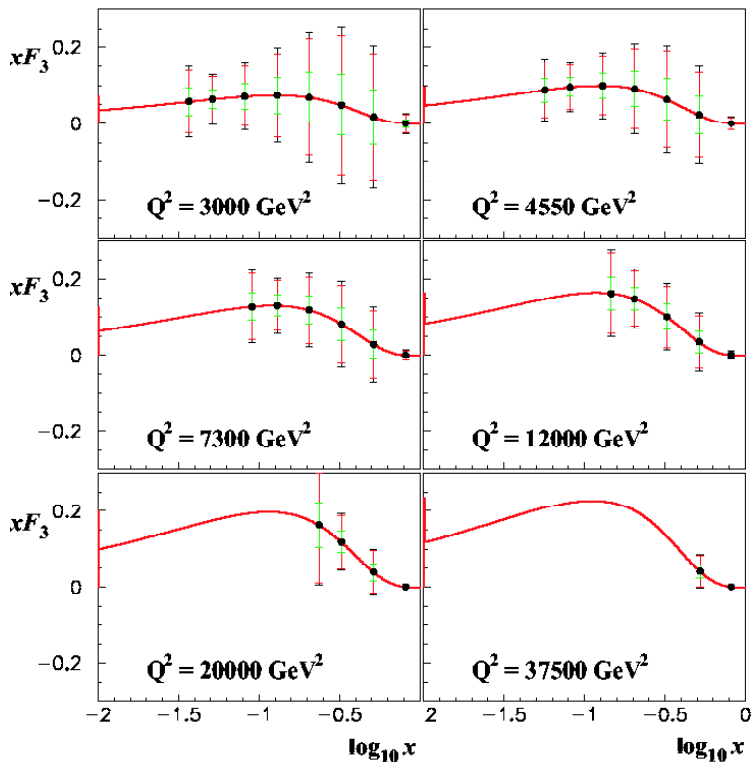


FIRST
measurement

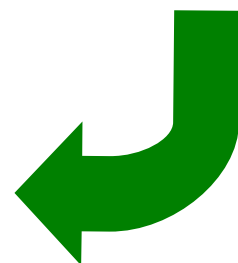
Statistically
limited

Needs more
data!

- 48 pb⁻¹ e⁺P (820 GeV); 16 pb⁻¹ e⁻P (920 GeV)
- Above **PLUS** 32 pb⁻¹ e⁺P (920 GeV); 9 pb⁻¹ e⁻P (920 GeV)
- 120 pb⁻¹ e⁺P (920 GeV); 120 pb⁻¹ e⁻P (920 GeV)



⇒ the HERA
upgrade



Going into the upgrade with ...

- **Precision F_2 ; significantly constraining quark and gluon PDFs**
- **High Q^2 NC cross sections well described by the Standard Model**
 - PDFs; QCD evolution
- **High Q^2 CC cross sections well described by the Standard Model**
 - PDFs; d/u ratio
- **H1/ZEUS have performed detailed studies of unpolarised D.I.S.**
- **H1/ZEUS now ready for high luminosity and polarisation ...**

The HERA Upgrade

Luminosity Upgrade:

- **Factor 5 larger than present luminosity**
 $\Rightarrow > 150 \text{ pb}^{-1} / \text{year}$

Polarisation for Collider Experiments:

- **Polarised electron/positron beams**
 $\Rightarrow 70\%$ (design goal)

Running Programme:

- **Six years of running at $150 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{year}$ starting after 2000/2001 shutdown**
 $\Rightarrow \sim 1000 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ for both H1 and ZEUS

The Collider Detector Upgrades

Main Detector Upgrades

Charm/Beauty Tagging:

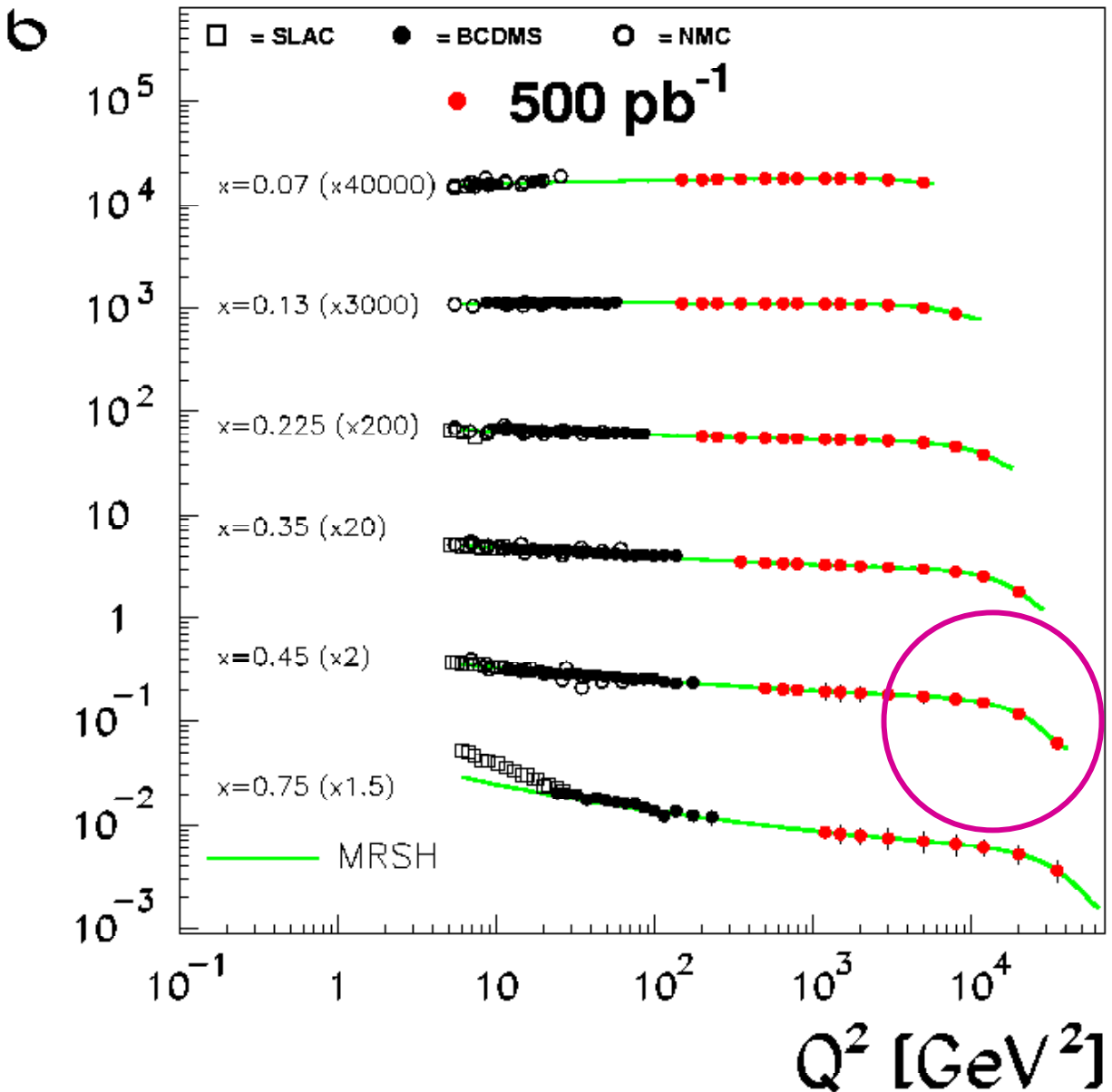
- **ZEUS:** *NEW* Silicon micro-vertex detector
 - H1:** *HAS* silicon micro-vertex detector
- Improve by adding Backward
Silicon Tracker and upgrading for
Forward Silicon Tracker

Scattered Electron Detection at High Q^2 :

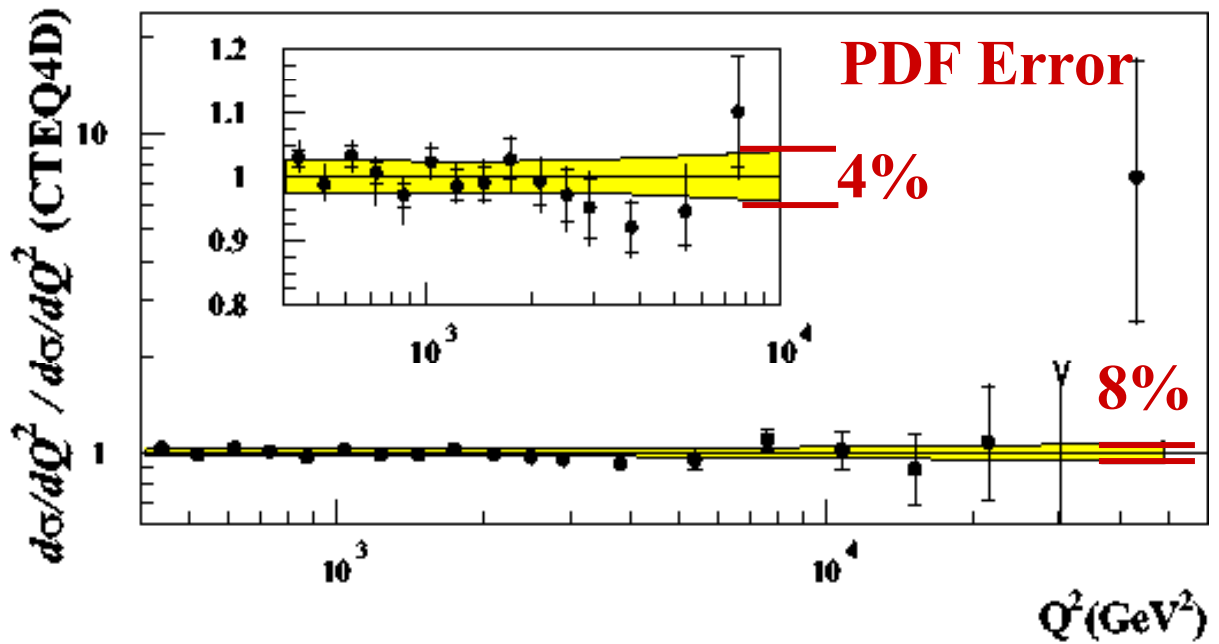
- ... also charm and beauty tagging especially at
high x :
- Upgrade forward tracking detectors
- ZEUS:** *NEW* Straw Tube Tracker
- H1:** *NEW* Planar Drift Chambers

Future Physics at HERA

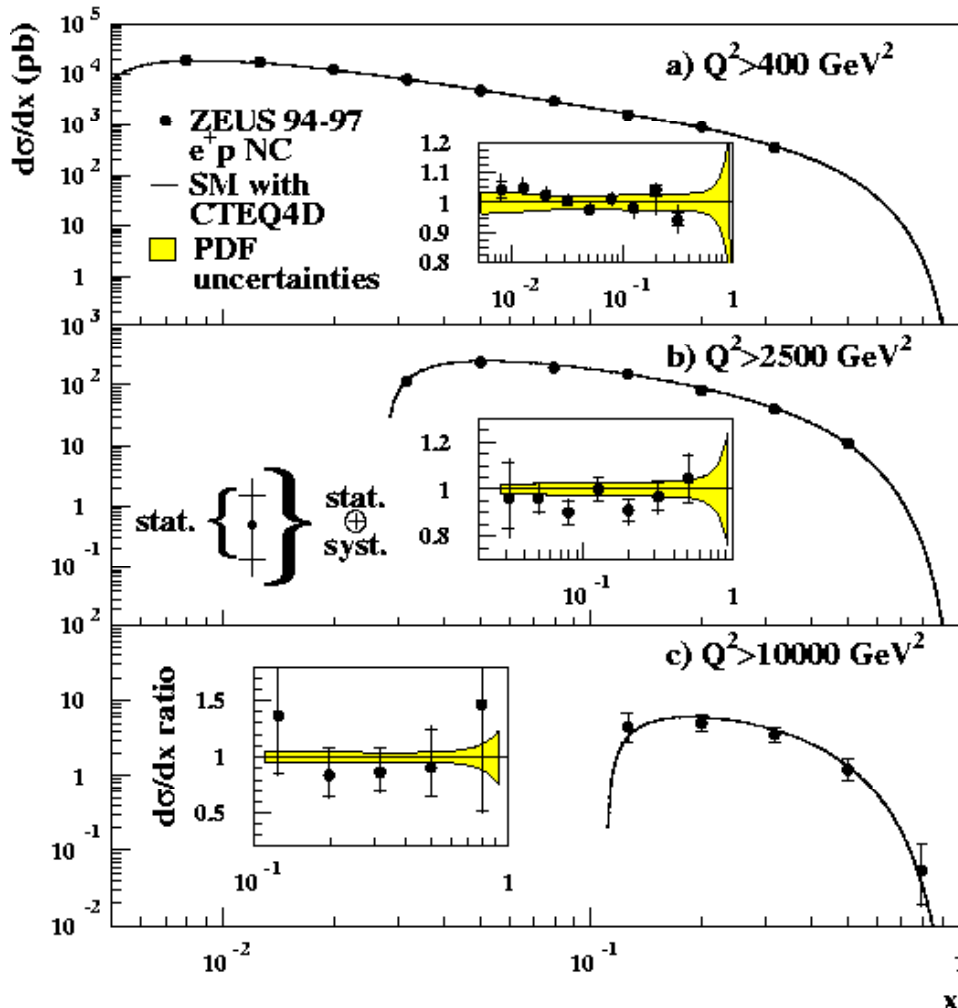
1000 pb^{-1} $E_P \text{ GeV}$	$(-P) \text{ pb}$ $Q^2 > 10,000 \text{ GeV}^2$		$(+P) \text{ pb}$ $Q^2 > 10,000 \text{ GeV}^2$	
	NC	CC	NC	CC
820	4.1	4.8	2.0	0.5
920	4.9	5.7	2.5	0.7



- Prediction of cross sections at high Q^2 :

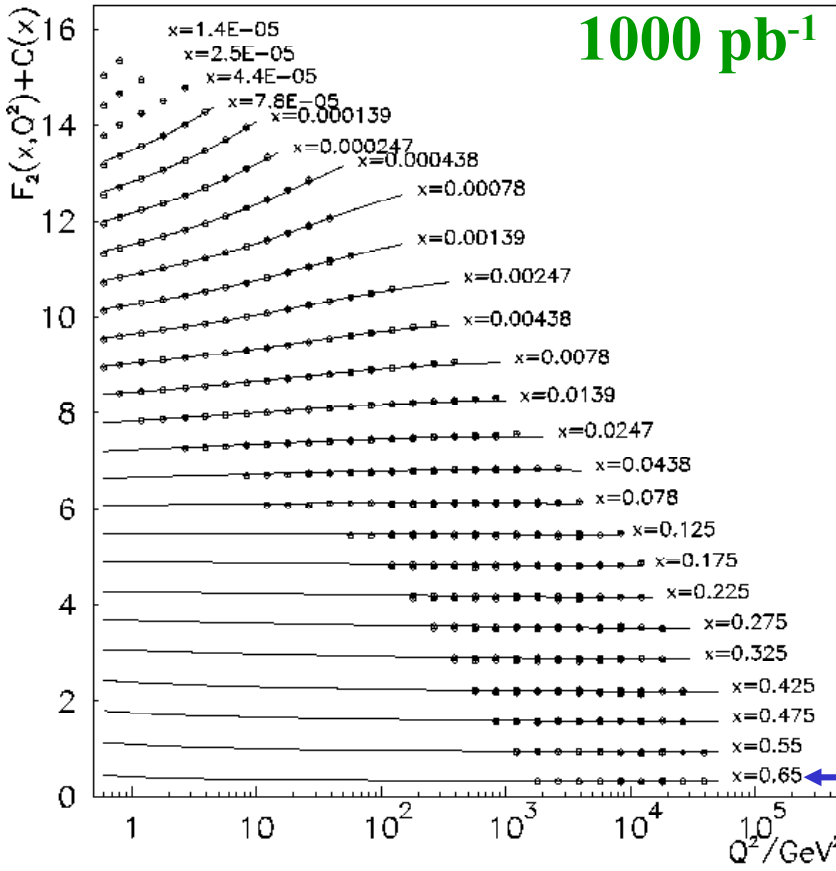


ZEUS NC 1994 – 97



Cross section prediction to better than $\sim 10\%$ over most of kinematic range

- The Structure Function F_2



High Precision F_2

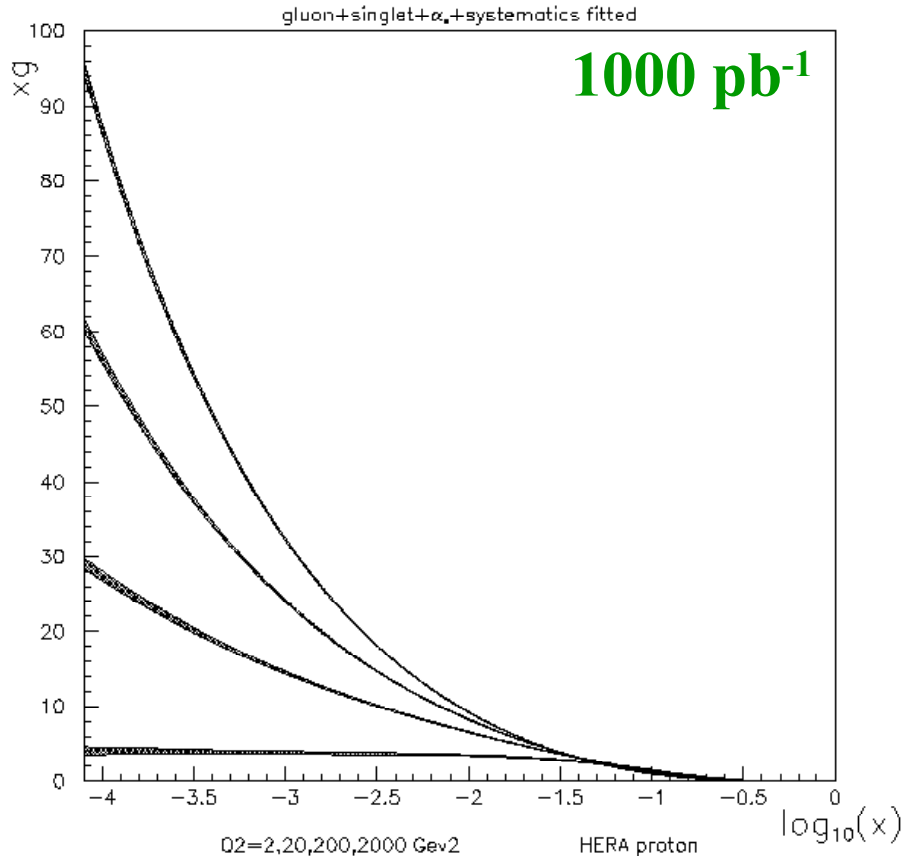
Large x, Q^2 range



α_s and xg

$x = 0.65$

$Q^2 = 4 \times 10^4$



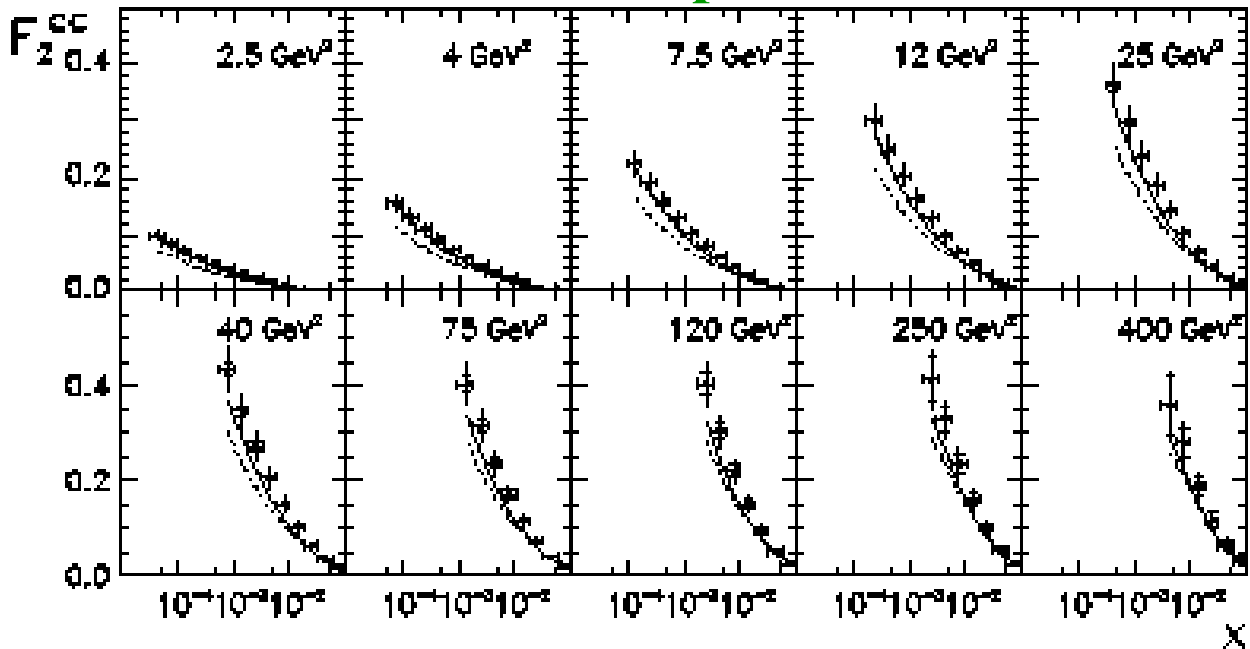
$$\Delta\alpha_s \leq 0.003$$

$$\frac{\Delta[xg]}{xg} \approx 3\%$$

- Heavy flavours in the proton:

Charm:

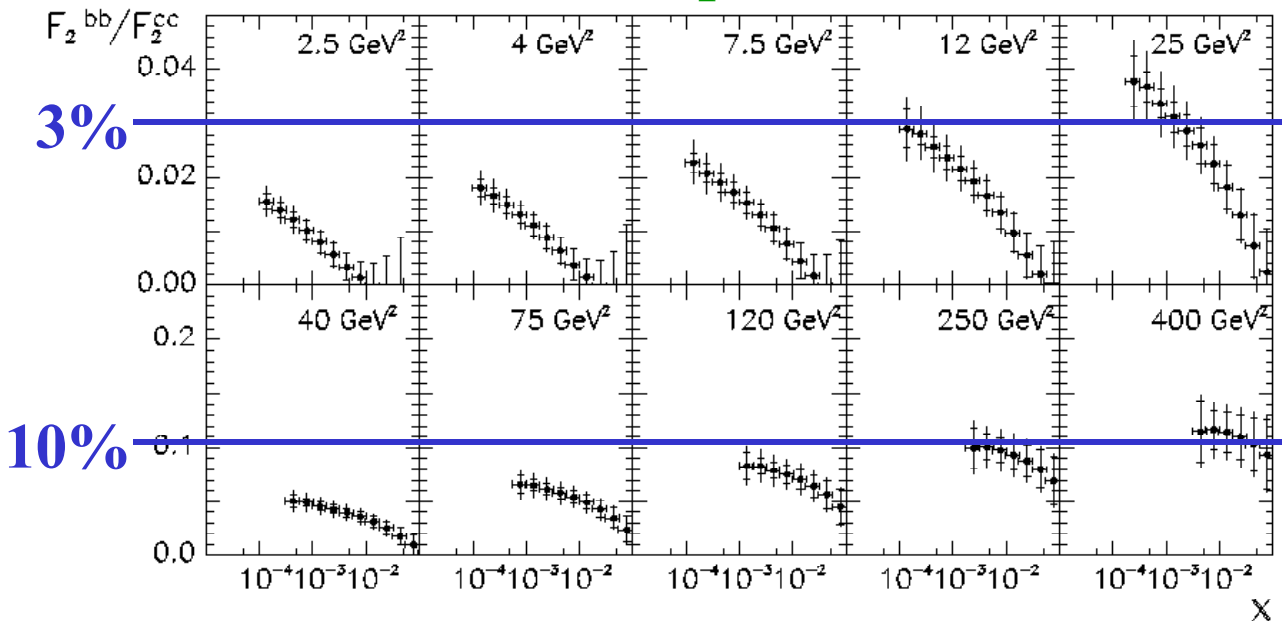
500 pb⁻¹



- High precision F_2^{Charm}

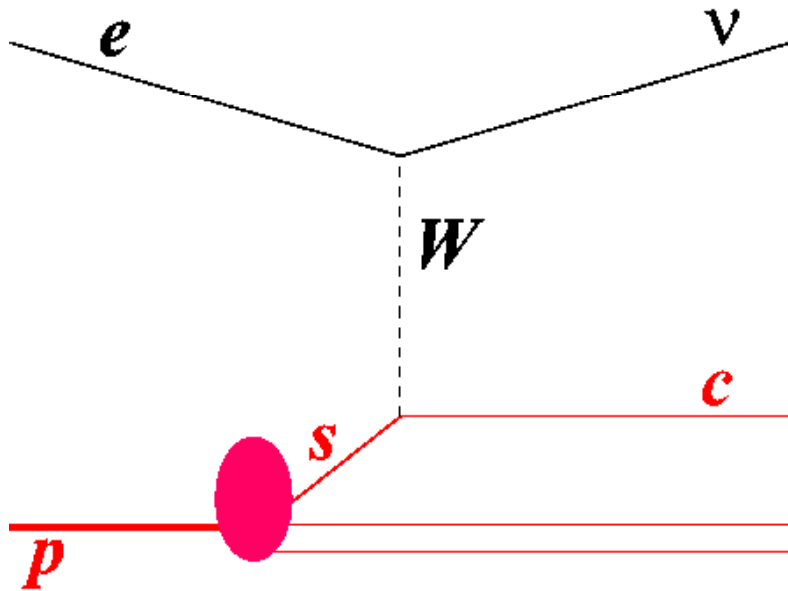
Bottom:

500 pb⁻¹



- Sensitivity to bottom contribution to F_2

- Charm in Charged Current:



Tag charm in CC events using MVD:

Strange contribution to F_2 : Precision $\sim 15 - 30\%$

Proton Structure:

Measurements of NC and CC DIS using high luminosity and upgraded detectors will constrain

Singlet, non-singlet quark densities

u, d, s (CC DIS)

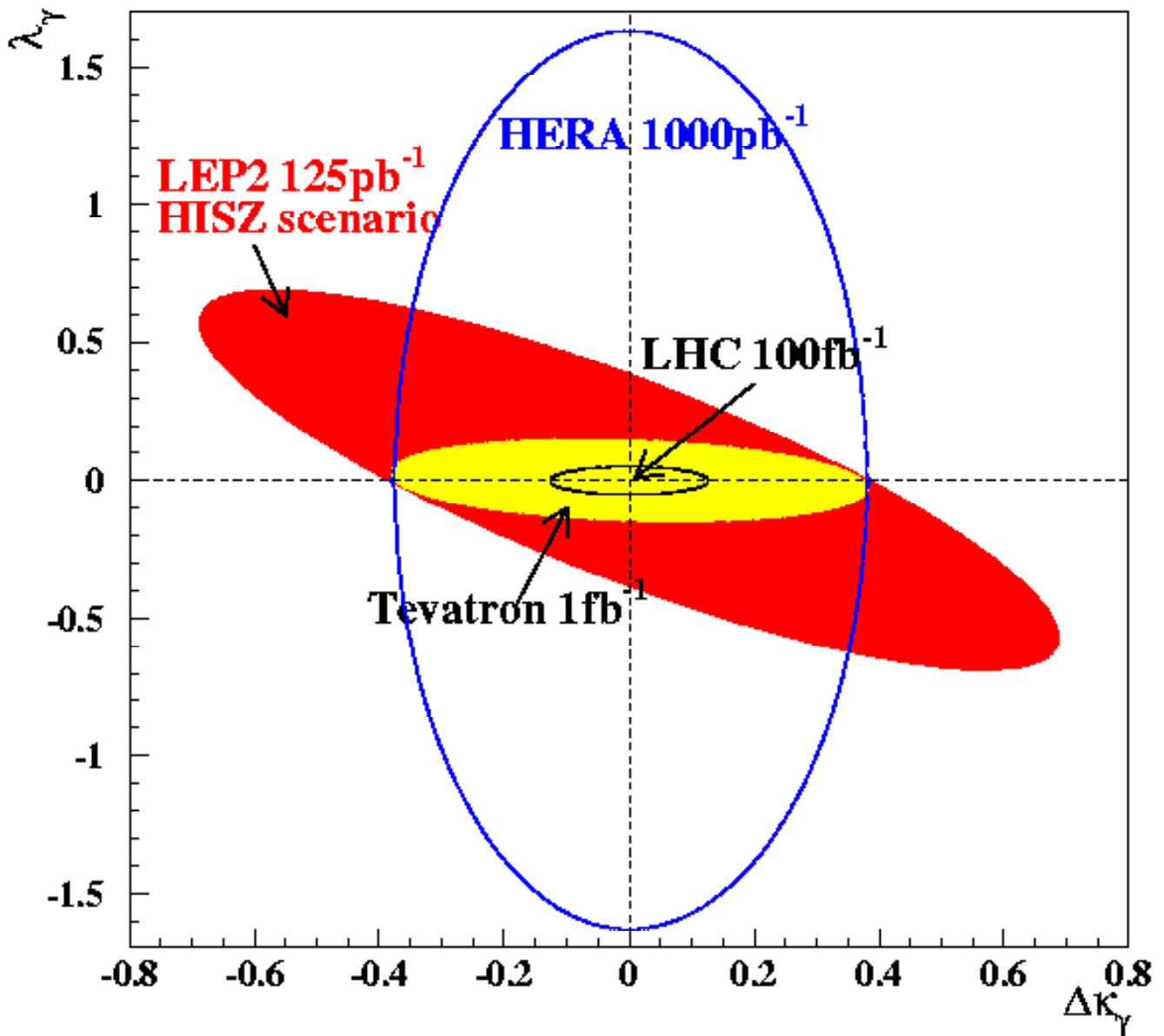
c, b, g (NC DIS)

i.e. *COMPLETE* study of proton structure

- Sensitivity to $WW\gamma$ vertex:

W production $\Rightarrow WW\gamma$ vertex

Anomalous couplings: $\Delta\kappa_\gamma$, λ_γ parameterise
deviation from Standard Model

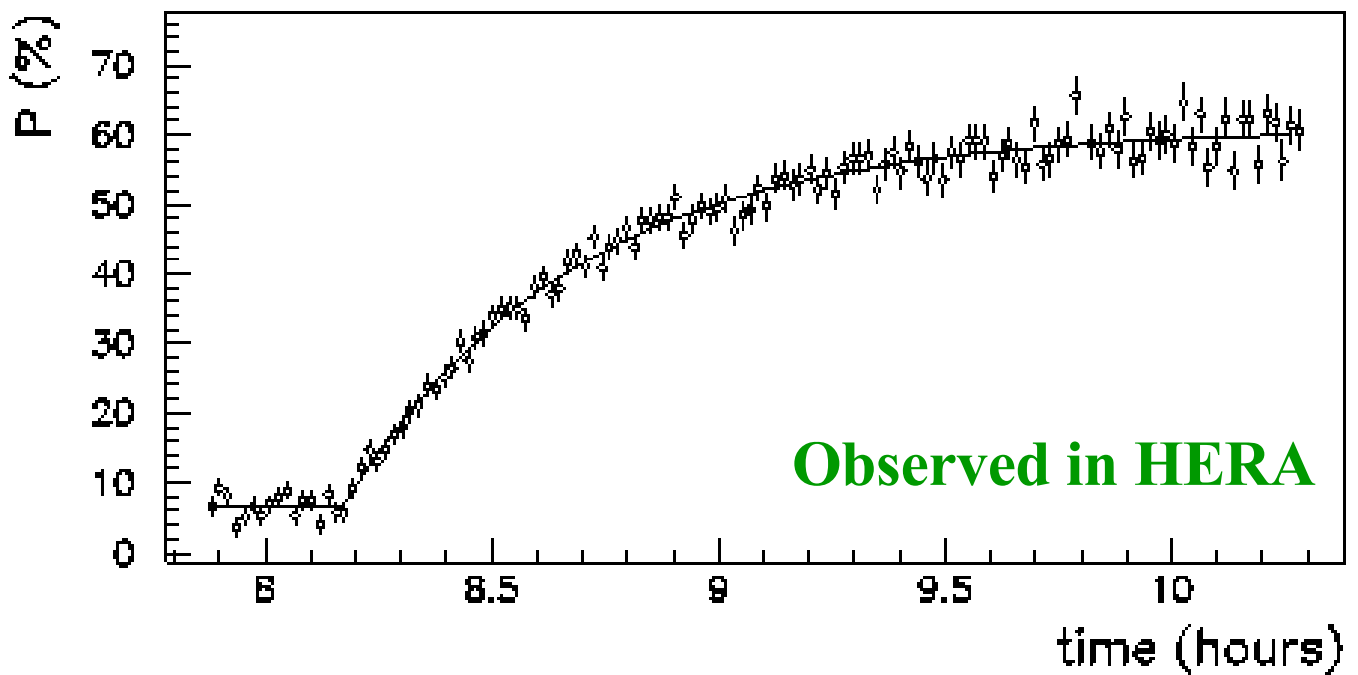
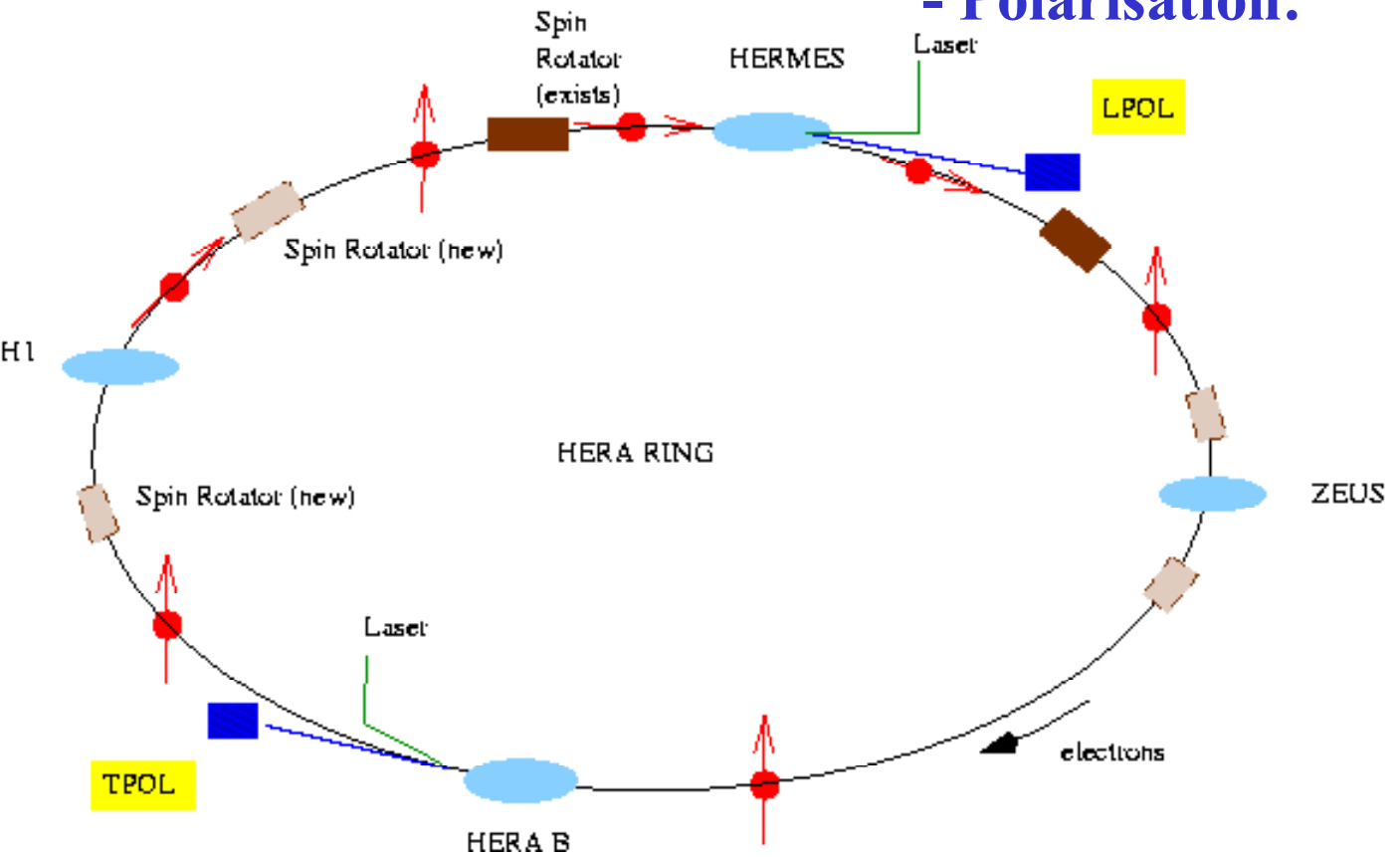


Insensitive to WWZ

Comparable to LEP2/Tevatron

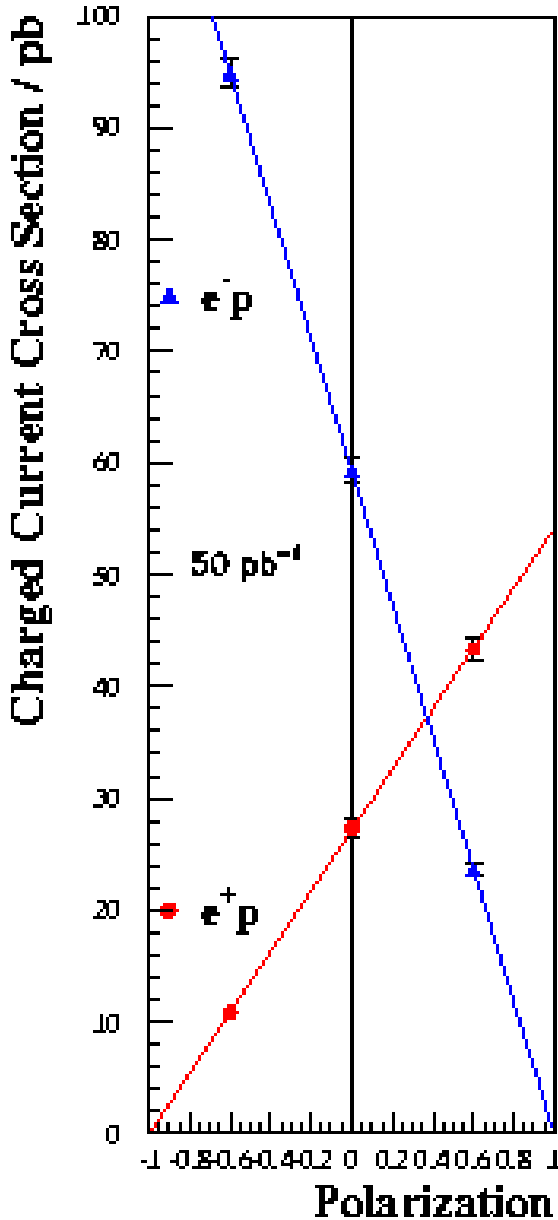
The HERA Upgrade

- Polarisation:



- **Design goal 70%: Polarisation ~ 60% looks achievable**

- Charged Current:



$$\sigma_{e^\pm p}^{CC} \propto (1 \pm P)$$

$P =$ polarisation

Resolution on M_W

80 MeV

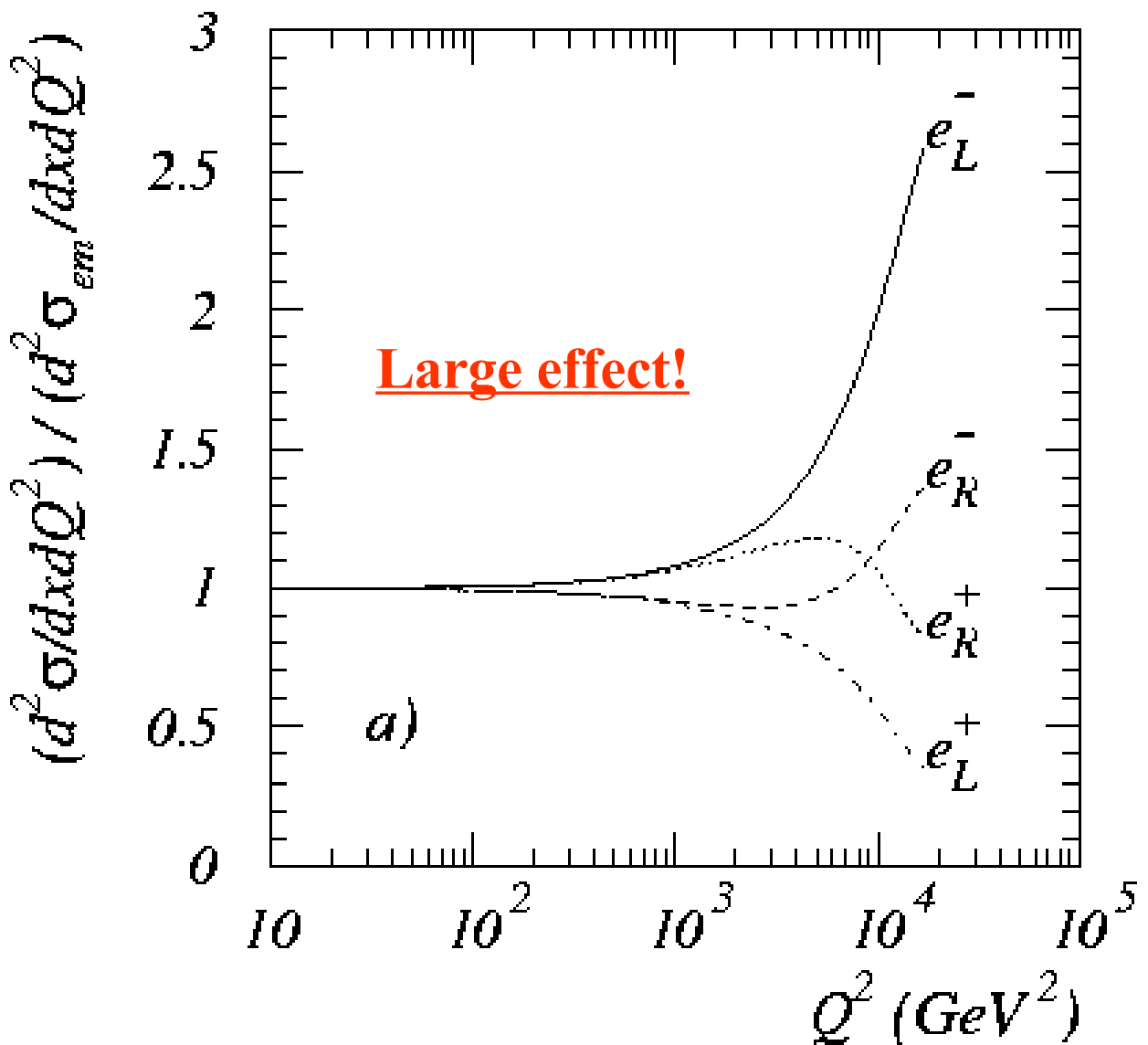
Exclusion limit

$M_W(R) > 400 \text{ GeV}$

First measurement:

Possible with *ONE* years data

- Neutral Current:



Polarisation dependence of cross section large compared to statistical and PDF error:

Take bin centred at $Q^2 = 10,000 \text{ GeV}^2$

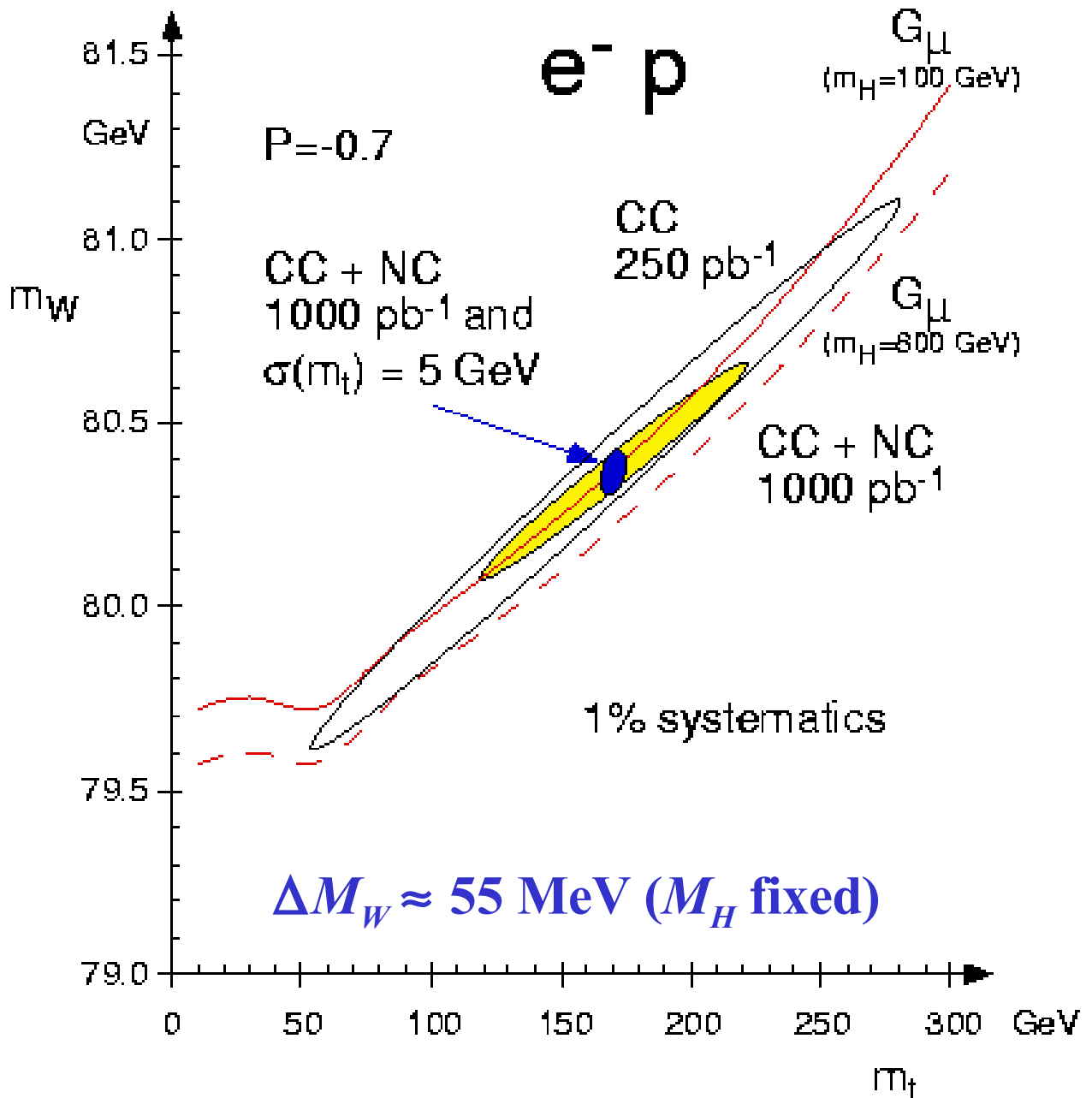
$x = 0.2$

$$\frac{\Delta\sigma(e_L^-)}{\Delta\sigma(e_R^-)} \approx [170 \pm 6(\text{Stat.}) \pm 10(\text{PDF})]\%$$

- Electroweak Physics: Standard Model:

Fully specified by α , M_Z , M_W , m_t and M_H

$\Rightarrow G_\mu$ constraint - can be used to test SM

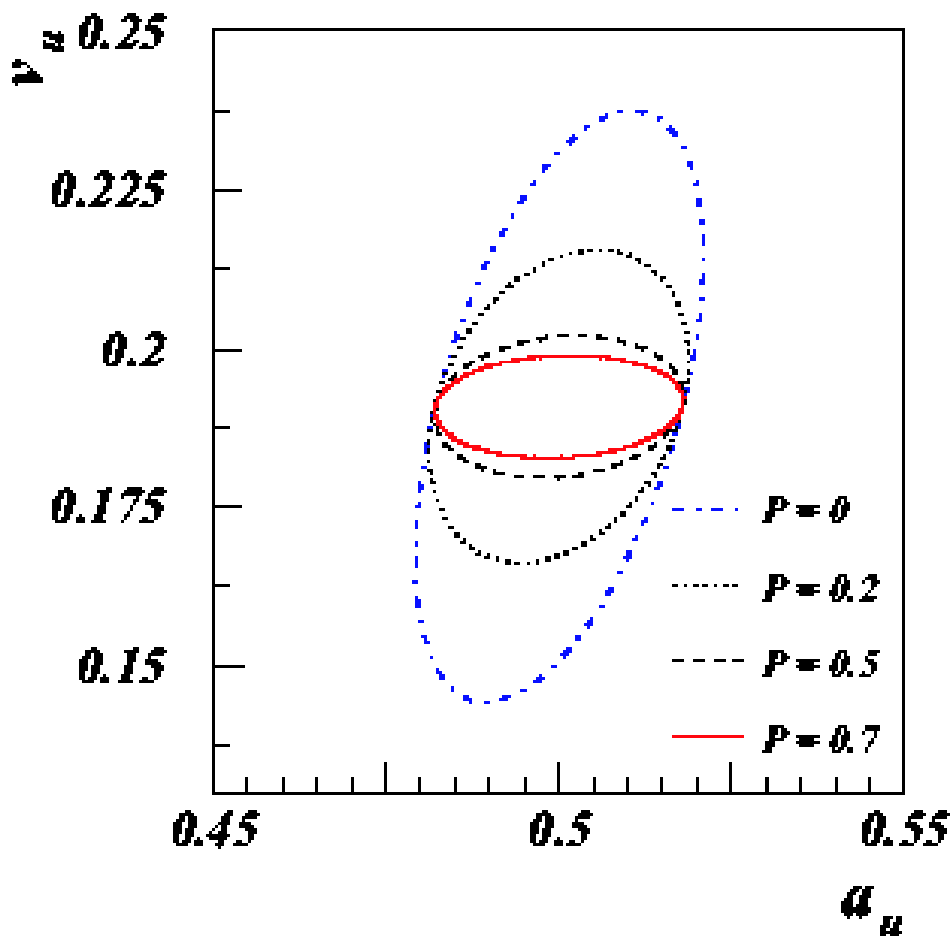


70% polarisation; 250 pb^{-1} : $\Delta M_W \approx 80 \text{ MeV}$

- Determination of light quark couplings to Z:

Parity violation in SM $\Rightarrow g_L^{NC} \neq g_R^{NC}$

Hence, exploit polarisation dependence of NC DIS cross section to measure u - and d -quark vector and axial-vector couplings



Polarisation yields much improved sensitivity

$e_{L,R}^{\pm}, P = \pm 70\%$

250 pb⁻¹ per beam

	v	a
u	13%	6%
d	17%	17%

- Searches for *NEW* Physics:

One Example:

- **On-shell scalar Leptoquark Production using polarised lepton beams**
 - **In electron proton scattering the Standard Model Neutral Current cross section decreases as the polarisation increases**
 - **The scalar leptoquark production cross section, however, is independent of electron polarisation**
- **Enhance signal to background by ‘turning off’ SM using polarisation of e^\pm**

Summary

HERA Upgrade: High Luminosity Polarisation

- Measure F_2 , xF_3 , F_2^{ss} , F_2^{cc} , and F_2^{bb} : $10 < Q^2 < 40,000 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Determine α_s , xg
- Measure the polarisation dependence of DIS at high Q^2
 - Precision test of Standard Model
 - u -, d -quark NC couplings